

# The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From **Saturday** September 14. to **Tuesday** September 17. 1745.

*Kensington, September 17.*

**T**HE following Address of the Mayor, Burgeses, and Commonalty of the City of Bristol, has been presented to his Majesty by Robert Hoblyn, Esq; one of their Representatives in Parliament, being introduced by the Right Honourable the Earl of Rochford, one of the Lords of his Majesty's Bed-Chamber in Waiting: Which Address his Majesty was pleased to receive very graciously.

To the King's most Excellent Majesty,

The humble Address of the Mayor, Burgeses, and Commonalty of the City of Bristol, in Common Council assembled.

*May it please your Majesty,*

**W**E your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Mayor, Burgeses and Commonalty of the City of Bristol, in Common Council assembled, most-humbly beseech your Majesty to accept our most hearty Congratulation on your Majesty's Return to your British Dominions, and on the Success of your Majesty's Arms in the Reduction of Cape Breton.

The Stability of your Majesty's Throne is so happily connected with the Interest of your People, that every Attempt against your Majesty's Crown and Dignity, ought to be regarded by them as an Invasion of their own most valuable Rights: It is therefore with the highest Indignation that we see an unnatural Rebellion fomented at this Time in your Majesty's Dominions in Favour of a Popish Pretender.

It gives us no Manner of Surprize that the common Enemy, in Resentment of your Majesty's Zeal and Magnanimity in Defence of the Liberties of Europe, should endeavour to place a Dependant of his own on the Throne of Great Britain: For the System of Universal Monarchy can never take Place, while Great Britain remains a Free and Independant Nation.

( Price Four-pence. )

But that any of your Majesty's Subjects should enter into Measures for bringing their Country under the Dominion of France, or to render it a Scene of Blood and Dejection: That Persons, who have experienced the Blessings of a Free Government, should grow weary of national Felicity; and should sacrifice their Civil and Religious Rights, their own nearest Interests, and the Happiness of latest Posterity, to the Pride, Ambition, or Retentment of their Leaders, this fills us with equal Horror and Astonishment.

For our Parts, we beg Leave to assure your Majesty, that as we are bound by all the Ties of Duty, Gratitude and Interest to support your Majesty's Government, so we will, upon this and every other Occasion, at the Hazard of our Lives and Fortunes, vindicate your Majesty's Title to the Crown, against the Pretender and all his Adherents, and maintain the Protestant Succession, as it has been happily established, in your Royal House.

The following Address of the Mayor, Aldermen, Burgeses, and Commonalty of the Burgh of Great Yarmouth, in the County of Norfolk, was presented to his Majesty by the Hon. Colonel Townsend, and the Hon. Edward Walpole, Esq; their Representatives in Parliament, being introduced by the Right Hon. the Earl of Rochford, one of the Lords of his Majesty's Bed Chamber in Waiting: Which Address his Majesty was pleased to receive very graciously.

To the King's most Excellent Majesty,

The humble Address of the Mayor, Aldermen, Burgeses, and Commonalty of the Burgh of Great Yarmouth, in the County of Norfolk, in Common Council assembled.

**P**ERMIT us, most gracious Sovereign, to join with our Fellow Subjects, in expressing the joyful Sentiments of our Hearts, on your Majesty's

Majesty's safe Return to these Kingdoms, and also to congratulate you on the taking of Cape Breton, a Place, the Importance of which England seem'd to be insensible of, when they ceded it to France by that Treaty at Utrecht.

The Reason we have to believe that the Son of the Pretender to your Majesty's Crown is landed in Scotland, and actually raising a Rebellion there, would not permit us to be silent; but moved by every Principle of Gratitude, which the Enjoyment of a continued Series of Liberty, during the Reigns of yourself and Royal Father, must inspire us with, do publickly declare our entire Abhorrence of this unnatural Rebellion, a fix'd Resolution to oppose, to the utmost of our Power, its Authors and Abettors, and disclaim those Principles, so inconsistent with our happy Constitution, upon which these Disturbers of our Peace must proceed: But your Royal Presence, which Heaven has once more favoured us with, will, we hope, dispel these Clouds, and animate your faithful Subjects to exert their utmost Efforts in Defence of your Majesty's Right to the Throne of these Realms, and in supporting you and your Posterity upon the same.

