

The London Gazette.

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Warsaw, November 24, N. S.

THE Court has just published a Factum, a Translation of which is hereto annexed; and the Great Chancellor of the Crown has written, by Order of the King, a Letter to Count Podewils, the King of Prussia's Minister of State, to complain of the Behaviour of the Prussian Ministers at the late Diet, and to demand Satisfaction.

Translation of the Factum published by the Court of Warsaw.

After that the Diet having been happily opened, and the Preliminaries dispatch'd with a general Consent, Joy and Unanimity, and the Course of the Publick Counsels seem'd to tend towards a Conclusion of the Business in Hand, a new and unexpected Affair not only rais'd great Disturbances and Dissentions, but also render'd the Endeavours and Pains which had been us'd for the publick Good, entirely of none Effect.

For first Reports were spread, that there were some Indications of a very secret and pernicious Attempt of the most Excellent Lord Wallenrodt against the publick Counsels of the States of the Kingdom assembled at the Diet, as if he intended to prepossess some of the Members thereof, either by Bribery, or sinister Insinuations, and to make use of them for preventing a happy Progress of the Counsels of the Diet.

This Affair was a long while the Subject of private Meetings and Discourses, but at last it came publickly before the Diet.

For when the said M. Wallenrodt, upon Occasion of his Visits of Civility to the Grandees of the Kingdom, who resorted to this Assembly, express'd great Curiosity to know the Motives and Intentions of the present Counsels, and was

very urgent in his Enquiries concerning the Augmentation of the Forces propos'd to be rais'd purely for the Security of the Republick, which had been long before thought of, and generally desired, and either denied the Necessity of such an Augmentation, or oppos'd it with artful Objections, at the same time endeavouring to raise a Distrust of the Government of the Republick, and the Dispositions made with Regard to its internal State, and for the Preservation of the Tranquility thereof, which were evidently in themselves harmless, free to every Nation to make within itself, and not offensive to any one, and thereby drew a general Suspicion upon himself; things at last came to that Pass, that one of the principal Nuncios, who in Return for his Civilities had thought fit to visit him, a Gentleman of the Name of Wilczewski, Deputy of Wisna, unexpectedly discovered the Truth of the Affair.

This Gentleman and his Colleague, in Obedience to the Instructions given them by the Nobility of Wisna, for the Diet, being under an Obligation to wait both upon M. Wallenrodt, and the Resident Hoffmann, and to discourse with them upon some Business arising from the Neighbourhood of the Lordship of Wisna to the Brandenbourg Prussia, met there with what he by no Means sought for, and suffer'd himself to be involved in most pernicious Contrivances, which aimed at nothing less than the Dissolution of the Diet; and did not only give Ear to several Persuasions and Promises, but allowed himself to be tempted with a Sum of ready Money.

The Affair was settled between them upon this Foot, That in Case he broke up the Diet, three thousand Hungarian Ducats were to be paid to him within a few Days after, which Sum was also, for his further Security, to be deposited in a certain Place: Moreover the Post of Lieutenant-Colonel in the Brandenbourg Forces,

(Price Four-Pence.)

Forces, and a Liberty of enjoying what he possessed in Brandenburg Prussia, free from all Taxes for ever, with other great Things, were offer'd to him. In the mean while, three hundred and fifty Hungarian Ducats were immediately paid down to him; but he not finding any more likely Method of disengaging himself from the Snare in which his Honour and Conscience had been so unwarily taken, after he was come to himself again, and had taken proper Time for Reflection, threw up, upon a certain Day, the Money he had received, in the Midst of the Assembly of the Nuncios, and discovered the whole Contrivance.

Nevertheless, with an Intention to justify himself, by concealing nothing which he knew was detrimental to the Republick, and being hurried, first by the Surprize, and then by the Indignation which were expressed by the Audience and Spectators, he named some other Nuncios as privy to his Plot, who though they were not indeed guilty, yet had perhaps been designedly accused to him by the said Wallenrodt, for the Sake of breaking the Harmony of the Nuncios.

