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From Munday September 22. to Chirsday September 25. 1673.

Tangier, Aug. 7.

Ince my last of July 12, Gayland hath engaged in a Battel against Alcaide Ben Aras, Muly Ifmart's chief General, who was flain in the action, his whole Army discomfitted, 600 killed, and most of the rest taken prisoners, with all the Arms and Baggage, the prisoners being most of them released, upon which Gayland matche i to Mechanoffe, where the City delivered it self up to him immediately, but we do not hear that the Cattle is furrendred : fince this his former Secretary ibdelab, the Spanish Renegade, is come to him from Old Feq, with intelligence; whereupon (notwichstanding all the former resolutions against Monarchical Government) he hath caused Muly Hamet to be three times proclaimed king in his Army; Articles being agreed on betwixt them that the feveral petty Governments shall remain in the Families in which they now are, and that Gayland thall Command all from Sally, Argilla, Tetuan Ge. unto Fez. whither he is now marching, having lately fummoned all the Men of Arms to rendezvous at Alcafar, for that purpose. Our treshest advice from Sally tells us that those Governors hold our resolutely for the King Muly Ifmael, but that Gayland hath a great party among the Commons; the Tygre hath been cruifing off that coalt, and Captain Harmin some days fince advited his Excellency, that he had forced athoar and destroyed a Sally Man of War of 14 Guns, and was then in quest of others; he is expected here once in 15 days, and we hope something more will be sone, because the Fregat is in excellent good condition. From Algier they write, that Antonio the Genocse, who was their chief Engineer at the Mole, being abroad one night in the Pantone with 16 other Slaves, furprized and killed all the Guard, and then made their escape in a little

Nurembergh, Sept. 3. The 31 past the Imperial 'Army under the Command of Count Montecuenti Generalissimo arrived in this Neighborhood, the first instant they had their principal Quarter at Lauff, two Leagues from hence, from whence they are since broken up, and take their march in three several Bodies towards Rotenbourg on the Tauber.

Narcy, Sept. 20. The 14 instant the King caused a Review to be made of all the Troops that are here, with which he was very much pleased, finding them in a condition to march with the first Orders; The 16 his Majesty gave Audience to the Marquis de St. Maurics, Ambassador from the Duke of Sacoy; and the 18 the Duke of Orleans arrived here from Park.

Francfort, Sept. 11. The fourth instant Monsieur de Turenn's Army Decamped, and took their march towards Franconiz, having shut up all the passages on the Main, and lest 100 Dragoons to Guard the Bridge at Aschaffentourg; It is said that he hath Commanded out 9000 Men, as well Horse as Foot, towards Wertheim, to pass from thence to Taubergrant, to joyn with the Troops of the Elector of Bavaria.

Majence, Sept. 11. The Count de Montesuculi being come up to the Imperial Army, Encamped near

Nuremberg, Commanded two Regiments of Croates to march towards Stristourg, to juyn there with some Infantry, with design as well to repair the Wooden Bridge there, of which several Arches were somerly burnt, as to endeavor to make some attempt upon Alfatia, but understanding that the Towns with which he had intelligence, had yielded to his most Christian Majesty, and that the Marquis de Vaubrun was there with a good Body of Mens to oppose any design of the Enemy, he Commanded the said Troops back again; The two Armies are as we hear come in sight of each other, for M: nsieur de Turenne having joyned the Cavalry, which the King had sent him for his Reinstotement, Marched into Francania, with intention to give the Imperialists Battle, upon which the Country people are all sted to Wirtsburg, and other places of strength, to secure themselves.

Starsburgh, Sept. 16. The ninth instant about sour in the morning Monfieur de Turenne parted out of the neighborhood of Alchaffenbourg, and passed with the Cavalry over a Hill through a large lane, the next day they found out a more convenient way, as well for the Infantry, as for the Cannon and the Baggage, fo that the whole Army narched with great diligence, having gained the Plain, the next day being the 11, they marched in two Colums, four Leagues, and came to Rolinguen, where Monsieur de Turenne had advice, that the Imperial Army took the way of Rotembourg, which was confirmed that evening by the Dragoons, who had been fent out to discover the posture of the Enemy; They reported that they had been in fight of the Vanguard of the Imperialitis, and that they counted three Squadrons; upon which it was no longer doubted, but that they intended to come to a battel which the French impatiently withing for, the 12, bout two in the morning Monsieur de Turenne mounted on Horseback, and caufed the Cavalry to advance, who ere followed by the Infantry and the Artillery about break of day; being come within fight of the Enemy, he drew the Army up into Battaille, the Marquis de St. Abre Commanded the right Line of the Infantry, the Sieur de Foucault the right wing of the Cavalry, and the Count de Guiche the left wing; The Count de Lade Grand Master of the Artillery of France, and the Count de Pteseys were at the head of the second Line; In this Order they marched till about two in the afternoon, at which time the Imperialists were within three quarters of a mile of them; they were drawn up in Battaille from 7 till 9 in the morning, and all that while made us believe, they intended to fight; The French advancing towards them in very good order, invited them to it, but about 10 a clock, they began to retreat by the fide of the Hill; the French thought their defign in this, was only to endeavor to gain a more advantageous Post, but at last found, that it really was to decline the combit, the Post they had made choice of being covered before by feveral great Bogs, and behind by the Hill; whereupon Monsieur de Turenne feeing that notwithstanding their brags, they avoided the combat, about three in the afternoon encamped his Army above the Village called Andologen, taking his principal Quater in the Castle there; in the even? ing the French took fix Waggons belonging to the Imperialists,