May every Design, for the Welfare of these Kingdoms, prosper in your Hands, and may that God, who has hitherto made you his peculiar Care, guard you and them in the Day of Battle from the factious and disloyal Attempts of yours and their Enemies.

Given under our Common Seal, this 11th Day of September, 1745.

The following Address of the Magistrates, and City Council of Glasgow, having been transmitted to his Grace the Duke of Argyll, has by him been presented to his Majesty: Which Address his Majesty was pleased to receive very graciously.

To the King's most Excellent Majesty,

The humble Address of the Magistrates, and City Council of Glasgow, in Common Council assembled.

*Most gracious Sovereign,*

**WE** your faithful Subjects, the Magistrates and City Council of Glasgow, in Common Council assembled, beg Leave humbly to approach your Throne, congratulating in the most dutiful Manner your Majesty's safe Return to your British Dominions; and to assure you of our unalterable Attachment to your Person and Family, and firm Resolution to maintain your Government with our Lives and Fortunes against all Enemies, Opposers and Invaders whatsoever, knowing, that on the Continuance

thereof, our Rights, Sacred and Civil, under God, depend.

Permit us at the same Time to express our unfeigned and sincere Abhorrence and Regret for the Conduct of some of our Countrymen, who, insensible of their Happiness under your Majesty's mild and paternal Reign, have taken up Arms in Favour of a Popish Pretender, and endeavoured to subvert our happy Constitution, and involve their Country in all the Calamities and Miseries of a Rebellion, and an intestine War.

May the Throne of Britain be filled by your Majesty and your Royal Progeny to the latest Posterity; may our Religion and Liberties be continued and transmitted pure and inviolate to the End of Time; and may the Designs of your ambitious and restless Enemies, Foreign and Domestick, be on all Occasions defeated and disappointed.

Glasgow, Sept.  
11, 1745.

Signed in Presence and  
by Appointment,  
And. Cochran, Provost.

The following Address of the Justices of the Peace, Freeholders, and Commissioners of Supply of the Shire of Tweeddale, having been transmitted to his Grace the Duke of Argyll, has by him been presented to his Majesty: Which Address his Majesty was pleased to receive very graciously.

Unto the King's most excellent Majesty,

**WE** your Majesty's most loyal and dutiful Subjects, the Justices of the Peace, Freeholders, and Commissioners of Supply of the Shire of Tweeddale, having assembled at the Head Borough of the County, beg Leave to congratulate your Majesty, and to rejoice with your faithful Subjects, upon your Majesty's safe and happy Return to these your Dominions. And we take this Opportunity, with unfeigned Hearts, to renew our Assurances of unshaken Loyalty, warm Zeal, and hearty Affections to your Majesty's sacred Person and Government, and the Protestant Succession in your illustrious House; and to express our Detestations of the wicked Practices of those, who, laying aside all regard to Religion and Loyalty, to the Peace and Happiness of their Native Country, have dared to raise an unnatural Rebellion, and have done their utmost to render it a Scene of Blood and Cruelties, and to subject it to a long Train of the Mischiefs that attend a Civil War, and make it a Prey to our implacable Enemies abroad, and us Slaves to a Popish Pretender at Home; but we hope that the kind Providence of God, which has so often, and so remarkably interposed to rescue this Island from the intollerable Yoke

of Popery and arbitrary Power, will so effectually second your Majesty's unwearied Endeavours to preserve our Peace and Tranquility, our Religion and Liberties, that their Mischiefs shall soon return upon their own Heads. And we assure your Majesty, that with our Lives and Fortunes, our Hearts and Hands, we shall now, and at all Times, be ready to support and defend your Majesty's sacred Person and Government, your undoubted Title to the Crown, and the Succession in the Protestant Line.

The following Address of the Mayor, Aldermen and principal Inhabitants of the City of Coventry, has been presented to his Majesty by his Grace the Duke of Grafton, Lord Chamberlain of his Majesty's Household: Which Address his Majesty was pleased to receive very graciously.

To the King's most Excellent Majesty,

The humble Address of the Mayor, Aldermen and principal Inhabitants of the City of Coventry.

*Most Gracious Sovereign,*

**W**ITH Hearts full of Gratitude, with Minds sensible of our Duty and Obligations to your Majesty as the best of Kings, and as the tender Father of your People, and with a Zeal for your Majesty's Service, which can only be equal'd by our Affection to your Person and Family, we beg Leave, at this critical Juncture, to present this Testimony of our Loyalty.

