

the Croats, and other irregular Troops, under the Command of General Nadafti, have made themselves Masters of a Redoubt, raised by the Imperialists for the Security of their Camp, and which render'd the Approaches to it very difficult. The Imperialists endeavoured to retake that Post, but were repulsed. Part of the Austrian Army has taken Post near St. Leonhard below Philipsbourg.

*Brussels, June 18, N. S.* The French have invested Fort Knocque, where the Dutch have no more than fourscore Men in Garrison, but there is a considerable Inundation round the Fort, which, with the Help of the Cannon, in that low and level Situation, keeps the Enemy at a Distance. They have hitherto made but slow Advances before Ypres. The last Post brought no News from Prince Charles's Army. Duke d'Harcourt continues about Maubeuge, and we hear that his Army is not near so considerable as was reported. We have a Report now, that Prince Charles is near Mentz, and that he has thrown three Bridges over the Rhine, and one over the Main.

*Translation of the Articles of Capitulation between the Troops of their High Mightinesses the States General, in the Garrison of Menin, and those of the French King, the 4th of June, N. S.*

1. The said Town, with its Forces and Fortifications, shall be evacuated to the Troops of his most Christian Majesty in the Condition that it now is.

2. In like Manner the Pavillons, Casernes, Arsenal, Casemates, and other Royal Buildings, shall be evacuated, without any Thing being altered, innovated, or repaired, either on the Part of their High Mightinesses, or of the Garrison.

3. The Commander shall march out with his Garrison, with all the Honours of War, Drums beating, Colours flying, and Matches lighted, with their Arms, Baggages, Equipages, Cannon, and other Pieces stamp'd with their High Mightinesses Arms, with proportionable Ammunition, to be loaden upon Carriages, which shall be furnished, as well as the Horses necessary for drawing the said Cannon, without Injury, Hindrance or Molestation.

4. In like Manner for transporting the Goods and Effects of the Commander, Field Officers, including the whole List, those of the Garrison, the Ministers, and Consistories of the two Reformed Churches, and for the Hospital, sixty Carriages shall be granted, each drawn by four Horses, which shall be laden with all Safety, and follow the said Garrison, under a proper Escorte, to the Frontiers of the State.

5. That the Carriages, with their Drivers, shall have free Liberty to return without any Molestation or Hindrance.

6. That in like Manner the Wives of the Officers and Soldiers shall have free Liberty, in all Safety, to follow the Garrison, with their Children, Cloaths, Baggage, and, in Case of Need, to make Use of the necessary Carriages, which shall have the same Liberty as is mentioned in the foregoing Article, for their Return.

7. That the Sick or Wounded belonging to the said Garrison, and which cannot bear the

Fatigue of travelling, shall remain till they are cured or recovered, and shall be attended, and dressed according to their Characters, and then sent in all Safety to the nearest Town.

8. Those of the Garrison, or who any Way belong to it, who may have any Dutch Wares or Merchandizes, shall be allowed a provisional Term of three Months to carry them away, or sell them in, without being disturbed or molested, either under Pretence of their being Contraband, or any other whatever.

9. That the Families of the Reformed Religion shall have Leave to remain in all Surety and Liberty in the Town, and shall have full Power always to retire whenever they shall think proper.

10. The Garrison shall march out the second or third Day after the Signing of the Capitulation; during which Time, a Gate of the Town shall be delivered up to the Troops of his Majesty, as soon as the Hostages on both Sides shall be given. Neither the Guard nor others shall be permitted to enter into the Town till after the Garrison shall be entirely marched out.

11. As to what concerns the Town of Menin, and the Inhabitants thereof, they shall remain in Possession of their Privileges and Rights, and shall keep their Goods and Estates.

M. de Chabannes is appointed Governor of Menin.

*Hague, June 19, N. S.* The late Governor of Menin is arrived here, and has received Orders from their High Mightinesses to prepare and lay before them an Account in Writing of his whole Conduct, from the first Attack to the Surrender of that Place. The following is a Declaration which has been made here by Richard Hornby, Master of the Wrightson and Irabella, of Sunderland, concerning an Engagement he had with a French Privateer, called the Marquis de Brancas, commanded by Jean Andrié, from Dunkirk, on Saturday the 13th of June, N. S.

About Four Leagues off Shore, within Sight of the Steeple of Gravesend, at One o'Clock, I saw a Privateer two Leagues from us, running to the Southward. As soon as he discovered me, he tack'd and stood directly for me with all the Sail he could make. At Two o'Clock he was within Gun-shot, when he hoisted French Colours, and fired upon me with his Chace Guns forward. I immediately hoisted the British Colours, and returned the Shot. At a Quarter past Two he boarded us on the Larboard Quarter, his Boltsprit within our Main Shrouds, but entred none of his Men. He then back'd a-stern, and run us aboard on the Starboard Side, grappled, lash'd, and entered a considerable Number of his Men. We gave them a warm Reception from our close Quarters, which they endeavoured to tear up with Axes, firing on us furiously with Small Arms at the same Time; but we ply'd them so smartly with our Small Arms, that we killed several of them, and soon cleared the Deck, the Living carrying away the Dead in their Arms. After that he lay about forty Minutes lash'd to us, calling to us to strike, or he would give us no Quarter;