

# The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Saturday March 22. to Tuesday March 25. 1739.

Dublin, March 14.

*A Message from the Lord Lieutenant to the House of Lords.*

**I** Think it incumbent upon me to put your Lordships in Mind of the present Situation of Affairs, not doubting but that both in your publick and private Capacities you will do what in you lies to secure the Peace and Tranquility of this Kingdom.

*Die Veneris 14 Die Martii, 1739.*

Resolved by the Lords Spiritual and Temporal in Parliament assembled, *Nem. Con.* That the providing of Arms and Ammunition for the Use of the Militia, is absolutely necessary for the Security of this Kingdom.

Resolved by the Lords Spiritual and Temporal in Parliament assembled, *Nem. Con.* That the most speedy and effectual Care be taken to disarm all Papiſts.

Resolved by the Lords Spiritual and Temporal in Parliament assembled, *Nem. Con.* That these Resolutions be laid before his Grace the Lord Lieutenant, as the unanimous Opinion and Advice of the Lords, upon Consideration of the present Situation of Affairs. *En. Sterne, Cler. Parliamentor.*

To his Grace William Duke of Devonshire, Lord Lieutenant General and General Governor of Ireland.

The humble Address of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal in Parliament assembled.

*May it please your Grace.*

**W**E the Lords Spiritual and Temporal in Parliament assembled, humbly beg Leave to return your Grace our most sincere

( Price Two Pence. )

Thanks, for your Message to this House, in which you have with so much Goodness put the Lords in Mind of providing for the Safety, Peace, and Tranquility of this Kingdom.

We cannot on this Occasion, omit repeating to your Grace, the Assurances which we have constantly given, that we will at all Times, both in our publick and private Stations, heartily and zealously, with our Lives and Fortunes, defend and support the present Government, happily established in his Majesty and his Royal House, against all Enemies, secret or open, foreign or domestick.

*En. Sterne, Cler. Parliamentor.*

*The Lord Lieutenant's Answer.*

**T**HE Address of the House of Lords expresses such Zeal and Readiness to support his Majesty and his Royal House, as must give great Satisfaction to all his Majesty's good Subjects, and cannot fail to discourage the Designs of his Enemies; and the Lords may be assured, that I shall always have a very great Regard for their Opinion and Advice.

*The Lord Lieutenant's Message to the House of Commons.*

**T**HE present Situation of Affairs makes it proper for me to recommend it to you to take such Measures as you shall judge may be most effectual for the Security and Defence of this Kingdom.

*Sabbati 15 Die Martii, 1739.*

Resolved, That it is the Opinion of this Committee, that an humble Address be presented to his Grace the Lord Lieutenant, to thank his Grace for his Message to this House, and the Concern he has expressed for the Safety of this Kingdom.

Resolved,

Resolved, That it is the Opinion of this Committee, that the Providing of Twenty thousand Firelocks and Bayonets for the Militia, will greatly tend to preserve the Peace and Security of this Kingdom.

Resolved, That it is the Opinion of this Committee that an humble Address be presented to his Grace the Lord Lieutenant, that he will be pleased to provide Twenty thousand Firelocks and Bayonets for the Militia of this Kingdom, and that a Sum not exceeding 35,262 l. 10 s. may be expended for the same; which Sum, with an Interest of 4 per Cent. per Ann. from the Time of advancing the said principal Sum, shall be made good by the House out of such Aids as shall be granted to his Majesty the next Session of Parliament.

Resolved, That it is the Opinion of this Committee, that an humble Address be presented to his Grace the Lord Lieutenant, that Five thousand of the said Twenty thousand Firelocks and Bayonets may be contracted for to be made in this Kingdom.

#### *The Lord Lieutenant's Answer.*

I Thank the House of Commons for their Address, and will give Directions for providing 20000 Firelocks and Bayonets for the Militia of this Kingdom with all Expedition, and that 5000 of them be contracted for here; and the Commons may be assured, that on this and all Occasions I shall do every Thing in my Power to preserve the Peace and Tranquility of this Kingdom.

