jor-General Trips, at the Head of the Queen's Troops, attacked them with so much Success, that they were entirely routed, three hundred Men of the Regiment of Taxis killed, and Frohberg's Cuirassiers so roughly handled, that only 15 Officers and 200 Men remain'd of that Regiment, who were made Prisoners of War.

Mentz, April 14. We hear from Bavaria, that the Hessian General, discontented with Marshal Thoring's Dispositions, and enraged at the Loss of so many of his Troops at Vilshofen, had determined to save the rest by marching homewards; and that notwithstanding the Marshal had seized his Baggage in order to prevent that Separation, he had actually withdrawn his Troops towards the Frontier of Suabia. That M. de Segur was not better satisfied with M. Thoring than the Hessian General, and rather chose to defend himself separately than to join with the Bavarians, because the latter having lost the greatest Part of their Magazines, he should be obliged to feed them, and run the Hazard of not being able to subsist his own Troops. The Bavarian Infantry are said to want Arms, and their Cavalry Boots and other Necessaries. Part of the French Troops passed their Bridge in the Night, and this Morning at Ten o'Clock we saw a Regiment of Horse march the same Way from the Windows of the Palace.

Mentz, April 15, N.S. A Detachment of the French Army under the Command of Marshal de Maillebois, consisting of eight Battalions and nine Squadrons, began to repair the Rhine Yesterday upon the Bridge which they have set up at Biberick, a little below this City. 'Tis faid this Body will be followed To-day by another Detachment, and that both of them will march into the Hunfruck, under the Command of M. de Chatelet, but upon what Design is a Secret. All our Advices from Bavaria confirm the Accounts already given of the Success of the Austrian Troops in that Electorate, and describe the ill State of the Bavarian Army, as well as the Dissentions that have arisen between the Bavarian, French, and Hessian Generals, since the taking of Vilshofen, in such Terms as seem to promise great Success to the Queen of Hungary's Arms in that Electorate.

Mentz, April. 18, N. S. The Elector of Bavaria arrived the 15th Instant, N. S. at Augsbourg, and it is said, that the Hessian Troops in the Service of Bavaria have passed by that Town. Baron Kesselstat and Baron Drost, Ministers of the Electors of Mentz and Cologne, came from Munich to Augsburgh the same Day, after having wrote to General Bathiani, at the Elector's Request, to desire that the Empress and his Grandmother the Electress of Bavaria might be permitted to stay in Sasety at Munich. All the other foreign Ministers who resided at Munich, have sollowed the Elector to Augsbourg. The French Troops which repassed the Rhine on the 14th and 15th, together with the Swiss Regiment of

Secdorf, confisting of three Battalions, which lay on the South Side of that River, were ordered to Bingen. In the mean time we have Advice, that the Duke of Aremberg quitted Limpurg and Ober Lanstein on the 14th, upon which M. Maillebois immediately took Possession of the Lahne, and the Allied Army is at present encamped under the Cannon of Erenbreitstein, between Neuwied and Engers.

Berlin, April 13, N.S. Their Royal Highnesses the Prince of Prussia and Prince Henry will go to the Army the 23d of this Month. The Marquis de Vallory is also invited to come to go thither, upon the first Notice he shall receive, and which he is now impatiently expecting, having made all the necessary Preparations for his Departure. The Boats which have lately gone off from hence, loaded partly with Provisions and warlike Stores, and partly with Recruit Horses for the Regiments in Silesia, amount to 72 in Number; they debark at Audit, a Place

fituate on this Side the Territory of Lusatia, where Horses are ready to receive and transport the Cargoes. Recruits are daily going to Silesia: The three Regiments of Foot, and two Regiments of Dragoons of Roel and Stosch, as also four Companies of Grenadiers, and in short all the Garrison here, have received their last Orders for marching, and will be employed, with the Regiment of Foot of Leps, and that of Dragoons of Mullendorf, and some others, who are to return from Silesia, to form a Camp at Gethin near Magdebourg: This Corps, will con-

fift of 30 Squadrons and 12 Battalions, making

about 12000 Men, whereof the reigning Prince of Deslau will have the Command.

Berlin, April 17, N. S. The twelve Battalions and 30 Squadrons, which are to form a Camp at Magdebourg, are beginning to file off that Way. Stosch's and Roel's Dragoons marched, the first Yesterday and the latter this Morning. It is faid that the reigning Prince of Deffau having refused the Command of that Corps, his Prussian Majesty will confer it upon the Prince of Prussia. Several Cannons, from 18 to 24 Pounders, were taken out of the Arlenal this Morning, and embarked, in order to be transported to Magdebourg. Bredow's Regiment of Foot is to return into Garrison here upon the Departure of the present Garrison. We hear from Neiss, that his Prussian Majesty has dismissed Colonel Kalschaw, to whom he had lately given a Regiment, and the Prince of Anhalt Schaumbourg a Captain. The old General Kleist is upon the Road in his Return from Silesia with all his Equipages, and Field Marshal Schwerin continues ill. They talk of his going to Aix la Chapelle, as soon as the Season and the State of his Health will permit him.

Augsbourg, April 16, N.S. The Elector and his Ministers are arrived here. Yesterday the Austrians were very near Munich. They are supposed to be by this Time actually in Possession of