

those poor Objects raised great Compassion, and his Majesty ordered them to be immediately removed from thence, and the same Care to be taken of them as of his own Soldiers.

The Enemy has suffered extremely by Desertion. Without reckoning about 2000 Men, whom they had lost upon their leaving Savoy to march towards Briançon, it is computed, that from their quitting that Place, to their repassing the Agnel, between 4 and 5000 have deserted from them; and we hear that they still continue to do so as much as ever.

The whole Loss on our Side consists of 203 Men killed and wounded, including seven Officers killed and two wounded, as has been exactly verified since the Actions. As to Desertion, we have hardly had any at all, the whole Number we have lost that Way, from the Time the Army was assembled to oppose the Enemy's Passage, not exceeding Thirty.

We have not as yet learnt, that the Spaniards and French, who, according to our last Advices, after repassing the Mountains of Agnel and St. Veran, reunited their Forces in the Valley of Queyras, have taken any Step since, by which their farther Intentions may be judged of with Certainty. But it seems probable, that the French will move into Provence, and the Spaniards return to Savoy, which must however soon be known, since they cannot subsist long where they are. The 16th Instant we had Letters of the 14th from Chateau Dauphin, by which we were inform'd, that our Parties, who follow'd the Enemy upon the Mountain, had taken some Prisoners, and amongst them two Officers, as also near 500 Mules loaden with Baggage of different Kinds, and particularly the Decorations of the Infant's Chappel, and the Plate of the Lord Berwick, and some other Officers, without the Loss of a Man on our Side, the Spanish Escorte having immediately fled.

An Officer who arrived the 17th from Chateau Dauphin, having been dispatched by the Marquis d'Aix, brought an Account, that the same Parties, who were detach'd after the Enemy, had seiz'd, upon the Summit of Mount Agnel, twelve Pieces of Cannon mark'd with the Arms of France, the least of which are Six Pounders; that there had been, upon that Occasion, some Muskets fired between our Parties and the Miquelets, who at first made a Shew of intending to defend that Artillery, but that, upon the Approach of our Grenadiers, the Enemy was oblig'd to abandon it, after having first attempted to nail the Cannons, and throw them down the Mountain.

*Andernach, Oct. 30. N. S.* Yesterday the First Division of the British Troops, consisting of three Regiments of Dragoons and the Scots Highlanders, under the Command of Lieutenant-General Sir James Campbell and Lieute-

nant-General Hawley, marched through this Place in their Way to Brissick and Zinlick, where they will halt To-morrow; and this Day they are succeeded here by the Second Division, consisting of Sir Robert Rich's, Lord Stairs, and the Queen's Regiment of Dragoons, under the Command of Lieutenant-General Sir John Cope.

*Hague, November 5.* M. Alt, Minister from the King of Sweden, as Landgrave of Hesse Cassel, to his Britannick Majesty, arrived here Yesterday, and goes over to England with this Mail. M. Ossorio, the Sardinian Minister, designs to follow him on Thursday next. Her Royal Highness the Princess Louisa having set out last Saturday Morning early, by Water from Rotterdam, for Utrecht, arrived there the same Night in perfect Health; and having repos'd herself there the Day following, being Sunday, set forward Yesterday Morning for Hanover, where it is supposed Her Royal Highness will arrive on Saturday or Sunday next at farthest.

*Whitehall, October 29.*

The King has been pleas'd to constitute and appoint Lieutenant-General William Hargrave to be Governor of the Town and Garrison, of Gibraltar in the room of Lieutenant-General Jasper Clayton, deceased.

*London, October 29.*

Yesterday Robert Westley, Esq; Lord Mayor Elect for the Year ensuing, was sworn at Guildhall, when the Chair and other Ensigns of Mayoralty were surrendered to him in the accustomed Manner.

This Day the new Lord Mayor, accompanied by the late Lord Mayor, Aldermen, Recorder, and Sheriffs, in their Scarlet Gowns, went in their Coaches to the Water Side, the Sword and Mace being carried before them, and the City Officers attending; and from thence proceeded in the City Barge, attended by the several Companies in their respective Barges, adorned with Streamers and Pendants, to Westminster; and having walked round the Hall, and solemnly saluted all the Courts, they went to the Exchequer Bar, and the Lord Mayor did there take the Oaths appointed, and having recorded Warrants of Attorney in the proper Courts, returned by Water to Black Fryers, and from thence in Coaches with the usual Solemnity to Guildhall, where a magnificent Entertainment was provided, at which were present the great Officers of State, divers of the Nobility, Lords of his Majesty's most Honourable Privy Council, the Judges, and other Persons of Quality and Distinction.

General Post-Office, London, Oct. 24, 1743.

Whereas the Troops of Great Britain are marching, or march'd, into their Winter Quarters in the Austrian Netherlands; This is to inform the Publick, that all Letters