The Settlement of these Kingdoms in your Majesty's Royal House, eminently distinguished for its early Appearance in the Cause of true Religion and Liberty; your Majesty's wise and gracious Government over us, and the happy Pledges which your Family afford us, that our Religion and Civil Rights will be continued to our Posterity, are Blessings of which we are highly sensible; our Religion, our Liberties, and all that is valuable to us, depend upon them. All good Men, and all your Majesty's Subjects that wish well to their Country, are bound to support them; and none but the Wicked, and such as are Enemies to Mankind in general, and the Prosperity of these Kingdoms in particular, will ever attempt to deprive us of them.

The Attempts which, from your Majesty's Messages to the Lord Mayor of London, we understand, are made in the North in Favour of a Popish Pretender, are the Subject of our Abhorrence and Indignation: We beg Leave to assure your Majesty of our unshaken Fidelity, of our unalterable Attachment to your Majesty upon this and every other Occasion.

As every Thing we enjoy receives its Value from that Security, which is alone to be derived from the Continuance of the Sceptre in your Majesty's Family; so we are ready cheerfully to lay down our Lives for, and devote our Fortunes to the effectual Support of your Majesty against all your Enemies.

This, Sir, is the sincere Profession of our Lips, and in our Lives we will not depart from it. In Testimony whereof, we have hereunto set our Hands, this 10th Day of September 1745.

*Journal of the Combined Army in Bohemia, from the 31st of August to the 4th of September.*

August 31. **W**E had an Account that the Prussian Corps, which by the Advices from Lieutenant Colonel Tranguini had passed by Welkówek, had exacted of the Town of Gitschin, under the most violent Threats, Contributions, which were to be held in Readiness as Yesterday; and in order to conceal the real Route they intended to take, a like Insinuation was made to the Town of Liebau, Alt Buntzlau, and other Places in Bohemia. The Town of Horzitz has paid 2000 Florins to a Detachment which pass'd by that Place this Day.

Upon the 1st of September we had certain Advice, that these Troops had been the Day before at Gitschin; that they consisted of two Regiments of Horse, and three of Foot, under the Command of General Gesler; and that the Whole had taken the Road by Turnau to Reichenberg, and was follow'd by a great Quantity of Baggage. Whereupon Lieutenant Colonel Desoffi having marched by the Way of Miletin to Horzitz, succeeded in taking several of them Prisoners, who gave Information, that a great Number were killed upon the Spot in the Attack which he had made upon them.

Major General St. Andre also sent Advice, that one of his Detachments having fallen upon a Prussian Convoy, coming from Braunau by Nachod, in order to be conducted to the Army, had not only killed several of the Men belonging to the Escorte, brought off above 150 Horse, and staved some Barrels of Meal, but that he had even compelled the Convoy to return to Nachod.

Upon the 2d, Colonel Wilczewski, who with his Pulk keeps by the Side of the Corps under Gesler, lay in Ambush in a Wood near Droschkowitz, between Gitschin and Turrau. A Regiment of Cuirassiers, who had under Convoy seven Pieces of large Cannon and some Carriages laden with warlike Stores, advancing towards him, he came out of the Ambush, fell upon them, and obliged them to retire towards the Foot, and to leave their Artillery behind them,

them, which he was however obliged to abandon upon the whole Body of the Enemy's Infantry coming up and engaging him, having first cut the Horses Harnesses in Pieces. Upon this Occasion he had two Horses killed and one wounded, but all his Men escaped.

The next Day, the 3d, the said Prussian Corps having continued their March towards Reichenberg, Colonel Wilczewski posted himself behind an Eminency near a Village call'd Rochlitz, from whence perceiving that a Troop of Cuirassiers were marching towards him, he attacked them, killed 29, made 26 Prisoners, and brought off 47 Carriage Horses, and some others belonging to the Officers. In this second Rencounter he had two Towarzysz wounded, though but slightly. We have Advice from Jaromirz, that that Town is reduced to a very sad Situation, the Threats made by the Prussians to pillage and afterwards burn it, having spread a general Consternation; especially since the Magistrates were not able to prevail upon the King, who was lately there, to countermand the Execution, which they, as well as the neighbouring Places depending upon their Jurisdiction, or comprised in their Bailwick, are apprehensive of.