*A Full Discovery of the Medicines given by me JOANNA STEPHENS, for the Cure of the STONE and GRAVEL; and a particular Account of my Method of preparing and giving the same.*

**M**Y Medicines are a Powder, Decoction, and Pills.

The Powder consists of Egg Shells and Snails, both calcined.

The Decoction is made by boiling some Herbs (together with a Ball which consists of Soap, Swines-Cresses burnt to a Blackness, and Honey) in Water.

The Pills consist of Snails calcined, Wild Carrot-Seed, Burdock Seeds, Ashen-Keys, Hips and Hawes, all burnt to a Blackness, Soap and Honey.

#### *The Powder is thus prepared.*

Take Hens Egg Shells well drained from the Whites, dry and clean, crush them small with the Hands, and fill a Crucible of the Twelfth Size (which contains nearly three Pints) with them lightly; place it in the Fire, and cover it with a Tile; then heap Coals over it, that it may be in the Midst

of a very strong clear Fire till the Egg Shells be calcined to a greyish White, and acquire an acrid salt Taste: This will take up Eight Hours at least. After they are thus calcined, put them into a dry clean earthen Pan, which must not be above three Parts full, that there may be Room for the Swelling of the Egg Shells in Slaking. Let the Pan stand uncovered in a dry Room for two Months, and no longer. In this Time the Egg Shells will become of a milder Taste, and that Part which is sufficiently calcined, will fall into a Powder of such a Fineness, as to pass through a common Hair-Sieve; which is to be done accordingly.

In like Manner, Take Garden Snails with their Shells, cleaned from the Dirt, fill a Crucible of the same Size with them whole, cover it, and place it in a Fire, as before, till the Snails have done smoaking, which will be in about an Hour, taking Care that they do not continue in the Fire after that. They are then to be taken out of the Crucible, and immediately rubbed in a Mortar to a fine Powder, which ought to be of a very dark grey Colour.

Note, If Pit-Coal be made use of, it will be proper, in order that the Fire may the sooner burn clear on the Top, that large Cynders, and not fresh Coals, be placed upon the Tiles which cover the Crucibles.

These Powders being thus prepared, take the Egg Shell Powder of Six Crucibles, and the Snail Powder of one, mix them together, rub them in a Mortar, and pass them through a Cypress Sieve. This Mixture is immediately to be put up into Bottles, which must be close stopped and kept in a dry Place for Use. I have generally added a small Quantity of Swines-Cresses burnt to a Blackness, and rubbed fine; but this was only with a View to disguise it.

The Egg Shells may be prepared at any Time of the Year, but it is best to do them in Summer. The Snails ought only to be prepared in May, June, July, and August; and I esteem those best which are done in the first of these Months.

#### *The Decoction is thus prepared.*

Take four Ounces and a half of the best Alicant Soap, beat it in a Mortar with a large Spoonful of Swines-Cresses burnt to a Blackness, and as much Honey as will make the whole of the Consistence of Paste. Let this be formed into a Ball.

Take this Ball, and Green Chamomile or Chamomile Flowers, Sweet Fennel, Parsley, and Burdock Leaves, of each one Ounce. When there are not Greens, take the same Quantities of Roots; Cut the Herbs or Roots, slice the Ball, and boil them in two Quarts of soft Water half an Hour, then strain it off, and sweeten it with Honey.

#### *The Pills are thus prepared.*

Take equal Quantities by Measures, of Snails calcin'd as before, of Wild Carrot Seeds, Burdock Seeds, Ashen Keys, Hips and Hawes, all burnt to a Blackness, or, which is the same Thing, till they have done smoaking; mix them together, rub them in a Mortar, and pass them through a Cypress Sieve. Then take a large Spoonful of this Mixture, and four Ounces of the best Alicant Soap, and beat them in a Mortar with as much Honey as will make the whole of

of a proper Consistence for Pills. Sixty of which are to be made out of every Ounce of the Composition.

