The London Gazette.

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From Miliday June 9, to Chursday June 12, 1678.

Rome, May 27. He Courier which lately arrived here from France, is fent back with ample Instructions to Signior Nerli, the Popes Nuncio at Patis, for the accomplishing the most Christian Kings intentions, concerning the re-establishment of the Equestrian Order of St. Lugarus; it is said, that the faid Courier carries Orders to Signior Nerli to return home, his friends here having defired it of the Pope; that they might the better procure him a Cap at the next Promotion of Cardinals. The Duke of Gravina hath at length yielded to the earnest instance of the Cardinal Nittard, the Spanish Ambassadour here, concerning his performing the Ceremony of Homage, on the part of the Crown of Spain, for the Kingdom of Naples on St. Peter's day, which the faid Duke will do with the greatest splendor and solemnity the short time he has to make his preparations in will give him leave. An Extraordinary Courrier coming from Spain, with Dispatches for the Vice-Roy of Naples, was asfaulted near this place by four perfons, his Letters taken away, and the Courrier killed; of which Cardinal Nittard having complained, strict Orders have been given for the discovery of these Assassinates.

From the Camp before Maestricht, June 12, The King with most of the Cavalry, and about 4 or 3000 Foot, arrived before this place on Saturday last, about Noon, having marched 7 Leagues that morning: In the afternoon his Majesty traced the Line of Circumvallation on this side the River, and gave the Cawalry their feveral grounds, and left Intervals for the Foot: His Majesty was upon that they call the Bywatch all the night, all the Squadrons being on horfeback: yesterday early in the morning, the Infantry and the Artillery joyned the Camp: The Bridge of Communication was made yesterday, and a Camp formed on the other side of the River, which the Duke of Orleans The King has given the Duke of Monmouth the Command of half the Great Line on this fide, which contains 8000 Horse and Foot; and is a Post of very great consequence. We told you in our last, that the Enemy had made a Sally with fix Squadrons of Horse, but that they were beaten back, without any great loss, there having not been above 20 men killed on both fides; fome we took prisoners, who tell us, that there is 5000 Foot, and 1400 Horse in the place; That Provisions begin to grow dear already, and that their Horse are very bad. The report we had here of Monsieur Turenne's being coming down the Rhyne, is now contradicted again.

Cologne, June 13. Yesterday morning the Dutch Plenipotentiaries parted from Aix la Chapelle, and this evening they are expected here: the Swedish Ambassadours are likewise here; several Visits have passed between them and the French Ambassadours. Count Conningsmark is arrived here; his Troops which have for some time lodged in the Counties of Nassaw, Dillenburg, Siegen, &c. are now on their march, intending to pass the Rhyn at Bon, and so to pass on to Mackricht, Monsieur de Turenne continues still at Soest.

Amsterdam, June 15. We fill continue to talk of the great Victory we have obtained at Sea, though we begin to abate very much of the Enemies loss; for

instead of 12 Men of War, which according to our first advice, they had burnt, funk, and stranded, we now can onely speak of 10, which we fear will at last come to none, and that it will be found, that as the Victory, fo the greatest loss is on the side of this State: but it is no wonder, if all this while we talk at random, confidering the great care that is taken to congeal all matters that are any way to our disadvantage. A certain person arrived here, informs us, that the 13 instant he was in our Fleet, then lying at Anchor in Schonevelt, the English Fleet lying within sight of them, behind the Sieenbank and Ofterbank; that our Fleet consisted of 65 Men of War; 5 or 6 of our Ships which were very much difabled, being gone into Porc to refit; that near West Caspel lay three great Vessels, having on board vast numbers of wounded men, for the carrying of which to shore, & or 10 small Vessels were to be employed; that it was the general report in the Fleet, that we have loft three Men of War besides the Deventer, and a great many Fireships: This person farther adds, That the Captain of the Ship he was on Board (being one of the first Rank) told him for truth, that he had had 90 men killed out-right, besines almost as many more wounded; That it is forbid, on very fevere penalties, That no Officer or Seaman shall write any news concerning the posture or condition of their respective ships, to their friends ashore; but as for the Enemies losses, they have leave to make them as great as they please. We have now an account of these Officers killed, Vice-admiral Schram, Rearadmiral ulugh of North-Holland, Capt. Backer, Capt. Bergen, Capt. Cuylonburg, Capt. Nassaw Capt. Port, and Capt. de Haes; we are affored that our Fleet has positive Orders not to come in, but that fill upon all occasions they retreat to the Weilings, where they may refit their Ships, and have all things necessary fent them from hence; and that for such Ships which shall be so disabled, that there is a necessiry for their coming into port, that they fend them to Uliffing and Middleburg: By fuch stratagems as these, we endeavour to keep up the hearts of the people, who, should they see the truth of things, would be as much dejected as they feem now animated with the false reports that are spread abroad. We have just now advices, that the Fleets are Engaged again, but have not any of the particulars.

