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St. James's, June 9.

**T**HE following Address of the Bishop and Clergy of the united Sees of Down and Connor, having been transmitted to his Grace the Duke of Newcastle, one of his Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, has by him been presented to his Majesty: Which Address his Majesty was pleased to receive very graciously.

To the King's most Excellent Majesty,

The humble Address of the Bishop and Clergy of the united Sees of Down and Connor, at the Bishops annual Visitation assembled.

*May it please your Majesty,*

**W**E your Majesty's dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Bishop and Clergy of the united Sees of Down and Connor, beg Leave to testify to your Majesty, our Abhorrence of the Indignity offered to your Majesty, in the Attempt from France to invade these your Dominions, in Favour of the Pretender and the popish Religion, and in the War since declared by the French King against your Majesty.

The Happiness we have experienc'd under your Majesty's just and gracious Government, your preserving inviolable our Constitution in Church and State, your inseparable Attachment to the Interests of your People, and your unwearied Endeavours for our common Welfare, call upon us at all Times to acknowledge to your Majesty our most grateful Sense of these Blessings: And now that we are threaten'd by the Enemies of your Majesty, with such Disturbances, as if not prevent'd, must deprive us of all our Liberties Civil and Religious, we should not be more wanting to your Majesty than to ourselves, if we were backward in declaring to your Majesty, and to the World, that we hold ourselves bound, by the Duties of our Function, by the Oaths we have taken, and by all the Ties of Religion and Gratitude, to offer up to God our incessant Prayers for your Majesty's Welfare and Preservation, and not only to endeavour the animating all those who are committed to our Instruction, to discharge as becomes them their Duty to your Majesty, but to be ourselves ready and willing to encounter any Difficulties in Support of your Majesty, the Protestant Religion established amongst us, and the Succession of the Crown in your illustrious House.

May it please Almighty God to bless and protect your most sacred Majesty, to unite the Hearts of all your Subjects in the common Defence of your Majesty and your Kingdoms, to render your Arms every where prosperous, and to enable you to defeat the outrageous Attempts of all your Enemies.

*Rome, May 23, N. S.* In Consequence of the late Alarm occasioned in this City by the Approach of the Detachment of Spanish Horse to surprize the Austrian Hussars at Monte Ro-

tondo and Ponte Molle, on the 17th arrived in this City, from Vellebri and Corneto, two Companies of the Pope's Cuirassiers and Militia, to reinforce the Garrison of this Castle and the Gates of the City. The same Day, the 17th, as the Pope's People were repairing the Bridge at Ponte Molle, a Party of 50 Soldiers, out of the Company of the Queen of Hungary's Partisans, attended by 50 Hussars, prevented them, and demanded of the Pope's Officers the Key of a small Fort at the Foot of that Bridge, which being refused, they broke open the Gate, and took Possession of it, where they keep a Guard. On this Notice, the Pope summoned an extraordinary Congregation, and a Reinforcement of Soldiers was ordered at the Gates del Popolo and Angelica, and Orders were given to augment the regular Troops with 500 Men out of the Militia. Cardinal Alexander Albani is returned from Civita Castellana, where he had been to compliment Prince Lobkowitz. On the 18th General Coloredo had an Audience of the Pope. The Austrian Army, in four Divisions, from the 18th to the 22d Instant, has halted at Monte Rotondo, the Place of Rendezvous, where it will be joined by the Rear Guard, heavy Artillery, Baggage, &c. Prince Lobkowitz is also at Monte Rotondo. On the 21st the Pope held a publick Consistory, in which, with the usual Formalities, he gave the Hats to the Cardinals Orfini and Landi.

*Florance, May 26.* By Letters received this Morning of the 19th Instant from Prince Lobkowitz's Army from Monte Rotondo, we have an Account, that the two first Columns were then arrived there; and, by Letters of the 23d, that the whole Army had passed the Tyber, and was then assembled there; and that Prince Lobkowitz only waited the Arrival of the heavy Cannon, and some few Hungarians and Licanians that were left in Lombardy, to march on towards Naples; That the Spaniards were marched back into that Kingdom, and made all possible Dispositions to dispute the Entrance on the Confines, particularly at Agnani and Frofinone: That their Camp at the former Place extends three Miles: That the King of Naples was expected there on the 22d: That the Duke d'Atrisco, with the Cavalry, is at Val Montone, whence he made Appearance as if he would advance to Zagarola, having ordered Ten Thousand Rations of Bread: That the Division among the principal Officers is so great, that M. Castropignano refused to obey the Orders of M. de Gages, and retired to Naples; and Count Colobrano on the same Account was put into Arrest: That the Desertion from their Army begun to be very considerable: That in the Retreat of the Detachment commanded by the Duke de Atrisco, the Rear Guard of 50 Miquelets came over to the Austrians: That the next Day a Captain with his whole Company followed their Example; and few Days passed, but some Hundreds arrived at the Austrian Camp, notwithstanding the Examples that were made of many, inasmuch, that