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From Saturday July 15. to Tuesday July 18. 1732.

Hanover, July 22, N. S.

ON the 18th Instant in the Evening Captain Guy Dickens, his Majesty's Secretary at the Court of Berlin, arrived here, and waited the next Day on his Majesty at Herrenhausen, who received him very graciously. The 19th M. Chavigny, Minister from the most Christian King to the Court of Great Britain, arrived here from England, having first been at Mentz to compliment the new Elector on the Part of the King his Master. The 20th the Right Honourable the Lord Harrington gave a most splendid Entertainment to his Highness Prince George of Hesse, the Prince of Nassau Siegen, the Count d' Altenburg, the Lords of the Regency, Foreign Ministers, and a great many other Persons of Distinction. The Baron de Bevern, Privy Councillor and Grand Marshal to the Elector Palatine, also President of his Ecclesiastical Courts, arrived some Days ago at this Place; but by Reason of his Indisposition was not able to wait on the King till this Morning, when he had his Audience; he comes on the Part of his most Serene Highness to compliment his Majesty on his Arrival in his German Dominions.

Whitehall, July 17.

An Express from the Earl Waldegrave, his Majesty's Ambassadour at the Court of France, has brought Letters from Mr. Keene, his Majesty's Minister Plenipotentiary at Seville, dated the 9th of July, N. S. giving an Account of the Arrival there of three Officers from the Spanish Army at Oran, with the following Advices. The first was a Brother of the Duke de St. Blas, who brought the News, that on the 30th of June, N. S. the Day after their Landing, the General Count Montemar sent out a Party of about 60 Men to observe the Moors, who being nearer them than they imagined, they were obliged to retire, and the Moors were tempted to attack them, and drove them to the advanced Guard, which not

being able to support them, the Grand Guard marched to their Assistance, and to sustain the latter, Count Montemar ordered the whole Army to march in six Columns, till the Left Wing was entirely engaged with the Enemy, and in four Hours from the Beginning of the Action, obliged them to abandon a very advantageous Post which commands the Fort of Mazalquivir. The Moors lost a considerable Number of Men, but the Spaniards had only 30 killed, and about 150 wounded. A Son in Law of Count Montemar's came soon after, with an Account, that the English and French Consuls had written to the Spanish General, to acquaint him, that the Moors were in such-Confertation, that they began to abandon the City, and every one was pillaging, so that the Consuls fearing to be exposed to the Fury of the People, desired they might have a Guard to secure their Persons: Upon which the General was marching with the Army directly to the Town. And by the Marquês de las Minas, who arrived at Seville the 8th of July, N. S. at Two in the Morning, the Court had received Advice, that on the 1st Instant N. S. Possession was taken of the Town, and the Fort of Mazalquivir, in which were about 150 Turks, who capitulated for their Lives and Liberties; and that the Spanish Army was encamped very commodiously near a small River on the same Ground that the Moors had abandoned. The last Account they had of the Strength of the Moors, shews that they were in a Condition to have made a vigorous Defence, and even to have exposed the Spanish Army to great Difficulties and Hazards in the present Season of the Year: The Moorish Army consisted of 22000 Moors, and 2000 Turks; they had about 120 Pieces of Cannon, of which 30 are Brass, and 12 Mortars, and they were well provided with Powder, Carriages, Field Artillery, and with great Plenty of all Sorts of Provisions, and the Fort and Fortifications are all in extreme good Order. The Officers who have been dispatched to the Court of Spain upon this Occasion, have been re-