

Charles Duke of Richmond, Master of the Horse.

Charles Duke of Bolton.

John Duke of Bedford, First Commissioner of the Admiralty.

John Duke of Montagu, Master-General of the Ordnance.

Archibald Duke of Argyll.

Thomas Holles Duke of Newcastle, one of his Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State.

John Marquess of Tweeddale, another of his Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State.

Henry Earl of Pembroke, Groom of the Stole.

Philip Earl of Chesterfield, Lord Lieutenant of Ireland.

John Earl of Stair.

William Earl of Harrington, another of his Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State.

William Earl of Bath.

Richard Viscount Cobham. And,

Henry Pelham, Esq; First Commissioner of the Treasury.

*Stockholm, April 16, O. S.* Last Sunday the Marquis de Laumary the French Ambassador, and the Marquis del Puerto the Spanish Minister Plenipotentiary, began jointly to make their Feastings and Rejoicings in the Ambassador's House, on Occasion of the Marriage of the Dauphin, with the Infanta of Spain, which lasted three Days. On the 1st, his Swedish Majesty and the Prince Successor, with a select Company, dined with their Excellencies. Yesterday Evening there was a Ball, Firework, and Supper, at which the Prince and Princess Royal assisted, as also most of the Senators, their Ladies, and some Foreign Ministers; and To-day several of the principal Burghers, in the Interest of France, were entertained by the above-mentioned Ministers at Dinner.

*Venice, April 23.* Prince Lobcowitz passed the Penaro on the 10th and 11th of this Month, having Vignolo and Spilemberto to his Right, and Buomporto to his Left. The Detachments in those Places had Orders to retreat, should the Enemy, with a superior Force, approach them. And accordingly on the 13th the Enemy passed the River without Opposition. The Detachments from Spilemberto and Buomporto joined the Prince's Army the same Night; but that of Vignolo, consisting of a Captain and 200 Waradiners, remained in an old ruinous Castle of the same Name. The Prince put his Army in Order of Battle at Colegara, and remained so till towards Evening, when the Enemy not appearing, he took Possession of the Camp of Pont Alto, having his Left to the Citadel of Modena, his Right to the Secchia and the great Road which leads to Mazaglia, defended by several Pieces of Cannon. In this Situation he received considerable Reinforcements from Mantua, and seems to think himself a Match for the Enemy. The Duke of Modena summoned the Waradiners who remain'd at Vignolo to yield themselves Prisoners of War, and received for Answer from them, That they were resolved to defend themselves to the last Extremity: Upon which Orders were given to attack them in Form. The Enemy was repulsed with some Loss, and

were preparing to renew the Attack with a greater Force and with eight Pieces of Cannon, when an Alarm was spread, that the Prince was coming down with his whole Force upon them, upon which they thought proper to recall the Troops intended against Vignolo, and gave Time to the Detachment to march out of it, Drums beating and Colours flying, and they joined the Army without the Loss of a Man. It is thought that the Enemy cannot long remain in their present Position for Want of Subsistence; and that they must determine to attack the Prince, or return towards Bologna.

*Vienna, April 30, N. S.* General Trips with his Avant Guard overtook M. Segur at Gunzburg, who abandoned six Pieces of French Cannon, four Mortars, with the rest of the French Baggage. Further Advices mention the Arrival of M. Segur at Constadt. Prince Charles set out Yesterday to put himself at the Head of the Queen's Army in Bohemia, and proposes to be on the 6th of next Month at Koenigsgratz. The King of Prussia has abandoned Troppaw, Wiedenaw, and Ziegenhals, and was on the Point of doing the like at Jagendorff; so that it is thought he will leave Upper Silesia free, and bring his Men together near the Gorges of the Mountains in Lower Silesia, and post them so as to be able to have them all together in two Marches at the Mouth of any one of the Defiles. The young Elector of Bavaria returned to Munich on the 24th, and his Troops into the open Country. All the Hessian Officers, Prisoners at Neustadt, have Liberty to return Home on their Parole.

*Munich, April 30, N. S.* Upon the Conclusion of the Treaty betwixt the Queen of Hungary and the Elector our Sovereign, General Bathiani received her Majesty's Orders to march with his Army, without Loss of Time, towards the Rhine, in order to co-operate with the Army under the Command of the Duke of Aremberg, and deliver the Electorate of Mayence and the Seat of Election from the Oppression of the French Troops, which for six Weeks past have kept the Towns of Mayence and Francfort in a Manner blockaded.

*Dresden, May 4, N. S.* By Letters from Silesia there is Advice, that the King of Prussia had lately narrowly escaped being drowned in crossing a Water on Horseback near Neiss, and had been ill for three Days after that Accident: Also that the Prussians, upon their abandoning the County of Glatz, left a Magazine, supposed not to be very considerable.

*Dresden, May 5, N. S.* M. Vaugtenon, the new French Minister to this Court, is expected here this Day. On his Arrival M. St. Severin will return home. M. Beese is appointed Great Marshal of the Court of Berlin, in the Room of Baron Gotter, who has resigned, and is to be succeeded here by M. Cagnioni.

*Berlin, May 4, N. S.* The King of Prussia has given Orders, that the Money lately stopt in the County of Hohenstein, belonging to the Elector of Saxony, should be returned without Delay. Lieutenant Colonel Hacke is named by his Majesty to be Governor of this Capital, in the room of M. de Glasenap, who, upon