

# The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Tuesday August 9. to Saturday August 13. 1743.

AT the Council Chamber *Whitehall*, the 11th Day of *August* 1743.

P R E S E N T,

Their Excellencies the Lords Justices in Council.

Their Excellencies the Lords Justices in Council were this Day pleased to order, that the Parliament, which stands prorogued to Thursday the Twenty-fifth of this Instant August, should be further prorogued to Thursday the Thirteenth Day of October next.

Whereas their Excellencies the Lords Justices, by their Order in Council of the 21st of last Month, did Direct and Require, that all Ships and Vessels coming into any of the Ports of this Kingdom from or through the Mediterranean, and bound to the Rivers Thames and Medway, should perform their Quarantine either in Standgate Creek, Sharpfleet Creek, or the lower End of the Hope: And whereas it hath been this Day represented to their Excellencies at this Board, that the Hope is not a proper Place for that Purpose, in regard great Numbers of Foreign Ships, Coasters, Fishing Vessels, &c. are constantly passing and repassing, insomuch that it is very difficult, or hardly possible to prevent their having Communication with the Ships and People under Quarantine there, and that Standgate Creek is the most convenient Place, as being more retired, and free from the above-mentioned Inconveniencies, as also capable to contain a greater Number of Ships than can be expected to arrive at any one Time; Their Excellencies the Lords Justices in Council are therefore hereby pleased to order, that Standgate Creek, on the South Shore of the River Medway, opposite to the Isle of Grain, be from henceforth the only Place where Ships and Vessels coming from or through the Mediterranean, bound to the Rivers Thames and Medway, are to perform their Quarantine. And the Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners of his Majesty's Treasury, and the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, are to give the necessary Directions herein, as to them may respectively appertain.

*Temple Stanyan.*

P L A C A R T.

THE States-General of the United Netherlands, to all who shall see or hear read these Presents, greeting, make known: Whereas we are informed that the contagious Distemper has appeared at Messina, and that already a great Number of People have been carried off by it; that the Contagion has also discovered itself in Calabria, and on the Coast of Barbary, and might spread itself to other Places, and that consequently it is necessary to take due Precaution, to the End the same may not be brought into these Countries:

Therefore, in order to prevent the same, we have found good to order and enjoin, as by these Presents we do order and enjoin, that provisionally for the Time of Six Months, no Ship or Ships, coming from Messina, or any other

Ports and Places on the Island of Sicily, or from any Places situate in Calabria, whether they have taken in their Lading there either entire or in Part, or only touched there, be allowed to come any where into these Countries, on Penalty of such Ships and their Ladings being burnt, or otherwise destroyed, and of the Crew being punished with Death, as likewise of the Owners or Freighters being punished with Death, and also of all those, who after the Publication of these Presents, shall be found to have given any Directions or Orders for letting such Ships come in, or to have had Knowledge of it, directly or indirectly, if they can be seized in these Countries.

Forbidding and prohibiting also most strictly, all Pilots to conduct into the Ports of this Country, Ships coming from Messina, or any other Places on the Island of Sicily, or any Places of Calabria, or to sail out to meet them in order to conduct them in, on Pain of Death; the said Pilots being herewith charged and ordered to warn such Ships that they may not come into these Countries, keeping themselves as much as possible to the Windward.

Farther, that no Ships, coming from the Kingdom of Naples, Apulia, and other Countries and States, Calabria excepted, belonging to the said Kingdom, or from Venice, Zante, Cephalonia, St. Maure, Corfu, Malta, or any other Islands in the Mediterranean, from the Streights of Gibraltar to the Height of the Morea, and the Western Point of the Island of Candia, as also from the Coasts of Barbary, shall enter into any Ports of these Countries, or be there admitted, unless it shall clearly appear from their Documents, that they really took in their Lading in those Places, in order to vend it in these Countries.

And to the End this be the better observed, we forbid all Pilots to go on board of any Ships coming from the aforesaid Places, charging them to sail to meet such Ships as have taken in their Lading to be vendid in these Countries, as far as the Places that shall be assigned them by the College of Admiralty, to which Places the said Ships shall come: And we do command and ordain those Pilots, on Pain of Death, not to conduct into any of the Ports of these Countries, nor to facilitate the Entry of any Ships coming from the foresaid Places, which have taken in their Lading to vend it at other Places out of these Countries, but to warn those Ships, that they are not to come into these Countries, nor will be admitted here; keeping themselves always to the Windward.

And in Case it should happen, that any of the last mentioned Ships, by Storm or other Accidents, or on Pretence that they were bound for these Countries to vend their Lading here, should come within one of the Creeks of these Countries, they are to sail out again as soon as possible; and in Case of Refusal, shall be obliged to it by forcible Means, nor shall any body be permitted to come from or go on board, nor any Goods be landed from the said Ships, on

Pain

Pain of Death, and Destruction of the Goods so unladen.

