The Oxford Gazette.

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From Thursday December 7. 10 Monday December 11. 1665.

Yarmouth, Decemb. 4. Aft Friday came a Sloop to this Town from Oftend, who reports, That on Saturday sevennight when the Storm began, two ships that lost their company put off to Sea, having first delivered a great quantity of Plate to a Billander, who landed it safety. He reports an Hoy to be cast upon the land, half a mile from the ordinary High water marks, and that the Magistrates of the Town had given order the should remain invice in the same place where the was left afhore. Our Bill in the whole amounts now but to 13, of which, a stranger driven up at the Sea side, was one; and onely two of the Plague.

Isle of Wight, Novemb. 3. A Merchant of this Island newly arrived from St Malo's, has left his thip among others under an Embargo. He reports their discourse high, and that they are now drawing several Troops to the water-fide in Normandy.

Southwould, Dec. 1. Monday last warrant in Normanay.

Prize, the Rumsey Bark, delivered for His Majessies Service. On Wednelday went out the Golden Lamb, taken by the Mermaid, who proved to be a Danish Vessel, was delivered, and all the Goods without the least imbezlement to the Mafter.

Sherborn in the County of Dorfet, Dec. 5. 'I's now five Weeks when the Sickness first brake forth in four houses of this Town, and fince that time not any other house infected. Only one person died of the Plague these twenty dayes, so that laft Saturday we had a plentifull Marker of Corn and other Provisions; and several that left the Town are now come

Provincin, and reverse that left the town are now come home, and others preparing for their return.

Portfinish, Dec. 5. Yesterday came hither 150 Souldiers, flout Men, taken one of His Majesties Guards, who at their going abroad, expressed great alacting and cheerfulness for the Service they go upon.

Wilmar, Novemb. 20. Two days fince arrived eight Companies of old German Souldiers, confifting of about fixteen hundred Men, belonging to Col. Delmick, who, with those which came before, are to be quartered in the adjacent Villages. Their march is deferred till the arrival of the Field-Heer, and then a General Muster will be made. Two ships are expected from Finland, with Souldiers, to keep this Garrifon, whilft the old Souldiers are drawn out. Sixteen Lafts of Gun powder, and four thousand Muskets are brought in hither, their defign is not yet known, but their march is faid to be to the Elbe, the Artillery being already upon the way toward Stoad.

Hambiagh, Nev. 25. The Ambassador from Denmark, Ha. aibal Schessed, past this Town on Tucsday, last for Holland; whence, after a small stay, he is designed for England. The River of Elbe, by the late great Snows and Frost, is made scarce navigable.

Vienna, Nov. 18. On Monday last his Imperial Majesty gave Audience to the Polish Ambassador, in which after the Condo. lence of the late King of Spain's death, he acquainted his Majesty that he had orders to make an end of the difference concerning the Principallities of Ratibor and Oppelen, and the pre-tention of the Jesuites of One Million and fifty thousand Florins affigned thereupon; and that he would accept of the payment of One Million and ten thousand Florins (for which fum the faid Principallities stand ingaged to the Queen of Poland) to be made to the Duke of Anguien's Agent, the Queen having granted the faid fum to his Master. The Count of Sinfendorff Great Chancellor of the Court being dead, Dr Hecker the Vice Chancellor is to succeed him. The Turk sh Chiaux is dispatcht with presents and assurance that those shall be se-verely punished that have endamaged the Turks by their late Incursions, and that care shall be taken hereaster for preferving better order amongst them.

Venice, Nov. 20. Two Vessels are arrived in this Ports with the Christian Slaves sent from the Armada by the Cap tain General, who after flaying there Quarantane, are to have Palports to their leveral Countries. The Letters from Zant of the first instant, fay, that there are above fixty Sayl in Harbor, and above five thousand Soldiers in the Town ready to be embarqued. A Smyrna Vessel brings letters from Constant preparations for Sea against this Republick, and that the English Ambassador had freed four English ships who were stay at Smyrna to transport the Militia for Canea, The Vessels appointed to carry Succours for the Army are in readiness. and the Provisions and So'diery embarqued to set sayl with the first wind.

Hague, Dec. 7. Baron Langerac's Trumpeter who kill'd the young Rhinegrave is executed, his Hand and Head cut off the young Annegrave is executed, his traine and frequent one the Hand and Piffol nailed to the Gallowes, and the Head fer-upon a Pole; a punifiment allotted as well for the juffificati-on of the Baron's Henor, as in example to such Offenders. The letters of the first from Zuppen, advice us of the great

delays of the French Succors to march, one while pretending one thing, another while another, upon which order is fent to Prince Maurice to quicken Monsieur de Fradel, and in all cases to march himself with those of our own Forces under him. Withall the States have proft the Sieur de Eftigdes to fecond them with a letter to the faid Monficur Pradell, and to require him to omit fuch tergvierfations for the future, and to keep a more regular discipline.