Some of these confessed that they had likewise been tamper'd with by the said M. Wallenrodt, and excited to disturb the publick Counsels under various Pretences, but that they had not given into his dangerous Insinuations. And first, the Nuncio of the Palatinate of Sandomirz, Kietlinski, declared, that M. Mokranowski, Chief Master of the Kitchen at the Court at Berlin, came to renew an old Acquaintance with him, whom he too afterwards visited out of Civility; that M. Wallenrodt came in at that Visit, and immediately entering into Discourse concerning the Proceedings of the Diet, recommended the keeping a Neutrality, and argued against the Republick's entering into Treaties with foreign Powers. That at another Time he declared his Opinion more openly, which was, that he wished this Diet might be dissolved, or rather, that by proposing Difficulties of several Kinds, the Time of the Session might expire without any thing being done; and that, if he could obtain his Wish, by either of these Methods, he promised him four thousand Hungarian Ducats; that at length he made use of many Insinuations to dissuade from an Augmentation of the Forces of the Republick, as being unnecessary at this Time; all which was again and again confirmed by the Resident Hoffmann. Another Nuncio of the Palatinate of Podolia, named Gurowsti, acknowledged that he was with the aforesaid Kietlinski at the Resident Hoffmann's House, and that he heard the same Conversation both concerning the Dissolution of the Diet, and the Augmentation of the Forces, as a Thing which might involve the Republick in a War. A third, who was Vice-Chamberlain, and Nuncio of the District of Mozyr, named Wolbeck, affirmed that he was introduced by a

certain Canon of Gnesna, Sieniński by Name, to a Conference with the Resident Hoffmann, and by him excited, by an Offer of two thousand Hungarian Ducats, to break up the Diet, or trifle away the Time of the Session, and this in the Presence of the Canon, who interpreted between them. Moreover the Canon Sieniński bore Witness, that he was desired by the Resident Hoffmann, whom he went to see upon some particular Business, to give him an Opportunity of being acquainted with the Nuncio of Mozyr, which he accordingly performed.

These are therefore more than plain Proofs of a great Conspiracy for the Destruction of the Republick; but however, others whom Wilczewski had named, as being by Wallenrodt's Account concerned in it, were highly exasperated, finding themselves falsely charged with such a Crime, and not being able to bear that such a Stain should be fixed upon their Honour.

It is not easy to express what Commotions this Affair raised in the Republick, fierce Disputes having thereupon arisen amongst the Nuncios, who insisted upon each other's justifying themselves, or being punished. Whilst different People gave different Opinions, the remaining Part of the invaluable Time appointed for the Session was spent in Dissentions and mutual Invectives, from whence the Event of the Diet became doubtful, to the certain Danger of the Republick. There is no Doubt to be made but that M. Wallenrodt, and the Resident Hoffmann, are the sole Cause of all these Mischiefs; but there is something yet behind, which enhances their Guilt, namely, that upon the Report of the Plot's being discovered, they were not content to keep themselves within the due Bounds of Modesty, but even in Memorials which they both presented to his Sacred Majesty, and publicly dispersed, they made use of many Expressions, indecent, and manifestly derogatory to the Royal Dignity, and injurious to the States of the Kingdom. This audacious Proceeding on their Part is still further confirmed by some other, as well printed Pieces, as written Letters, published both before and at the Sitting of the Diet, which seem purposely calculated to raise Dissentions in this Kingdom, and to destroy all mutual Confidence between the States.

It is left to every impartial Judge to determine, whether all these Practices, so contrary to the Rules of good Neighbourhood and Friendship, and to the Law of Nations, ought to be permitted and endured.

In order in some Measure to redress the Detriment occasioned by the fruitless Separation of the Diet, the King, two Days after, held a Senatus Consilium, the Result of which was as follows, viz.

1st, The King, for the internal Security of the State, reserves to himself the Power of summoning an extraordinary Diet, in convenient Time,

Time, according to the Authority which his Majesty has for that Purpose; as to the external Security, the Care of that is left to the Vigilance of the Great Generals.

2dly, The Ministers are charged carefully to shew, wherever it may be proper, that Resentment, which the Foreign Intrigues and Cabals, which are at present proved, deserve, and to demand the Satisfaction due thereupon to the King and the State.

3dly, In Case the extraordinary Diet should not be summoned so soon, the King will order the Dietines of Relation to be summoned as Time and Circumstances shall require.

4thly, As, in order to keep up a good Understanding with the neighbouring Nations, as well as to obviate every Thing which might give occasion for Discontent on both sides, no better Method appears, than to continue and conclude the Conferences with the Foreign Ministers already appointed, by Virtue of the Constitution of 1726, and begun in Consequence thereof, so it is resolved that these Conferences shall be resumed and ended at Warsaw.

5thly, It shall be enjoined to the Grand Treasurer, to contract provisionally for the Purchase of the Arms and warlike Ammunitions, necessary for the Augmentation of the Army, making use of the Money now in the Treasury for that Purpose, and to pay a certain Sum as Earnest for these Contracts.

