

# The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Saturday August 24. to Tuesday August 27. 1745.

Leghorn, August 6, N. S.

**T**HE Republick of Genoa is erecting a strong Battery to the Eastward of the City, near the Lazaretto, which is design'd to flank the others towards the Sea, and render the City more secure from any Attempts of a Bombardment, which the Republick seem to apprehend; the Government had also signified to the Consuls residing there, that they would, for the future, examine all Vessels that might arrive in Port, lest they be Enemies, or filled with Combustibles to blow up the City. On the 22d past, General Schu-lemberg's Head Quarters was fixed at Reverone, having the Tanaro in Front, his Right extended to Alexandria, and the Left to the Po. The Army had been reinforced with four Regiments of his Sardinian Majesty's Cavalry and 10 Battalions of Infantry, seven Battalions more were in full March also to' join the Austrian Army. The whole Riviera to the Westward is in Arms, occasioned by the daily Incurfions of the Piedmontese; and the County of Albenga has protested, that rather than suffer it to be ruined, they will submit to his Sardinian Majesty. Letters from St. Remo of the 27th advise, that Count Lautrech was daily expected at Nice with nine Battalions, and it was reported he would besiege the Castle of Savorgio. Two French Gallies are arrived at Monaco with six Field Pieces and a Quantity of Ammunition.

Leghorn, August 9, N. S. Two Days ago his Britannick Majesty's Ship the Lowestoff, brought in here Six Vessels under Neapolitan Colours which were bound to Genoa, laden with Provisions for the Spanish Army.

*Journal of the Saxon Auxiliary Army in Bohemia, from the 13th to the 14th of August, N. S. dated from their Head Quarters at Johannisberg near Konigingratz.*

**U**PON the 13th we had Advice from Upper Silesia, that the Prussians having received a Check from the Insurgents there, had been obliged to retire to Neisse, in order to post themselves under the Cannon of that Fortress.

We also heard from the County of Glatz, that a Party of Austrians had dispersed a Troop of Prussian Hussars between Wunschelbourg and Politz.

Major General St. Andre found Means to send some few of his Men into Habelschwerdt, who destroyed twenty Ovens lately built there for the Use of the Prussians.

The Prussian Corps, which retired some Days ago from Zwol, according to our last Advices, continues its March by Skalitz to Nachod; and it has since been followed by the Sick and the Baggage by the Road of Schwiritz upon the Confines of Glatz, to which Place, as well as to Falkenstein and the neighbouring Countries, Orders have been sent from the King to hasten the Harvest as much as possible. Lieutenant Colonel Monro sent us Advice, that the Uhlans having the Day before sent a Patrol to the other Side of the Metau to reinforce that already there, they had been attacked by a Troop of 50 Prussian Horse, who retired afterwards towards an Ambush of their Foot, in order to draw the Uhlans after them. General Nadafti having had Information thereof, detach'd 200 Hussars to support the Uhlans, and thereupon the Prussian Foot coming out of their Ambush, fired upon them; and then retreated into the Suburbs of Neustadt. Immediately General Nadafti ordered Rudnicki's Pulk of Tartars and his Hussars to invest that Town, and summon'd the Garrison twice by a Trumpet to surrender Prisoners of War. The Commandant return'd for Answer, that so far from complying with the Summons, he was determin'd to defend the Town. In the Afternoon two Prussian Battalions, and seven Squadrons, with four Pieces of Cannon, were sent from Nachod to the Assistance of Neustadt. But the seven Squadrons having detached themselves a little from the Foot, General Nadafti ordered his Regiment, and the Transilvanians lately arrived, to pass the Metau, and ranged them in one Line in order of Battle. This Disposition obliged the Prussian Foot to return forthwith with their Cannon towards Nahorzan, from whence, having let the Cavalry file off by a Defile, the Infantry afterwards took the same Road; and after having fired several Pieces of Cannon, the Whole marched towards Nachod. Count Nadafti had formed a Design to scale the Town of Neustadt, but as the Enterprize would have been too hazardous, on Account of the advantagious Situation of the Castle, which is surrounded with strong Walls, the Generals and Chiefs of his Corps opposed it, so that that Scheme was abandoned. The same Night we had Advice, that five Prussian Battalions, with 42 Pieces of Cannon, had also been sent from Nachod to the Succour of Neustadt.

