

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Saturday October 20. to Tuesday October 23. 1744.

Stockholm, October 5, O. S.

YESTERDAY the Prince's Royal made her publick Entry into this Town, in the same Order as the Prince Successor did his some Time since.

Naples, Oct. 6, N. S. The Signals, which for some Weeks past have been kept out at the Castle of St. Elmo, to discover the Approach of any Ships of War, have been taken in, and the Feluccas and other light Vessels, which on that Account had been sent to watch, are returned to the Port. In the last Week 200 Waggon, and as many Mules, loaden with Provisions and military Stores, were sent from this City to the Army at Velletri, and other large Quantities are collecting for that Purpose.

Rome, Oct. 10, N. S. On the 5th, several Waggon with Regimentals and Stores passed near the Walls of this City from Pesaro to the Austrian Camp. The Armies continue in their usual Situation, notwithstanding the Motions which for many Days past have been observed in them for a Decampment.

Florence, October 13, N. S. Prince Lobcowitz remains with his Army in his Camp near Nemi. The Imbarcation of the Invalids is deferred, the extreme bad Weather and contrary Winds having obliged the Men of War that were destin'd to escort them, to put into the Port of St. Stephano, where by the last Letters upon the 10th, they were still detain'd. The Prince apply'd to M. de Gages for a Safe-guard for the Sick, but it was refused him. A Courier that arriv'd Yesterday from the Austrian Camp brings Advice, that the last Milan Courier that pass'd by this Place, had been intercepted by a Party of Spaniards near Acqua Pendente, who took from him all his Letters, and, as is reported, Ten thousand Sequins consign'd for the Army. The Spaniards gag'd the Courier, and ty'd him to one of the Wheels of his Chaise, having carried away the Horses and Postillion, in which Situation he remained nine Hours, till he was released by some Passengers. This Accident was owing entirely to the Courier's having, contrary to what has been practis'd of late, taken the direct Road to Rome instead of going by Arezzo. A Courier pass'd by this Place last Night, dispatched by General Pallavicini to hasten Prince Lobcowitz's Retreat. By the late Dispositions it appear'd as if he design'd to halt some Days at Viterbo, for which Purpose Provisions are lodged there, but No-body is yet inform'd what Route he intends to take, as that will depend upon the Motions of the Spaniards and Neapolitans, who will, it is thought, follow him. Upon the 3d Instant Forty five Men of the King of Naples's Regiment came over to the Austrian Camp under the Conduct of some Quarter Masters, who were immedi-

ately made Lieutenants. The Men had Passports given them and were sent away. In the Night of the 4th, a Detachment of 150 Men march'd privately from the Austrian Camp and surpris'd the Post of the Enemy at Valmonti, consisting of about 200 Men under M. Portocarrero, who in last June desert'd from the Austrians, and acquainted the Spaniards with the Word given out that Night by the Austrian General, which was the Occasion of the Loss the Queen's Army suffer'd at Mount Artemisio. The Officer refus'd Quarter and was killed; his Lieutenant having fired both his Pistols, and being without any more Balls, loaden one of them with the Rammer, and shot himself. The other Lieutenant was taken Prisoner, with 164 Men, the rest were killed. The Dispositions for embarking the Austrian Invalids at Lirici, have for a third Time been changed. It is now determin'd to debark them at the Mouth of the River Arno. The Number of the Sick a Month ago amounted to 2500.

Vienna, October 12, N. S. Marshal Seckendorf has taken Donawerth, but not without the Loss of 600 Men. He is suppos'd to have cross'd the Danube, and to be advancing up the Lech, if he has not already pass'd it; on account of the Lowness of the Water in the present extreme dry Season. In which Case, M. Bernclau will, it is apprehended, have been oblig'd to retire to the Iffer.