In Consequence of the same Resolution of this Senatus Consilium, the King has assigned to the Sieur Wilczewski, Nuncio of Wisna, in consideration of the notable Service which he has done to the Kingdom, the Sum of 2000 Crowns, to be paid to him out of the Revenue of the Crown, till there be an Opportunity of making him a further Recompence.

Some other Points were also settled, but they only regard the Domestick Affairs of the Kingdom.

Presbourg, Nov. 13, N. S. His Excellency the Judex Curiae, Count Esterhasi, is set out from hence for Jablunka, upon the Confines of Moravia, to take upon him the Command of all the Hungarian Insurgents, of whom a good Number is already assembled upon the Borders of Moravia and Silesia, and are every Day increasing. There are 12000 Men already on Horseback, who will march in a few Days.

Vienna, Nov. 25, N. S. The Combined Army in Bohemia, upon the 20th, camped from Teinitz to Konorowitz, where they were joined by the Corps de Reserve under General Nadasti from Kolin. Upon the 21st they encamped, the Austrians at Schischelitz, the Saxons at Kundratitz, and the Body under Count Schuemburg at Clumetz, to which was joined the Corps de Reserve under Nadasti, with Trenk's Regiment, and all the Croats and Hussars,

in order, as is said, to observe the Enemy on all Sides. They intended to march on the 22d directly to Libitzan, and from thence to Konigsgratz, and so on into the County of Glatz, having with them Subsistence for four Days, and having made such Dispositions of their Magazines as to be served afterwards directly upon that Route from Leitomischl. In the mean while his Prussian Majesty's Baggage and heavy Artillery is supposed to have reached Glatz and even Frankensfeyn in Silesia. A Courier is arrived at Nels from the King of Prussia, with Orders to acquaint the Silesians, that his Prussian Majesty had, out of his singular Regard for their Preservation, determin'd to abandon his Conquests in Bohemia. The Bavarians have by Surprise made themselves Masters of the Town of Burkhausen upon the Saltza.

Vienna, Nov. 28, N. S. It was Yesterday in the Afternoon only, that the Court received, by an Estafette, Letters from Prince Charles of the 23d instant, by which the Queen was informed of the true Position of the Prussians after the Passage of the Elbe. It seems now, that in Consequence of the Separation of the Prussians, the Wing, or the greatest Part of the Wing, under the Command of Prince Leopold Dessau, which assembled from Teinitz and Kolin, &c. attempted to gain Prague, where there are 9000 Prussians, of which above two Thirds are sick; but being turned and prevented by General Nadasti, they have struck up by Yung Buntzel, which leads to Zittau, so that, on Account of the Mountains, they can, as is pretended, neither join his Prussian Majesty in Bohemia at all, nor even gain Silesia but by Lusatia. The Precipitation of this Body of Prussians is said to have been so great, that they had already left behind them 2000 Maroderers. The King of Prussia is said to be with the other Wing at Jaromitz, a March from Konigsgratz, and upon the high Road from thence to the Town of Glatz, having drawn to him the rest of his Army, and abandoned Pardubitz, where the Garrison, at its Departure, burnt the Straw and Hay, and threw the Meal into the Elbe. The Prince's Letter was dated at Clumetz, when Nadasti was with his Body of Irregulars at New-Biezow, and Ghylani with his Irregulars at Konigsgratz. It is not in the least doubted but his Prussian Majesty will take Refuge in the County of Glatz. The Hungarians, who are to be as To-morrow at Friedeck, with the Infantry under General Keil from Moravia, will make a Body of 12000 Men. The Manner in which the Town of Burkhausen upon the Saltza, has been surprized, is not known here as yet, more circumstantially, than that 1000 Men are made Prisoners of War. But General Bernclau is, during the Illness of General Bathiani, making all the necessary Dispositions for the Recovery of a Pass of so much Importance upon that River. Since writing what goes before,

an Express is arrived from Prague, with Advice of the Evacuation of that Place, after the Prussians had blown up the Wischeradt, and the Laurenceberg, and taken four Hostages for the Safety of 800 Men, which by Reason of their extreme Sickness, could not be carried off. This Body has taken the direct Route from Prague, towards Dresden, with a Design most probably to pass the Elbe at Leutmeritz, and by turning from thence to the Right, to join by one Means or other the Body abovementioned, which is supposed to have passed by Yung Buntzel.

Passau, Nov. 21. The Enemy's Army is still encamped at Vilshofen. We had this Day 15 Deserters from thence. Our Saicks are posted under an Island above Averbourg and Haikelberg, with 120 Soldiers on board, where they observe all the Enemy's Motions, and make a continual Fire upon them from their small Artillery. This Day an Officer in the Revenue was arrested, being discovered to be a Bavarian Spy. The Regiment of Haller, from Scharding, has joined the Queen's Troops, which are encamped upon the Mountain called Madonna of Assistance. The Austrian Lieutenant who was posted at Griesbach, and was taken Prisoner there, has been exchanged, and obtained since a Company, for the brave Defence which he made for a whole Fortnight with his small Party, in a Place of so little Strength.

