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From Hunday March 10. 10 Thursday March 13. 1672.

Madrid, Feb. 28.

Ir William Godolphin, His Majesty of Great Britains Ambassador, to this Crown, having not had any convenience of making his Publick Entry till the beginning of December last, when a day was assigned by this Court for that Ceremony, but His Majesty falling sick of the Small Pox, it was thought sit to defer it till His Majesty should have perfectly recovered his Health; which he having happily done, to the great joy of this Court, His Excellency, at the same time, took occasion to Congratulate with their Majesties upon this happy recovery, and to make his Publick Entry, which had been some time expected; and according-ly it was performed the Eighteenth instant, in the

manner following.

About Nine a Clock in the Morning, one of the Palafrenero's of the Kings Stables, brought 22 Horses with rich Saddles and Trappings for His Excellency and his Servants. About Ten came a great number of Spanish, French, and Italian Gentlemen, his Lordships Friends and Neighbors, very nobly mounted, to accompany His Excellency on this occasion. About an hour after came the Marquels de Castramonte and Robledo the Queens Mayordomo, then in Waiting, together with the Conductor of Ambassadors, several Gentilhombres de Boca, and about Twenty more of their Majesties Houshold Servants, all Gallantly mounted, to His Excellencies House, where after they had been treated at a Banquet, the Cavalcade began about The Conductor first leading the way, was followed by the spanish, French, and Italian Gentlemen abovementioned, who came to accompany His Excellency. Next came His Excellencies Mayordomo, Secretaries, Gentleman of the Horse, and other Servants above Stairs, with several English and Irish Gentlementhen in Town; and after them came the Gentlemen of the Court; in the rear of whom, was the faid Mayordomo, the Marquess de Castramonte, with the Lord Ambassador on his right hand, three Pages walked on foot on each fide His Excellencies Horse, and behind Fourteen Lacqueys in rich Liveries: Immediately after sollowed the Kings own Coach, next His Excellencies best Coach, which was very rich, and much admired; and after that, two other of His Excellencies Coaches, accompanied with a numerous Train of Noblemens and Gentlemens Coaches sent thither, out of refpect to His Excellency

· The Streets were all along exceedingly thronged with the Common People, and the Balcones no less with Genilemen and Ladies. The great Plaça before the Pallace (where the Regiment of Guards was drawn up) was so crowded, that there was scarce room to pass so the Court Gate, where his Excellency alighting, the Courts stair Cases and Galleries of the Pallace, were found so sull of People, that the German and Spanish Guards had enough to do, to make way for him to the Kings Quarter, whither he was first Conducted, and after a short Address to his Majesty, to the Queens, where he continued much longer, and his Audi

ence ended, his Excellency was Conducted back to the Pallace Gate with a numerous attendance; where being received in the Kings Coach, accompanyed with the faid Marquis de Castramonte, the Conductor, first Gentilhombre de boca, and several persons of Quality of the Court, was carried back to his own House, where his Excellency Treated the Company at a very iplendid and sumptuous Dinner, much to their satisfaction.

Hamburg, March 10. The Leavies which are making here for the Service of the King of Sweden, go on vigorously. Our last Letters from Lipstadz tell us, that the Elector of Brandenburg baving sent the Envoy of Sweden, who accompanies his Highness, to the Mareshal de Turenne, to ask in his name a Suspention of Arms, had been answered by the Mareshal, that he had no Powers in that matter, from the King his Master, and therefore could not admit the Proposition, but that he would fuddainly go and give his Highness a Visit; immediately upon the return of the Envoy, the Elector, together with all his Court left Bilevelt in great haft, and retreated towards Minden the 27 paft; the same day and the morrow after, five Regiments of the Imperialists, repassed the Weser at Minden , in their way to the Bishoprick of Hildesbeim. first instant the Elector disparched away his Maister d' Hoftel to the Duke de Zell, and Monfieur de Cracam to the Duke of Hanouer, and the next day the Count de Dona, to the same Court; Tisthought their Errand is to desire a supply of Provisions, and free passage through the Territories of those Princes, in order to the retiring with his Army into the Bishopricks of Halberstadt and Magdebourg, and to proceed from thence himself to Berlin. Vantguard of Monsieur de Turennes Army, was the third instant within three Leagues of Minden, where tis impossible the Forces of the Elector should subsist any time, all things being in great confusion, both in his Court and Army. The Duke of Zell has gathered all his Forces together in a Body upon the Frontiers of his Countrey, to keep the Confederate Armies from entring there.