Farther, that the Ships coming from the Kingdom of Naples, Apulia, and all other Countries and States, Calabria excepted, belonging to the said Kingdom, or from Venice, Zante, Cephalonia, St. Maure, Corfu, Malta, or any other Islands lying in the Mediterranean, from the Straights of Gibraltar to the Height of the Morea, and the Western Point of the Island of Candia, as also from the Coasts of Barbary, which have been freighted there, or have taken in their Lading to vend it in these Countries, shall not be allowed to enter any other Creeks of these Countries, excepting those bound for the Maeze, into Goeree; those bound for Amsterdam, Westfrize, and the Northern Quarter, Frizeland or Groningen, into the Texel or Ulie; and those bound for Zealand, into the Entrance of Flushing, on Pain of Confiscation of the Ship, and with regard to the Captain and the Pilot, of arbitrary Correction, which according to Circumstances that shall appear, may be extended to Pain of Death: Of which Orders the Pilots are herewith charged to give Notice to the foresaid Ships.

And the Ships entering at Goeree, Texel, Ulie, or Flushing, shall sail to the Places that shall be appointed them by the College of Admiralty, under the Jurisdiction of which they shall then be, where they shall remain at Anchor, without sailing up higher, unless they have a Permission in Writing from the College of Admiralty of that District, on Pain of Confiscation of the Ships, and of Death to the Commanders; nor shall any Persons or Goods be brought from or carried on board, likewise on Pain of Death, and Destruction of the Goods: And the Commanders of those Ships shall, upon their Arrival, give in an exact List, signed by them, of all the Goods on board, without concealing any of what Nature soever, adding to it the Place or Places whence they come, or where they touched, or took in any Goods, as also of the Places for which they were freighted to vend their Goods; the whole upon Oath, which shall be considered as corporally and actually taken by the Commander; as also an exact List of their Ship's Company and Passengers, adding in what State of Health they find themselves; and in Case any of them be sick, or has been sick in the Voyage, or died, what Sort of Distemper it is, or was; moreover, the Time and Place, when and where it happened; which Declaration shall be signed by the Commander, the Pilot, and the Surgeon (if there be one on board) upon Oath, which likewise shall be deemed as corporally and actually taken by the foresaid Persons; also the Certificates of Health, in Case those Ships be provided with any; and lastly, all the Invoices of their Lading.

That the Ships coming from the Kingdom of Naples, Apulia, and all other Countries and States belonging to the said Kingdom, Calabria excepted, Malta, or from Places situate on the Coasts of Barbary, or which have anchored at those Places, shall perform a Quarantine of Forty Days, and the Ships that come from Venice, Zante, Cephalonia, St. Maure, Corfu, or any other Islands lying in the Mediterranean, from the Straights of Gibraltar to the Height of the Coast of Morea, and the West End of the Island of Candia, or those which have touched at the foresaid Places, shall perform a Quarantine of Twenty Days, at the Place that shall be appointed for them by the College of the Admiralty, where they shall have come in; which Days shall be reckoned from the Day of the said

Ships coming in. And if, at the Expiration of these Quarantines, there shall appear any Suspicion of Infection among the Crews, Passengers, or Goods on board, then the Quarantine for such Ships shall be prolonged by the College of the Admiralty of that Jurisdiction, so long as it shall be judged necessary. During the foresaid Quarantine, and until the Ships shall be released from it by a Permission in Writing from the College of Admiralty of that Jurisdiction, no Persons or Goods shall be brought from or carried on board such Ships, on Pain of Death, and Destruction of the Goods, except such Persons and Provisions as upon Orders in Writing of the Colleges of Admiralty shall be carried to such Ships for Help and Assistance, and for the Subsistence and Nourishment of the Men they have on board: The Names of the foresaid Persons, together with a Specification of the Provisions, as also the Name of the Commander and of the Ship, to which they are to be carried, being to be expressly mentioned in the foresaid Permission; provided that the Persons, who are once gone on board, do remain there, nor come away again, on Pain of Death.

That, during the Quarantine, the Ships shall not sail from the Stations appointed for them, without Permission in Writing from the College of Admiralty of that Jurisdiction, on Pain of Confiscation of the Ship, and Pain of Death to the Commander.

That the following Goods shall be deemed permitted; Grains, Wine, Brandy, and all Sorts of distilled Waters, Oil in Casks, Pots and Flasks, Olives, Salt, Stones, Brimstone, Copper, Alum, Tartar, Soap, Honey, Wax, Manna, Saffron, and all Sorts of Drugs for Physick, Raisins, Currans, Fruits of all Sorts, green as well as dried and preserved, all Sorts of Seeds, Cordovan Leather, and Gums.

That all other Goods and Merchandize, besides those aforesaid that are permitted, shall be deemed unpermitted and suspected Goods, and that the Goods by the Commanders declared for unknown, shall be reckoned among those that are unpermitted and suspected.