There is yet no farther account of the Revocation of Val Gogh from England, notwirhstanding the Instances made by the French Ambaffador, who is faid rotake it ill, he hears no answer to his last Memorial upon that and some other matters of like nature, and to bring us on, and raife our Jealousie in the coldness we begin to have for this new. Allyance with his Mafter, gives out, That the Bishop of Munfter hath sube mitted all his Concern in this War against the States to his Mafter; but we cannot believe there is any thing of it, or if it be, that it is more then a Complement,

The Sieur Friquet on the other fide gives out, his Maffer and the Empire grows jealous of the French Councels in their Succors, believing their aim is to gather an Army in West. phalia, with which, to break in upon the Empire, fo that they must not think it strange if the Emperor provide upon the Defensive.

The difference in dispute between its and the King of France, about the disposing of vacant Commands in his Succors, raiseth greater Jealousses in us, it being on his part a plain contravention of the Treaty in that point, and makes us apprehend he means to keep his Forces as a Body apart for fome farther defign.

The Brandenburgh Ministers are faid to have delivered in a Project of an Alliance with the Stares, but of such a nature that the States can in no way agree too; however, we shall so far consider our own Interest (be it only to gain time).

to appoint Commissioners to treat with them.

As to our Affairs with Denmark, 'tis not yet known what we shall make of it; and some wife Men make shrewd gluesses. all is not as it should be, because Hanibal Sehestedt is to go from hence to England.

Complaint hath been made to the Danish Resident here. that his Mafter has permitted the English Squadron which were about those Coasts to take several of their Ships, particularly one from under the protection of Gronenburg Castle. To which we have yet received no answer.

Brussels, Dec. 4. The Marquis Castle de Rodrige, cut Go-

vernor, is fending the Marquis de Baden to Gleve to comple-

his Overture of onorable occa-War with the ofe the oppornar was ar first That we are dear; and that rown power r Neighbours, e the Interest is they begin ur d' Estrades or be recalled all enclined, feveral Pro-Return. oule of Comhe Engrossed, ard read the he Knight of as relating to ir Councels. parts of the s, who have corresponw that cour e ut to be freed

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thus.

Datis, and at the same time to pay him in an half year of the lam annually paid him by the House of Asstria. The Count Roningsmark is pass by here incognize from Sweden to France. Our last Letters from Spain tell us, that the Dutch Men of War at the Streights Mouth, are driven to great necessities; and that it Cadix they have been forced to sell their Cannon to buy Propions, and the small number of men they at first had, so reasted or sarved out of the service, that they have been obliged to man one half of their number out of the other, which are passed up into the Streights to convoy some Corn ships trading from Sicily to Spain, and the rest are left useless at Cadix. At the same time it is advised from good lands at Amsterdam, that necessities of all kindes sall so thick upon them, that the whole Bank of Amsterdam, within these few days, could not furnish Crose-Dollars to the value of Forty or fifty thousand

Hague, Decemb. 11. The Bishop of Munsters affairs are much in the same condition as my former mentioned, heremaining fill mafter of the For near Winfchoten and the Gro's of his Army at Wedde and Appel, two confiderable Posts, from whence he hath a free passage into the Provinces of Overyssel and Zutphen, ours having not yet been able to regain any one Post from them. We keep our selves however in heart, with grear expectations from our forces, part of the French Troops having marched through Zutphen, on the eight instant, and the rest through Doesburgh, quartering in the neighboring places, whilit Prince Maurice is at the house of Velde, and the Rhinegrave at Varden: Nay some fresh Letters from Zurphen, dated the eighth, say the Leaguer is before Lochem, and all Morear pieces and other necessaries ready for an attack; and those from Arnheim, Decemb. 9. that such great shooting was heard at Doesburgh, that they judged as well Berclo as Lochem, was affaulted ar the same time. But this is but conjecture and needs further confirmation. It was high time indeed to press the French upon action, for though upon the fourth instant, at a muster of the Regiments about the Velde, two were shor to death, and two others ordered to be hanged for robbery, they Continued their rapine, the the Sutlers are afraid to frequent

ie Camp any more. And already two hundred of their Cares id lefe it, with refolution not to deal further. With them. Colonel Askin could give bur a flender account of his delign, who being commanded with one thouland five hundred men to attack Wedde, was by the unicasonable weather forced to return re infella, when he was half way on his march: The success of our forces is much seared, the Enemies Garrifons being well provided, and the men obstinate in maintaining them. And most certain it is, that should our forces suffer any confiderable lofs, we should not be able to recruit them, several of our Garrisons being already drained beyond the prudence of War: And for our new Levies, it is searcely imaginable how they can be made up in most of the Divisions, especially in Overyssel and Geldre, where they will be very miscrable, that County not being in a condition to pay them; insomuch, that the Council of War have it und r confideration, what remedy to apply to it. The taking of Colonel Gorgas proves a meer Fob. There is small appearance of marching into the B shops Territories this Winter, the onely aim is to diffedge him of those places he hath already gained, which as yet appears to be a business thrust upon us by the French disorders, without any farther probability of fuccess, then an handsome way of ridding our selves of such a people, as by their infolent debauchtry have rendred the contrivers of it odious to all those this are acquainted with their deportment.