Francfort, Mar. 12. Thurfday last a Courier post-

ing by this place, Express towards the Court at Vienna, gives out openly, that there is a Truce agreed on for the space of fix weeks, between the Confederates and the French, not giving us any more particularities of that matter, or whether it extends to the Dutch or not. The Republick of Strasburgh has, 'tis faid, rebuilt their Bridge over the Rhine; and raised Batteries on both fides capable of defending it. From Vienna we hear, the Emprels has milcarried, to the great grief and apprehentions of that Court, and of all that wish well to the Empire. From Cassel we are told, that the Confederate Armies have passed the Weser in a very bad condition, and much diffatisfied at the mannagement of affairs, leaving all Westphalia open to the French, who are advanced, 'tis said, as far as Hoxe ter. That the Elector of Brandenburgh was in Perfon at Minden, and the Duke of Bournonville, with the Army under his Command, in the Bishoprick

of Hildesheim, having ruined all places they passed through; which apprehension makes all the Princes thereabouts to stand upon their guard, particularly the Duke of Brunswick-Hannouer, and the

Regency of Caffel.

Hamelen, March 17. Here is arrived a Body of 7 or 8000 of the Imperial Aimy, in their Retreat towards Halberstadt, who tell us, that Monsseur de Turenne is upon the heels of the Brandenburghers, and has taken a imall Post about four Leagues from this place, where the Marquis de Renelle is left to defend it : That the Count de Donna is fent by the Elector of Brandenburg to our Princes, to defire passage for his Forces through their Countries, in order to his Retreating farther off, and into places of greater security from the Enemy. 'Tis faid here, that the Elector of Brandenburg has already made an Agreement with the King of France. Our Princes have each of them sent one of their Counrel, to Complyment the Mareshal de Turenne, who is within one days march of our Territories.

Bruges, March 11. From Middleburgh we are told, that of the Fleet of 70 or 80 Men of War re-folved to be set out by the States General, the Province of Zealand sends 14, which are now preparing in their feveral Harbors, and that Bankart goes 'Admiral of that Squadron; the Rendezvous of the whole Fleet being to be made upon that Coast, which tis thought will now suddainly be, their Ships wanting little more then caulking, and taking in their Guns and Provisions on board them. That notwithstanding general Orders had been issued out for the making stay of all Capers as they should come in till the Fleet were provided with Men; those of Zealandhave, in confideration of the charges the owners have been at in victualling their Vessels, and the good services they have done, given their Capers leave to stay out four weeks longer, after which time all are summoned to return, till the Fleet be compleatly manned; That the States of that Province had for two days before fate all day and most part of the night in close consultation, 'twas said, upon the occasion of certain Letters received by an Express from the Count de Monterey, what the contents of them were, is not known. That there being no Soldiers in that Island, the Burgers were forced to keep Guard, not only in their own Island, but likewise in Bergen op Zoom, Sas, Sluyce, Arden-Burgh, and other places belonging to that Province. That in all the Island of Casant, there are but four Troops of new raised Horse, their Forts being very slenderly manned, the States intending to slight Oesbrug for want of Men to Garrison it. That the Foot in Bergen, Sas, Slays, Ardenburgh, and other places, are so much in arrear of their pay, that the Officers bring in their complaints daily of their Men being ready to mutiny, and others deserting the service, 30 at one time escaping out of the Garrison at Bergen last week. That their Bank had been thut up thefe to weeks, which they hoped would have been open upon the general sale of their Prize-Goods, but it proved otherwise, for the Capers would not fell but for ready Money, fo that their Bank-Money is already three and a half per Cent. worse then the Principal, and is likely within few days to fall two and a half lower. From Amsterdam we hear, that upon certain advice, that the news of the taking of Munster was an abuse, the actions of the East-India Company there, fell immediately from 360, to 330, and this last week are fallen to lefs then 300, and that at Middleburgh they are not worth above 220:

Nemport, March 18. From Uliffing we hear, that have 40 s. reward for their pains.