*The Method of giving these Medicines is as follows.*

When there is a Stone in the Bladder or Kidneys, the Powder is to be taken three Times a Day, *viz.* In a Morning after Breakfast, in the Afternoon about Five or Six, and at going to Bed. The Dose is a Dram *Averdupoiz*, or Fifty-six Grains, which is to be mixed in a large Tea Cup full of White-wine, Cyder, or small Punch; and half a Pint of the Decoction is to be drank, either cold or milk warm, after every Dose.

These Medicines do frequently cause much Pain at first; in which Case it is proper to give an Opiate, and repeat it as often as there is Occasion.

If the Person be coftive during the Use of them, let him take as much lenitive Elecluary, or other Laxative Medicine as may be sufficient to remove that Complaint, but not more: For it must be a principal Care at all Times to prevent a Looseness, which would carry off the Medicines; and if this does happen, it will be proper to increase the Quantity of the Powder, which is astringent, or lessen that of the Decoction, which is laxative, or take some other suitable Means by the Advice of Physicians.

During the Use of these Medicines, the Person ought to abstain from salt Meats, red Wines, and Milk, drink few Liquids, and use little Exercise, that so the Urine may be the more strongly impregnated with the Medicines, and the longer retained in the Bladder.

If the Stomach will not bear the Decoction, a sixth Part of the Ball made into Pills must be taken after every Dose of the Powder.

Where the Person is aged, of a weak Constitution, or much reduced by Loss of Appetite, or Pain, the Powder must have a greater Proportion of the calcin'd Snails than according to the foregoing Direction; and this Proportion may be increased suitably to the Nature of the Case, till there be equal Parts of the two Ingredients. The Quantity also of both Powder and Decoction may be lessened for the same Reasons. But as soon as the Person can bear it, he should take them in the above-mentioned Proportions and Quantities.

Instead of the Herbs and Roots before mentioned, I have sometimes used others, as Mallows, Marshmallows, Yarrow red and white, Dandelion, Watercresses, and Horse Radish Root, but do not know of any material Difference.

This is my Manner of giving the Powder and Decoction. As to the Pills, their chief Use is in Fits of the Gravel, attended with Pain in the Back and Vomiting, and in Suppressions of Urine from a Stoppage in the Ureters. In these Cases, the Person is to take five Pills every Hour Day and Night, when awake, till the Complaints be removed. They will also prevent the Formation of Gravel and Gravel Stones in Constitutions subject to breed them, if Ten or Fifteen be taken every Day.

J. STEPHENS.

June 16, 1739.

Whitehall, March 20th, 1739-40.

Whereas Robert Gainsford, of Culbam, in the County of Oxford, Gent. did, in the Year 1729, build and erect a Brick Kiln Houfe, and four other Houses thereto ad-

joining, for the making of Bricks, Tiles, and Lyme, and on or about the 10th Day of January 1731, between the Hours of Twelve and One at Night, one of the Houses was privately and maliciously set on Fire by some wicked Person or Persons, which entirely consumed the same. And on or about the 5th day of November then next following, between the Hours of Twelve and One at Night, two other Houses adjoining to the said Kiln were in like Manner set on Fire, which entirely consumed the same with the Utensils thereto belonging; and also a large Quantity of Fuel. And on or about the 23d Day of December then next following, between the Hours of Twelve and One at Night, one other of the said Houses was in the like Manner set on Fire, which entirely consumed the same. And on or about the 10th Day of December 1737, between the Hours of Twelve and One at Night, a considerable Quantity of Fuel for the Use of the said Kiln was in like Manner set on Fire, but Part of the same, by timely Assistance, was preserved. And on Tuesday the 4th Day of this Instant March, between the Hours of Eight and Nine at Night, the Fuel for the Use of the said Kiln, was in like Manner set on Fire, which entirely consumed the same: His Majesty, for the better Discovery of the Person or Persons concerned in so wicked Acts, is pleased to promise his most gracious Pardon to any one of them, who shall impeach or discover his Accomplice or Accomplices, so as he, she, or they, may be apprehended and convicted thereof.

HARRINGTON.