Warsaw, Nov. 28, N. S. Their Polish Majesties arrived here on the 26th Instant. M. Bestuchef, the Russian Minister here, has Orders to declare, that if any Troubles arise in Poland, tending to disturb his Polish Majesty in the Possession of the Throne, the Empress of Russia will, on the first Notice thereof, send Troops to his Assistance. We hear from Moscow, that full Satisfaction has been given on General Botta's Affair to her Imperial Majesty, and that he is to be released from his Confinement. We are likewise informed from thence, that the Duke of Holstein will not accede to the Francfort Treaty of Union.

Prague, Nov. 28, N. S. The Day before Yesterday, when the Prussian Troops, the Number of which amounted to about 10,000 Men, were preparing to evacuate the Town, a Body of about 2500 Austrians entred by another Way into it, attack'd the Prussians near the Bridge, and pursued them with a very brisk Fire (of which 4 or 500 Prussians took the Advantage and deserted) to the very Gate they were to go out at. Colonel Cogniasso having pushed the Enemy with too great Eagerness, got into the Midst of them with only a few of his Men about him, and had the Misfortune to be killed. They have left us 32 Pieces of great Artillery, and 18 Mortars, having neither Horses nor Time to carry them off. They had nailed up this Artillery as well as that belonging to the Town, but a great Part of it has been refitted

so as to be rendered serviceable. Yesterday and this Day above a Thousand Deserters have returned to the Town. For three Days before they marched out, the Enemy were employed in throwing 5000 Quintals of Powder, several Thousands of Bombs, Granadoes, and Cartridges, into the River, and broke 12000 of our Muskets. They had also dug Mines in many Places with an Intention to have blown up the Works of the Town, but they were discover'd in Time, and there was but one which was sprung on the Side of the Mountain of St. Laurence, and that without much Damage. In the Body of Austrians there were about 120 Prussian Deserters, who fell upon their old Comrades with the utmost Rage and Fury. During these Skirmishes, between 3 and 400 Lads, Brewers, Butchers, Millers, and Bakers, joined together in a Body, and having got Arms and Ammunition from the Magazine of the Town, assisted all they could in driving out the Prussians, whom they not only pelted with their Shot very severely, whilst they continued in it, but after they were marched out, having drawn up to the Ramparts some great Cannon, which the Enemy had left, charged them with two or three Balls at once, and fired them upon the Prussians as long as they were in Sight.

Copenhagen, Dec. 1, N. S. Yesterday the King of Denmark entered into the 46th Year of his Age. The Anniversary of his Birth Day was celebrated in the same Manner with that of the Queen. On each Day some Promotions were made. M. Schulin entertained the Foreign Ministers Yesterday, as M. Holstein had done before.

Copenhagen, Dec. 1, N. S. We have Letters from Stockholm, which represent the Affair of the King of Sweden's Accession to the Treaty of Frankfort as like to miscarry, especially since the Arrival of an Express from their Ambassador at Moscow.

Hambourg, Dec. 8, N. S. We have Advices here, that the King of Prussia was retreating towards Glatz, and that the late Prussian Commandant in Prague was arrived with his Garrison at Leutmeritz upon the 28th of last Month: And it is likewise reported, that Count Schmettau is recalled from the Court of Versailles. There are Letters in Town from Stockholm, which represent his Swedish Majesty to be dangerously ill.

Hague, Dec. 11, N. S. M. Vander Heim having declined the Post of Greffier, and continuing in that of Pensionary, has notified his Resolution to the Assembly of the States General, who thereupon pitched Yesterday unanimously upon young M. Henry Fagel to succeed his Uncle in the Post of their first Greffier, with the Department of Foreign Affairs; and named M. Gillis, the Pensionary of Haerlem, to succeed young M. Fagel, as their second Greffier,

for

for Domestick Affairs. The particular Circumstances and Conditions of the Surrender of the Castles of Fribourg, continue a Mystery here to this Day. The Evacuation of Prague is confirmed from all Quarters. We have also Advices which mention General Bathiani's having, before he fell ill, dislodged the Imperialists from Burkhauen, and thereby broken their Chain of Postings along the Inn.

London, December 8, 1744.

