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## Westminster, January 21.

IS Majefty came this Day to the House of Peers, and being in His Royal Robes, scated on the Throne with the usual Solemnity, Sir Charles Dalton Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, was fent with a Mellage from His Majefty to the Houfe of Commons, commanding

I Am fensible you are met together in Ex-pectation of being informed of the present Situation of publick Affairs, and of receiving that Satisfaction, which the Expences already made, and the Apprehension of their being continued for some longer Time, make it just and reasonable for you to desire. The Execution of the Preliminary Arti-

tles, and the opening the Congress at Soiss, laid a Foundation for you to entertain Hopes of feeing, very Joon, the happy Fruits and Effects of a general Pacification.

But the various and extensive Views, which But the various and extensive Views, which fell under Confideration, in fettling and re-conciling the different Interests and Preten-sons of so many different Powers, appear'd to be a Work of so much Time and Difficulty, that the Project of a Provisional Treaty was thought of, as a proper Expedient; which being concerted and negociated among the Ministers of the principal Powers, Parties to the Treaties of Hanover and Vienna, was approved of by Me and My Allies, not withapproved of by Me and My Allios, not without reasonable Hopes of the Concurrence of the

Imperial Court, and the Court of Madrid. But no definitive Answer being yet return'd by either of them, nor the Project of the Provisional Treaty either accepted or rejected, the Fate of Europe is still held in Suspence, labouring under Difficulties, that unavoidably attend such a doubtful and undetermined Condition.

It is with no fmall Concern, that I am a-gain oblig'd, to fpeak to my Parliament in this State of Uncertainty, nor am I infen-fible of the Burthens which my Subjects bear, and that in our present Circumstances, some may be induced to think, that an actual War is preferable to fuch a doubtful and imperfect Peace. But as the Exchange is eafy to be made at any Time, and as I am confident, I Shall not be thought backward in doing Mythe rollowing most gracious Speech. My Lords and Gentlemen, T Am Confide new are met together in Fr a fafe and konourable Peace, than too preci-pitately to kindle a War in Europe, and to plunge the Nation into fill greater and unknown Expenses.

But how difagreeable foever thefe Delays may be, nothing is more unjust than to impute them to the Conduct of Me or My Allies : No Endeavours indeed have been wanting to feparate and diffeve the happy Union that is established among us; but long Experience and repeated Proofs of mutual Fidelity, have so firengthen'd and cemented this Alliance, foun-ded upon, and united by common Interest, that all Attempts to weaken it, or to create Jealousies and Diffidence among us, have proved as vain and fruitless, as the Infinuations to the contrary are false and groundless.

It will neverthelefs be incumbent upon us to bring this important Transaction to a speedy and certain Decifion, that, if a Conclusion can be put to it, confistent with the Security and Prefervation of the Rights, Privileges and Possefions of Great Britain, and my Allies, the Bleffings of Peace may be diffused throughout Europe, and My Kingdoms again enjoy the happy Effects of a fettled Tranqui-lity: Or, if this cannot be had, that the Allies may unite with Vigour and Resolution, and event themfelves in procuring that Justice and Satisfaction which has been fo long de-layed. If this should unavoidably be the Case, I depend upon the Zeal and Affection of this Par-