And as a further Encouragement, the Reverend Mr. Woods, Vicar of Culbam aforesaid, promises a Reward of Five Pounds, and the said Robert Gainsford the Sum of Ten Pounds, to any one of the Accomplices, or any other Person or Persons who shall make the Discovery above-mentioned, so as any one or more of the Persons concerned may be apprehended and convicted thereof.

James Travers, in Great James Street, near Bedford Row.

Navy Office, March 21, 1739.

These are to give Notice, that this Board will be ready to treat with such Persons as are desirous to sell and import the Stores under-mentioned for his Majesty's Service, between Nine and Ten of the Clock each Morning, on the Days express'd against the same, that they may attend with their Proposals at those Times, *viz.*

Wednesday March 26, 1740. For Iron.

Friday 28, Tar.

Monday 31. Hemp.

Wednesday April 2. Dantzick Plank and Prussia Deals.

Wednesday 16. Riga Mast.

Wednesday 23. Norway Goods.

General Post Office, March 14, 1739.

Whereas the Post-Boy, who was carrying the Worcester Mail from London to Southall, was set upon this Morning about Four of the Clock, between Audley-street End and Tyburn Turnpike, by Two Footpads, one of which was a lusty Man, in a white Cape Coat, who presented a Pistol to the said Boy, and demanding the Oxford Bag, led him into a Field against Audley-street End, opened the Mail, and took thereout the Worcester and Oxford Bags; the Worcester Bag containing the Ludlow, Teabury, and Bromyard Letters; the Oxford Bag containing the Burford, Whitney, and Woodstock Letters.

The Postmaster General thinks proper to advertise the Publick, that whoever shall apprehend and convict, or

cause

cause to be apprehended and convicted, both or either of the Persons who committed the said Robbery, will be intitled to a Reward of 200 l. besides the Reward given by Act of Parliament for apprehending of Highwaymen. Or if any Person, whether Accomplice in the said Robbery, or knowing thereof, shall make Discovery whereby the Persons, or either of them who committed the same, may be apprehended and brought to Justice, such Discoverer will, upon Conviction of the Party or Parties, be intitled to the same Reward, and also have his Majesty's most gracious Pardon.

By Command of the Postmaster General.

J. D. Barbutt, Secretary.

Exsex. Great Ilford, October 13, 1739.

The General Court of Sewers doth hereby give Notice, That unless all Persons in Arrear of Sewers Taxes (for their Lands in one or both the Levels of Hawering and Dagenham) do pay the same on or before the 5th Day of April next, the General Court of Sewers which will be then held here, will proceed peremptorily to sell their said Lands for Discharge thereof, unless sufficient Cause shall be then and there shewn to the contrary.

#### Advertisements.

Whereas by Order of the Right Honourable the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, the Time for Samuel Luly, late of St. Austell, in the County of Cornwall, (against whom a Commission of Bankrupt hath been awarded) to surrender himself to the Commissioners named in the said Commission, and disclose and discover his Estate and Effects to the said Commissioners, and finish his Examination, is enlarged for the Space of 42 Days, to be computed from the 11th Day of March Instant: Notice is hereby given, that the Commissioners will meet at the House of Hugh Hewet, Innkeeper, in the Town of St. Austell, in the County of Cornwall, on Tuesday the 22d Day of April next, at Ten in the Forenoon, being the last of the said 42 Days, for the Purposes aforesaid, unless the said Bankrupt shall in the mean Time give Notice to the said Commissioners and Assignees, that he desires a Meeting sooner, in order to his surrendering and discovering and disclosing his Effects.

To be sold, pursuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, before Samuel Burroughs, Esq; one of the Masters of the said Court, at his Chambers in Chancery-Lane, to the best Purchaser or Purchasers, Certain Long Annuities, and three and an Half per Cent Annuities; as also Sixty Shares in the Company for Smelting down Lead with Pitt Coal and Sea Coal. Particulars may be had at the said Master's Chambers.

