25. This Proclamation shall come into force on the fourteenth day of March Two Thousand and twenty-four.

Given at Our Court at Buckingham Palace, this thirteenth day of March in the year of Our Lord Two thousand and twenty-four and in the second year of Our Reign.

GOD SAVE THE KING

(4571111)

BY THE KING A PROCLAMATION DETERMINING THE SPECIFICATIONS AND DESIGNS FOR A NEW SERIES OF FIVE THOUSAND POUND, TWO THOUSAND POUND, ONE THOUSAND POUND, FIVE HUNDRED POUND AND TWO HUNDRED POUND GOLD COINS; A NEW SERIES OF ONE THOUSAND POUND, TEN POUND AND FIVE POUND STANDARD SILVER COINS; AND A NEW SERIES OF TEN POUND SILVER PIEDFORT COINS CHARLES R.

Whereas under section 3(1)(a), (b), (c), (cc), (cd) and (d) of the Coinage Act 1971 We have power, with the advice of Our Privy Council, by Proclamation to determine the denomination, the design and dimensions of coins to be made at Our Mint, to determine the weight and fineness of certain gold coins, the remedy to be allowed in the making of such coins and their least current weight, and to determine the weight and composition of coins other than gold coins or coins of silver of Our Maundy money, and the remedy to be allowed in the making of such coins, and to provide for the manner of measurement of the variation from the standard weight of coins:

And Whereas under section 3(1)(ff) of the Coinage Act 1971 We have power, with the advice of Our Privy Council, by Proclamation to direct that any coin shall be legal tender for the payment of any amount:

And Whereas it appears to Us desirable to order that there should be made at Our Mint a new series of coins of the denominations of five thousand pounds, two thousand pounds, one thousand pounds, five hundred pounds and two hundred pounds in gold, a new series of coins of the denominations of one thousand pounds, ten pounds and five pounds in standard silver, and a new series of coins of the denomination of ten pounds in silver piedfort:

We, therefore, in pursuance of the said section 3(1)(a), (b), (c), (cc), (cd), (d) and (ff) and of all other powers enabling Us in that behalf, do hereby, by and with the advice of Our Privy Council, proclaim, direct and ordain as follows:

FIVE THOUSAND POUND GOLD COIN

1. (1) A new coin of gold of the denomination of five thousand pounds shall be made, being a coin of a standard weight of 5015.01 grammes, a standard diameter of 175 millimetres, a millesimal fineness of not less than 999, and being circular in shape.

(2) In the making of the said gold coin a remedy (that is, a variation from the standard weight or diameter specified above) shall be allowed of an amount not exceeding the following, that is to say:

(a) a variation from the said standard weight of an amount per coin of 15 grammes; and

(b) a variation from the said standard diameter of 0.6 millimetres per coin.

(3) The least current weight of the said gold coin shall be 5000.01 grammes.

(4) The variation from the standard weight will be measured by weighing each coin separately.

(5) The design of the said gold coin shall be as follows:

'For the obverse impression Our effigy with the inscription "-CHARLES III \cdot D \cdot G \cdot REX \cdot F \cdot D \cdot 5000 POUNDS \cdot " and the date of the year, and for the reverse either:

(a) a depiction of Prince Regent George of Britain (later King George IV), Emperor Francis II of Austria, Emperor Alexander I of Russia and King Frederick William III of Prussia, facing left surrounded by symbolic scenes representing peace; or

(b) a depiction of the Duke of Wellington and Prussian Commander Gerhard von Blucher, represented as two horsemen accompanied by a representation of Nike, the goddess of victory and the chariot of Zeus, surrounded by figures of men with serpent legs.

The coin shall have a plain edge.'

TWO THOUSAND POUND GOLD COIN

2. (1) A new coin of gold of the denomination of two thousand pounds shall be made, being a coin of a standard weight of 2010 grammes, a standard diameter of 125 millimetres, a millesimal fineness of not less than 999, and being circular in shape.