Whereas the following Persons, Members of the Company of Proprietors of the Undertaking for Recovering and Preserving the Navigation of the River DEE, have made Default in paying the several Sums of Money respectively set against their Names, which have been called by the said Company, upon their Stock, (that is to say)

	The Call in 1741.	The Call at Midsummer 1744.
Samuel Jeake, Esq; —	45 10 0	45 10 0
Frances Manley, Widow, —	139 10 0	139 10 0
John Edgell, Gent. —	33 0 0	33 0 0
Sufanna Manley, Widow, —	18 0 0	18 0 0
Mr. James Croxton, —	6 10 0	6 10 0
William Underwood, Esq; —	25 0 0	15 0 0
Charles Carkeffe, Esq; —	39 0 0	39 0 0
Mrs. Ann Wallcott, —	10 0 0	10 0 0
Sir George Wynne, Bart. —	30 0 0	30 0 0
Charles Croughton, Gent. —		12 0 0
Mr Jonathan Gouldson, —		6 10 0
John Owen, Esq; —		6 10 0
The Rev Arthur Williams, —		6 10 0
Henry Bennett, Esq; —		13 0 0
Mrs. Groynn Bodwell, —	18 0 0	18 0 0
Mrs. Martha Bulkley, —		6 10 0
Hugh Clough, Esq; —	13 0 0	13 0 0
Mrs. Ann Clough, —	11 0 0	11 0 0
Mr. Robert Davies, —		13 0 0
Mr. Nehemiah Griffith, —		13 0 0
Mr. Edward Hincks, —		13 0 0
Ralph Leicester, Esq; —		13 0 0
John Murrey, Esq; —		36 0 0
Mr. William Peyton, —		13 0 0
Joseph Sewell, Esq; —	19 10 0	19 10 0
Thomas Tyllson, Esq; —		32 10 0
Mrs. Mary Whitfield, —		13 0 0
John Williams, Esq; —		52 0 0
Hugh Williams, Esq; —		65 0 0
Edward Williams, Esq; —	28 10 0	28 10 0
Mr. William Brackley, —		6 10 0
Joseph Hall, Esq; —		19 10 0
Mr. Richard Moulson, —		6 10 0

The Committee of the said Company, in Pursuance of a Resolution of a General Court of the said Company, held the 8th Day of November last, do hereby appoint and require the said Samuel Jeake, Esq; Mrs. Frances Manley, John Edgell, Gent. Mrs. Sufanna Manley, Mr. James Croxton, William Underwood, Esq; Charles Carkeffe, Esq; Mrs. Ann Wallcott, Sir George Wynne, Bart. Charles Croughton, Gent. Mr. Jonathan Gouldson, John Owen, Esq; the Rev. Arthur Williams, Henry Bennett, Esq; Mrs. Gwynn Bodwell, Mrs. Martha Bulkley, Hugh Clough, Esq; Mrs. Ann Clough, Mr. Robert Davies, Mr. Nehemiah Griffith, Mr. Edward Hincks, Ralph Leicester, Esq; John Murrey, Esq; Mr. William Peyton, Joseph Sewell, Esq; Thomas Tyllson, Esq; Mrs. Mary Whitfield, John Williams, Esq; Hugh Williams, Esq; Edward Williams, Esq; of Merionethshire, Mr. William Brackley, Joseph Hall, Esq; and Mr. Richard Moulson, their respective Executors, Administrators, Devisees,

or Assigns, to pay his, her or their respective Share of the Money so called for, and as aforesaid remaining unpaid, unto the Committee of the said Company, at their Office in St. Swithen's-lane, London, on or before the 25th of December instant: And Notice is hereby given, That such of the Persons as shall not pay their said Calls on or before that Time, will incur the Penalties and Disabilities mentioned in the Act of Parliament made in the last Session of Parliament, intituled, 'An Act for explaining and amending an Act passed in the Sixth Year of his present Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act to recover and preserve the Navigation of the River Dee in the County Palatine of Chester; and another Act passed in the Fourteenth Year of his present Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act for incorporating the Undertakers of the Navigation of the River Dee; and for repealing the Tonnage Rates payable to the said Undertakers, and for granting to them other Tonnage or Keelage Rates in lieu thereof, and for other Purposes therein mentioned.'

By Order of the Committee,

St. Leger Phillips, Sec.

By the Principal Officers and Commissioners of his Majesty's Navy.

These are to give Notice, that on Tuesday the 18th of next Month, at Ten of the Clock in the Morning, will be exposed to Sale at this Office, in Pursuance of Orders on that Behalf, The Hulls of his Majesty's Ships the Scarborough Hospital Ship at Deptford, and Diamond at Portsmouth, with some Particulars, that are to be sold with them. The Ships to be viewed at the Places where they now lie, between this and the Day of Sale, by such Persons as are inclinable to attend the said Sale, and bid for them.

