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From Munday June 23. to Churlday June 26. 1673.

Harwich, June 23.

His day about noon arrived here the Packet-Boat from Holland; they met not with any Dutch Men of War at Sea, and the onely news which the Passengers tell us, is, That the is Fleet lies still at Schonevelt, the ill weather having, as the Dutch say, hindred them, in taking in their Provisions and other necessaries; In Holland they have made Printed Cuts of their great Victories, in which is to be sien, great part of the English Fleet sinking, burning &c. This moraing here happened a very great itorm of Wind, Rain, Hail, and Thunder, after which was over, there was seen a Warner-spout of an extraordinary bigness, which all the Seamen here said, was bigger then ever they had seen any towards the Scuth it was in the Figure of a Pyramide, and of very great height, when it was full it brake, and fell into the Sea, beyond Lanaguard Fort.

Genoua, June 14. The eleventh instant, Monsieur Gaumont, the French I nvoye went bence for Turin; the next morning ten French Gallies appeared before this Port from the Westward, and at the same time several Barks were coming in here with Corn from Barbary; which the French Gallies notwithstanding some Guns were fired from the Shore (for they were within reach of their Guns) seifed and carried away with them. In the mean time icis sand the Senate are about thing some retolution for the reconciling this misunderstanding with the Ctown of France. The Spaniards are sending Soldiers daily from Milan to Final.

Hamburg, June 23. The Dutch here tell us, That by vertue of a late Treaty concluded between the King of Denmark, and the States-General, the former is to affilt them at Sea with Ten Men of War, though at the fame time we cannot hear, that that Crown has at prefent any Men of War at Sea, or that they are fitting out any. It was reported that the Bishop of Munster had belieged Cov orden; but of late we have not heard any farther of it. The Dutch here are very confident that Macstricht will not be taken, and look upon those as very ignorant People, who say, it will not hold out many weeks longer.

Tologne, June 27. We daily expect the arrival here of the Emperors Ambassadors, the Count Connigseck from Vienna, and the Baron d'Issola from Holland. The Spanish Ambassadors are already arrived, and vesterday Don Eminuel de Lyra gave the first visit to the Dutch Ambassadors. In the mean time it is agreed, that the Conference shall be held at the Convent of the Carmetites here in Town, which is just opposite to the Swedish Ambassadors House. From Lipstadt we have That Monsieur de Turenne has his Quarters at present in the County of Waldeck, and it is thought he will continue there, especially if it be true, that the Imperial Army is on its march towards these parts.

Answerp, June 30. We have here an account of the good fuccess of the French in an attack they made the 24 and 25 instant upon Macstrieht, which the Dutch endeavor to lessen, by saying, the French have lost several thousand Men; In the mean time this Government seems very much concerned, and would, it is thought, be touched at the quick, should the place the lost, which if we could believe our Letters from Hal-

land, we have no need to fear, or at least to believe, that it will prove a fecond Candia. Our Governor, it is faid, is strawing out some Regiments to be joyned with the Dutch Atmy, intended to relieve this place. Our last Letters from Lipit dt told its, That the 18 instant Monsieur de l urenne was at Corback, the Capital City of the County of Waldeck, and that it was said there, he had received Orders to pass with his Army down the Rhyne, to affist at the Siege of Maesirichs: the French Troops are now drawn out of the Territories of the Elector of Brandenburgh, except Wesel and Rees, which we are told, are by vertue of the late Treaty, to remain in the hands of the most Christian King, in the same manner they did before the War, in the States General.

Antwerp, July 1. Since the Attacks which the French made the Twenty fourth instant upon Maefiricht, they have made others with good success, and are become Masters of several of the Outworks; so that it is thought the place will not be able to hold out above eight or ten days, unless relieved, which seems yet more impossibles At Oftend are arrived 1000 Italians to recruir the Regiments which are in forvice here of that Nation. In the present Conjuncture, our great hopes are, That the Imperial Troops will fuddainly march; and indeed our Letters from Vi nni fay, That the Army would Rendezvous at F gra, about the twenty nintfrof this month in order to the beginning their march. It was once reported, that General Montecuculi should have Commanded them; but it is now faid, that the Emperor has occasion for his service nearer him, and that the Duke de Bournonville shall continue in his Command. Monsieur Turennes Troops lye at present in the County of Waldeck.

Middleburgh, June 28. The Reer Admiral de Haen who was the 18 inftant fent out with a Squadron of 12 Men of War besides Tenders and Fireships, is come again into the Fleet at Schonevelt, and as is Printed here, reports, That he had been 6 Leagues up the River of Thames, and had not seen one English man of War, but that he heard, that the English and French Fleet lay between Quinborough and Gravesend, in much disorder; It is said here, that our Fleet will be now ready very quickly to sail, and that they will be in all 80 Men of War; The States Deputies for Maritime affairs are gone for Hilfing, to Musser a Man of War, which lies there ready to go out again.

War, which lies there ready to go out again.

Hague, June 29. The last Letters the Prince of Orange received from the Governor of Marshacht gave an account of the good condition of things there, and that he, the Governor, does not doubt but he should be able to defend the place, having 8000 Men in Garrison, besides the Citizens, who do very good service; That he had sent a Trumpeter to the most Christian King, with this Complement, That if his Majesty would please to let him know where his Quarter was, he would save that respect for his Person, as to take cate, that not a Gun should be fired at it shom the place, to which his Majesty had returned for answer, that his quarter was every where, as indeed it is, he personning Limself all the parts of a General. Since, our Letters from Liege tell u, That the 24 instant at night, several Attacks were made together upon the

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