(2) In the making of the said gold coin a remedy (that is, a variation from the standard weight or diameter specified above) shall be allowed of an amount not exceeding the following, that is to say:

(a) a variation from the said standard weight of an amount per coin of 11.97 grammes; and

(b) a variation from the said standard diameter of 0.6 millimetres per coin.

(3) The least current weight of the said gold coin shall be 1995.038 grammes.

(4) The variation from the standard weight will be measured by weighing each coin separately.

(5) The design of the said gold coin shall be as follows:

^{'F}or the obverse impression Our effigy with the inscription "-CHARLES III \cdot D \cdot G \cdot REX \cdot F \cdot D \cdot 2000 POUNDS \cdot " and the date of the year, and for the reverse either:

(a) a depiction of Prince Regent George of Britain (later King George IV), Emperor Francis II of Austria, Emperor Alexander I of Russia and King Frederick William III of Prussia, facing left surrounded by symbolic scenes representing peace; or

(b) a depiction of the Duke of Wellington and Prussian Commander Gerhard Von Blucher, represented as two horsemen accompanied by a representation of Nike, the goddess of flying victory and the chariot of Zeus, surrounded by figures of men with serpent legs.

The coin shall have a grained edge.' ONE THOUSAND POUND GOLD COIN

3. (1) A new coin of gold of the denomination of one thousand pounds shall be made, being a coin of a standard weight of 1005 grammes, a standard diameter of 100 millimetres, a millesimal fineness of not less

than 999, and being circular in shape.(2) In the making of the said gold coin a remedy (that is, a variation from the standard weight or diameter specified above) shall be allowed of an amount not exceeding the following, that is to say:

(a) a variation from the said standard weight of an amount per coin of 6 grammes; and

(b) a variation from the said standard diameter of 0.3 millimetres per coin.

(3) The least current weight of the said gold coin shall be 997.5 grammes.

(4) The variation from the standard weight will be measured by weighing each coin separately.

(5) The design of the said gold coin shall be as follows:

'For the obverse impression Our effigy with the inscription "-CHARLES III $\cdot D \cdot G \cdot REX \cdot F \cdot D \cdot 1000$ POUNDS \cdot " and the date of the year, and for the reverse either:

(a) a depiction of Prince Regent George of Britain (later King George IV), Emperor Francis II of Austria, Emperor Alexander I of Russia and King Frederick William III of Prussia, facing left surrounded by symbolic scenes representing peace; or

(b) a depiction of the Duke of Wellington and Prussian Commander Von Blucher, represented as two horsemen accompanied by a representation of Nike, the goddess of flying and chariot of Zeus, surrounded by figures of men with serpent legs.

The coin shall have a grained edge.'

FIVE HUNDRED POUND GOLD COIN

4. (1) A new coin of gold of the denomination of five hundred pounds shall be made, being a coin of a standard weight of 156.3 grammes, a standard diameter of 50 millimetres, a millesimal fineness of not less than 999.9, and being circular in shape.

(2) In the making of the said gold coin a remedy (that is, a variation from the standard weight or diameter specified above) shall be allowed of an amount not exceeding the following, that is to say:

(a) a variation from the said standard weight of an amount per coin of 0.937 grammes; and

(b) a variation from the said standard diameter of 0.125 millimetres per coin.

(3) The least current weight of the said gold coin shall be 155.124 grammes.

(4) The variation from the standard weight will be measured as the average of a sample of not more than one kilogram of the coin.

(5) The design of the said gold coin shall be as follows:

'For the obverse impression Our effigy with the inscription "-CHARLES III $\cdot D \cdot G \cdot REX \cdot F \cdot D \cdot 500$ POUNDS \cdot " and the date of the year, and for the reverse either:

(a) a depiction of Prince Regent George of Britain (later King George IV), Emperor Francis II of Austria, Emperor Alexander I of Russia and King Frederick William III of Prussia, facing left surrounded by symbolic scenes representing peace; or