20 of their Privateers coming into Port, are flopt there, their Men being to be put on board the Zealand Squadron. That those of Middleburgh intend to fet out a Squadren of small Vellels, and some Firethips to guard their own Coast, for fear the Enemy may have a cefign to Land there, the Island being wholly destitute of Soldiers; That they intend to raile Baltions in feveral parts of that Island, the charges of which work, is to be born by the 24 Companies of Burghers only. States of Zealand are in great want of Money, and have sent Billets from House to House, for the gathering of the 200 penny; That the 6 instant was iffned a Placaet, for the raifing of three and an half of the five hundredth penny , which werd paid seventimes the last year.

Oftend, March 16. This day are come in hither from Zealand 27 fail of Ships, 14 of which are empty, and tissupposed, are to be made free of this place, as is usual with all the Holland Vessels; They tellus, that the States Men of War, are making ready in that Island, and in all places of Holland where they lie, and that they talk of putting out no less then 100 sail. That a report of the Brandenburghers, intending to make a Truce with France, had very much disheartened many Men, but of this they expected farther confirma-

Ditto, March 19. We have fresh advices here of the Duke of Brandenburgh's being retreated, and having left all the Province of Mark to the mercy of, the French, who are said to lie before Lipstadt with

an Army of 10000 Men.

Lyn, March 7. The Master of a Danish ship come in here from Norway tells us, That he came out of Port on Friday last, and the next day met off the Reesses, above 100 Sail of Hollanders bound for Norway, and as he thought without any Convoy with them: That coming over the Dogger, he saw 2 great ships of about 60 Guns, each cruising thereabouts, which he supposes to be Dutch men of War; he saies likewise that a great Fleet of Dutch Vessels wintered in Norway, and that there are several Dutch Privateersall along that Coast, and in the Harbours of that Kingdome, but

without any purchase.

Rys., March 8. This day the Spragge Fregat brought in here 2 Dutch Caper of 8 Guns and 40 front men on board her, called the Fox of Roserdam; a new Vessel that had not been out at Sea above 8 days, with a Commission from the Prince of Orange; she was taken about Blackpese, the Frigat having not above 22 Men, laid her on board as soon as ever he came up with her, and carried her without any resistance.

Dover, March 10. This day was sent in here by the Spragg Fregat, a Dutch Privateer, being a Dogger of 8 Guns, and

Fregat, a Dutch Privateer, being a Dogger of & Guns, and another Dogger retaken from a Caper, by a Privateer of this

place, who had seised on her in her way from Ireland, laden with Butter, Cheese &c.

Porasmouth, March 11. Yesterday was Launched here the Royal Charles, a Ship of as large Dimentions and as great Force as any in His Majesties Fleet, and which promises as much in every respect, as can be wished.

Advertisements, A Blew brinded Bear Dog of about three quarters old, with a bald face, white breaft, long ears, long legs, his tail cut but not very fhort; was loft from Mr. Secretary Coventry's house at Pichadilly, the 5 day of this Instant March: If any one can bring Notice of him to the faid Mr. Secretary Coventry's Porter at the said house, he shall be well rewarded for his pains. for his pains,

A Red and white Bitch, the red Harrs Diack Drown at the end, very long Ears, black Eies, long Hair on the Belly, and Tail, a small fize, about three years old, lost in St. James's Park Sunday about four a clock in the afternoon where can bring news of her to the Porters Lodge at Whitebal, shall be well rewarded for his pairs.

Tale about the anday of February last, from Edward Hakes Red and white Bitch, the red Hairs black brown at the

Toln about the 22 day of February laft, from Edward Hales Hiq; , out of t auters Perry Park in the County of Worth, hampion, a Brown Bay Mare with Foal, having a Star in her Forehead, about 6 years old, and 15 hands high; It any person shall give tidings of her to the said Mr. Hales arthis House in Panlers Perry aforesaid, or to Mr. Raby Runer, at the Princes Arms in St. Martins-lane, Westminster, shall