Upon the 4th, they plundered Jaromirz as they had threatened, and are pillaging almost all the Places through which they pass, so that there is Room to conclude, that they have Thoughts of abandoning all Bohemia very soon.

*Dresden, Sept. 15, N. S.* The King of Poland, Elector of Saxony, has lately caused to be issued out, under his Royal Hand and Signet, a Mandate to all his Subjects, setting forth in Substance, that his Polish Majesty had received Intelligence from different Parts, that his Electoral and hereditary Dominions were threatned with an hostile Invasion; that, though it was the more to be hoped it would not actually happen, as not the least Cause had been given for it, it was proper to take the necessary Precautions in all Events for a vigorous Defence; for which End Troops had been already ordered to march to the Frontiers and other Passes, where it was thought necessary, and the Troops that were out of the Country, to return home to defend it. But in Case of an actual Invasion, the Magistrates in the Cities were to arm the Burghers, and the Shooting Companies were to be put in good Order, that they might not only be able to defend the Cities, but to march to any Parts where it might be needful; and upon the first Notice of the Enemy's Approach, those Towns that have Walls and Gates were to be shut up, and no body was to be admitted from the Enemy. The Inhabitants in those Parts through which the Enemy should march, were to retire with their Effects into the neighbouring Cities or Woods, and from thence annoy the Enemy

as much as possible, without affording them the least Supply of Money, Provision, or Forage. Every Man able to make Resistance, or otherwise useful, should be in Readiness with Arms, or for Want of them, with Axes and all Implements of Husbandry fit for Defence, to assemble at the Place of Rendezvous; and to that End, Notice should be given of the Approach of the Enemy by ringing of Bells: That his Majesty was graciously persuaded all his Subjects would, with the heartiest Zeal, make all possible Resistance, and that those Inhabitants who have been formerly Upper or Under Officers in this or foreign Service, would voluntarily join with their utmost Endeavours in the Defence of their Country. Lastly, the King of Poland exhorts his Subjects not to let their Spirits sink on this Occasion, but to put their Confidence so much the more in the Divine Protection and Assistance, as their Enemy had not the least Success or Blessing to expect from God in his unjust Enterprize. Those who behaved well, might be assured of his Majesty's gracious Favour, and other Rewards, as Opportunity should offer; but if any failed of doing their Duty, they were to expect his highest Displeasure, and due Punishment.

*Dresden, Sept. 15, N. S.* The Duke of Weissenfels is relapsed, and is obliged to withdraw from Business: It is hoped that he will be able to apply to it again in about a Fortnight. The Detachment commanded by General Renard passes through Dresden this Morning. The Want of Boats has retarded its Arrival.

*Dresden, Sept. 19, N. S.* Count Rutowski being reinforced by the first Saxon Detachment from Bohemia, marched the 17th from before Leipzig nearer the Prussians, but has not passed the Frontiers of Saxony.

*Berlin, Sept. 18, N. S.* General Gessler with his Corps is expected To-morrow at Kopenick, in order to reinforce the Troops under the Command of the reigning Prince of Dessau. It is said that the whole of the Army, which is now assembling at Halle, will amount to near 30,000 Men. The Armies in Bohemia remain in their old Position. We hear from Silesia that the Prisoners of War at Cosel amount to above 3000 Men. For some Days past the Preparations for the Defence of this City had been discontinued, the Burghers had been excused from mounting Guard in such great Numbers, and the Cannon, which were some Time ago planted up and down the Streets, had been removed into the Arsenal. But Yesterday Orders were received to double the Number of Cannon at the Gates, and to make Preparations for a vigorous Defence; and the Corps under General Polentz has Orders to repair hither upon the first Advice of any apparent Danger.

*Copenhagen, Sept. 18, N. S.* Yesterday in the Evening Prince William of Hesse Cassel arrived here, and took up his Quarters at the House of Baron Hopken, the Swedish Minister. The Prince and Princess Royal are come to Town on Purpose to receive him in his Passage through this Place. The contagious Distemper which has been spreading for some Time among the Cattle in this Island, as well as in Holstein and Fuhnen, has now unhappily broke out at a Farm not above a Quarter of a Mile from the Walls of this City. The Country is otherwise in a good State of Health, and no Creatures but the horned Cattle are affected with this Mortality.