Colonel Frenk arrived from Jagerndorff with two free Companies. His Regiment, which consists of 3000 Men, is also in March to join the Army here,

By

( Price Two-pence. )

By the Reports of Deserters which came in upon the 14th, the Army of the King of Prussia in Camp at Chlom, after the several Detachments made from it, does not consist of above nine Regiments of Horse and 20 Battalions which compose the first Line. There were two Battalions of Grenadiers posted in some Villages upon the Right Wing, and a Third, with a Regiment of Hussars, near the Bridge upon the Elbe. They also reported, that the second Line consisted only of eight Battalions, and that a Regiment of Dragoons was encamped in the Front of the Army.

In order to reinforce the Corps under General Nadaſti, 14 Squadrons, under the Command of Lieutenant General Philibert, advanced to Burawina, in order to join 2000 Horse under the Command of Major General Radicati, and 14 other Squadrons were also detached from the Army to take Possession of General Philibert's Post beyond Slatina, on the other Side the Adler.

Prince Charles detached two of the five Battalions posted on the other Side the Adler to Piletitz. They will be replaced by two Battalions of Damnitz's Regiment, which is encamped here.

We received Advice that the King of Prussia had detached two Regiments of Horse from his Left Wing to be posted upon the Metau, and that he had sent back to Nachod the five Battalions and 12 Squadrons which had been ordered to march from thence to the Assistance of Neustadt.

*Venice, August 20, N. S.* Letters dated the 16th from the Austrian Head Quarters at Bassignane advise, that the Garrison of Tortona retired on the 14th into the Citadel, and that they had begun to fire from thence on the 16th in the Morning. The Citadel has a brave and experienced Officer for Governor, is well fortified, has a Garrison of 3500 Men, furnished with every Thing necessary for a good Defence, and it is thought will be able to hold out till October.

*Berlin, August 28, N. S.* In Consequence of the Manifesto published here, the Prussians have entered Saxony, and the Prince of Dessau has forbid all the Inhabitants of the Country to oppose him upon Pain of the severest military Execution. According to the last Advices received here, their Camp is at Skeneditz, a League and an half from Leipzig. It is said they intend to begin the Operations by laying Siege to Wittenberg, and that the Army of his Prussian Majesty in Bohemia will enter Saxony on that Side; and it is even reported, that they are actually filing off towards the Frontiers, and that the Duke of Saxe Weissenfels, with the Body under his Command, will be obliged to retire from Bohemia to cover and defend the Territories of Saxony.

*Berlin, Sept. 2, N. S.* As the Uhlans, and other irregular Polish Troops, to the Number of 6000 Men, are in the Neighbourhood of Landsberg, about 14 Leagues distant from hence, we are making the necessary Preparations to resist any sudden Surprise; the Burghers, to the Number of 9000 Men, capable of carrying Arms, are assembled and accounted, and near 2000 of them mount Guard daily.

*Hague, Sept. 3, N. S.* Mess. Wafner and Hop, Ministers of the Queen of Hungary and their High Mightinesses, arrived here last Night from Hanover; and the former sets forward for England along with this Mail. Prince Czertabow is likewise on the Road from thence, and will be here in a Day or two. Lord Harrington arrived here this Evening, and his Majesty is expected to be at Helvoet on Monday or Tuesday next, where the Yachts and Convoy arrived last Monday. Advices from Dresden mention the Prussian Army's having recrossed the Elbe on the 25th past, and posted itself behind the Metau, where it was supposed it could not long remain for Want of Subsistence, all the Country within Reach of his Army being entirely exhausted. The Letters from France, come in to Day, bring Advice, that a general Embargo was laid on all Ships in the River Charente, without Distinction of Nation.

