The London Gazette.

published by Authority.

From Churchay My 3p. to Will Ray June 3. 1672.

From the Camp at Key serwaert May 26.

He Sieur Montal, Governor of Charleroy being arrived with a Body of an Army under his Command, caused the same to encamp here, whill he gave Orders for the making a Bridge over the Rhyne; which was finished the 23 instant, notwithstanding the brags of the Hollanders, that they would hinder the same with several small Frigats, besides an Army of 35000 Men by Land, incamped within a mile from hence, who far from making the least attempt, have late still, and quite suffered this work to be persected. We suddainly expect the Prince of Conde's Army in these parts, and some days after, that, Commanded by the King in person, which are all brave Troops and in excellent order.

From the Camp before Berneau, May 26. The 20 and 21 instant 10000 Horse decamped from Viset, the same day his Majesty accompanied by the Duke of Orleans, and attended by many persons of the most eminent Quality, went out towards Maestricht, passed very near that place, and in the evening returned again to the Camp, one of his Majesties Squadrons of Horse had a rencounter with 9 Squadrong of the Enemies whom they forced to retreat to the Gates of the place. The 22 the Regiments A Auvergne and de la Ferte rem ved from Visca in order to their joyning with the Prince of Conde's 23 all the Baggage and most of the Kings Houshold removed likewise, together with the Artillery from Kifes, passing over a Bridge of Boars made upon the Mewie; the same day a party of Horse was Commanded towards Maestricht under the Command of the Marquis de Sauvebeuf, who approaching too near the Palissade was wounded by the Sentiael and taken presents, but sent back by the Governor the next morning. The 24 the whole Army decamped from Vifet, and passing the Meuse over the said Bridge of Boats, which was immediately after broken down, encamped here about halfe a League from Vifet aforesaid. Yesterday the Bishop of Liege came to salure his Majesty, by whom he was received with all the respectand kindness imaginable.

Antwelp, June 7. Our Letters from Liege of the fourth instant tell us, that the Marquis de Cha-milly proceeds to Fortifie Maserck, with all imaginable diligence, having at present 12000 Men there under his Command, and as many more being daily expected; that he is likewife making a strong Fort on the other fide of the Meufe in Gel derland, in the Spanish Territory; That Tongres and V. lhenburgh are likewise strongly Fortifying; and shey write from Miestricht, that it more troubles them to be thus blocked up, then if they were close Befreged of for that in time will work the same effect as a Siege, and in the interior to many Men are use less to that State, at this time of their greatest want of them, and if they should be drawn out, there are as many Erench round about them, as would quickly form a Close Siege. The French Command

Contribution to the Walls of Boistedue, Breda, and near Bergen op Zoom, which pure those places in great consulion, the Country people being now returned to their Habitations, and Declare, they will readily pay the Contribution, seeing the French are best able to protect them. From Cologne the fourth instant they tell us, That his most Christian Majesty did not come to Nun as was expected, but marched on directly towards Rhynbergh; That the Elector of Cologne, accompanied with many persons of quality, had met his Majesty upon his march, and was received by him with great demon-strations of kindness and respect, but that his Majetly did not tray for the Entertainment prepared for him, being wholly intent, upon his march. Grace the Duke of Monmouth passed down the Rhyn by Cologne, the second instant towards Keyfermaert; That it was reported there, that two Regiments of the Bishop of Munsters Horle, had had a Rencounter with a confiderable parry of the Hollanders near Doetechem, and that the Dutch were beaten to their Garrison, many of them being killed and taken Priloners

Ditto, June 7. We have advice that the Governor of Rhynbergh having sent out a Convoy of 150 Men to the Woods to ferch in Palisadoes, they were intercepted by the French, and cut all in pieces; that the loss of the se Mea is very considerable to that B. ace, and that neither the faid place, Orfor, Wefel, or Busich arcso well provided with Mon as is ne-Army about a League and a halfe from hence. The reeffary to withstand a Siege; and that the Honch have begin all those places. And by Letters arrived last night from Guetares we are told, that the Dike of Orleans with a select number of the Army, made an attemptupon Defoy, but was forced to retreat with the loss of leveral Men upon the place, but the same Letters adderhat the Prince of Conde had had better fuccels with his Army before Wefel which he has belieged, having already lodged his Men in the Counterscarps, with little or no loss, and the the Mareschal Turennel had taken Burtek by storm, but of this we must expect farther.

This day Monfient Louvign, is gone by his Excel-lencies Order towards Holland, being joyned in Commission with the Chevalier Villennus to Command the 3000 Horse, and the three Regiments of Footsent hence into the service of that State. We now hear than the Macquis de Whamilly hath forborn at the it stance of the Governor of Gelderland to proceed with the Fortifications he was making on the other fide of the Meufe pir the Spanish Ter-

Ditto, June 7. Juft now by an Expres arrived here from Gnelderland, we receive advice that the French have taken Offor and Burick, and the Bishop of Munfter Doetechem, and that Wefel was closely b fire d by the Prince of Conde, and as was believed would be master of it in 48 hours; that Rhynbergh who in fo great consternation upon the taking of thefe places, that it was feared they would forthwith furrendesto the French.

Rome, May 14. His most Christian Majesty having at length confented, that his Holinels might