That after the ending of the foresaid Quarantine, and if no farther Prolongation of it shall be judged necessary, the foresaid Commanders with their Ships, in case their whole Lading consists of permitted Goods, may sail up to the Places for which they are bound, or send their Cargoes thither in Lighters; provided, that as much of those Merchandizes as are made up in Bales, or packed up in Sacks, Straw, Matts, Baskets, or otherwise, be first strip'd of the said Bales, and put into new Sacks, or Casks: which Bales, Straw, Matts, Baskets, and the like, wherein the said Goods had been packed up, shall at the beginning of the Ebb be thrown overboard and sunk, or be burnt, according to what shall be ordered by the Colleges of Admiralty in their respective Jurisdictions.

However, that if the same Ships, besides the permitted Goods, shall be found laden with Goods and Merchandize, which, as aforesaid, are deemed unpermitted and suspected, the permitted Goods, after having first been stripped of the Bales in which they had been packed up, and the said Bales having been thrown overboard and sunk or been burnt, in the Manner aforesaid, may also be removed into Lighters, and thus sent up to the Place where they were designed to be landed.

That all the unpermitted or suspected Goods and Merchandize, may indeed be removed into Lighters, or other Vessels, but not be brought to the Place of their Destination, before they have

been first duly aired, either in an old Man of War or Lighter, which is to lie at a proper Place, pursuant to the Direction of the Colleges of Admiralty, or on Shore, in such Manner and Place as shall be appointed by the Colleges of Admiralty in their respective Jurisdictions, upon Deliberation, and with the Consent of the Councillors deputed from the Quarter where the Ships shall happen to come in.

And that after the landing of the unpermitted or suspected Goods, which are to be aired, the Ships may sail up to the Places of their Destination; with this express Order, that the Sailing of the Ships to the Place of their Destination, after having ended their Quarantine, or the Removal of permitted Goods and Merchandize, or the Removal of unpermitted or suspected Goods and Merchandize, which are to be aired, from the larger Ship into the Lighters or other Vessels, may not be performed but after having obtained a Permission in Writing of the College of Admiralty of that Jurisdiction, such Permission being to be solicited for every Lighter, expressing at the same Time the Name of the Lighterman, the Lading he is to take in, and the Name of the larger Ship and of her Commander.

Neither shall the Men from the said Lighters and Vessels enter into the Ships which they unlade, nor the Men out of the Ships into the Lighters or other Vessels.

Farther, that the airing of the foresaid unpermitted or suspected Goods, shall not be performed otherwise than by an Order in Writing of the College of Admiralty of the respective Jurisdiction; that the same shall be continued for as long a Time, and such Persons be employed in it, and such farther Precautions used, as shall be regulated by the said College, and be expressed in the foresaid Permission.

That during the airing of the unpermitted or suspected Goods, no body shall go, or come from on board of the Lighters or Men of War, or come to the Places where the Airing is performed, or come away from thence; and that neither during the Airing, nor after the same is finished, any of the aired Goods shall be transported, otherwise than by Permission in Writing of the College of Admiralty of the respective Jurisdiction, with a Designation of the Persons, Lighters, Men of War, and Places, as also of the aired Goods that are to be transported. All this on Pain of Confiscation of the Ships, Vessels, or Lighters, and Goods, and Pain of Death, without any Connivance, to the Commanders, and Pilots of the Ships and Vessels or Lighters: Also all those shall be punished with Death, who without Permission shall have come from, or gone on board of the Ships, Lighters, Men of War, or are come into the Places prepared for the Airing, or are gone away from thence.

That in general, as to all that is aforesaid, the Commanders shall be answerable for their Ship's Company and Passengers.

That the Commanders, giving in their Declarations, any Certificates in writing, or other Vouchers, shall be obliged to steep them in Vinegar, before they deliver them in, on pain of arbitrary Correction.

And to the End that what is aforesaid, be the more strictly executed, and the Contagion not be brought into these Countries by any indirect Way, we forbid all Commanders, Mates, Pilots, Fishermen, and all others, to take in at Sea, any Persons or Goods on board their Ships or Vessels of whatsoever Denomination, from Ships coming from the infected and suspected Places and Countries above-mentioned, and to bring them into these Countries, on pain of

Confiscation of Ships, Goods, and Vessels, and of Death against the Offenders.

And lastly, all the Confiscations and Fines, to be decreed by Virtue of this Placart, shall be divided and be, one Third for the Advocate Fiscal, one Third for the Commissary General residing in the Quarter where the Case shall happen, and the Third for the Informer.

And to the End that no body may pretend Ignorance of these Presents, we charge and require the States, Comthittées of Council, and Deputies of the States of the respective Provinces, and all other Justiciaries and Officers of these Countries, that they forthwith do every where proclaim, publish, and post up this our Placart, in all Places where it shall be necessary, and where such Publication and posting up is usual; and we farther charge and command the Councillors of Admiralty, the Advocates Fiscal, and Commissaries General, together with all Admirals, Vice-Admirals, Captains, Officers and Commanders, to observe, and cause to be observ'd, this our Placart, proceeding and causing to be proceeded against the Transgressors thereof, without any Favour, Connivance, Dissimulation, or Composition, for as much as we have judged it to be for the Service of our Country, and for the Welfare of the good Inhabitants thereof.