Vienna, Oct. 17, N. S. A Courier arriv'd Yesterday from Prince Charles with Dispatches of the 14th Instant, by which it appears, that the Prussians were still at Tabor and Sobieslaw; that their Motions were the slower, as they march in a Kind of a square Battalion, with their Artillery and Cavalry in the Center; that their Horse was in a miserable Condition for Want of Forage; that when they march'd from Teyn, they were reduced to half a Pound of Bread to each Man, which short Allowance has now continued for eight Days, the little Magazine they have at Tabor not furnishing more. Baron Trenk with his Irregulars has attack'd Teyn, where there was still some Cannon, with four Battalions, and the Prussian Body of Hussars call'd *Death and Destruction*; the Infantry sav'd the Cannon, but 400 of the others were put to the Sword by Trenk, who is gone up the Muldaw to clear Budeweis. Count Ghilani extends in Parties from the Muldaw to Newhaus. General Nadasti, in like Parties, from Kostelez upon the Muldaw to Yung Worschitz. The Prince himself is suppos'd to have pass'd the Muldaw at Worlik, and to have encamp'd Yesterday at Clumetz, while General Festetitz, with his Hussars, keeps the Plunders from stirring out of Prague with their Booty, collect'd out of the Houses of those who are absent. The Prussian Artillery in Prague is said to consist of 32 large Cannon and

and 15 Mortars, which, with the heavy Baggage of the whole Army that is left there, may possibly, it is thought, engage them to force a Passage thither from Tabor; but his Prussian Majesty must then pass near Clumetz, where, independently of the Saxons, the Prince is supposed to be superior by 6000 Men, besides that the Junction itself will be made, it is hoped, as To-morrow or the next Day. Prince Weissenfelds has excused the Slowness of his March, on account of his numerous Artillery, which is as great in Proportion as that of the Prussians. The Garrison at Prague is said to be reduced by Sickness and Desertion to 2000 Men. The Grand Burggrave is under Arrest there in the Name of the Emperor, contrary to the express Capitulation, by way of Reprizal, for one Count Paradis, a Bohemian, under Sentence, and now a Prisoner at Neustadt for very early Intrigues and Correspondence with the House of Bavaria. One Hundred Deserters at least, have every Day been brought to the Prince's Camp, who is forming free Companies of such as prove to be Bohemians, Silesians, and Moravians. The greatest Excesses of all Kinds have been committed by a Body of Prussian Hussars in Moravia, particularly upon some Estates of the House of Lichtenstein; but 2000 Hungarians of the Insurgents are now entred by Scalitz into Moravia, and will be followed daily by their Countrymen. General Bathiani will by this Time have taken the Command of the Army in Bavaria. It is written from Prince Charles's Army, that by all Reports and Advices, his Prussian Majesty seems to be in the utmost Streights.

From the Saxon Head Quarters, at Rosmital in Bohemia.

The 16th in the Morning we quitted our Camp near Pilsen, and the Army marched that Day in Two Columns: That of the Right, leaving to the Right Hand the Villages of Dablebetz, Czernitz, and Coffin, passed by Nesbawietz and Neswietz, in the Way to Schacowa, and from thence to the Camp mark'd out in that Neighbourhood. The Left Wing marched from Pilsen on the Side of Pilsenez and Sckalow, by Stialowiz and Milinow, to Lipniz. The Duke had his Quarters at the Castle of Portzitschbourg belonging to the Count de Tour. His most Serene Highness had received, before he left Pilsen, a Letter from Prince Charles dated the 14th at Czemeliz, signifying that the Prussians were marching to Nemischl in the Way to Prague, and that they lost great Numbers by Desertion: That General Nadasti, whose Corps is posted at Kosteletz, has frequent Skirmishes with their advanced Guards, and that the Lieutenant Colonel of Ghilani's Regiment had taken from them at Wessely below Teyn, 102 Quintals of Meal, and 27 Tons of Beer. The Courier who brought this Letter, was redispached to Prince Charles the same Morning.

The 17th the Army marched in one Column from Porzitsch, by Barowno, Michow, Teslin and Weshin, to Rosmital, where the Duke lodged in the Castle belonging to the Archbishop of Prague. We were obliged to send 50 Pioneers before us to repair the Roads, which were almost impassable in many Places, and especially in the swampy Woods which we were to cross. Lieutenant Colonel Ecroes posted himself at the

Head of our new Camp with 300 Hussars detached from the Queen's Army, to wait there the Arrival of our Troops. The Duke had Letters from Prince Charles's Army dated the 16th at Clumetz in the Circle of Beraun, on the other Side of the Muldaw, which River they passed the 15th, importing, that the Prussians were on the Side of Yung Woschitz in the Circle of Bechin.