*Hague, Sept. 24, N. S.* Five of the ten English Battalions, which have been ordered over into England, were to set out from the Army as To-day, and the other five to follow To-morrow; they will all be embarked immediately upon their Arrival at Willemstad; the additional Transports that were necessary for the whole Corps, being arrived there, with the Dutch Auxiliary Man of War for Convoy. The last Division of the Hessians has made such Diligence in their March, that they will be at Arnheim on Monday next, the 27th Instant, three Days sooner than expected. Lieutenant General Swartsenberg, of the Dutch Corps, goes over with this Mail; and Count Maurice follows by the next.

*Dublin, September 6.*

On the good News of his Majesty's safe Arrival in Great Britain, the Flag was display'd this Day at the Castle, the great Guns were fired at his Majesty's Park the Phoenix, and answered by Volleys from the Regiments in Garrison which were drawn out on Oxmantown Green; and in the Evening there were Bonfires, ringing of Bells, and other Demonstrations of Joy.

*London, Sept. 14, 1745.*

*John Earl of Stair, &c. Field Marshal and Commander in Chief of his Majesty's Forces in South-Britain, does hereby declare, that it is his Majesty's Intention, that any Man, who shall voluntarily engage in his Majesty's Service, in any of his Regiments of Horse, Foot or Dragoons, shall be discharged from the Service at the End of two Years, to be reckoned from the Day of his Inlisting, and that this Declaration shall extend to all such as shall engage between the Day of the Date hereof, till the first Day of January next to come.*

STAIR.

By his Excellency's Command,  
Ro. Keith.

*War-Office, September 6, 1745.*

*His Majesty, having thought fit to augment the Four Battalions of Foot Guards doing Duty at home, is pleased to order that the Sum of Six Pounds, Bounty Money, should be paid to each Man five Feet seven Inches high, or upwards, without Shoes, and under 30 Years*

*of Age, who shall enlist with any Officer, belonging to the said Regiments of Guards, or with any Officer of Horse, Dragoons, Foot or Marines in Order to serve in the Guards, and shall be approved by them as able-bodied Men, on or before the 24th of this instant September; the said Bounty Money with Subsistence from the Time of their enlisting respectively to be paid on their Arrival on the Parade, in St. James's Park, London; And that the Sum of Four Pounds Bounty-Money shall be paid to each Man who shall enlist to serve in the Regiments of Guards, answering the above Description after the said 24th Instant, and before the 1st of October next. This publick Notice is hereby given of these his Majesty's Commands, that the proper Officers, and all Persons concerned, may govern themselves accordingly.*

By his Majesty's Command,  
Will. Yonge.

*Whitehall, September 6, 1745.*

*Whereas it has been represented to his Majesty, that an anonymous Letter came by the Post on Thursday the 8th of August last, and by the Mark and Charge thereupon, seems to have been put into the General Post-Office in London, directed To Mr. George Cartwright, Esq; at Ossington, near Carlton, on Trent, Nottinghamshire, threatening, that if the Waggon were not suffered to pass and repass quietly, without Weighing, and the Stilyard, which had been set up for Weighing of Waggon on that Road, pulled down, both his House, and the Houses of several other Gentlemen, acting as Trustees for the Turnpikes, on the North Side of Foston Bridge to Little Drayton, in Nottinghamshire, should be consumed to Ashes, with several most horrid Expressions of Destruction to the said Gentlemen.*

*His Majesty for the better discovering, and bringing to Justice the Person or Persons concerned in writing, and sending the said Letter, is pleased to promise his most gracious Pardon to any one of them, who shall discover his Accomplice, or Accomplices, so as he, they, or any of them, may be apprehended, and convicted thereof.*

HOLLES NEWCASTLE.