Done and resolved at the Hague, &c. on the 7th of August 1743.

T. Fagel.

*Bastia, July 18.* On the 14th Instant was held a general Assembly of the Male-contents in Corsica, to consider of the Conditions lately offered to them by the Republick of Genoa, and which are as follow.

The Republick grants them Permission to keep Fire Arms, on Condition that those who have them shall take out a Licence.

The Annual Tribute is to remain upon the same Foot as in the Year 1727.

That in the Kingdom of Corsica, there shall be four Corsican Lieutenants.

That if it should be necessary to lay any Imposition, it is to be done by the Consent of the People.

A Rank of Nobility is to be established with the same Priviledges as those of the other Cities on the Continent subject to the Republick.

A General Pardon, from the Year 1729, to the Date of the Conclusion of these Articles.

With regard to the Bishoprick of Aleria, the Republick promises to use its good Offices with the Pope to engage him to confer it upon Natives of Corsica only.

*Petersbourg, July 19.* On Saturday last Baron Gerdsorff arrived here from Dresden with the Character of Minister Plenipotentiary from the King of Poland as Elector of Saxony. Tomorrow he is to have a private Audience of her Imperial Majesty at Peterhoff; and on Saturday next, being the King of Poland's Birth Day, and the Anniversary of the Institution of the Order of the White Eagle, he is to present to his Imperial Highness the Great Duke that Order richly adorned with Diamonds, which he has brought along with him.

*Florence, July 23, N. S.* By the late Accounts which this Government has received of the Plague at Messina, the Violence of it began to abate, and some of the few Inhabitants that were left alive had recovered. This is attributed to their being now attended with Care, and supplied with Necessaries, of which till lately there was a total Want; so that a very considerable Number is supposed to have died of Famine.

mine. *M. Grimaud* the Governor of the Town writes Word, that only 50 Men of his Garrison remained, which consisted of 1500; and that he had caused a Party to go through the Streets, beating their Drums, to engage the Inhabitants to shew themselves at their Windows, but that very few appeared; that he had caused some of the Houses to be broke open, where whole Families were found dead; from all which it was conjectured, that there were not above 4 or 5000 remaining in the Town. The Court of Rome has at last prohibited free Communication with the Kingdom of Naples, notwithstanding the Opposition Cardinal Acquaviva had made; it is however affirmed, that there is no Symptom of Illness in Calabria; on which Account the King of Naples, who was on the Point of retiring with the whole Court to Monte Casino on the Confines of the Roman State, has for the present laid aside all Thoughts of it.

*Naples, July 30, N. S.* On the 25th a Courier from Calabria arrived here, with an Account, that besides fourteen Persons, who died in the Beginning of this Month of the Plague at Fossa St. Giovanni, the Mortality continued there, the Sickness having broke out at Messina, a Place near the City of Reggio in Calabria, where several Families of Messina had retired before the Barriers had been formed, and where, from the 7th to the 20th Instant, 24 of them died with Symptoms of the Plague.

*Hanau, August 10, N. S.* The King of Great Britain having given his Orders for the British, Hanoverian and Hessian Troops marching from their Camps in this Neighbourhood, struck their Tents about Three this Morning, and were in full March in four Columns about Four. His Majesty, accompanied by his Royal Highness the Duke of Cumberland, set out from this Place about Five this Morning for Rudtheilm, about four English Miles beyond Francfort, and was saluted by a triple Discharge of the Cannon from the Ramparts.

*Rudtheilm, Aug. 10, N. S.* His Britannick Majesty arrived here about Eleven this Forenoon, and his Royal Highness the Duke of Cumberland between Nine and Ten. His Majesty and his Royal Highness were lodged in the Castle belonging to Count Zohm. The British, Hanoverian, and Hessian Troops, are incamped within an English Mile from this Place. The British, and Hessians march To-morrow to Hoffheim, and the Hanoverians will follow on Tuesday next. It is supposed the Austrians, under the Command of Prince Charles of Lorraine, will pass the Rhine To-morrow at Brisac; and those under that of Marshal Neipperg will this Day a little below Mayence, the Bridges of Boats being laid across that River.

*Wisbaden, Aug. 13 N. S.* This Afternoon Major-General Sinclair's Battalion, Charles Howard's, Earl of Rothes's, and the Highland Regiments, passed through this Place, having in Escorte the Cloathing for the whole British Troops.

*Biberich, Aug. 14, N. S.* Yesterday in the Forenoon his Britannick Majesty, accompanied by his Royal Highness the Duke, arrived here from Ridelheim. The British, Hanoverian, and Hessian Troops are all arrived and incamped in this Neighbourhood; and the four Regiments above-named have joined the Army. This Day about Noon, the Ceremony of investing General Honeywood, Lieutenant General Campbell, Cope,

and Ligonier, with the Ensigns of the Order of the Bath, was perform'd by his Majesty, in the Presence of all the Nobility, General Officers, and other Persons of Distinction.

