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From Saturday December 3. to Tuelday December 6. 1743.

Stockholm, November 15, O. S.

HE Court of Petersbourg has notified to this, that there is at Riga and Revel a Body from fix to ten thouland Men, ready to be transported to Sweden whenever they please. The Day before Yesterday the French Ambassador gave a grand Entertainment on Occasion of the Prince Royal of Sweden's fafe Arrival here, besides a Ball and Supper; his House was illuminated, Fire-works

Supper; his Houfe was illuminated, Fire works' play'd off, and Wine given to the Populace. The fame was continued three Nights together. *Naples*, Nov. 19. According to the Accounts of this Week from the Prefident of the Province of Calabria who agreeable to his Directions

of Calabria, who, agreeable to his Directions from Court, went by Sea to the Road of Reggio, to be informed of the true State of that City, and neighbouring Villages, the Sicknefs there feems to take a favourable Turn. A Body of 4000 Men from this Capital, Capua, and other Fortrefles, have lately been detached to Pefcara, by way of Precaution in the prefent Situation of Affairs.

Elorence, Nov. 26. On the 20th the Magiltfate of Health here received Notice, that the Republick of Venice had fulpended all free Commerce with Tulcany, in confequence of our Regency having lately re established the Commerce with the Ecclefiaftical State by Land. From Lombardy we do not learn this Week any News of Confequence. Prince Lobcowitz continues his Head Quarters at Rimini. On the 23d a Party of about 120 Austrians, recovered in, the Hospital at Revere, joined the Army, as did from Mantua 400 Horfe for the Remounting of their Regiments, and 200 Hussian and Croatians. M. de Gages remains at Fano, and the greatest Part of his Troopstare at Pelaro, where he continues fortifying himself; and, by the advantageous Situation he has chose, it is questioned whether the Austrians will attempt any Operations, especially as they must necessarily attack the Enemy in Front, and with the Foot only, there being no Room for the Horse to act (in which the Austrians are Star Superior) on Account of the nargow Passages. The Spaniards have done great Damage by cutting down Vineyards and Trees in "the Neighbourhood of Pesaro, and would have done much more, had not Cardinal

Armies find great Difficulty to get Forage and Provifions, which probably will increase on the Part of the Spaniards, when the two Ships get into the Adriatick, which Admiral Mathews has fent for that Purpose; and which at the fame Time will facilitate the Means of furnishing the Austrian Army, Great Part of the Spaniards, that remained at Civita Castellana, have joined the Army, so that only 100 Horse and 300 Foot remain in that Place, amongst which are ahove roo Invalids. By all Accounts their Army is represented to be in a very bad Condition, ill cloath'd and paid. *Berlin, Nov.* 30. The King of Prussia not yet come to Berlin. His Majesty arrived last Night at Charlottenburg from Potzdam, and this Day he gives a great Feast in Honour of the Russian Order, of which his Majesty is a Knight.

Lanti remonstrated to M. de Gages and the Spanish Generals thereupon. They receive their Forage, &c. chiefly from Ancona. On the 15th

a Party of 60 Gunners from Orbitello joined the Spanish Army : However it is observed their

Equipages are fending towards Foligno. Both

Ruffian Order, of which his Majesty is a Knight. Berlin, Dec. 3. The King of Prussia arrived here from Charlottenburg on Sunday the 1st Instant.

St. Tron, December 3, N.S. This Day a Party of 200 English Soldiers, commanded by Captain Cockburne, who were left in the Hofpital of Mayence and are recovered, pass'd thro' this Town in their Way to Flanders, which closes the March of his Britannick Majesty's Troops to their Winter Quarters.

Troops to their Winter Quarters. Hague, Dec. 10, N. S. Good Letters from Balle of the 28th paft, confirm the Report of the French having perfected on the 25th their Bridge from the Ifland to the Continent of Swabia; and that there were no lefs than three Thouland Workmen employed in raifing a Head of a Bridge, and Retrenchments upon the Eaft Side of the Rhine; while the Works in the Ifland were alfo carrying on with the utmost Diligence; and the fame Advices, add, that by the Provision the French had made of Carpenters, Timber, Cranes, and various Sorts of Utenfils, it looked as if their Defign was to fublitute, both between Hunningen and the Ifland, and between the Ifland and the Continent of Germany, in the Place of their prefent Bridges of Boats,



