Garrison of Reichendal have surrendered themfelves Prisoners of War. Upon the Surrender of Braunau 3800 Men laid down their Arms, and 26 Enfigns, at the Gate. There were 500 Austrian Deserters amongst them, who were received into their respective Regiments; several others took to the Austrian Service.

Vienna, July 17. Prince Lobkowitz was declared Yesterday Governor of Milan. From Bavaria we hear, that Straubing has not yet furrendered, but was batter'd with 42 Pieces of

Petersbourg, June 28. On Sunday last Prince Czerbatow kissed her Imperial Majesty's Hand, upon his being appointed to return to the Court of Great Britain, in Quality of Envoy Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary from this Court: He is now preparing every Thing for his Journey, and proposes to set out in ten or twelve Days, in order to attend the King of Great Britain in Germany, and afterwards to pass over into England in his Majesty's Re-

Hambourg, July 17, N.S. Major General Stahl arrived here Yesterday from Stockholm, and in the Audience, which he was immediately introduced to, of the Bishop of Lubeck, he presented to his Highness a Letter from the King of Swea, in which his Majesty informs that Prince o his Nomin tion to the eventual Succession in Sweden. The Bishop having notified his Election in Sweden, by his Grand Marshal M. Plesse, to the Burgher Master Widow, received Yesterday the congratulatory Compliments of the Town from the Syndic Lipstorff and Councillor Brocks, who were deputed to him upon the Occasion. They afterwards waited upon the Dutchess of Holstein and the Prince Augustus, to assure their Highnesses of the Part they take in this great Event; and the Joy which it causes in this Town, is conspicuous amongst all Ranks of People. The Town offer'd to fend his Highness a Guard, which the Prince waved. It is thought his Highness will wait the Arrival of a formal Deputation from Sweden here in Hambourg. Numbers of Persons who are attached to the Court of Holstein refort hither with their Compliments of Congratulation.

AT the Council Chamber Whitehall, the 21st Day of July 1743.

PRESENT,

Their Excellencies the Lords Justices in Council.

Whereas upon Information given to their Excellencies the Lords Justices in Council, that the Island of Sicily was visited with the Plague, their Excellencies, in order to prevent the Infection being brought by Ships or Vellels coming from thence, or other Places in the Mediterranean, into any of the Ports of this Kingdom, were pleased, by their Order in Council of the 7th of

with relation to the whole Transaction of Count; this Instant, to order that all Ships or Vessels Seckendorf with Count Kevenhuller. The then arrived and not unladen, and all Ships and Vessels, which should thereafter arrive in any Port of this Kingdom from the faid Island of Sicily, should make their Quarantine for Forty Days; and that all Ships and Vessels that were then arrived and not unladen, or should there-after arrive in any Port of this Kingdom from any other of the Ports in the Mediterranean, should make their Quarantine for Fourteen Days. And their Excellencies the Lords Justices judging it necessary, for the further preventing the said Infection from being brought into this Kingdom, to make several Alterations and Additions to their said Order in Council of the 7th of this Instant, do hereby order, with the Advice of his Majesty's Privy Council, That all Ships or Vessels already arrived and not yet unladen, and all Ships or Vessels which shall hereafter arrive in any Port of this Kingdom from or through the Mediterranean, (except the Island of Sicily) do make their Quarantine for Fourteen Days; and all such Ships and Vessels as are arrived and not yet unladen, or that shall hereafter arrive in any Port of this Kingdom from the faid Island of Sicily, do make their Quarantine for Forty Days; which respective Times are to be reckoned from the Day each Ship or Vessel shall come to Anchor in the Place appointed for performing such Quarantine, and not before.

> That the Places for performing Quarantine by fuch Ships and Vessels bound to the Rivers of Thames and Medway, be Standgate Creek on the South Shore of the River Medway, oppofite to the Isle of Grain; Sharpfleet Creek, and the lower End of the Hope: And by fuch Ships and Vessels coming into any other of the Ports of Great Britain, be such Places as shall be appointed by the Officers of his Majesty's Customs in such Ports, who are hereby impowered and required to appoint proper Places for the same,

> That until and during the Time for making such Quarantine, no Person coming, or Goods imported in any such Ship or Vessel, shall come on Shore, or be landed in any Place within this

Kingdom.

That no Pilots shall go on Board any Ship or Vessel obliged to perform Quarantine, in order to conduct the same into any Port or Place, but shall perform such Service in some other Boat or Vessel; which Boat or Vessel shall keep as much to the Windward of the Ship or Veffel, so to be conducted, as possible: And if any Pilot or other Person shall go on Board such Ship or Vessel, such Pilot or other Person shall perform Quarantine in like Manner as any Person coming in such Ship or Vessel shall be obliged to perform the fame.

That if, at the Expiration of the Forty Days Quarantine to be performed by any Ship or Vesfel that is or shall be liable thereto, it shall appear to the Officers of the Customs in the Place where such Ship or Vessel shall be, and the Master or other Persons taking Charge of such Ship or Vessel, together with two other Persons be-longing to the said Ship or Vessel, shall make Oath