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From the King of Sardinia's Camp at Calgaro, June 22, N. S.

UPON Advice that the Spaniards decamped in the Night of the 17th, and marched towards Cento, the King ordered a Detachment, composed of all the Picket Guards, a large Body of Horse, and 50 Hussars, to follow and attack their Rear Guard, who killed 50 Men, made 68 Prisoners, and took 70 Horses, which have been brought hither, with nine Dragoons deserted from the Enemy's Army, who have informed us, that the Duke de Montemar was marched towards Mirandola, in the Perswasion that the Gates of the Town would be opened to him upon his Appearance. The Prisoners have likewise asserted that this was the Design of their General, upon which we decamped suddenly on the 18th at Night, and marched with Diligence towards Mirandola, where we expect to arrive before the Enemy, not only because we are nearer to that Place, but also that our Hussars have surprized and carried off 24000 Portions of Bread from them, which cannot fail to retard their March.

Vienna, July 4. The 29th past 900 French Prisoners arrived here from Bohemia, and were sent on immediately to the Prisons appointed for them in the Kingdom of Hungary. Yesterday a great Train of heavy Artillery, consisting of 15 battering Cannons, six Mortars, and a prodigious Quantity of Powder, Bombs, Balls, and other military Implements, set out from the Royal Arsenal here for the Queen's Army in Bohemia, escorted by a Detachment from the Regiments of Palsy, Bayreuth, and Synnay. Three thousand Hessians have joined Marshal Torring, and the Duke d'Harcourt has been reinforced with five Squadrons and three Battalions. Count Khevenhuller has made a Motion with all his Foot and Horse Grenadiers, joined to all the irregular Infantry of his Army, to try the Countenance of the Enemy, and to force them if possible to some Motion likewise.

Konigsbal, July 6, N. S. The Marshal Duke de Bellille having sent a Trumpet to our Camp to demand a Conference with Count Konigsseg, he was conducted to it, under an Escort of the Queen's Troops, within a Gun Shot of the Head Quarters, and having acquainted the Felt-Marshal that he had Orders from his Court to treat of a general Peace, he

was answered, that her Majesty the Queen of Hungary and Bohemia could hearken to no Proposals without first acquainting her Allies with the same, and the Maritime Powers in particular. The first Convoy of Artillery from Vienna comes hither To-morrow, but it will not be all here before the 15th; as soon as it is arrived it is proposed to attack the Town, but till then it is judged needless to fatigue the Troops, who are daily augmenting by the Sick that recover, and fresh Recruits. Four Battalions of German Infantry, and 12000 Hussars and Hungarian Infantry, from Moravia and the Frontiers of Silesia are expected here in the mean while. They give out at Prague, that a Peace will soon be concluded, in order to prevent their Soldiers from deserting. We are daily crowded with Deserters, and Men and Horses that the Hussars take, and this Day Seven-night 52 of their Officers tried, as they have done twice since, to get into Saxony, in order to return to France, but were prevented by our Hussars; since Yesterday all the Baggage that was in the little Isle before the Town has disappeared, with the Pontoons. We apprehend that the Waggons are sent to bring the Magazines they had at Leuthmeritz since the Saxons have retired, and therefore the Prince has sent a Detachment thither to prevent them.

Breslau, July 9, N. S. The King of Prussia left Glatz the 29th past, arrived here the 5th Instant, and is set out upon his Return to Berlin. M. Kanengieser, Referendary of Bohemia, is arrived here from Vienna with Instructions from the Queen of Hungary for settling the Limits of Silesia between the two Crowns.

Osnabrug, July 12, N. S. On the 9th Instant, at Five in the Afternoon, a Courier arrived here with Orders for all the French Troops to be in a Readiness to march the 13th, which occasioned great Agitation as well among the Officers as the Soldiers, who imagined they were to make a longer Stay. Yesterday and To-day Accounts were settled with the Magistrates about the Forage that has been delivered; and the Burghers having specified what was due to them, the Soldiers were obliged to pay their Debts. A Certificate was required of the Magistrates that those Troops had kept a good Order and Discipline during their Stay in this Town. They would have obliged the Bakers to buy their Corn and Meal, whereof they had laid up a very great Store,

(Price Two-Pence.)