Tower of London, August 17, 1745.  
The Principal Officers of his Majesty's Ordnance do hereby give Notice, that whosoever will discover to them any Arms concealed in any Part of Great Britain, so as the same may be properly secured till his Majesty's Pleasure shall be known therein, the Name or Names of the Person or Persons who shall make such Discovery shall be concealed, if required, and he or they shall receive as a Reward for the same, after the Rate of Twenty Five Pounds for every One Hundred Arms, and so in Proportion be the Number more or less.

By Order of the Board,

Charles Bush.

By the Principal Officers and Commissioners of His Majesty's Navy.

Whereas an Hospital is intended to be built near Gosport, in the County of Southampton, for the Reception of Sick Men belonging to his Majesty's Fleet; These are to give Notice, that on Wednesday the 4th of September next, at Ten of the Clock in the Morning, We shall be ready to treat with such Persons as may be willing to undertake the several Works of the said Building, and that they may attend at the said Time with their Proposals in Writing; and for their further Information, a Plan of the Hospital, with a Draught of the Contract and Principal Dimensions may be viewed in the Office of the Clerk of the Acts of his Majesty's Navy, from the 23d Instant until the Time of Treaty. Dated at the Navy Office, the 14th of August, 1745.

General Post-Office, August 24, 1745.

Whereas the Communication with Flanders, by the Way of Ostend, is interrupted, and for the present at an End; Publick Notice is hereby given to all Merchants and others whom it may concern, That as their Letters for the several Parts and Provinces of the Austrian Netherlands are now, of Necessity, to be forwarded by the Way of Holland, it will be most proper for them to inclose their Letters and Packets, or recommend them to such as may be their Friends or Correspondents in Holland, from thence to be forwarded to the Places they are designed for in the Netherlands aforesaid; as also that it will be most safe and convenient for them, that the Answers, in Return to their said Letters, should be sent under Cover to Holland, to be forwarded from thence to this Office.

But in regard to the Correspondence with the Army, all Persons are hereby to take Notice, That their Letters, directed for any Person or Persons in the same, will be received at this Office, and from hence forwarded to the Army, in the Manner hitherto observed, a proper Method of conveying the Army Letters directly from hence, having been settled by the Way of Holland, in Conformity to the Usages in regard thereto, during the Wars of King William and Queen Anne.

By Command of the Post-master General,

George Shelvocke, Secy.

### River Medway.

*At a general Assembly of the Company of Proprietors of the Navigation of the River MEDWAY, held at Tunbridge on Thursday the 15th Day of August, 1745, a Call of Five per Cent. (being the Eighth Call) was made on the Subscription Money; and the Money so called for was ordered to be paid into the Hands of James Colebrook, Esq; and Co. Bankers in London.*

*Notice is hereby given to the Officers and Company that were actually on board his Majesty's Ship Warwick, that they may receive their respective Shares of the two French Prizes called the La Victoire, and La Belle Marie, at Mr. Edward Jasper's Office on Tower Hill, on Tuesday the 3d of September next. And also, That the Officers and Seamen of his Majesty's Ship Newcastle, that were present and on board at the Time of her being in Company with the Kennington, that did take the St. Symphorien, that they may likewise receive their Shares of the said Prize on Wednesday the 4th, at the same Place; and such Shares as are not then demanded, may be received on the first Friday in every Month for three Years to come.*

### Advertisements.

**P**ursuant to an Order made by the Right Hon. the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, for enlarging the Time for George Knapp, of London, Merchant and Salter, a Bankrupt, to make a full Discovery and Disclosure of his Estate and Effects, for 40 Days, to be computed from the 27th Day of August Instant; This is to give Notice, that the Commissioners in the said Commission named, or the major Part of them, intend to meet on the 6th Day of October next, at Three of the Clock in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London; when and where the Creditors may prove their Debts, and assent to or dissent from the Allowance of his Certificate.

**W**hereas the Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against Gustavus Ovey, of Thames-street London, Sadlers Ironmonger and Chapman, met on the 24th Instant, at Guildhall, London, pursuant to Notice in the London Gazette, in order to make a Dividend of the said Bankrupt's Estate: This is to give Notice, that the said Dividend is adjourned to the 4th Day of September next, at Three of the Clock in the Afternoon, at Guildhall aforesaid; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts. And all Persons who have made any Claims under the said Commission are to come prepared to make good their Claims, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Dividend.