*Mentz, Aug. 14, N. S.* This Morning the Austrian Troops pass'd the Rhine: The British are to follow in a Day or two, and the Hanoverian and Hessian as soon as the British are pass'd.

*Copenhagen, August 13.* Preparations are making here as for an immediate War. The Troops of Denmark have repeated Orders to be in Readiness to take the Field upon the first Call, and those of Norway, to the Number of 1200 Men, are by this Time as we hear actually assembled about Frederickshall. The Fleet is equipped, and waits only for his Danish Majesty's Commands to set sail.

*Hamburgh, August 14, N. S.* The Prince William of Saxe-Gotha with his Princess, who is Sister to the Bishop of Lubeck, arrived in Town the Day before Yesterday; and this Evening the Prince of Zerbst, and the Princess, a Sister likewise of the Bishop's, are expected. General Steynlicht, the late Commandant of this Town, is expected here every Day to compliment the Prince Royal of Sweden.

*Whitehall, August 13.*

The King has been pleased to constitute and appoint Major General Huske, to be Colonel of his Majesty's own Royal Regiment of Welsh Fusileers, in the Room of Newsham Peers, Esq; deceased.

*Admiralty Office, August 11, 1743.*

In Pursuance of His Majesty's Pleasure, the Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty have made the following Promotion of Flag Officers, to fill up the Vacancies occasioned by the Death of the Right Honourable Sir Charles Wager, Admiral of the White, and of Philip Cavendish, Esq; Admiral of the Blue.

John Balchen, Esq; Admiral of the White.

Thomas Mathews, Esq; Admiral of the Blue.

Edward Vernon, Esq; Vice-Admiral of the Red.

Nicholas Haddock, Esq; Vice-Admiral of the White.

Sir Chaloner Ogle, Kt. Vice-Admiral of the Blue.

Richard Lestock, Esq; Rear-Admiral of the Red.

James Steuart, Esq; Rear-Admiral of the White.

*Victualling Office, August 10, 1743.*

The Commissioners for Victualling his Majesty's Navy give Notice, That on Wednesday the 14th of September next, they shall be ready to receive Proposals, and treat with such Persons as are inclinable to furnish Oxen and Hogs at the Ports of London, Portsmouth, Plymouth and Dover, for the Service of his Majesty's Navy.

Whereas the acting Commissioners in the Commission of Bankrupt awarded against Joseph Thorpe, of the Parish of St. Paul Covent-Garden in the County of Middlesex, Vintner, have certified to the Right Honourable Philip Lord Hardwicke, Baron of Hardwicke, Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, that the said Joseph Thorpe hath in all Things conformed himself according to the Directions of the several Acts of Parliament made concerning Bankrupts; This is to give Notice, that by Virtue of an Act passed in the Fifth Year of his present Majesty's Reign, his Certificate will be allowed and confirmed as the said Act directs, unless Cause be shewn to the contrary on or before the 3d of September next.

A General Meeting of the Trustees for Repairing and Amending the Turnpike Roads in the Counties of Surrey and Sussex, is appointed to be held at the Greyhound Inn at Croydon, on Saturday the 27th of August, at Ten of the Clock in the Forenoon, to choose Trustees in the Place of such as are dead, removed, or refusing to act; and other Affairs relating to the Trust.

S. Gourney, Clerk.

The Court of Directors of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England give Notice, That they have made an Agreement with the Right Hon. the Lords Commissioners of his Majesty's Treasury, to circulate Exchequer Bills made forth or to be made forth, pursuant to several Acts of Parliament made for that Purpose now in Force, for one Year computed from the 25th Day of July 1743, to the 25th Day of July 1744.

The Court of Directors of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England give Notice, That a General Court will be held at the Bank on Thursday next the 18th Instant, at Eleven in the Forenoon, upon Special Affairs.

The Court of Directors of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England give Notice, That the Transfer Books for Bank Stock will be shut from Tuesday the 6th of September next, till Wednesday the 12th of October following.

POST-CHAISES between London and York, and London and Northampton.

This is to acquaint the Publick, that the several Post-masters on the Road between London and York, and London and Northampton, are ready to furnish Gentlemen, or others, with Post-Chaises, safe, easy, and well secured from the Weather, upon as short Warning as for Post-Horses, at any Hour, either of the Day or Night. Gentlemen who have Occasion to go Post on the above Roads, are desired to apply to Mr. Joseph Platts, at the Saracen's Head on Snow-Hill.

A Post-Chaise may be had at any of the Stages on the York and Northampton Roads, to go Part, or all the Way, for one or more Stages, for those who do not chuse to travel in the Night.