Those Letters mentioned too an Advantage which General Nadasti, who was posted between Tabor and the King of Prussia's Quarters, had had over the Enemy on the 15th Instant; and it was added, that there were still 400 Prussians at Budeweis, as many at Frauenberg, and 1500 at Tabor, and that Baron Trenk had Orders to dislodge those at Budeweis.

Bern, October 17, N. S. The City of Constance having had Intelligence that a Body of French Troops, with a Train of Artillery, was advanced towards them as far as Rodolphzell, it was agreed on the 9th in a general Assembly of the Burghers to capitulate before their Arrival, and the same Afternoon they ordered four Members of the Little Council and two of the Great to set out for Rodolphzell to settle the Conditions, which were accordingly adjusted the same Evening. The Governor refusing to be comprehended in the Capitulation, march'd off early the next Morning with his Artillery for Bregentz, and the French Troops enter'd and took Possession of the Town a few Hours after, in the Name of the Emperor. So violent a Contagion is got amongst the great and small Cattle in the Provinces of Burgundy, Forest, Beaujolois, Lionnois and Dauphiny, that the Magistrates of Chamberry have strictly forbid the Commerce of all Sorts of Cattle between France and Savoy under the severest Penalties: And a like Contagion having visibly appeared in this Country, it is expected, that the Swiss Cantons will follow the Example of their Neighbours.

Ghent, Oct. 21. The Duke d'Arenberg marched the 13th Instant with the Left Wing of the combined Army, consisting of the Austrian and Dutch Troops, and encamped between the Lys and the Schelde, about a League from this Place; and the Day following Marshal Wade marched with the English and Hanoverian Forces, and encamped near Deynse, facing the Lys, and the next Day passed that River and proceeded to Drongen. The Storm both of Wind and Rain was so violent that Day, that the Soldiers could not pitch their Tents, and many of them were shatter'd and torn in attempting it. This Storm continued for three Days and more, though with less Violence, which occasioned great Numbers to be sent to the Hospitals; and as the Continuance in that Situation must have been attended with greater Mischiefs, it was thought proper the Army should march into Winter Quarters. The Horse-Guards and Regiments of Horse proceeded to theirs at Brussels on Saturday last, and on Monday and Tuesday the Foot and Dragoons marched hither and Bruges. The Hanoverians began their March this Day to their respective Quarters; and the Dutch and Austrians are to march To-morrow and Friday, so that the whole Army will be in Motion towards their Winter Quarters before the End of the Week.

Hambourg, Oct. 27, N. S. The Dutchess of Holstein received Advice Yesterday from Moscow, that the Empress was returned to that Capital from her late Journey of Devotion to Kiow. It is thought that Affairs go ill in Bohemia, on the Part of the King of Prussia, from the Ignorance People are in here of what passes there, for otherwise every Incident of Success quickly finds its Way hither from Berlin.

Hague, Oct. 30, N. S. The Cover'd Way before Fribourg was carried by the French in the Night between the 19th and 20th Instant, after a very bloody Attack. The freshest Advices from Bohemia mention the King of Prussia's still retreating, and pointing his March towards Czaflaw, whilst Prince Charles is said to be advanced to Bistritz; but there are no News of the Saxons having joined his Highness, or even pass'd the Muldaw. The French Letters are still a Post behind.

Whitehall, Oct. 20, 1744.

Whereas it has been represented to his Majesty, That on Thursday the 20th Day of September last, Twenty Sheep, the Property of Benjamin Banks the Elder, of Kensington, Butcher, which were at Grass in a Field near Kensington Gravel Pits, were found killed, and the Fat taken out of them: And whereas on Tuesday the 9th Day of this Instant October, about Seven o'Clock in the Morning, Twenty-two Ewe Sheep, most of them in Lamb, belonging to George Gadby, of the Parish of Long Stewkley in the County of Bucks, Grazier, were found, in a Field at Coppot's Farm, in the Parish of Fryan Barnet, in the County of Middlesex, with their Throats cut, their Bodies opened, and all their Fat taken out, and carried away: His Majesty, for the better discovering and bringing to Justice the Person or Persons concerned in the Crimes aforesaid, is pleas'd to promise his most gracious Pardon to any one of them, who shall discover his Accomplice or Accomplices, so as he, she, or they may be apprehended and convicted thereof.

