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Calais, April 26.

THe 24 instant his Grace the Duke of *Monmouth* arrived here from *England*, about 5 in the evening, when he was received by the Governor, who waited at the Landing-place with divers Persons of Quality, with several Coaches, in which his Grace with the Gentlemen his followers, was conducted to his Lodgings, which are the Noblest in the Town; the Guards being drawn up, and all the Guns fired about the Town: the next day his Grace took Post for *Paris*.

Port St. Mary, March 26. My last advised you of the arrival of the Galeons, what quantity of Plate they brought with them, is not yet certainly known; in the mean time to prevent all fraud, none are permitted to come ashore, till such time as every one shall have entered what sum he is concerned for.

Madrid, April 12. On the first instant arrived here Monsieur *Villars* (Son to the French Ambassador residing in this Court) sent by the most Christian King, to congratulate the recovery of our young King. From *Cadix* we have advice, that Monsieur *Martel* with the French Squadron of men of War, to the number of seven, lay in the mouth of the Bay of *Cadix*, so that the Dutch Ships durst not stir out.

Genova, April 12. The 9 instant arrived here the *Sieur Gaumont* from *Turin*, with the news of the conclusion of the Peace between the Duke of *Savoy*, and this State, which is to be published here the 15. The 10, four of this States Gallies, under the Command of *Gio. Giacomo Grimaldo*, Son to our present Duke, failed hence, with intentions to go and cruize. We have advice of the arrival of the Spanish Galeons at *Cadix*, and that they have brought with them 22 Millions of Pieces of Eight, Registered, and about half so much more Unregistered.

Hambrough, April 18. From *Nurenbergh* they write, that the Imperialists lye at present at *Halbern*, and the Lorrain Troops at *Weringen*; the Brandenburgs are still quartered in the Diocess of *Halberstadt* and *Magdenburgh*. The Town of *Byleveldt* having made a composition to pay 3000 Rixdollars per month, the Munster Troops have raised the Siege; *Minden* is likewise to pay the same sum. The Troops of the Circle of *Lower Saxony* lye still in the Diocess of *Hildesheim*, for the greater security of that Countrey. From *Wolfenbuttel* they write, of the Marriage that was suddenly to be celebrated there, between the Princess, eldest Daughter of the Duke of *Brunswyk*, and the Duke of *Halstein Ploen*. The Swedes make every where great preparations for War; though as yet we do not hear of the arrival of General *Wrangel* on this side the water.

Cologne, April 27. The Bishop of *Munster* hath raised the Siege of *Bilevelt*; and hath ordered his Troops to march out of *Hervorden*, to make some farther Conquests upon the Enemy. The French have taken *Altena*, so that the Elector of *Brandenburgh* is at present only possessed of the Town and Fortrefs of *Lipstadt*, on this side the *Weser*. The Bishop of *Strasbourg* hath given in to our Magistrates another Memorial, in the name of the Elector of *Cologne*, for the

removing the Imperial Regiment in Garrison here. The French Troops pass daily down the *Rhyn*.

Wesel, April 22. Several French Troops come daily down to this place, greatest part whereof continue their march to *Aernhem*, where the Prince of *Conde* intends to rendezvous his Army; above 100 pieces of Ordnance have been likewise sent from hence that way; the general discourse is, that the French will Attack *Frisland*.

Brussels, April 25. From the *Hague* our Letters tell us that their Plenipotentiaries may now in three or four days be ready to begin their journey for *Aix la Chapelle*, which after all, seems to be the place intended for the Treaty; the most Christian King hath accepted against Monsieur *Renfrow*, a Gentleman of the Province of *Utrecht*, whom the States of *Holland* had appointed to be one of their Plenipotentiaries for this Treaty, upon the account he is his own Subject. The States are sending what force they can towards *Friesland*, to endeavor to secure that Province against any attempt of the Enemy, of which the Inhabitants there have already so great an apprehension, that it is said, they are about making a Treaty with the Bishop of *Munster*, to give him 70 thousand Rixdollars a Month, by way of Contribution, to free them from all danger and disturbance of the Enemies Forces; some Letters say farther, that the States of that Province, would willingly separate from the rest of the *United Provinces*, and put themselves under the protection of some neighboring Prince. It is reported that the Dutch will put *Mastricht*, *Herogenbosch*, and *Breda*, into the hands of the Spaniards, to recompence them for the charges they have already been at, in the assisting of them this War, as well as to encourage them to continue it, and to proceed to a Rupture with *France*; it is not doubted, but we shall be ready enough to receive these places, but whether we shall answer the intentions of the States therein, is much to be questioned.

Antwerp, April 25. From *Amsterdam* they write, that several of their greatest Men of War, have not as yet been able to get over the *Pampus*, having, as is said, neglected the last opportunity of the high waters, which as long as the wind blows so hard Easterly, as now it does, they will not easily have again, unless it be a very high Spring Tide. The Province of *Friesland* will not yet out any Men of War this Summer, their proportion used to be 8 or 9 stout Men of War, which are to be supplied, as is said, by *Amsterdam*, to make up their Fleet. From *Cologne* of the 22 instant we have advice, that the Munster Troops had quitted the Siege of *Bilevelt*, having first brought the plate to this agreement, that they should pay 3000 Patacoons per month, as a Contribution to the Bishop of *Munster*, the same sum is to be likewise paid monthly by the Stiff of *Minden*; that a cessation of Arms is certainly agreed on, between the French and the Elector of *Brandenburgh* for three months, though some write of a positive Treaty that is concluded between them, of which the chief Articles are, That all places belonging to the said Elector, and taken by the French, during this War, shall be restored, viz. such places as the French have possessed themselves of in the Counties of *Mark* and *Ravenspergh*, shall