The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Tuesdag April 9. to Saturday April 13. 1745.

Stockholm, March 22. of Plunder. We made 120 Men Prisoners of War at Griesbach. Vienna, March 27, N. S. Ten thousand Few Days ago died, at his Estate in five hundred Men have been raised in Bohemia the Country, Senator Baron Cederand Moravia, fo that the Horfe is compleated, ftrom. each Regiment to 1094, and the Foot to 2300. Pfarkirken, March 25, N.S. The Our Army in Silelia has received the most Part of their Recruits, and will confift in all in 58 Battalions, which may be reckoned at 600 Men, and the 16 Regiments of Horfe compleated, with five Regiments of Huffars at 1300 each, with about 20000 Croats and Infurgents; of these latter 13000 are actually there. In Bavaria they will have 50000 Men compleat. At prefent we operate there with about 25000, exclusive of Garrisons. We have good Intelligence that the King of Pruffia is arrived, with General Schwering, in Silefia, and that his Army will confift of above 60000 effective Men, 30000 of which are to encamp at Neifs, 15000 in Glatz, and 15000 about Coffel. The Saxons are drawing nearer the Frontiers of Silefia towards Braunau. Leopold Palfy's Regiment of Foot, confifting of 3000 Men, is marching from Sclavonia into Italy, and about 4000 Recruits from hence are on the Road, befides those which have been raised nearer at Hand. Velt Marshal Count Traun is appointed Commander in chief of the Forces in Bavaria.

Austrian Troops passed the Inn upon the 21st, in three Columns of about 4000 Men each. One Column marched out of Passaw under General Bernklau, another out of Scharding under General Bathiani, and the third from Braunau under General Brown, whose Column consisted of fix Battalions, two Regiments of Dragoons, and one of Trips's Huffars. After they had passed the Inn, General Brown ordered out feveral small Parties towards Marckl and Tann, in order to give the Enemy the Alarm, as fome fmall Corps of their Troops were there, whilft he took towards the Right to Malching, and from thence to Afpach, where the Troops were obliged to reft a Day in order to make a Bridge over the little River called the Rot, which was very much fwelled on account of the melting of the Snow and the continual Rains. In the mean time General Brown detached fome of his Huffars from Minster to the other Side of the Rot, and Bernklau's were also detached from Firstenzele, with an Intention that they should join at this Place in two forced Marches with fome few Hungarian Foot and Croats. The Huffars under Brown Swam over the River, which the Enemy perceiving, and that Bernklau's were also advancing and furrounding them, they marched out of the Town in order to fecuré a Retreat to Eggenfelden, or to throw themselves into the Woods; upon which General Trips, with all the Huffars and fome Foot, attacked them, killed 200, and between wounded and Prisoners the Enemy lost 400. The famous Partifan Geschrey saved himself by getting off of his Horfe and running into the Woods; those of the Enemy who saved themselves in this Rencounter gave the Alarm at Eggenfelden, from whence the General who commanded there retired towards Landshut. The Huslars are purfuing them, and have taken a great deal

From the Austrian Head Quarters at Vilsho-

fen, March 30, N.S. The Day before Yelterday General Bathiani fummoned the Governor of Vilshofen in Form to surrender, which he having refused to comply with, Orders were immediately given for the Cannon, which we had ready upon our Batteries, to play upon the Town, and at the fame Time it was affaulted on two Sides, on the Right by General Brown, whose Avant Guard was composed of the Croats of the Bannat, and on the Left by General Bernklau, whose Avant Guard confisted of Warasiding, and General Schmertzing made a third Attack on the other Side of the Vils. The Affault began at Four o'Clock in the Afternoon, and the whole was fo well conducted by the wife and vigorous Conduct of the faid three Generals,

(Price Four-Pence.)