

The London Gazette.

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From Tuesday April 23. to Saturday April 27. 1745.

Naples, March 30.

ON the 25th two transport Vessels returned to this Port from Gaeta, with seven Battering Pieces with their Stores; and it is reported, that by the 3d of April, the whole Train of 40 large Cannons and 20 Mortars, with their Carriages, Ammunition, &c. will be shipped off here for Ancona, to which Place six 24 Pounders, two Mortars, and seven Companies out of the Regiment of Royal Paterno, have begun their March from Pescara, to join the Army in the Ecclesiastical State. On the 26th sailed from this Port for Sicily, the King's Frigate with Recruits to compleat the Troops. On the 27th Eleven Persons, charged as Diffidents to this Government, amongst whom were five Clergymen, Natives of the City of Teramo, were conducted from Abruzzo to the Prison of this City.

Rome, April 3. The Pope, in Consideration of the Hardships and Damages that many of the Inhabitants within the City and the District of Rome have suffered by the Passage of Foreign Troops, has renewed the old favourable Laws, to exempt those who have 12 Children from all Manner of Taxes, Duties, &c. and those who have Vineyards and Lands of their own, from all Duties on Provisions for the Use of their Families.

Florence, April 6. We hear from the Romagna, that on the 30th past, the Spanish and Neapolitan Troops, consisting, the former of about 18000, and the latter of about 6000 Men, were arrived at Rimini, with a Train of 30 Field Pieces, 30 Waggons of military Stores, and 1500 Mules laden with Ammunition, &c. On the 1st Instant they advanced to Cesena, from whence a Detachment of about 6000 Spaniards began their March to Lugo in the Ferrarese. Prince Lobcowitz, in Consequence thereof, retired with his Troops from Forli, and on the 3d began his March from Imola towards the Panaro. He is also removing the Artillery, Magazines, &c. from Imola; for which Purpose 120 Pair of Cattle were sent thither from Castle St. Pietro; and the whole Austrian Army was expected to arrive at Bologna by the 5th. They are fortifying and providing the Citadel of Modena with all Necessaries.

Venice, April 16. Early Yesterday Morning came Advice by an Estafette, that on the 13th Instant in the Forenoon, M. de Gages, with the Spanish Army, consisting of about 22000 Men, had passed the Panaro without Opposition near Spilamberto. Some Parties of Lycanians were on the Banks of the River to observe the Motions of the Spaniards, but retired immediately after firing some of their Pieces. It is supposed that Prince Lobcowitz is at Carpi behind the Secchia.

Bern, April 16; N. S. We have Advice from Ravenspourg in Swabia, that on the 8th Instant, the Peasants of Bregentz made a brisk Attack upon a Body of French Troops in the Neighbourhood of Ravenspourg, that they had surpris'd a Castle about four Leagues from thence, and taken 200 French Prisoners; and by a Postscript to the said Advices it is added, This Moment the Bregentzers have fallen upon three Companies of Hussars, and cut them entirely to Pieces. There is also Advice here, that the French are gathering all their Forces in Swabia together near Weingarten. The Senate and Sixteen ancient Bailifs of this Canton were assembled by Six of the Clock this Morning, in order to fill up the Fourscore and five Vacancies in the Council of 200, and the Election is just now over.

From the Head Quarters of the Austrian Army under the Command of General Bathiani at Potmes, April 24, N. S.

General Trips is pursuing the French with a strong Detachment of Hussars and Waradiners, and a Part of his Corps is already near Geislingen. The whole Army is preparing to follow without Loss of Time.

Berlin, April 27, N. S. On Sunday last a Courier from Munich passed through this Place in his Road to Neifs, with an Account of the Peace lately concluded between the Queen of Hungary and the Elector of Bavaria. This Piece of News has thrown the Partisans of France into the greatest Consternation, and it is now doubted, whether the Encampment at Magdebourg will take Place. It is said here, that the Command of that Army had been offer'd to the old Prince of Dessau, who excused himself from accepting it on Account of his ill State of Health, and that the Prince of Anhalt Zerbst will have the Command thereof, if it should be hereafter formed: However, in the mean while, Bredow's Regiment of Foot has entred into Garrison here, and Wurtemberg's marched this Morning towards Magdebourg. Last Week a Body of the Hungarian Insurgents penetrated to within half a League of Bresslau; and there is a Report this Day, that they have taken several Boats laden with the Cloathing of 25 Prussian Regiments.

Dresden, April 28. The Prussians have withdrawn all the Troops which they had advanced towards the County of Glatz, and seem to be forming two Corps, one at Sweidnitz and the other at Neifs. They have even destroyed some Works they had made, with the Design, as was supposed, to defend the Passes thro' that County into Silesia.

Brassels, April 28, N. S. After a great deal of Variety and Contradiction, our Advices for two or three Days' past agree, that the Enemy's Army