

which his Majesty has given me over his Army, but that your Electoral Highness will be also graciously pleased to make all the necessary Dispositions, to the End that Commissaries and other Officers may be named and sent to concert the Arrangements, which shall be thought the most convenient, to facilitate the said Passage, as well as for the Stay which these Troops may be obliged to make there, and to regulate, with those of his Majesty, the Provisions of all Sorts, whether Forage, Subsistence, Carriages, Waggon, or Train Horses, necessary for the said Troops, they paying for them upon a moderate Foot, and according to Equity and Justice.

On my Part I can assure your Electoral Highness, I shall take Care that the most exact Discipline be observed by the Troops under my Command, so that they may not occasion any Damage to the Subjects of the Empire, conformably to the Intentions of the King, and in Obedience to the express Orders which I have from his Majesty thereupon. I hope that your Electoral Highness will have the Goodness to communicate this Requisition Letter to the other States of the Circle, which you have the Direction of.

I have the Honour to be, &c.

The Marshal de Maillebois.

Nassletter, Dec. 18, 1744.

*Translation of the Elector of Cologne's Answer to Marshall Maillebois. Bonne, the 22d of December, 1744.*

Sir,

I Received last Night the Letter which you wrote to me upon the 18th of this Month. I know as much as the most jealous Prince, what I owe to the Emperor, to the Empire, and to myself. The Measures which I have taken for the Support of my Dominions, appear to me the most conformable to this Obligation; by the Means of which, besides the Neutrality, from which I shall not depart, I hope to remove from my Territories every Thing which might bring War upon them, or the Calamities which the Neighbouring Electors, neutral as well as myself, experience under the same specious Title which you alledge, in a War which does not in any Manner concern the Empire. Upon these Motives I cannot grant either the Passage or the Stay which you demand of me for the Troops which are under your Command. As I am besides too well persuaded of the Equity of the most Christian King, I cannot figure to myself that his Majesty would be willing to make Use of Force, or that he can take it ill, that, in order to secure myself from Consequences, whereof the above-cited Example renews my whole Attention, I should make use of proper Methods, and such as are prescribed by the Laws of the Empire, for sheltering myself from them.

I am with Consideration,

Sir, truly and entirely Yours.

Bonne, the 22d of December, 1744.

Whitehall, December 29.

The King has been pleased to appoint Edmund Waller, Esq; to be Cofferer of his Majesty's Household.

The King has been pleased to grant unto the Right Hon. Pattee Viscount Torrington, and the Right Hon. George Earl of Cholmondeley, the Office or Offices of Vice-Treasurer and Receiver General and Pay-Master General of all his Majesty's Revenues in the Kingdom of Ireland, and likewise the Office of Treasurer at War within the said Kingdom.

The King has been pleased to appoint William Chetwynd, Esq; to be Master and Worker of His Majesty's Mint.

*This is to give Notice, that on Wednesday the 16th of January next, and also the 23d and 30th of January next, a Dividend will be paid to such Officers and Seamen who were on Board the Privateer Recovery, Mark Anderson, Commander, at taking the Prizes L'Intriquent and La Marie, or such Persons as are legally intitled by them to receive the same, by the Agents at the Carolina Coffee house in Birchin-lane, between the Hours of Four and Seven in the Afternoon.*

*Notice is hereby given to the Officers and Company of His Majesty's Ship Kingsale, residing in London, that were on Board at the taking the two French Prizes the St. Catherine and Sn. Juan Baptista, that they, or their lawful Attornies, may receive their respective Shares of the net Proceeds of the said Prizes, at Mr. Edward Jasper's Office on Tower Hill, on Tuesday the 22d Day of January next.*

*Wednesday December 5, 1744. in the 18th Year of the Reign of King George the Second, over Great Britain, &c.*

Committee City Lands.

*Whereas by an Act of Parliament made in the 6th Year of the Reign of her late Majesty Queen Anne (intituled, An Act for repealing the Act of the First Year of King James the First, intituled, An Act for the well Garbling of Spices, and for granting an Equivalent to the City of London, by admitting Brokers) it was enacted, That from and after the Determination of the then present Session of Parliament, all Persons that should act as Brokers, within the City of London, and Liberties thereof, should from Time to Time, be admitted, so to do by the Court of Aldermen of the said City for the Time being, under such Restrictions and Limitations, for their good Behaviour, as that Court should think reasonable. And further, that if any Person or Persons, from and after the Determination of the then present Session of Parliament, should take upon him to act as a Broker, or employ any other under him to act as such, within the said City and Liberties, not being admitted as aforesaid, every such Person so offending, should forfeit and pay to the Use of the said Mayor and Commonalty, and Citizens of the said City for every such Offence, the Sum of Twenty Five Pounds, to be recovered in such Manner as in and by the said Act is directed.*

*And whereas several Persons, notwithstanding the said Act, do daily act as Brokers within the said City and Liberties thereof, though not admitted as aforesaid, It is ordered, that the said Act be forthwith put into Execution against all such Persons so offending, and that Notice hereof be given in the publick Papers.*

D. Seaman, Comptroller,