

# The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Thursday January 4. to Sunday January 8. 1671.

Whitchal, Fausidge &c.

**O**N Tuesday the 4 instant, His Majesty being present in Council, was pleased to declare, That seeing all the Princes, and States His Neighbors were making great Preparations for War, both by Sea and Land; His Majesty, for the Safety of his Government and People, took upon himself to be obliged to make such Preparations, as might be proportionable for the Protection both of the one and the other; And so that end had already given Orders, for the fitting and preparing a very considerable Fleet, to be ready against the Spring. That by this inevitable necessity, His Majesty, considering the great Charges that must attend such Preparations, and after His serious debates and best considerations, not finding any possibility to defray such unusual Expences, by the usual ways and means of borrowing Moneys, by reason His Revenues were so anticipated and engaged; He was necessitated (contrary to His own inclinations) upon these emergencies, and for the Publick Safety, at the present, to cause a stop to be made of the payment of any Moneys, now being, or to be brought into His Exchequer, for the space of one whole Year, ending the last day of December next; and any person or persons whatsoever, by virtue of any Warrant & Securities, or Orders, whether Registered or not Registered, therein, and payable within that time; Excepting only such payments as shall grow due upon Orders on the Subsidies, according to the Act of Parliament, and Orders and Securities upon the Pet-Farm Rents, both which are to be proceeded upon as if such a Stop had never been made.

And that His Majesties Pleasure and Declaration, might be speedily and effectually put in Execution, His Majesty did Order Sir Henrage Finch Knight and Baronet, His Attorney General, forthwith to prepare a Bill for His Royal Signatures, and in to pass the Great Seal, whereby requiring and commanding the Lords Commissioners of His Treasury, to immediately to order and direct all and every the Officers of His Majesties Exchequer, to Poss-borne all Warrants and Orders, whether Registered or not Registered, and other Securities and Payments whatsoever, (except as before excepted) unthill the last day of December next.

And that in the mean time, the Lords Commissioners of His Treasury be Required and Authorized, to cause payment to be made of the Interest that is or shall grow due, at the rate of Six p. cent. upon any such person or persons shall have Money due to him or them upon such Warrants, Orders, or Securities, so Poss-borne and defend'd; and that the payment of such Interest may be justly made, the Lords Commissioners of His Treasury are to be Authorized and Required, to cause the Debt of every particular person, and the said Interest thereof, to be truly stated.

And the Lords of His Majesties Treasury, being farther to be Ordered, to employ and dispose of all the said Moneys, so stopp'd and detained, for the preparing, setting forth, and payment of His Majesties Fleet, and other Publick Services, in order to the preservation and safety of His Majesties Government, and defence of His People, as His Majesty shall from time to time Order and Direct.

His Majesty, as far as in him lies, to take away all apprehensions of terror, that might possess any of His Subjects spirits; declaring, That no person whatsoever, shall be defrauded of any thing that is justly due to him, nor shall this restraint, which His Majesty had been compelled (not being able for the present, to find any other expedient) to lay upon spent Moneys, as ares, or shall be paid into his Exchequer, contrary to the aforesaid last day of December; and that then, no new Warrants, Orders, or Securities shall intervene, to break the course of such Payments.

And His Majesty was farther graciously pleased to declare, That working could have bred His Majesty to an Act of this Nature, but such a conjunction of Affairs when all the Neighbouring Princes and States were making such threatening preparations, that His Government could not be safe, without appearing in the same posture.

Warfaw, Decemb. 18. Yesterday the Turkish Chislaus, lately arrived here from the Port, had his first Audienc of the Crown Chanc'hour, to whom he delivered Letters from the Grand Viscr, to this

effect, that the Grand Signior could not but very much wonder, that after he had declared his having taken the Ukraine under his protection, that the Crown should not withstand, proceed in a hostile manner, to take several Towns, seize on the Inhabitants, and do several other things there, contrary to the good correspondence they ought to have maintained with the Port; and that unless they immediately withdraw their Forces out of those Countries, and restore what they have taken from Parosutka this Summer, the Grand Signior will be obliged to look upon it as a breach of Peace; and act accordingly; to which, the Crown Chancellour could not then, make no other answer, then that he would acquaint His Majesty and the Senate with his Message, and expect their resolutions in it. The Senate having been since assembled, they resolved to refer the consideration of this matter to the Dyets, to be held here about the middle of the next Month.

In the mean time, our Letters from the Ukraine speak of much discontent amongst the Souldiours, who are it seems dissatisfied with their Winter quarters, where they complain, they are not well provided with Bread, and other necessary Provisions.

Kienae, Decemb. 20. The Count of Tessenbach, having the night before his Execution, written a Letter, to be delivered after his death, to the Emperors own hands; we are told, of several discoveries he hath made in it, of several matters relating to the late Rebellion in Hungary, which were not before come to light; and that he accuses several persons to have been engaged in that conspiracy, which have hitherto not been in the least suspected to have had any hand in it; upon which the Emperors Council hath been since frequently assembled, and several Expresses dispatched into Hungary, as is thought, for the apprehending of the said persons.

General Sauthor, being on his way hither from Waradin, hath been taken very ill at Scharwitz, and still continues so; from Hungary they write, that Monsieur Erckersbargh, Captain of a Troop of Horse in those parts, had as he was travelling with a Guard of six Horsemen from Cate to Dilvechim, been taken by a party of Turks, and by them carried away Prisoner, they declaring, that they would not release him, till they had satisfaction for the violences they pretend to have lately been committed on their Frontiers, by a party of the Hungars.

Legherne, Decemb. 25. The 24 instant departed hence the Mary Rose and Success Frigats, with the Simon and Francis under their Convoys hitherward bound. We have for some days had here a very warm report of Sir Edward Spragges having concluded a very advantageous Peace with the Corsairs of Argiers.

Marseilles January 2. Here is just now arrived the Susan and Mary, Captain Oliver Commander, from Lepanto; he tells us, that about 14 days past, he met with Captain Beach at Almariz, who acquainted him, that Sir Edward Spragge, had about the middle of the last Month, concluded an Honourable Peace with Argiers, of which, though he was