Dated at the Navy-Office, Nov. 30, 1744.

General Post-Office, London, July 25, 1744.

Post-Chaises between London and Norwich, and London and Cambridge.

This is to acquaint the Publick, That the several Post-Masters on the Road between London and Norwich, and London and Cambridge, are ready to furnish Gentlemen or others with Post-Chaises, safe, easy, and well secured from the Weather, upon as short a Warning as for Post Horses, at any Hour, either of the Day or Night. Gentlemen who have Occasion to go Post on the above Roads, are desired to apply to Mr. Roberts, at the Black Bull in Whitechappel.

A Post-Chaise may be had at any of the Stages on the Norwich or Cambridge Roads, to go Part, or all the Way, for one or more Stages, for those who do not chuse to travel in the Night.

N. B. All Gentlemen that travel in Post-Chaises of their own, upon the Roads where Post-Chaises are already set up by the Authority of this Office, may be supplied with Horses at the several Stages on those Roads, at the Rate of Nine Pence per Mile.

By Command of the Post-Master-General,
Geo. Shelvocke, Sec.

General Post-Office, London, Sept. 22, 1744.

Post-Chaises between London and Portsmouth, by the Way of Hartfordbridge.

This is to acquaint the Publick, that the several Post-Masters on the Road between London and Portsmouth, are ready to furnish Gentlemen and others with Post-Chaises, safe, easy, and well secured from the Weather, upon as short a Warning as for Post Horses, at any Hour, either of the Day or Night. Gentlemen who have Occasion to go Post on the above Roads, are desired

desired to apply to Mr. William Miller, Post-Master, at the White Bear in Piccadilly.

A Post-Chaise may be had at any of the Stages on the Portsmouth Road, to go Part, or all the Way, for one or more Stages, for those who do not chuse to travel in the Night.

N. B. All Gentlemen that travel in Post-Chaises of their own, upon the Roads, where Post-Chaises are already set up by the Authority of this Office, may be supplied with Horses at the several Stages on those Roads at the Rate of Nine Pence per Mile.

By Command of the Post-Master-General,
Geo. Shelvocke, Sec.

General Post-Office, October 19, 1744.

Publick Notice is hereby given, to all whom it may concern, That the Mail for Flanders, which used to go out from this Office upon Monday Night, will not go out till the Tuesday Night of every Week for the Time to come, or till Orders shall be given to the contrary.

By Command of the Post-Master-General,
Geo. Shelvocke, Secretary.

The Court of Directors of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, give Notice, That a General Court will be held at the Bank on Thursday next, the 13th Instant, at Eleven in the Forenoon, being one of the Quarterly General Courts appointed by their Charter.

Robert Lewin, Secretary.

Lead-Office, December 6, 1744.

The Court of Assistants of the Governor and Company for Smelting down Lead with Pit-coal and Sea-coal do hereby give Notice, That a Court of Election of a Governor, Deputy Governor, and Twelve Assistants for the Year ensuing, for the said Corporation, will be held at their House in St. Martin's Lane, Cannon-street, on Friday the 4th Day of January next, from Eleven o'Clock in the Forenoon to One in the Afternoon; and that the Transfer Books will be shut on Friday the 14th Instant, and opened again on Tuesday the 15th of January following. Printed Lists of the Proprietors will be ready to be delivered on Friday the 28th Instant.

Robert Mackintosh, Secretary.

South-Sea-House, London, Dec. 6, 1744.

The Court of Directors of the South-Sea Company give Notice, That the Transfer Books of New South-Sea Annuities will be shut on Tuesday the 18th Instant, at Two o'Clock, and opened again on Thursday the 24th of January next. And that the Warrants for the Half Year's Interest due thereon at Christmas next, will be paid on Monday the 28th of the said Month of January. They also give Notice, That the Transfer Books of the Trading Stock will be shut on Monday the 24th Instant, at Two o'Clock, and opened again on Wednesday the 6th of February next. And that the Dividend thereon for the half Year ending at Christmas next, will be paid on Monday and Tuesday, the 11th and 12th of the said Month of February; on which Days of Payment the said New Annuity and Stock Transfer Books will be shut.

The Commissioners appointed in and by Virtue of an Act of Parliament, intituled, An Act for making the River Douglas alias Afland navigable, from the River Ribble to Wigan, in the County Palatine of Lancaster, intend to meet at the House of Mr. Richard Leigh, Inholder, the Sign of the Eagle and Child in Wigan

aforsaid, on Saturday the 22d Day of December Instant, at Ten of the Clock in the Forenoon, for the settling, determining and adjusting of several Matters concerning the Improvement and Prosecution of the said Navigation, as by the said Act is directed.