Hague, June 16. Our last Letters from our Fleet was of the 13 instant, when they lay in Schonevels, repairing the damages they had sustained in the late Engagement. The French are still at Muderbergh, many tear, that Muyden will at last fall into their hands. We report here with much considence, that the Imperial Army is on their March, to give the French a diversion. We continue to talk here very extravagantly, concerns ing the last Fight. Since my last, I have got a sight of the true Letter, written by Lieutenant-Admiral de Ruyter, the day after the Fight, to the Prince of Orange, in which I find this clause in the latter end of it (which was not published with the rest)—Five Ships, which were quite disabled, I have sent to Ulishing to be restited; Three of our Menos War are missing, and I fear lost: We have lost most of our Firesbips, and a great many men. I besech your

Highness

Highness to fend the remaining Ships to us, with all the speed you can; for the Enemy, which lies not far

from us, is much str nger then we.

Flushing, June 20. Realmost give you any fauther
patticulars of the Engagement, which was the seventh instant, then that we are certain, that the Ship Devenier, having besides her own complement of men, which was 350, a great number of wounded men aboard, was caft away coming in, and all her men, except 25, was loft; another Veffel coming up with 100 wounded men, was likewill lost near Flujhing, and all that were in her her drowned; but this was not till four order wounded fren , and difabled Ships in the Fleer 3rd m kuthe people believe, they had not any, and forengourage them to come into the Service. But fix or feven days after, the Fight, the Hospitals at Middle burgh a Flushing and Terveres were browded with wounded mentalishing Ships came in hither quice disabled. In the mean time the Enemy has continued upon our Coast. The 44, instant we say our Fleet under Sailgand all that afternoon we heard violent thoottings; during which time they Engaged the Enemy, about tens Leagues off at Sea : The next day, which was yellorday, we faw our Fleer at Anchor again in Schangue t; and though they lay very near the shore, yer as get we have not had any account of the Fight; which filence very much discourages us here.

Ditte, 18. Here are come in four great Ships wholely disabled in the last Fight which it seems could not be re-fitted in Schonevals, where the rest of our Fleet .. now lies, as near the shore as possibly they can, repairing their damages: Some persons come from thence assure us, that we have sultained far greater damage in this Fight, then we did in the former, in lofs of men, that under water, in Masts and in Tackling; that they fav 30 of our Ships haled on their fides, to have their Leaks Hope; That several of them had lost their Top-Masts, and otherwise much damnified; That two of their Admirals had lost their Fore-Mass, and another Vice-Admiral his Main-Top-Mast; That Lieutenant-Admiral "rump and Captain Braket had been hotly Engaged, that the former had above 100 men killed out-right, and the other not many less: The number of wounded men is so great, that we know not where to put them, and to Holland we will not send them, because we will

not aff courage the people.

Answerp, June 16, All the Forces which our Govern our the Count de Monterey had drawn together about Dendermond, Ghent, &c. whilst the French werein our Neighbourhood, are now marched again to their feveral Quarters. The French, we hear, carry on the Siege of aestricht with much vigour, and many are of opinion that the place will not hold out fo long as some expect it will, Monsieur de Turenne according to our last advices from the Rhyn, does not as yet begin to move with the Army under his command, his intentions being as is thought to watch the motions of the Imperial Army in case they should come towards the Rhyne.

