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From Thursday May 16. 10 Mundag May 20, 1472.

Whitehal, May 18.

N Wednelday the 15 instant, His Majesty was pleased in Councel to Declare, That whereas His Majesty did the Seventeenth of March past, upon the reading in Councel His Declaration of War against the States General of the United Provinces of the Low Countre's, Command his Grace the Duke of Landerdale, and the Right Honourable the Barl of Arlington, Principal Secretary of State, to Confer that Evening with the Ambassadour and Minister of the Sages, see ropose the Object ance of the two and fairtist attitude of the Treaty of Brada, on His Majesties part, for the withdrawing the Persons and Goods of all Dutch Subjects which were either sound here, or at that time were voluntarily coming into His Majesties Ports; Provided His Majesties Subjects might have the same Benefit of the said Article; Which overture hath been often renewed by the Earl Whitehal, May 18. Majesties Subjects might have the same Benefit of the said Article; Which overture hath been often renewed by the Earl of Arliveston to the said Ambassador, and it appearing now as length, by a Paper from him of the sourteenth instant (this day read at the Board) That the States have consented to the said Proposition, and will set at Liberty all His Majesties Subjects, with their Ships and Goods, and that they may regarn without any 'rohibition, when they shall see sign His Majesty thought sit to Command and Order the Right Honourable His Principal Commissioners of Prizes forthwith to cause all the Ships, Goods, and Merchandizes that were Seised in any of His Majesties Ports, before the Declaration of the War, or which were voluntarily coming into the same, to be forthwich set at Liberty and Discharged (the, having remained still untouched, in expectation of what the said States would do in this point.) In like manner all per-

ving remained Itill untouched, in expediation of what the faid States would do in this point.) In like manner all perfous belonging to the faid Ships, who are under Detention by reason of the War, are to be forthwith fer at Liberty, with Power to return with their Ships and Merchandize, when they shall see fit, according to the Tenor of the said Article; And notice hereof to be given to the Dutch Ambassadour, that it may be as ingeniquely performed on his Masters part as it is now promised.

And whereas by another Paper of the 13 instant (then read

And whereas by another Paper of the 13 inflant (then read And whereas by another Paper of the 13 infant (then read at the Board) from the Sicur Rorel, by Order of the faid States General of the United Provinces, Proposing to enter inzo some terms of Agreement touching the Exchange of Prisoners of War on either side, His Ma) sty was pleased to Refer the Consideration of that matter to the Principal Commissioners of Prizes, that they may consider thereof, and Propose to his Majesty-such Expedients as they shall think sit.

Likewise all Durch Merchants or others, who neither in their Prices of Finder are mader this Determine.

their Persons or Goods are under this Detention, may freely depart the Kingdom, if they think fit, without any incum-

brance or molestation.

"War faw May 2 Their Majesties are gone to pass some time artheir Devotions at Stad giana, where the King intends as is said to build a new Chappel, and to Dedicate it to the Bleffed Virgin, towards which, feveral of the principal persons of this Kingdom have contributed large lums. The Baron & Overbeck, Envoye from the Elector of Branden burgh is in daily conference with the Ministers here, with whom he is concluding a Treaty concerning the Treatment of the Forces which his Electoral Highness of Brandenburgh will in pursuance to the Treaty of Bigoffia, send to our assistance in case we are attacked by the Turks. The Provincial Dyets are every where Assembled in order to the instructing the Deputies they send to the Great Dyet to be held here about the middle of this month, which we hope may have a, better conclusion then the former had, and that when nothing else will, the danger which now nearly approaches us, will be ameans to unite us for the publick good.

Naples, May 5. Great diligence is used here for the carrying on the new Levies of 2000 men, the

respective Officers employed in them being gone to feveral parts of the Kingdom in order to the compleating their Companies the fooner. The Bandiri continue very much to diffurb the Inhabitants of these Countreys, notwithstanding all the endeavors that are used by our Vicetoy to reduce them: This City hath been lately very confiderably relieved with several large supplies of Com from abroad, though we hear that the other parts of this kingdom continue yet in much want.

Here are now in this Pore two Dutch men of War, bound with fix Merchant men under their Convoy for Smirna. Our Viceroy hath lately made, some change in the Magistracy of this place, and in all other things is extream active for the goodles-

tlement of this Kingdom.

Vienna, May 7. Their Imperial Majesties are at present at Laxemburgh, where it is thought they may continue most of the Summer; the 4 instant, the Emper arrived here, but returned again the next morning early,; the Magistrates of Preathergh have fent their Deputies to the Court, to represent with how much severity they are dealt with in the matter of Religion, and that their antient priviledges have been taken from them, which they pray the Empe-cor to restore to them, and that they may live free and undisturbed as heretofore; in the mean time we have advice from thence, that the Commander of the Forces which were fent thither, hath received the keys of the Town from the Magistrates; and was proceeding in the execution of his Orders touching the intended Reformation there. This week arrived here the Sieur Gabrieli, who went hence not long fince with dispatches to our Minifter at the Port, but more especially to observe the present motions of that Court; as yet we hear not the particulars of what he brings from thence, though in the general it be faid, that the Grand Vizier hath by him written to the Count de Montecuculi, Prefident of the Council of war, affuring him, that the Grand Signior his Master will inviolably mainnain the peace and good correspondence established between the two Empires; which though we gladly hear, yet cannot but continue very jealous of the great preparations they are making in all the Ottoman Territories, without any folemnideclaration against whom they are intended. In the mean time our Letters as well from the Port as In the Warfam, speak of an accommodation; and that the Turks finding the Cossacks in the Ukrain very backward to affift them, have laid afide all thoughts of a war with that Crown : but the truth hereof a short time may now discover.

Liege, May 21. His most Christian Majestles Army, numbred above 100 thousand effectual fighting men, is divided into three Bodies; the first Commanded by the King in person, consists of 46000 Horse and Foot, and is encomped in the great Plain over against Vijez; the other by the Viscomte 7srenne, numbred 25 thonsand, is encamped on this Ede the Meufe, along Maestricht and below it; and the third by the Prince of Gonde, being 35000 men, lies beyond the Mense, a little above the Garaba-