Advertisements.

Shortly will be put to the Press,

AN Account of the late EXPEDITION to the SOUTH SEAS. Compiled from Papers and Materials furnish'd by GEORGE ANSON, Esq; Commander in Chief, and publish'd under his Directions. By RICHARD WALTER, A. M. Fellow of Sidney-Suffex-College in Cambridge, and Chaplain of his Majesty's Ship the Centurion in that Expedition.

Illustrated with Copper-Plates, engrav'd from original Draughts, taken in the Course of the Voyage.

Printed for the Author; and sold by John and Paul Knapton, in Ludgate-street.

TO be sold, pursuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, before William Kinaston, Esq; one of the Masters of the said Court, A Large Freehold Messuage or Mansion House situate in Lincoln's Inn Fields, in the County of Middlesex, with a Garden, Coach Houses, Stabling, and large Offices behind the said House, late in the Possession of Peregrine Duke of Ancaster, deceased. Particulars whereof may be had at the said Master's Chambers in Lincoln's Inn.

TO be sold, pursuant to a Decree of his Majesty's Court of Exchequer, before Charles Taylor, Esq; Deputy Remembrancer of the said Court, at his Chambers in the Inner Temple, London, on Monday the 28th Day of January next, between the Hours of Five and Seven of the Clock in the Afternoon, Three Freehold Messuages, with the Land thereto belonging, in the Parishes of Nantmell and Lanyre, in the County of Radnor, of the respective yearly Value of Nineteen Pounds, Twelve Pounds, and Nine Pounds, late the Estate of John Ward, Gent. deceased. Particulars whereof may be had of the said Deputy, at his said Chambers.

TO be sold, pursuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, before Robert Holford, Esq; one of the Masters of the said Court, The Freehold and Leasehold Estate late of George Hitchcock and John Hitchcock, deceased, being an intire Farm, containing 294 Acres or thereabouts, situate at Manton, in the Parish of Presthute near Marlborough, in the County of Wilts, in the Occupation of Margaret Mortimer, at the yearly Rent of 120 l. Of which more particular Information may be had at the said Master's Chambers in Symond's-Inn in Chancery-lane, London.

PURSUANT to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, the Creditors of Isaac Fletcher, late of Basinghall Street, London, Gentleman, deceased, are peremptorily required to come in and prove their Debts before Thomas Bennett, Esq; one of the Masters of the said Court, at his Chambers in Lincoln's Inn, on or before the 10th Day of January next, or in Default thereof they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Decree.

PURSUANT to an Order of the Right Honourable the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, all the Creditors of George Morison, Esq; a Lunatic, are required to come in, on or before the 15th Day of this Instant December, before Edmund Sawyer, Esq; one of the Masters of the High Court of Chancery, at his Chambers in Lincoln's Inn, and prove their respective Debts, otherwise they will be excluded receiving any Benefit by the said Order.

PURSUANT to an Order made by the Right Hon. the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, for enlarging the Time of John Trymer, of Waltham Holy Cross, in the County of Essex, Butcher and Chapman, a Bankrupt, for 49 Days, to be computed from the 27th Day of October last: This is to give Notice, that the major Part of the Commissioners in the said Commission named, will meet on the 15th of December Instant, at Three o'Clock in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London; when and where the said Bankrupt is required to surrender himself, and make a full Discovery and Disclosure of his Estate and Effects, and finish his Examination.

THE Creditors who have proved their Debts under the Commission of Bankruptcy issued against George Myers, late of Tooting, in the Parish of Streatham, in the County of Surry, Callico Printer and Chapman, a Bankrupt, are desired to meet the Assignees of the Estate and Effects of the said Bankrupt, on Wednesday next, which will be the 12th Day of December Instant, precisely at Six of the Clock in the Evening, at the Feathers Tavern in Cheapside, London, in order

order to assent to or dissent from the Assignees commencing one or more Suit or Suits at Law or in Equity for the Recovery of the said Bankrupt's Estate, and on other special Affairs. Enquire for No I.

THE Creditors of Joseph Macham, late of London, Merchant, survivor of William Parrott, under a Commission of Bankrupt awarded against him, who have proved their Debts under the said Commission, and who have not received either of the Dividends already made, may receive the same by applying to Mr. James Marye, Attorney at Law in Old Broad Street.