*And as a farther Encouragement, the Commissioners for the said Turnpikes do hereby promise a Reward of One Hundred Pounds to any Person or Persons making such Discovery as aforesaid, to be paid by Mr. Edmund Kirke, of East Markham, in the County of Nottingham, Attorney at Law, or by Mr. Lechmere Kirke, Attorney at Law, at Mr. Wrench's, Stationer in Woodstreet, London.*

Lechmere Kirke

*General Post-Office, August 24, 1745.*

*Whereas the Communication with Flanders, by the Way of Ostend, is interrupted, and for the present at an End; Publick Notice is hereby given to all Merchants and others whom it may concern, That as their Letters for the several Parts and Provinces of the Austrian Netherland are now, of Necessity, to be forwarded by the Way of Holland, it will be most proper for them to inclose their Letters and Packets, or recommend them to such as may be their Friends or Correspondents in Holland; from thence to be forwarded to the Places they are designed for in the Netherland aforesaid; as also that it will be most safe and convenient for them, that the Answers, in Return to their said Letters, should be sent under Cover to Holland, to be forwarded from thence to this Office.*

But in regard to the Correspondence with the Army; all Persons are hereby to take Notice, That their Letters, directed for any Person or Persons in the same, will be received at this Office, and from hence forwarded to the Army, in the Manner hitherto observed, a proper Method of conveying the Army Letters directly from hence, having been settled by the Way of Holland, in Conformity to the Usages in regard thereto, during the Wars of King William and Queen Anne.

By Command of the Post-master General,  
George Shelvocke, Sec.

### Advertisements.

**T**HE surviving Assignee under a Commission of Bankrupt issued against John Gals, late of Wallingford in the County of Berks, Linnendraper and Chapman, desires the said Bankrupt's Creditors to meet at the Nag's Head Tavern in Cheapside, on Friday next, at Three o'Clock, to assent to or dissent from the said Assignee's making a Composition with one or more Debtors to the said Bankrupt's Estate, and on other special Affairs. Enquire for No 3.

**A**LL Persons indebted to the Estate of Caesar Ward, of the City of York, Bookfeller and Printer, against whom a Commission of Bankrupt hath been awarded and issued forth, are hereby required forthwith to pay their respective Debts to Mr. Joseph Styles, of King-street near Guildhall, London, Stationer, or Mr. Richard Farrer, of the City of York, Upholsterer, two of the Assignees of the said Bankrupt's Estate, or they will be sued for the same.

**T**HE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued against Mary Geale, late of Alton in the County of Southampton, Widow, Mercer, Draper and Chapman, intend to meet on the 25th of this Instant September, at Nine of the Clock in the Forenoon of the same Day, at the White Hart Inn at Hooke in the Parish of Odiham, in the said County of Southampton, concerning the said Commission of Bankruptcy; when and where the Creditors, who have proved their Debts under the said Commission, are desired to meet the Assignee of her Estate and Effects, to assent to or dissent from the said Assignee's commencing one or more Suit or Suits in Equity, and his submitting to Arbitration or otherwise compounding and agreeing some Matters in Difference or Dispute relating to the said Bankrupt's Estate and Effects, and on other special Affairs. Also to be sold, divers Estates of the said Bankrupt under the said Commission; a very good Velvet Poll and nine Cloaks. Enquire of Mr. Sanden, Attorney at Law, at North Warnborough near Odiham, Hants; Mrs. Joane Hawkins at Alton aforesaid; or of Mrs. Waihall at Odiham: And all Persons indebted to the said Bankrupt's Estate, are desired forthwith to pay the same to the Assignee under the said Commission, otherwise they will be forthwith sued for the same.

**W**HEREAS a Commission of Bankrupt is awarded and issued forth against Benjamin Beart, of Orford, in the County of Suffolk, Merchant, and he being declared a Bankrupt, is hereby required to surrender himself to the Commissioners in the said Commission named, or the major Part of them, on the 27th of September instant, and on the 4th and 29th Days of October next, at Three of the Clock in the Afternoon on each of the said Days, at the House of Elizabeth Hill, Widow, being the Sign of the Golden Lyon in Ipswich in the said County of Suffolk, and make a full Discovery and Disclosure of his Estate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the First Sitting to chuse Assignees, and at the last Sitting the said Bankrupt is required to finish his Examination, and the Creditors are to assent to or dissent from the Allowance of his Certificate.