Amsterdam, Decemb 11. The Deputies of the several Admiralies are met at the Hague, with Lieutenant Admiral de Ruyter, to consult about the Affairs of the Navy, and severage at Electivish the first convenient season. The late great storms have caused so general an Inundation, that it will be some time before we can receive the particular account of the mischiess it hath done. The Dyke was broke down at Durgendam about twenty foot broad, and forty foot deep, and much Sattle lost. In the Helder many honses, with the new Sconce, washed away. Shevelingen was all Water, Trees tore up by the Roots, and several houses thrown down, and the

Clurch, with the rest, every minute expected to be levelled by the Water. In the Texes and the Uly, some ships were utterly lest with all their men; among which, two bound for Bremen, a small Caper with all her men, and those that scaped best, were most miserably torn in their Mass and Rigging. About Groningen their Datas were over-slown in several places, both Men and Beasts swept away by the violence of the sloods.

In the other part of Holland, the ravage by this florm hath not been lefs, a great Tract of it being ever-flowed as high as Puremerend, the Moerdyke, the Kieldyke, and the Glunder. dyke near Wilielmefiadt being broken, whereby not lefs then One hundred Villages are defiroyed, a lofs not to be repaired

with many Millions.

Paris, Decemb. 12. The great storms have done much harm in all parts of this Kingdom. At the Mouth of the Charente a very good snip of this Kings, of sifty four Guns, was lost, called the Breze; and pieces of ships and goods every where sound upon that Coast. They keep a great stir at St. Maloes, in preparing for an expedition for Madagascar, which design hath yet had but an ill beginning: A ship of sour hundred Tun intended thither, and newly lanched, being by some cassialty burne down to the Water in the Haven there; and another of their ships stranded on the Western Coast near Brouage. And this hath been observed to have a strange kinde of influence in all those that have adventured on that design.

Amwerp, Decemb. 5. The Spaniards begin to make their preparations against the designs of the French Troops, having at Mechelen cast molds for minety peece of Ordnance, and demolished all the Out-houses in the Suburbs of Namur, and curdown the Trees to render the place the more ren-

able.

Harlem, Decemb. 17. It is now about three moneths since the Jews gave out that near 600000 men were arrived at Metha, professing themselves to be of the lost Tribes. Since which it is assistened, that a new Prophet is arisen in Jerusalem, who sinding no credit there went to Gaza: where working several miracles, he obliged the Rabbi's of Jerusalem to repair thirher, who upon a conference accepted him as a great Prophet, and that the Bassa's of Jerusalem and Gaza were inclined to go and kiss his hands. This Prophet (ay they) foretells the Restauration of the House of Israel, and to that purpose hath invited a young man of the Tribe of David, called Sabbati Levis, for their King; who was followed by thousands of people, and that he intended for Constantinople to demand the Empire.

It is strange, that not onely the Jews here, but some hundreds that own the name of Christians among us, think themselves concerned in it, though the wifer fort of people suffi-

ciently understand the cheat.

Bristol, Decemb. 6. On the third instant here arrived the Nevis Merchant, One hundred and twenty Tun burthen, from Nevis, laden with Sugar and other Commodities of that Island, who found the Coast clear of any Enemy, and affirms that the Inhabitants of that Island have made it so strong, that they do not fear the surprize of an enemy. About twenty Outch prisoners not long since made their escape out of Bridewel, but are since retaken, and a stricter guard put upon them.

Oxon, Dec. 9. Letters from Copenhagen, dated Dec. 2. give us advise, That three Holland Fregats came lately into Christiana to setch home the East India Ships, which have lain there ever since the great Storm scattered their Fleet, and that the Vice-Roy resused to let them depart, till he received Orders from the Court; the issue of which, the Dutch scaring, threatned to go away without leave, till the Vice-Roy planted sixty Piece of Cannon all along the Port where they are to pass, and a Guard of Musqueteers to play upon them, of they should offer to loose their Sails. That King is sending Major General Rein, his chief Engineer, to view and restifie the Fortification of Odenburg. Field-Marshal Wests hath taken leave of the Court, and it going to Hamburg in some discontent. Prince Christian is Contrasted to a Daughter of Hess, and the Prince of Saze is returning home.