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Whitehall, Oftober 5. Rom Sir Edward Spragge Knight, at present Commanding a Squadron of his Majesties Ships, we have this following Letter, Dated the 30 pait on board the Resolution, ten Leagues from Tarmonth. Since my last I have taken ten Doggers, one Busse, and a Privateer of eight Guns, fifty five Men and Boys, we have in all about 330 Prisoners. I have at present but seven or eight of my Ships with me, the rest are out a chafing, and hope to have a very good account of them. I am using my best endeavors for the River, having cleared these Seas of Fishermen, except our own; I am informed by the Privareers Men, that the Durch are fitting out some of their small ships, the defign they know not.

Bridlington, Sept. 30. On Friday last came into this Harbor a Dane, the Master telling us, that he had been met off at Sea by two Dutch Capers, who after having plundered him and tortured his Mate by putting burning Match between his Fingers to make him confess whether the Lading or any part thereof belonged to the English, left him to pursue

his Voyage.

Lisbonne, Aug. 30, The 19 instant arrived here our three East India Ships, which we formerly told you were upon the Coast, having been convoyed hither from the Island of Tercera, the usual place of Rendezvous, by three of our men of War, Commanded by Signior Montenegre, Vice-Admiral of Portugal; These Ships are exceeding rich, and vahied to be worth above four Millions of Cruyfados, their chief Lading being Coottn, Linnen, Indigo, Museus, Ambergris, and several other rich Commodities, befides a great quantity of precious Stones; By them we have advice, that the Portuguese have resetled a Trade to China, which was upon the Vice-Roy of Goa's, sending an Ambassador to those people, who was not onely very kindly received there, but found a disposition in those that were in the Government, to ellablish a Correspondence and Trade between them and this Nation; the Ambassador having thus successfully concluded his Negotiation, dyed in his return home, though the advantages procured by his Embassy were not lost, the Portuguese having for above a year Traded to those parts with all the liberty imaginable, and with great profit to themselves. That Monsieur de la Haye was the 27 of Fanuary, the time of their departure from Goa, there with 11 French men of War under his Command. We are told of an Express that hath upon the arrival of these Ships, been sent to the East Indies, but upon what account is not faid, de Chasteau Regnault, who hath been for some time cruifing with feven French Frigats in these Seas, hath lately taken three confiderable Prizes, which he hath sent to Rochel, viz. a small man of War of Sally, Mounted with two Guns and 40 Moores, and two Dutch Merchant men, the one of fix or feven hundred Tun coming from the Indies, and the other from St. Hubes laden with Salt.

Leghorne, Sept. 19. Yesterday was tryed here the Gally built at Pifa for His Majesty of Great Brit- of late been sent out, on Sunday last so Horse and so

tain, and Commanded by Sir John Baptiste Duteil and proved extream well; she was Named the Mar-garet, in Compliment to the great Dutchess. The news continues still of the taking of the Tunis Gal-

leys by the Malteses.

Warfam, Sopt. 25. The 21 instant the Queen arri ved here from Janowits, and feeing the loss of Cami niec is confirmed from all hands, and that we dai ly receive worse and worse news of the progress of the Turks; it is said her Majesty will retreat with all her moveables to Thorne or Dantzick, which many of these Inhabitants have already done, and others daily continue to doe. The King is still at fanowits, expecting the appearance of the Nobility, who, as if they endeavoured to contribute what they could to the destruction of themselves and the whole Kingdom, cannot yet be perswaded to appear in the field, to make head against this threatening inundation.

Postscript. We are at present in a sad disorder here, having advice, that Russembergh is taken by the Turks, who are come very near Cracow; and that as well the Inhabitants as Garrison of Lublin have quitted the place, and left it open to the Es

nemy.

Dantzick, Sept. 26 From Poland we receive ve y bad news, for now we have not only the certain confirmation of the furrender of of Caminiec, but likewise of the loss of Russembergh, and that the Turks are with two distinct. Armies on their march towards

Cracow and Samosch.

Genoua, Sept. 28. Some days fince arrived here Don Antonio di Mendoça, in quality of Envoye from the Crown of Spain: It is now said, that Monsieur Gaumont the Fiench Envoye, will not expect here the return of the Courier he lately sent to Park, but that he is going again for Turin. The French Gallies we hear, are still at Villa Franca, and have as is faid, put up the Duke of Savoy's Colours. In the mean time all our Forces are marched to the Confines, , to make head against the Savoy Troops, who the last week plundered and burnt Sastelli, a small Town, with the Castle near it, belonging to this State; fince the Enemy is retired to Montferrat again.

Madrid, Sept. 28: On Munday last arrived here aff Express, with the good news of our New Spain Fleets being come within fight of S. Lucar, though

without any other particulars

Maestricht, Oct. 2. All the French Troops which were quartered in these parts, are now gone to the Army for its better reinforcement, and besides we hear of more Forces which come daily down from Charleroy, and march towards the Rhyn, to joyn with the faid Army. The Marquis de Chamilly continuing still very much indisposed, and so weak, as not to be able to travel either in Coach or Litter, fent some days since to our Governor, to desire leave to pass down the Meuse from Liege to Maseyck, which being consented to, the said Marquis accordingly passed by this asternoon in a Barge towards Maseyck aforesaid. Amongst the several Parties that have Poot