N. B. All Gentlemen that travel in Post-Chaises of their own upon the Roads where Post-Chaises are already set up, by the Authority of this Office, may be supplied with Horses, at the several Stages on those Roads, at the Rate of Nine Pence per Mile.

By Command of the Postmaster General.

Geo. Shelvocke, Secr.

General Post-Office,  
July 23, 1743.

General Post Office, London, March 10, 1742.

Whereas notwithstanding the publick Notice, that has been so repeatedly given by this Office, as well in the Gazette as in other News Papers, concerning the Foreign Postage which is to be paid here for all Letters that are to go to Germany, Italy, or any other Country beyond Holland, France, or Flanders, Mistakes have sometimes been made, and Letters have been delivered at this Office, directed to those Countries without paying the Foreign Postage, as required by Act of Parliament: The Postmaster General has thought fit to

advertise, That the Postage to be paid here at this Office, or at the respective Receiving Houses or Offices, appointed and authorized for the taking in of Letters in Town or Country, by all Persons corresponding with Germany, Italy, or any Foreign Parts in the North of the South, by the Way of Holland, France, or Flanders, is after the following Rates, viz.

	s. d.
Between London and any Part of Germany, Italy, Sicily, Switzerland, Denmark, or Sweden, and all Parts of the North (through Holland.)	Single 1 0 Double 2 0 Treble 3 0 Ounce 4 0
Between London and any Part of Spain or Portugal through France, or by Packet Boats directly.	Single 1 6 Double 3 0 Treble 4 6 Ounce 6 0
Between London and any Part of Italy or Sicily, through France, by Way of Lyons, or any Part of Turkey, by Way of Marseilles.	Single 1 6 Double 2 0 Treble 3 3 Ounce 5 6

And it is to be observed, that on Failure of such Payment of the above Rates, no Letters to such Foreign Parts can be forwarded from this Office, and that for all Letters directed to Foreign Countries, by the Way of Holland, France, and Flanders, as above, sent to this Office to be forwarded from any Parts of the Kingdom of Great Britain, distant from London, or from any Parts of Ireland, the usual Inland Postage to London, is also to be paid over and above the Foreign Postage.

N. B. By a Cover of separate Paper to a Letter of a single Sheet, it becomes a double Letter, and if such Cover be to a double Letter, it becomes treble, and is to be paid for accordingly.

By Command of the Postmaster General,  
Geo. Shelvocke, Secretary.

#### Advertisements.

THE Creditors of William Hercy, late of Winkfield in the County of Berks, Esq; deceased, are desired forthwith to send a Particular of their Debts to Mr. Brookland, Attorney at Law, at Windsor in Berks, or to Mr. Tomkins, at Fishmongers Hall, London.

PURSUANT to an Order made by the Right Hon. the Lord High Chancellor, dated the 6th of August Instant, the Creditors who have duly proved their Debts under a Commission of Bankrupt issued against William Smith, late of Beconsfield in the County of Buckingham, but now or late of the Parish of St. Leonard's Shoreditch, in the County of Middlesex, Dealer and Chapman, are desired to meet the Assignees of the said Bankrupt's Estate on the 20th Day of August instant, at Three in the Afternoon, at the Mag-Pye Tavern near Bishopsgate, London, to consider whether a Suit in Equity shall be commenced by the said Assignees, for the Purposes in the said Order mentioned.

THE Creditors of Gaylard Roberts, late of London, Merchant, a Bankrupt, are desired to meet on Thursday next the 18th Instant, at Four of the Clock in the Afternoon, at Hamlin's Coffee-house in Swithin's Alley, near the Royal Exchange, in order to take proper Measures for the Choice of a New Assignee or Assignees of the said Bankrupt's Estate, in the room of Mr. Best and Mr. Beafew the late Assignees, deceased; and on other special Affairs.

TO be sold, pursuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, before Robert Holford, Esq; one of the Masters of the said Court, The beautiful Capital Mansion-house and Gardens, late of James Lannoy, Esq; deceased, at Hammersmith fronting the River Thames; together with several Freehold and Leasehold Messuages, Lands and Tenements at Hammersmith and Fulham, in the County of Middlesex: Which said Leasehold Premises are held by Leases for Lives from the Bishop of London, and Chancellor of St. Paul's, London;

which are, together with the said Freehold House and Premises, of the yearly Value of 100 l. and upwards. Particulars whereof are to be had at the said Master's Chambers in Symond's Inn, London.

**T**HE Assignees of the Estate of William Gibson, late of Stockton in the County of Durham, Merchant, a Bankrupt, desire the said Bankrupt's Creditors to meet them at the Dwelling-house of Mr. Benjamin Soaife, Innholder, being the Sign of the Black Lyon in Stockton aforesaid, on Wednesday the 24th of this Instant August, to consent to the said Assignees submitting any Differences or Disputes relating to the said Bankrupt's Estate, to the final End and Determination of Arbitrators, or otherwise to compound and agree the same; and on other special Affairs.