HOLLES NEWCASTLE.

General Post-Office, London, Sept. 22, 1744.
Post-Chaises between London and Portsmouth,
by the Way of Hartfordbridge.

This is to acquaint the Publick, that the several Post-Masters on the Road between London and Portsmouth, are ready to furnish Gentlemen and others with Post-Chaises, safe, easy, and well secured from the Weather, upon as short a Warning as for Post Horses, at any Hour, either of the Day or Night. Gentlemen who have Occasion to go Post on the above Roads, are desired to apply to Mr. William Miller, Post-Master, at the White Bear in Piccadilly.

A Post-Chaise may be had at any of the Stages on the Portsmouth Road, to go Part, or all the Way, for one or more Stages, for those who do not chuse to travel in the Night.

N. B. All Gentlemen that travel in Post-Chaises of their own, upon the Roads, where Post-Chaises are already set up by the Authority of this Office, may be supplied with Horses at the several Stages on those Roads at the Rate of Nine Pence per Mile.

By Command of the Post-Master-General,
Geo. Shelvocke, Sec.

General Post-Office, October 19, 1744.

Publick Notice is hereby given, to all whom it may concern, That the usual sort of Standers, which used to go out from this Office upon Monday Night, will not go out till the Tuesday Night of every Week for the Time to come, or till Orders shall be given to the contrary.

By Command of the Post-Master-General,
Geo. Shelvocke, Secretary.

General Post-Office, London, July 25, 1744.
Post-Chaises between London and Norwich,
and London and Cambridge.

This is to acquaint the Publick, That the several Post-Masters on the Road between London and Norwich, and London and Cambridge, are ready to furnish Gentlemen or others with Post-Chaises, safe, easy, and well secured from the Weather, upon as short a Warning as for Post Horses, at any Hour, either of the Day or Night. Gentlemen who have Occasion to go Post on the above Roads, are desired to apply to Mr. Roberts, at the Black Bull in Whitechappel.

A Post-Chaise may be had at any of the Stages on the Norwich or Cambridge Roads, to go Part, or all the Way, for one or more Stages, for those who do not chuse to travel in the Night.

N. B. All Gentlemen that travel in Post-Chaises of their own, upon the Roads where Post-Chaises are already set up by the Authority of this Office, may be supplied with Horses at the several Stages on those Roads, at the Rate of Nine Pence per Mile.

By Command of the Post-Master-General,
Geo. Shelvocke, Sec.

Notice is hereby given to the Officers and Companies of his Majesty's Sloop the *Mortar* and Deptford's Prizes who were on board at the Taking a French Prize call'd the *L'Amable Vainqueur*, that their respective Shares will be paid them by Mr. William Hanway, at the Three Tuns Tavern in Crutched Fryars, on Thursday the first of November, between the Hours of Nine and Two, and on the Tuesday following, and on the first Tuesday in every Month for Three Years. N. B. Payment is postponed for a Week for material Reasons.

Bristol, October 15, 1744.

Notice is hereby given to all Officers, Sailors, &c. belonging to the Southwell Privateer, lately commanded by Captain John Wingfield deceased, that a Dividend will be made on Thursday Morning the 8th of November next, at the Coffee-house in the Square, on Account of the following Ships taken and retaken by her.

La Reine des Anges, from St. Domingo.
Duke of Argyll, Martin, and William, all three from Virginia.

L'Heureuse Union, from Cadix.

The Payments to continue every Monday and Thursday till compleated.

Advertisements,

Friday the 12th Day of October, in the Eighteenth Year of the Reign of his Majesty King George the Second, 1744, between William Newcombe, Plaintiff; Daniel Downe, and Robert Mole, Defendants.

