Thimy, though after all the Enemy approaches them o cole, that unless relieved by some considerable Succors, it is thought they will not be able to defend h m elves long, especially considering the great dis ress those Inhabitants begin to be already in; and here are some Letters in Town, which say, that the p ace was surrendred to the Bishop the third instant; but of this we must expect to bear with more certainty....It is reported here, that the Imperial Troops are on their march to joyn with the Elector of Brandenburghs Forces, who was to be the lecond in flant at Leipstadt, and that the Duke of Lorrin, and the Marquels de Grana, were gone thither to confer with his Electoral Highness, concerning the present conjuncture. In Zealand we hear, there still continue great divisions amongst the Commonalty, who feem so jealous of their Magistrates, that nothing will fatisfie them but to have them all put out of their Publick Employments, and others, whom they may better trust appointed in their rooms. The French Army lies fill between Boisteduc and Breda, and

have not of late attempted any thing Middleburg, Aug. 8. Several Privatiers are fitting out here and at Niffing, besides those we have blready abroad: Yesterday the Summer-Island (a Privarier of about Thirty Guns) brought up here two French Ships, one of them mounted with Ten Guns, and having on board a great quantity of Coral and other rich Commodities, valued here to be worth near Ten thousand pounds sterling. The said Priva-tier we hear had taken three small English Vessels off of Dover, but was forced to quit them again by the coming in of an English Frigat to their rescue. Yester day hapned here again a great disturbance, by reason of some difference between the Magistrates and the Burgers; upon which, the latter took occasion to exclaim against their Government, and ill Management, of things, as having occasioned their present misery, calling them withal Rogues and Traytors; which they told them, they could make them appear to be, by feveral Letters which the Bores had accidentally gotten from thos. Lords they some time since seized, and kept priloners for several days, concluding, they would never endure to fee the Magistracy remain in their hands, who by their folly or treachery had already ruined them, that therefore they would have those they suspected, turned out, and preceeded against according to their demerits, and others appointed in their rooms, of whose prudence and trust they could have more confidence: Upon which, feveral of the Lords voluntarily offered to quir their fervice, whilest the rest endeavored to justifie their late proceedings, and to vindicate their innocency. In this disorder, things continued till ten a clock at night, what the conclusion may be, we expect to see; the people feem particularly to suspect the Heer Reygensburgh, because of his relation to the Heer de Groot, late Ambassador in France, who we hear is fled from the Hague.

Rotterdam, Aug. 9. From the Hague they tell us, that Monsieur John de Witt, hath certainly quitted his place of Pentionary of Holland, and that his Brother the Rumaert van Putten continues still close prifoner in the Port (the common Prilon there;) That they have advice, that the Sieur Mombas, who lately escaped out of prison, had been at Utrecht not many days fince; and that the Heer de Groot is at present at Liege. Groningen according to our advices from thence, begins to be very much distressed, but as yet holds out; They tell us, that the Enemy shoots so violently, and continually into the Town, that all the Houses, in two of the principal Streets, have been extreamly torn, and many of them beaten quite to Vessel belonging to Swanzey.

the Ground; so that in the whole, we very much ap prehend, they may at last fall into the Enemies hands. We hear as yet nothing of certainty of the coming down of the Auxiliary Troops, and after all, there be some that say, That the Forces which the Emperor will fend to joyn with those of the Elector of Brandenburgh shall onely be employed for the security of the Empire. The French have retaken the House of Cronenburg, and after having plundered all that they found there, they blew it up with Powder, carrying with them about leventy prisoners to Utrecht. A great many Privatiers are every where fitting out in these parts. It is just now reported, that the Bishop of Munster hath raised the siege of Gro-ningen, of which, we must expect to hear farther.

Bruffels, Aug. 12. We hear of great Levies that are making in all the Emperors Hereditary Countreys; and the great discourse here, is, That the Imperial Troops are already on their march towards the Rhyne, in order to their joyning with the Elector of Brandenburghs Troops, though here are Letters from Vienna which say, that the Rendevous of those Forces is not appointed to be till the 25th instant at Egra in Bohemia in order to their march. Not-withstanding the reports we had from Holland of the railing of the siege of Groningen, our Letters from thence tell us, that the place is still very much Braitned by the Enemy, and that it is feared they will not be able to hold our long. The French Army under the command of Monsieur Turenne continues fill to block up Bolduc, as the Forces under the command of Monsieur Chamilly do Maestricht. To morrow the Count de Monterey goes hence for Ghent, Bruges, and Oftend, to fee in what posture things are there. From Cologne they write, that the Sieur Mombas, and the Sieur de Groot, were privately come thi-

Paris, Aug. 13. From Liege we have advice, that all the French Calvary that had attended his Majesty as far as S. Quentin, on his return to Paris, being in all 6000 Horse, under the command of the Marquels de Rochefort, Lieutenant General of his Majestics Army, were by the Kings order returned into that Countrey, where they had staid some days at Landrecy for their refreshment, and from thence are gode to take their quarters in the parts about Maestricht. From Utrecht they tell us, that the Duke of Luxemburgh having fent 1500 Horse, and 1000 Foot to attack Cronenburg, within four Leagues of Amfter-dam, they so well executed their Orders, as in a very short time to retake the place, and in it 300 Men, whom they brought prisoners to Utrecht. Yesterday the Count de Sales, Envoy Extraordinary from the Duke of Savoy, had audience of his Majefly, to whom, after having complimented him upon the Birth of the young Duke d'Anjou, and his happy Successes against the Dutch, he represented the present posiure of things between his Master, and the Republick of Genoua.

Tarmouth, Aug. 5. On Saturday last, the Deptford Ketch brought into this Road, a Pink, which was taken by a Dutch Caper the Twenty eighth past, and retaken by her the next day, after two hours difpute with the Caper, being a small Frigat of Ten

Hull, Aug. 5. On Friday last came into Humber, d Dutch Prize, taken by the Richmond Frigat, and said to be laden with Pepper, Cinnamon, Ge. from

The East Indies, being & Pink of about 120 Tuns.

Weymouth, Aug. 5. The Privatier of Flushing continues fill cruifing off of the Lands-end, and hath lately taken a French Ship, and a small English