**T**HE Creditors of William Mackintosh, late of Jamaica, Mariner, deceased, are hereby required to take Notice, That a Dividend of the Effects of the said William Mackintosh, in the Hands of Charlton Palmer, of Love-Lane, London, Attorney at Law, will be made the Second of September next, amongst such of the said Creditors who shall then have proved their respective Debts, as mentioned in a Notice in the Gazette of the 17th of July last; and those who have not then proved the same as aforesaid, will be absolutely excluded from any Dividend of the said Effects.

**W**HEREAS a Commission of Bankrupt is awarded and issued forth against James Dunbar, late of King's Lynn in the County of Norfolk, Linnendraper, and he being declared a Bankrupt is hereby required to surrender himself to the Commissioners in the said Commission named, or the major Part of them, on the 5th, 6th and 24th of September next, at Three of the Clock in the Afternoon on each of the said Days, at the Guildhall in King's Lynn aforesaid, and make a full Discovery and Disclosure of his Estate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the second Sitting to chuse Assignees, and at the last Sitting the said Bankrupt is required to finish his Examination, and the Creditors are to assent to or dissent from the Allowance of his Certificate.

**W**HEREAS the acting Commissioners in the Commission of Bankrupt awarded against Elizabeth Clarke, of Newton Abbott in the County of Devon, Widow, Mercer and Chapwoman, have certified to the Rt. Hon. Philip Lord Hardwicke, Baron of Hardwicke, Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, that the said Elizabeth Clarke hath in all Things conformed herself according to the Directions of the several Acts of Parliament made concerning Bankrupts: This is to give Notice, that by Virtue of an Act passed in the fifth Year of his present Majesty's Reign, her Certificate will be allowed and confirmed as the said Act directs, unless Cause be shewn to the contrary on or before the 3d of September next.

**T**HE under-mentioned Persons claiming the Benefit of the Act lately passed for Relief of insolvent Debtors, the following Notices have been brought to the Printer of the London Gazette, to be inserted in this Paper, and are herein inserted in Obedience to the said Act.

The following Persons being Prisoners for Debt in the Sheriff's Ward or Prison in and for the County of Devon, hereby give Notice, that they intend to take the Benefit of an Act of Parliament passed in the Sixteenth Year of the Reign of his Majesty King George the Second, intituled, An Act for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors, at the next General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be held in and for the said County of Devon, or at the Adjournment thereof, that shall happen next after Thirty Days from the Publication hereof, viz. Thomas Northcote, late of Littleham in the County of Devon, Husbandman. Richard Hichens, late of Helston in the County of Cornwall, Surgeon.

The following Persons being Prisoners for Debt in the King's Bench Prison in Southwark in the County of

Surrey, give Notice, that they intend to take the Benefit of an Act of Parliament passed in the Sixteenth Year of his present Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors, at the next General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be held at Kingston in the said County, or at the Adjournment thereof, which shall happen next after Thirty Days from the Publication hereof, viz. William Hanson, late of Alderfgate-street, London, Callicoe Glazer. Simon Halford, late of Bishopsgate-street, in the Parish of St. Martin Outwich, London, Pewterer. James Hall, jun. late of the Parish of St. Paul Covent Garden, in the County of Middlesex, Baker. Thomas Cox, late of the Parish of St. Martin in the Fields, in the County of Middlesex, Vintner.

The undermentioned Persons being Fugitives for Debt, and beyond the Seas on or before the first Day of January 1742, and having surrendered themselves to the Marshal of the King's Bench Prison in Southwark, in the County of Surrey, hereby give Notice, that they intend to take the Benefit of an Act of Parliament made in the Sixteenth Year of the Reign of his present Majesty King George the Second, intituled, An Act for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors, at the next General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be held for the County of Surry, or at the Adjournment thereof, which shall happen next after Thirty Days from the Publication hereof, viz. George Hill, late of the Parish of St. George Hanover-square, in the County of Middlesex, Carver. Thomas Hamilton, late of the Parish of St. George Hanover-square, in the County of Middlesex, Upholder and Undertaker. Nathaniel Hurst, late of St. Mary Aldermary, London, Puke-maker. Jacob Beckson, late of St. John's Wapping, Taylor.

The following Person being a Fugitive for Debt, and beyond the Seas on or before the First of January 1742, and having surrendered himself to the Warden of the Fleet Prison, London, gives Notice, that he intends to take the Benefit of the late Act made in the Sixteenth Year of his present Majesty, intituled, An Act for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors, at the next General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be held at Guildhall in and for the City of London, or at the Adjournment thereof, which shall happen next after thirty Days from the Publication hereof, viz. George Rodgers, late of Rupert-street, in the Parish of St. James, in the County of Middlesex, Taylor.

The following Person being a Fugitive for Debt, and beyond the Seas on or before the first of January 1742, and having surrendered himself to the Keeper of the Prison or Goal at Rochester in the County of Kent, hereby gives Notice, that he intends to take the Benefit of the late Act of Parliament made in the Sixteenth Year of his present Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors, at the next General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be held in and for the said County, or at the Adjournment thereof, which shall happen next after Thirty Days from the Publication hereof, viz. John Broome, late of Gillingham in the County of Kent, Husbandman.