FORASMUCH as this Court was this present Day informed by Mr. Way, of Council with the Plaintiff, that the Plaintiff the 7th Day of December 1743, filed his Bill in this Court against the Defendants, as by the Six Clerk's Certificate appears, and took out Process of Subpoena returnable the 13th of February 1743, requiring the said Defendant Daniel Downe to appear to and answer the same, but the said Defendant hath not so done; that upon Enquiry at the said Defendant's usual Place of Abode, he is not to be found so as to be served with such Process, but absconds to avoid being served with the Process of this Court, as by Affidavit also appears; and the said Certificate and Affidavit being now read, this Court doth Order, that the Defendant Daniel Downe do appear to the Plaintiff's Bill on or before the last Day of the next Term.

TO be Sold, together or in Parcels, pursuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, before Anthony Allen, Esq; one of the Masters of the said Court, at his House in Bream's Buildings, Chancery-lane, The Leasehold Estates of the Reverend Mr. Littleton Burton, deceased, situate at Brackley, in the County of Northampton, and held by two Leases from Magdalen College, Oxford, being together of the yearly Value of 240 l. Particulars whereof may be had at the said Master's House.

ALL Persons indebted to the Estate of Mr. Thomas Croce, late of the *Genoa Arms* in Bridge Street, Covent Garden, deceased, are hereby desired to pay their respective Debts to Mr. Siro Croce, one of his Executors and Residuary Legatee, at the *Genoa*

Genoa Arms aforesaid, who carries on the Business there. And those who have any Demands on his said Estate, are also desired forthwith to deliver in their Accounts, in order to receive Satisfaction for the same.

BY Virtue of a Commission from the High Court of Admiralty, speedily will be exposed to sale, by publick Auction, at Falmouth, Four Hundred and Twenty Seven Butts of Canary Wines, being the entire Cargoe of the Zeepardt, or Sea Horse, taken as Prize by the Surprize Privateer. Of which Sale further Notice will be given in this Paper.

THE Creditors of Francis Cruso, late of King's Lyna in Norfolk, a Bankrupt, who have proved their Debts under the Commission, are required to meet the Assignee of the Estate and Effects of the said Bankrupt, on the 29th Instant, at Three in the Afternoon, at the House of Thomas Alday, being the King's Head in the Market Place in the City of Norwich, to assent to or dissent from the said Assignee's submitting Matters in Dispute in Relation to the said Bankrupt's Estate and Effects to Arbitration, and to assent to or dissent from the said Assignee's commencing and prosecuting any Suit or Suits in Law or Equity for the Recovery of the said Bankrupt's Estate and Effects, or any Part thereof.

THE Creditors of William Roffe, late of Seven Oakes in the County of Kent, Attorney at Law, discharged out of his Majesty's Prison of the Fleet, London, from his Debts, by Virtue of an Act of Parliament made in the Sixteenth Year of the Reign of his present Majesty King George the Second, intituled, An Act for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors, are desired to meet on Monday the 5th Day of November next, (and not on Monday the 31st Instant, as mention'd in last Tuesday's Gazette by Mistake) at Four of the Clock in the Afternoon, at the House of Richard Hills, being the Sign of the Black Boy in Seven Oakes aforesaid, in order to chuse and appoint an Assignee or Assignees of the Estate and Effects of the said William Roffe, in pursuance of the said Act.

WHEREAS a Commission of Bankrupt is awarded and issued forth against Jonathan May, of Colchester, in the County of Essex, Vintner, and he being declared a Bankrupt, is hereby required to surrender himself to the Commissioners in the said Commission named, or the major Part of them, on the 3d and 24th of November next, and on the 4th of December following, at Ten in the Forenoon on each of the said Days, at the House of the said Jonathan May, being the Sign of the Red Lyon in Colchester aforesaid, and make a full Discovery and Disclosure of his Estate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the second Sitting to chuse Assignees, and at the last Sitting the said Bankrupt is required to finish his Examination, and the Creditors are to assent to or dissent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Persons indebted to the said Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the same but to whom the Commissioners shall appoint, but give Notice to Mr. William Daniel, Attorney, in Colchester.