To be peremptorily sold, pursuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, before Edmund Sawyer, Esq; one of the Masters of the said Court, at his Chambers in Lincoln's Inn, on Monday the 12th Day of May next, between the Hours of Eleven and One of the Clock of the same Day, A Freehold Estate of about the yearly Value of 100 l. situate in the Parish of Paulton, in the County of Somerset; containing a Messuage and convenient Outhouses, and about 100 Acres of Arable, Meadow, and Pasture Land, subject to an Estate for Life of a Woman upwards of 90 Years of Age in a Moiety thereof, and to no other Incumbrance whatsoever. Particulars whereof may be had at the said Master's said Chambers.

The Assignees of the Estate and Effects of Samuel Wilton, late of Tower-street, London, Grocer, a Bankrupt, desire the Creditors, who have proved their Debts under the said Commission, to meet them on Thursday next, at Five o'Clock in the Afternoon, at Million Bank Coffee-house in Naggs-Head Court, Grace-church-street, to consider of and consent to the said Assignees submitting any Difference or Disputes to Arbitration; and on other special Affairs.

THE Commissioners named in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against Elias Arnaud, of Gosport, in the County of Southampton, Distiller, having assigned all the said Bankrupt's Estate and Effects to Jeremiah Immyns, of Aldersgate-street, London, Malt Distiller; All Persons indebted to the Estate of the said Elias Arnaud, or who have any Effects belonging to him, in their Hands, are forthwith to pay and deliver the same to the said Mr. Immyns, or they will be sued.

Whereas a Commission of Bankrupt is awarded and issued forth against Abraham Taylor, of Debtford, in the County of Kent, Dealer in Books, and he being declared a Bankrupt, is hereby required to surrender himself to the Commissioners in the said Commission named, or the major Part of them, on the 28th of March Instant, and on the 5th of April next, and on the 6th of May following, at Three in the Afternoon on each of the said Days, at Guildhall, London, and make a full Discovery and Disclosure of his Estate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the Second Sitting to chuse Assignees, and at the last Sitting the said Bankrupt is required to finish his Examination, and the Creditors are to assent to or dissent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Persons indebted to the said Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the same but to whom the Commissioners shall appoint, but give Notice to Mr. John Scott, Attorney at Law, in Devonshire street, near Bishopsgate, London.

Whereas a Commission of Bankrupt is awarded and issued forth against Wingfield Leete, Citizen and Merchant of London, and he being declared a Bankrupt, is hereby required to surrender himself to the Commissioners in the said Commission named, or the major Part of them, on the 28th of March Instant, and on the 5th of April next, and on the 6th of May following, at Three of the Clock in the Afternoon on each of the said Days, at Guildhall, London, and make a full Discovery and Disclosure of his Estate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the 2d Sitting to chuse Assignees, and at the last Sitting the said Bankrupt is required to finish his Examination; and the Creditors are to assent to or dissent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Persons indebted to the said Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the same but to whom the Commissioners shall appoint, but give Notice to Mr. Pacey, in Cecil-street in the Strand.

Whereas a Commission of Bankrupt is awarded and issued forth against John Tolcher, of Totnes, in the County of Devon, Mercer and Shopkeeper, and he being declared a Bankrupt, is hereby required to surrender himself to the Commissioners in the said Commission named, or the major Part of them, on the 8th and 10th April next, and on the 6th of May following, at Three in the Afternoon on each of the said Days, at the House of Thomas Atkey, called Atkey's Coffee-house in the Serge Market in the City of Exon, and make a full Discovery and Disclosure of his Estate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the second Sitting to chuse Assignees, and at the last Sitting the said Bankrupt is required to finish his Examination, and the Creditors are to assent to or dissent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Persons indebted to the said Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the same but to whom the Commissioners shall appoint, but give Notice to Mr. William Williams, in Exon aforesaid.

THE Commissioners in a renewed Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against William Gwinnett, late of the City of Bristol, Grocer, intend to meet on the 1st of May next, at Four in the Afternoon, at Foster's Coffee-house in Corn-street, Bristol, in order to make a final Dividend of the said Bankrupt's Estate; when and where the Creditors who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to do the same, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Dividend.