The

The following Person being a Prisoner for Debt in the County Goal at Chelmsford, in the County of Essex, hereby gives Notice, that he intends to take the Benefit of the late Act of Parliament made in the sixteenth Year of his present Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors, at the next General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be held for the said County of Essex, or the Adjournment thereof, which shall happen next after thirty Days from the Publication hereof, viz. Edward Morley, late of Halstead in the County of Essex, Butcher.

The following Person being a Prisoner for Debt in Melton Goal for the County of Suffolk, hereby gives Notice, that he intends to take the Benefit of the late Act of Parliament made in the Sixteenth Year of his present Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors, at the next General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be held at Ipswich in the County of Suffolk, or at the Adjournment thereof, which shall happen next after thirty Days from the Publication hereof, viz. Robert Finch, late of Grundisburgh, Innholder.

The following Persons being Prisoners for Debt in the County Goal of the Town and County of Newcastle upon Tyne, hereby give Notice, that they intend to take the Benefit of an Act of Parliament passed in the Sixteenth Year of the Reign of his present Majesty King George the Second, intituled, An Act for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors, at the next General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be held for the said Town and County, or at the Adjournment thereof, which shall happen next after Thirty Days from the Publication hereof, viz. George Johnston, late of Edinburgh, Merchant. Robert Stephenson, late of Kyo in the County of Durham, Gentleman. George Reed, late of the said Town and County, Mason. Roger Durham, late of the same Place, Shipwright. Joan Grey, late of the same Place, Widow. Mary Wilkinfon, late of the same Place, Milliner. Margaret Robinson, Wife of James Robinson, late of the same Place, Keelman.

The following Persons being Prisoners for Debt in the Sheriff's Ward at Dorchester, in the County of Dorset, hereby give Notice, that they intend to take the Benefit of an Act of Parliament passed in the Sixteenth Year of the Reign of his Majesty King George the Second, intituled, An Act for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors, at the next General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be held for the said County, or at the Adjournment thereof, which shall happen next after Thirty Days from the Publication hereof, viz. Abel Best, late of Toller Porcorum in the county of Dorset, Yeoman. William Arnold, late of Dorchester in the said County of Dorset, Glazier. John Goffe, late of Halstock in the said County of Dorset, Miller. Sarah Groves, late of Froome Vauchurch in the said County of Dorset,

Widow. Simon Mills, late of Silferton in the County of Devon, Gentleman.

The following Persons being Prisoners for Debt in Ipswich Goal, in the County of Suffolk, hereby give Notice, that they intend to take the Benefit of the late Act of Parliament made in the Sixteenth Year of the Reign of his Majesty King George the Second, intituled, An Act for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors, at the next General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be held at Ipswich in the said County, or at the Adjournment thereof, which shall happen next after thirty Days from the Publication hereof, viz. John Buchanan, late of Stow Market, Chapman. Benjamin Dewy, late of Ipswich, Mariner. John Fleming, late of Saxmundham, Butcher. Christopher Grimes, late of Ipswich, Maltster. Henry Reeve, late of Baylham, Gentleman. George Taylor, late of Ipswich, Bricklayer. John Wayman, late of the same, Innholder. Edmund Warner, late of the same, Labourer. William White, late of Hadleigh, Butcher. Francis Wyllce, late of Ipswich, Butcher. Thomas Youngs, late of the same, Innholder.

The following Person being a Fugitive for Debt and beyond the Seas on or before the First Day of January 1742, and having surrendered himself to the Goaler or Keeper of the County Goal for the County of Surry, gives Notice, that he intends to take the Benefit of an Act of Parliament passed in the Sixteenth Year of the Reign of his present Majesty King George the Second, intituled, An Act for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors, at the next General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be held for the said County or at the Adjournment thereof, which shall happen next after thirty Days from the Publication hereof, viz. Richard Haines, late of the Parish of St. Mary Matfellow, otherwise White-chapel, in the County of Middlesex, Mariner.

The following Persons being Fugitives for Debt and beyond the Seas on or before the First of January 1742, and having surrendered themselves to the Keeper of his Majesty's Goal in Wellington, in and for the Hundred of Bradford, in the County of Salop, hereby give Notice, that they intend to take the Benefit of the late Act made in the sixteenth Year of his present Majesty, intituled, An Act for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors, at the next General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be held in and for the said county of Salop, or at the Adjournment thereof, which shall happen next after thirty Days from the Publication hereof, viz. Roger Dorman, late of Shrewsbury in the County of Salop, Mariner. Thomas Swallowfield, late of the same Place, Corn-factor.

N. B. If any Person in the foregoing List of Prisoners shall find, on the Perusal of this Gazette, that there is any Error, such Error shall, upon Notice, be rectified in the next Gazette Gratis.