

The London Gazette.

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From Tuesday April 28. to Saturday May, 2. 1741.

Vienna, April 26, N. S.

ON the 23^d the Queen went abroad for the first Time since her Lying-in. Publick Rejoycings and Illuminations were continued that Day and the next. There was no Proof of Duty and Affection for her Majesty omitted by the People. Some of the principal Nobility were at a very great Expence in Illuminations. What was the most remarkable, was that in such crowded Streets, where Numbers of Turks and Prussian Deserters were straggling and gazing with the common People, the Queen, accompanied with the two Arch-dutcheßes, went in an open Landau with two Horses, and only two common Servants, through the whole Town at Night; the Great Duke was on Horseback with a Party of Courtiers, and Prince Charles on Foot. On the 20th Instant M. de Mau-pertuis, the famous French Mathematician, arrived here, after having fallen into the Hands of the Hussars in Silesia on the 10th, and been carried Prisoner by them to Troppau; from whence he made himself known by Letter to the Field-Marshal Count Neipperg, who sent him a Passport and 200 Florins to enable him to reach Vienna. He alighted at Count Harrach's, the President at War, where he learned that Prince Leichtenstein was here, and immediately repaired to the House of the latter, who, from an old Acquaintance with him in France, received him in the kindest Manner. The Account he gives of his being made a Prisoner, is, that having seen at a little Distance from a neighbouring Height one of the Wings of the Prussian Army broke on the first Attack, he gave all for lost, and therefore tried to make the best of his Way back to Breslau, upon a Peasant's Horse without Stirrups; and in that Equipage he had been picked up by the Austrian Hussars. We have an Account, that the Prussians have made an Attempt to surprize Brieg, as they did Glogow, but M. de Picolomeni having

had previous Advice, repulsed the 2000 Men who were sent for that Purpose, and who since retired to the main Army at and behind Olaw; where it is said a great Number of Fascines and other Preparations are making for a Siege in Form.

Berlin, April 29, N. S. There is no News from Silesia, both Armies being very quiet; 'tis advis'd only, that since the Action at Molwitz, the Austrian Hussars are much more troublesome than before, and make Excursions as far as Breslau and a great way on this Side, which makes the Roads very insecure for Travellers.

Hamburg, May 2, N. S. The Danish Troops begin to move out of their Quarters, and Count Isenburg's Regiment of Horse is actually marching towards Rendsburg, where it will be join'd by other Regiments that are coming from Denmark, in order to form a Body of 6000 Men, appointed to be in Readiness to march to the Assistance of her Hungarian Majesty.

Whitehall, May 2.

The King has been pleas'd to appoint the Right Honourable Sir Robert Walpole, Knight of the most noble Order of the Garter, William Lord Sundon, Giles Earle, and George Treby, Esqrs. together with Thomas Clutterbuck, Esq; to be His Majesty's Commissioners for executing the Office of Treasurer of his Majesty's Exchequer.

The King has been pleas'd to constitute and appoint the Right Honourable Sir Charles Wager, Knt. Sir Thomas Frankland, Bart. Harry Powlett, Esq; commonly call'd Lord Harry Powlett, John Campbell, Esq; Vere Beauclerk, Esq; commonly call'd Lord Vere Beauclerk, together with Sir John Campbell, Knight of the Bath, commonly call'd Lord Glenorchy, and Edmund Thompson, Esq; to be Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral of the Kingdoms of Great Britain and Ireland, and all the Dominions, Islands and Territories thereunto respectively belonging.

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