WHEREAS a Commission of Bankrupt is awarded and issued forth against John Hibberdine, of Philpot-Lane, Citizen of London and Upholder, and he being declared a Bankrupt, is hereby required to surrender himself to the Commissioners in the said Commission named, or the major Part of them, on the 26th of October instant, on the 7th of November next, and on the 4th of December following, at Three in the Afternoon on each of the said Days, at Guildhall, London, and make a full Discovery and Disclosure of his Estate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the second Sitting to chuse Assignees, and at the last Sitting the said Bankrupt is required to finish his Examination, and the Creditors are to assent to or dissent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Persons indebted to the said Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the same but to whom the Commissioners shall appoint, but give Notice to Mr. Andrew Smith, Attorney, in King-street, London.

THE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against William Lewis, late of London, Chymist and Chapman, intend to meet on the 14th of November next, at Three of the Clock in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London, in order to make a Dividend of the said Bankrupt's Estate; when and where the Creditors who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Dividend.

THE Commissioners in a renewed Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against Gyles Beene, late of London; Merchant, deceased, intend to meet on the 22d of November next, at Three of the Clock in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London, in order to make a final Dividend of the said Bankrupt's Estate; when and where the Creditors who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to do the same, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Dividend.

THE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against Nicholas Smith, late of Puddledock, London, Sugar-baker, intend to meet on the 14th Day of November next, at Three of the Clock in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London, in order to make a Dividend of the said Bankrupt's Estate; when and where the Creditors

who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to do the same, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Dividend.

THE under-mentioned Persons claiming the Benefit of the Act lately passed for Relief of insolvent Debtors, the following Notices have been brought to the Printer of the London Gazette, to be inserted in this Paper, and are herein inserted in Obedience to the said Act.

The following Person being a Fugitive for Debt, and beyond the Seas on or before the First of January 1742, and having surrendered himself to the Keeper of Wood-street Compter, hereby gives Notice, that he intends to take the Benefit of the late Act of Parliament passed in the Sixteenth Year of the Reign of his present Majesty King George the Second intituled, An Act for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors, at the next General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be held for the City of London, or at the Adjournment thereof, which shall happen next after thirty Days from the Publication hereof, viz. William Burgoyne, late of Salisbury-street in Rotherhith, in the Parish of St. Mary Magdalen Burnworth, in the County of Surry, Mariner.

The following Persons being Fugitives for Debt and beyond the Seas on or before the first of January 1742, and having surrendered themselves to the Keeper of his Majesty's Prison of the Fleet, London, hereby give Notice, that they intend to take the Benefit of an Act of Parliament passed in the Sixteenth Year of the Reign of his present Majesty King George the Second, intituled, An Act for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors, at the next General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be held for the City of London, or at the Adjournment thereof, that shall happen next after thirty Days from the Publication hereof, viz. John Dodson, late of Gosport in the County of Southampton, Weaver. Robert Clarke, late of East-Smithfield, Butcher-row, in the Parish of St. Botolph without Aldgate, in the County of Middlesex, Coffin-maker and Undertaker. Joseph Hyde, late of Taunton in the County of Somerset, Painter.

The following Person being a Prisoner for Debt in his Majesty's Prison of the Fleet, hereby gives Notice, that he intends to take the Benefit of an Act of Parliament made in the Sixteenth Year of the Reign of his Majesty King George the Second, intituled, An Act for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors, at the next General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be held at the Guildhall of the City of London, in and for the said City, or at the Adjournment thereof, that shall happen next after 30 Days from the Publication hereof, viz. Joseph Hyde, late of Taunton in the County of Somerset, Painter.

The following Person being a Prisoner for Debt in the Castle of York, gives Notice, that he intends to take the Benefit of the late Act of Parliament made in the Sixteenth Year of the Reign of his present Majesty King George the Second, intituled, An Act for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors, at the Adjournment from the General Quarter Sessions of the Peace from the West Riding of the County of York to be held at the Castle of York, next after Thirty Days from the Publication hereof, viz. Major Wilson, late of Leeds, in the County of York, Merchant.

N. B. If any Person in the foregoing List of Prisoners shall find, on the Perusal of this Gazette, that there is any Error, such Error shall, upon Notice, be rectified in the next Gazette Gratis.