## The London Gazette.

## Published by Authority.

From Munday October 14. to Thursday October 17. 1672,

Plymouth, Off. 10.

E have advice here, of the Happy Return's, having taken a Dutch Privateer off of Waymouth, being one of those that were lately Engaged with the Dragon near Torbay.

Hull, Od. 14. Some days fince was brought in here the Hercules of this place, laden with Coals from Newcastle, having been taken the second infranchy a Dutch Caper, and retaken the next day by the Grown Frigat. We have had very stormy weather upon these Coasts.

Harwich, Off. 14. For these two days have passed by this place a very great Fleet of laden Colliers, be-

ing in all above 300 Sayl, for the River of Thames.

Rome, Sept. 29. The ill news we daily receive from Poland, of the progress of the Turks, seems very much to trouble his Holines, who, it is said, has promifed to affift that Crown in the best manner be can, and that he will invite all other Christian Princes to do the like: The intended promotion of Cardinals is yet deferred for some time, the reason of which is said to be, that his Holiness would willingly sectione more places first vacant in the sacred College, to the end he may be able to gratify the several pretenders together; In the interime the Duke d'Estres, the French Ambassador hath often Audience of the Pope, in which it is faid, he still minds his Holinels of his promise of a Cap to Don Felice Rospigliosi, who, however it is not doubted but will be included in the next promoti-In. We cannot yet hear of any great success the Cardinal Raggi at Genoua, and Signior Spada at Turin have bad in their endeavors for the concluding a peace between thole two States; the Duke of Savoy in the first place demanding the restitution of whatever the Genoueles have taken during this War, which that State feems as yet unwilling to fubmit to.

From the Polish Leigure at Golombowa, Sept. 29. We have certain intelligence, that about 70 thoufand Tartars and Cossacks, with some Turks, came before Leopol the 21 instant, and summoned it to surrender to the Grand Signior, but the Governor Colonel Lonsky answering only with his Cannon, forced them to retire again, who in their retreat either killed or made Slaves of all they met, having fired Zulkion and Jamoram, two Villages belonging to the Crown General Sobioss ki.

His Majesty intends the 2 of the next month to pass the Weisel, if the Bridge, that is making over its can be lo loon finished, and then the Miliita of the several Palatinates will advance to him, they exculing their deferring to come fooner, becausé here is not Forage for fo many Horse ; We do also expest considerable Forces out of Lythuania, which are said to be already on their march; his Majesty hath appointed the general Rendezvous ro be near Lublin, and in the mean time it is resolved, That so soon as we have passed the River, that 20000 Men shall be fent to Leopol, which it is thought will be suffi.

vient to appose the incursions of the Tartars and Cossacks, so long as the Turkish Army advances not fo far, which it is hoped they will not do, because of the ill weather, and the several fortified places they will be forced to leave at their backs in the Akrain, which they have not as yet made them-

felves masters of.

Our Commissioners, the Castellan of Wolinia, and the Crown-Treasurer, appointed to go to Treat with the Turks for peace, cannot as yet proceed on their Ambasty, searing they may fall into the hands of the Tartars, and have therefore defired a Convoy, which they will expect at Samofch; in the interim, if we carnot obtain peace, it is resolved to proceed with what Force we can rowards the Frontiers 34 hat Prince Wisnowitski shall Command the Vantguard, and the King follow in per on with the Groff of the Atmy. The Malcontents feeln willing to embrace an Act of Oblivion, proposed by his Majesty for the composing of all divisions at home; which if so, we might be foon in a condition to oppose the Bnemy, even without the affiftance of any of our neighbors; but it is feared, there are yet too great jealousies amongst us, and that the Pactions apprehend, that the King when he hath got the whole Militia in the Bield, will excite the Nobility against them; Thus these jealousies retard our proceedings, and are like to force us to make peace, though upon very difadvantagious terms.

Genoua , Octob. S. Monsieur de Gaumont the French Envoy, having upon his arrival here, propofed in order to a Peace with the Duke of Savoy; First, a Gessation of Arms; Secondly, the Reliturion of the City and Valley of Oneglia, now in the posses-sion of this Republick, and Thirdly, a reference of all differences whatfoever now depending between the two warring States, to the decision of his most Christian Majesty, this Senate immediately appointed two of their Body to Treat with the faid Envoy ; who not meeting it feems fince with that disposition in this Government, to Treat on the Terms aforesaid, as he had at first expected, some days since acquainted the Senate with his intentions to return immediately home by the way of Turin, and accordingly was ready to embark on a French Galley here in Port, when it is faid, he received a Message stom the Senate, upon which he again altered his resolutions, and refolved to continue here some time longer, to endeavor the bringing matters yet to a fair and amicable agreement. The Duke of Savoy having drawn his Forces towards the Frontiers, we hear of two or three Villages belonging to this State, which they have plundered and burnt; whilst in the mean time our Troops lye still, and have not of late attempted any thing. The French Galleys are still at Villa Franca, though we cannot learn, . Wat they have yet put up the Save? Colours:

Cologne, Octob.11. Letters from Franckfort of the 29 past, tell us, The confederate Armies were fill in their Neighborhood; That leveral of their Officers were daily visiting of them, and among others Charles Prince of Lorraine, General of the Cavalty, and Count Lefley: That the Commissary General