Oftent, June 18. The Dutch Fleet hies now on Schoquevelt, so near the shoar, that we can plainly see them from a fmall place called Blankenburgh, three Leagues to the Eastward of this place. Yesterday we wo law above twenty of their thips laying on their fides, stopping heir Leaks; so that without question their loss is very considerable. Zentard is as sull of wounded Sea men as it can hold: and though the Dutch do not brag of this Engagement as they did of the former, yet it is not to be do bred, but that the Victory is fill on their fide: And the reason that they do not make Bonefires, is, they tell us in Print, the great modesty of their Governours, who in the mean time permit fuch notorious falshoods to be published, and lent abroad, that / York

all sober men do blush at them: They tell us in their Gazetts, That a Messenger was come from Dunkirk to tell them, that I wenty Men of War of the French Squadron, being extremely torn and difabled, were come into Dun kirk and that from their Fleer they had advice, that four or five of the Masts of great English Ships, that were funk, were still remaining above water, and their collors to be feen by them, &c. But-certainly they will at last be ashamed of their own extravagancy, and in the interim give the world occasion, rather to pity their fond credulity, then to take any notice of their boafted advantages.

Brussels; June 17. Our Letters from Liege tell us, that the French before Muestricht have finished their Lines and that the 14 instant they intended to open their Trenches; the Salleys that have as yet been made, have done little execution, the Governour it is faid, intending to spare his men, till he have greater occasion of It is faid here, that the Governour finding in good gainest, that the French meant the Siege, nad written to the most Christian King, to acquaint him, That the place did not now belong to the States General, but to the King of Spain, for whom he held it; To which his Majelty, as we are told, made answer, That if it was to, that they should have let him know it before he was advanced to fat; and that the Governour puts out the Spanish Colours upon the Walls: But whilit our Letters from the Camp makes not any mention of this particular, we do not know what credit to give to it. From Aix la Chapelle we have advice, that the 14 instant Sir Lionel Fenkins and Sir Fojeph Williamson, His Majesty of Great Britain's Extraordinary Ambassadors for the Treaty of Peace, passed through

that place, on their way o Cologne.

Whitehall, June 10. We have advice, that two of His Majestics Frigats, the Crown and the Ningtingale, having been fent out by his Highness Prince Rupert to credie, in their return from the Coast of Zealand, met the 8, instant, to the Eastward of the Galloper, about 3 in the Morning, with Three Dutch men of War, which were to Windward of them, the biggest of 44 Guns and the other two of 30 Guns apiece: About in the Morning our Frigats Engaged them, and fought them as briskly as a Leeward-Wind would give them leave. They fought 3 hours; but the Durch finding our Ships too hot for them, and having received fome dammage, made all the Sail they could towards their own Coasts, ours chasing them seven hours: but finding they could not come up with them,

gave over the chase, and are come in.

Ditto, fune 11. This morning His Majesty and his Royal Higness, being attended by several of the chiefest of the Nobility, and other persons of quality, went hence for the Buoy in the Nore, to hasten the Fleet out again; which, confidering the great diligence that is used, is not doubted but will be very suddenly.

Advertisements.

The Right Honourable, the Lord High Chancellor of England hath given some directions for the Quarter Sessions, Pursuant to the late Act against Popish Resusants, which will be convenient for the Under-Sheriss and Clerks of the Peace of all Counties, and the Recorders and Town-Clerks of all Corporations to take notice of, and call at his Lordships house for the same.

Whereas the Right Honourable, the Lord High Treasurer of England, hath been pleased to direct the Commissioners for granting Wine-Licenses, to let Licenses for the future, at more ease and moderate Rates then formerly a I hese are therefore to give notice, That all persons destring to take Licenses for selling of Wines by Retail, at moderate to take Licenies for lelling of Wines by Ketail, at moderate Rates, may by themselves or friends, resort to the Office of the said Commissioners for granting Wine-Licenses, scituate in Dublum-yard, London, where the said Commissioners will agree with them thereupon. And for the ease of such who live in Exon, Plimouth, Bissol, or places adjacent thereto, the said Lord High Treassurer hath been pleased to direct the Commissioners to go this her, before the end of Tails news, and unto missioners to go thither, before the end of July next, and unto Yerk and parts adjacent about the middle of Angast next; which the said Commissioners will accordingly perform.