**T**HE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against Charles Lay, late of the City of Norwich, Woolcomber, intend to meet on Saturday the 21st Day of September next, at Six of the Clock in the Evening, at the House of Jacob Hatt, known by the Sign of the Popinjay in the City of Norwich, in order to make a Dividend of the said Bankrupt's Estate; when and where the Creditors who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to do the same, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Dividend.

**W**hereas the acting Commissioners in the Commission of Bankrupt awarded against John Mowbray, of the Parish of St. Botolph, in the Liberty of Glass House Yard, in the County, of Middlesex, Baker and Victualler, have certified to the Right Honourable Philip Lord Hardwicke, Baron of Hardwicke, Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, that the said John Mowbray hath in all Things conformed himself according to the Directions of the several Acts of Parliament made concerning Bankrupts: This is to give Notice, that by Virtue of an Act passed in the Fifth Year of his present Majesty's Reign, his Certificate will be allowed and confirmed as the said Act directs, unless Cause be shewn to the contrary on or before the 17th of September next.

**T**HE under-mentioned Persons claiming the Benefit of the Act lately passed for Relief of insolvent Debtors, the following Notices have been brought to the Printer of the London

Gazette, to be inserted in this Paper, and are herein inserted in Obedience to the said Act.

The following Persons being Fugitives for Debt, and beyond the Seas on or before the first of January 1742, and having surrendered themselves to the Keeper of the King's Bench Prison in the County of Surry, hereby give Notice, that they intend to take the Benefit of the late Act of Parliament, made in the Sixteenth Year of the Reign of his present Majesty, for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors, at the next General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be held in and for the County of Surry, or at the Adjournment thereof, which shall happen next after Thirty Days from the Publication hereof, viz. John M'Donnell, late of Wild Street, in the Parish of St. Giles in the Fields, in the County of Middlesex, Vintner. John Pegden, late of the Parish of Barham, in the County of Kent, Farmer and Chapman. Elizabeth Hanna, late of the Parish of Faversham, in the County of Kent, Hatter and Chapwoman.

The following Person being a Prisoner for Debt in his Majesty's Prison of the Fleet, hereby gives Notice, that he intends to take the Benefit of an Act of Parliament made in the Sixteenth Year of the Reign of his Majesty King George the Second, intituled, An Act for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors, at the next General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be held at the Guildhall of the City of London, in and for the said City, or at the Adjournment thereof, that shall happen next after 30 Days from the Publication hereof, viz. James Mortimer, late of the Parish of St John Hackney, in the County of Middlesex, Clothworker.

The following Person being a Fugitive for Debt, and beyond the Seas, on or before the First Day of January 1742, and having surrendered himself to the Keeper of his Majesty's Prison of Newgate, being the City Goal in and for the City of Bristol, hereby gives Notice, that he intends to take the Benefit of an Act of Parliament passed in the Sixteenth Year of the Reign of his present Majesty King George the Second, intituled, An Act for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors, at the next General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be held in and for the said City of Bristol, or at the Adjournment thereof, which shall happen next after thirty Days from the Publication hereof, viz. John Webb, late of the City of Bristol, Vintner.

The following Person being a Fugitive for Debt, and beyond the Seas on or before the first of January, 1742, and having surrendered himself to the Keeper of his Majesty's Prison of the Fleet, London, hereby gives Notice, that he intends to take the Benefit of an Act of Parliament passed in the Sixteenth Year of the Reign of his present Majesty King George the Second, intituled, An Act for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors, at the next General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be held for the City of London, or at the Adjournment thereof, that shall happen next after thirty Days from the Publication hereof, viz. Thomas Plampin, late of Stratford, in the Parish of Ham, in the County of Essex, Poulterer.

N. B. If any Person in the foregoing List of Prisoners shall find, on the Perusal of this Gazette, that there is any Error, such Error shall, upon Notice, be rectified in the next Gazette Gratis.