THE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against George Payne, of Danbury in the County of Essex, Shopkeeper, Dealer and Chapman, intend to meet on the 16th Day of January next, (and not on the 12th Day of December Instant, as inserted in the London Gazette of the 13th of November last) at Three in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London, in order to make a Dividend of the said Bankrupt's Estate; when and where the Creditors who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to do the same, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Dividend.

THE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against George Comer the younger, late of London Bridge, and now of Grace-church-street, London, Haberdasher, intend to meet on the 15th of January next, at Three in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London, in order to make a final Dividend of the said Bankrupt's Estate; when and where the Creditors who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Dividend.

THE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against Joshua Lewis, of Newbury, in the County of Berks, Brazier and Chapman, intend to meet on the 16th of January next, at Three in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London, in order to make a Dividend of the said Bankrupt's Estate and Effects; when and where the Creditors who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to do the same, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Dividend.

THE under-mentioned Persons claiming the Benefit of the Act lately passed for Relief of insolvent Debtors, the following Notices have been brought to the Printer of the London Gazette, to be inserted in this Paper, and are herein inserted in Obedience to the said Act.

The following Persons being Fugitives for Debt and beyond the Seas on or before the first of January 1742, and having surrendered themselves to the Keeper of his Majesty's Prison of the Fleet, London, hereby give Notice, that they intend to take the Benefit of an Act of Parliament passed in the Sixteenth Year of the Reign of his present Majesty King George the Second, intitled, An Act for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors, at the next General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be held for the City of London, or at the Adjournment thereof, that shall happen next after thirty Days from the Publication hereof, viz. Israel Walker, late of St. Martin's in the Fields, Stay-maker. Richard Extens, late of the Parish of Sutton in the County of Wilts, Farmer,

The following Persons being Fugitives for Debt and beyond the Seas on or before the first of January 1742, and having surrendered themselves to the Keeper of the King's Bench Prison in the County of Surry, hereby give Notice, that they intend to take the Benefit of the late Act of Parliament, made in the Sixteenth Year of the Reign of his present Majesty, for the Relief of Insolvent

Debtors, at the next General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be held in and for the County of Surry, or at the Adjournment thereof, which shall happen next after Thirty Days from the Publication hereof, viz. Joseph West, late of the Parish of St. George in the East, near Ratcliff Highway, in the County of Middlesex, Bricklayer. Thomas Whitaker, late of Blackman-street, in the Parish of St. Mary Newington, in the County of Surry, Barber and Peruke-maker. William Hastings, late of the Parish of Cockham, in the County of Berks, Blacksmith. Thankfull Farmer, late of the Parish of St. Paul Deptford, in the County of Kent, Mariner. Richard Parsons, late of St. Botolph Bishopsgate in the City of London, Cook. William Harvey, late of Plymouth in the County of Devon, Mariner.

The following Person being a Prisoner for Debt in his Majesty's Prison of the Fleet, hereby gives Notice, that he intends to take the Benefit of an Act of Parliament made in the Sixteenth Year of the Reign of his Majesty King George the Second, intitled, An Act for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors, at the next General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be held at the Guildhall of the City of London, in and for the said City, or at the Adjournment thereof, that shall happen next after 30 Days from the Publication hereof, viz. Elizabeth Hoare, late of the Parish of St. Botolph without Aldgate, in the County of Middlesex, Victualler.

The following Persons being Prisoners for Debt in the King's Bench Prison in the County of Surry, hereby give Notice, that they intend to take the Benefit of the late Act of Parliament made in the sixteenth Year of the Reign of his present Majesty King George the Second, intitled, An Act for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors, at the next General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be held in and for the County of Surry, or at the Adjournment thereof which shall happen next after Thirty Days from the Publication hereof, viz. Robert Barlow, late of the Parish of St. George the Martyr in the County of Surry, Victualler. John Gadsbee, late of the Parish of St. Leonard Shoreditch in the County of Middlesex, Weaver and Wheel-wright.

The following Person being a Prisoner for Debt in his Majesty's Goal the Castle of Lancaster, in and for the County of Lancaster, hereby gives Notice, that he intends to take the Benefit of the late Act of Parliament made in the Sixteenth Year of the Reign of his present Majesty King George the Second, intitled, An Act for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors, at the next General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be held in and for the said County of Lancaster, or at the Adjournment thereof, which shall happen next after Thirty Days from the Publication hereof, viz. Henry Holt, late of Spotland in the County of Lancaster, Weaver.

N. B. If any Person in the foregoing List of Prisoners shall find, on the Perusal of this Gazette, that there is any Error, such Error shall, upon Notice, be rectified in the next Gazette Gratis.