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Harwich, October 26.

THe *Plymouth* Frigate hath brought in a Dutch Caper of eight Guns, which he took some days since on these Coasts.

Warsaw, Oct. 17. From the Leaguer we are told, that the Nobility having in a Convention made a solemn Engagement to maintain the Kings Interests, one of the Faction stood up and opposed it, though to the cost of his Life, for no sooner had he declared himself, but the rest fell upon him, and cut him into a hundred pieces; That they had summoned several of the Senators, who at present absent themselves, to appear there the 20 instant, and that on default thereof, their Lands and Estates should be confiscated, and be employed for the ransoming of such Captives, as have been carried away by the Turks and Tartars this Summer; That the Archbishop shall be deprived of his Bishoprick, and confined to a Cloyster, and all his Hereditary Lands and personal Estate forfeited, and present notice thereof to be given to the Pope; and that his Brother the Weywood of *Platzkow*, who they say is gone for France, shall be degraded, and an other chosen in his place. We are told that the Emperor hath lately written to the King, advising him not to make Peace with the Turks, and promising him on that account great assistance against the next Spring; and in the mean time that he would order the *Kalinuck* Tartars to fall into the Country of the *Krim* Tartars, to force them to return from *Poland*, for the defence of themselves. It is reported that our Commissioners have concluded a Treaty with the Grand Signior, by which they have quitted *Caminiec, Podolia, Polinia*, and the *Ukraine* to the Turks, but these conditions seem so hard to the Nobility, that it is said, they will not permit the King to ratifie what the Commissioners have done.

Vienna, Octob. 23. The Imperial Majesty returned hither from *Ebersdorf* about the latter end of the last week; since the Emperor hath given Audience to the Turkish Envoy, lately arrived here, and received from him fresh assurances of the Grand Signiors constant resolution to maintain the peace and good correspondence inviolable between the two Empires; In the mean time we have advice from *Poland* of their having concluded a peace with the Turks, but on very disadvantageous terms for that Crown, and that their Commissioners remain as Hostages in the Turkish Army, till such time as this Treaty shall be ratified by the King and the whole Dyet; In *Hungary* the Rebels become daily more and more formidable, and are now grown to that strength and insolence, as to dare to talk of altering the Government, and electing a King of *Hungary*; It is said, that in *Esperies*, a place lately taken by them, they found a vast Treasure, most belonging to particular persons who were fled thither; General *Cops* is on the other side marching with what speed he can for the reducing those Rebels; and we are told that the Count *Budini*, having some Im-

perial Troops under his Command, hath lately secured himself of a *Passé*, by which means a great many of the Rebels, who presumed to advance too far, and now not able to return, will be forced to yield themselves to him.

Frankfort, Octob. 23. The Elector of *Mentz* hath been for several days here in Town, during which time he hath had several meetings with the Elector of *Brandenburgh*, General *Montecuculi*, &c. and we are told, of some Proposals that were made for a General Peace; The said Elector of *Mentz* having during his stay here been Treated with all possible honor and respect, is returned home again; The Imperial and *Brandenburgh* Troops have been now above these 14 days in our Neighborhood, to the ruining of the Countrey hereabouts; They have given orders for the preparing a Bridge, for their passing any River, and give out, that they intend in a day or two to break up from hence, and to march towards the *Rhyn*, all the Forage hereabouts being quite consumed.

Cologne, Octob. 28. From *Frankfort* they write; that since the conference that had been there between the Electors of *Mentz*, *Brandenburgh*, &c. it had been resolved by the Confederates to march towards the *Laen*, in order to their passing the *Rhyn* at or near *Coblentz*, and yesterday we had advice that the Armies were broken up from their Quarters near *Frankfort*, and were on their march towards the *Rhyn*, as aforesaid; this made Monsieur *de Turenne* remove with the whole French Army from *Mulheim*, and to proceed to *Bon*, there to pass the *Rhyn*, and so to march on the other side to meet the Imperialists.

Ditto Nov. The news we had of the march of the Imperial Troops is not confirmed, they remaining at the coming away of our last advices from *Frankfort* still in their Quarters near that Town; however it is said, that they are preparing for their march towards *Westermald* and the *Rhyn*; in the mean time the French are marching up the *Rhyn* towards *Coblentz* and *Westermald* above-mentioned, so that in all probability they will encounter with the confederate Armies.

Coblentz, Oct. 30. The French Army under the Command of Monsieur *de Turenne* having continued for some time in the County of *Bergh*, take at present their march this way on both sides the *Rhyn*, and his Electoral Highness of *Treves* who is at present here, having received advice that part of the said Army was already arrived at *Audernatb*, and an other part at *Lintz*, immediately dispatched a Gentleman to Monsieur *de Turenne*, to pray him to take care that his Soldiers did not commit any disorders in his Territories; it is said, that the French Army will march towards *Westermald*, so soon as they certainly hear that the Confederate Armies are on their march that way, as it is said they are, and that they at present take their way towards the *Laen*, which falls into the *Rhyn*, about two Leagues from this place, having changed their resolution of passing the *Main*, as was formerly said; The Elector of *Mentz*