**W**HEREAS a Commission of Bankrupt is awarded and issued forth against Thomas Shaw, of the Town and County

of the Town of Nottingham, Stocking-maker and Chapin, and he being declared a Bankrupt, is hereby required to surrender himself to the Commissioners in the said Commission named, or the major Part of them, on the 26th of September Instant, and on the 14th and 29th of October next, at Three of the Clock in the Afternoon, on each of the said Days, at the House of Mr. Charles Sulley, being the Sign of the White Lyon in the Town and County of the Town of Nottingham aforesaid, and make a full Discovery and Disclosure of his Estate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the second Sitting to chuse Assignees, and at the last Sitting the said Bankrupt is required to finish his Examination, and the Creditors are to assent to or dissent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Persons indebted to the said Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the same but to whom the Commissioners shall appoint, but give Notice to Mr. Stertopp, Attorney, at Nottingham.

**W**HEREAS the acting Commissioners in the Commission of Bankrupt awarded against John Clement, of Chelsea in the County of Middlesex, Broker and Chapman, have certified to the Right Honourable Philip Lord Hardwicke, Baron of Hardwicke, Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, that the said John Clement hath in all Things conformed himself according to the Directions of the several Acts of Parliament made concerning Bankrupts; This is to give Notice, That by Virtue of an Act passed in the Fifth Year of his present Majesty's Reign, his Certificate will be allowed and confirmed as the said Act directs, unless Cause be shewn to the contrary on or before the 7th of October next.

This Day was published,  
(Price Two-Shillings.)

**I. DIRECTIONS** given to the Clergy of the Diocese of London in the Year 1724, by the Right Rev. Father in God, Edmund Lord Bishop of London. To which is added, His Lordship's Charge to his Clergy in his last Visitation, begun in the Year 1741, and finished in the Year 1742. With an Appendix; containing, among other Things, Directions concerning the proper Instruments to be brought for obtaining, 1. Orders; 2. Institution; 3. Licence to a Curacy; 4. Licence to a Lecture; 5. A Plurality: With the Things which the Laws require to be done, After Institution, or Licence, obtain'd.

2. His Lordship's four Pastoral Letters to the People of his Diocese. Price bound 2s. 6d.

3. The excellent Use of Psalmody, with a Course of singing Psalms for half a Year. Price Three Half-pence.

4. Directions to Masters and Mistresses of Charity Schools. Price Three Half-pence.

5. Directions to Ministers and People in order to a Confirmation. Price Three Half-pence.

6. Two Letters of the Lord Bishop of London; The first to the Masters and Mistresses of Families in the English Plantations abroad. The second to the Missionaries there; exhorting to the Instruction of their Negroes in the Christian Faith.

Printed by E. Owen, in Amen-Corner.  
Where may be had, by the same Hand, while Rector of the Parish of Lambeth.

7. The Sacrament of the Lord's Supper explained; or, The Things to be known and done to make a worthy Communicant. With suitable Prayers and Meditations. The ninth Edition. Price bound 1s.

8. Family Devotion: or, An Exhortation to Morning and Evening Prayer in Families. The Eleventh Edition. Price 4d.

9. An earnest Dissuasive from Intemperance in Meats and Drinks. The Fifth Edition, revised and enlarged, with a more particular View to the Point of Spirituous Liquors. Price 3d.

10. Serious Advice to Persons who have been Sick. To be put into their Hands as soon as they are recovered. With a Thanksgiving for their Recovery. The Eighth Edition. Price Three Half-pence.

11. An Admonition against Profane and Common Swearing. The Seventh Edition. Price Three Half-pence.

12. The Evil and Danger of Lukewarmness in Religion. The Third Edition. Price Three Half-pence.

13. The Sinsfulness of neglecting and profaning the Lord's Day. The Third Edition. Price Three Half-pence.

14. Trust in God the best Remedy against Fears of all Kinds. Design'd, by way of spiritual Comfort and Support, to such unhappy Persons as are subject to *melancholy* Fears; and to others, who are at any Time under Anxiety and Dejection of Mind, upon just and reasonable Fears of some approaching Evil. Price Three Half-pence.

N. B. Good Allowance will be given in all the above Articles to those who buy Numbers to give away.

**T**HE under-mentioned Persons claiming the Benefit of the Act lately passed for Relief of insolvent Debtors, the following Notices have been brought to the Printer of the London Gazette, to be inserted in this Paper, and are herein inserted in Obedience to the said Act.

The following Person being a Fugitive for Debt, and beyond the Seas on or before the first of January 1742, and having surrendered himself to the Keeper of the King's Bench Prison in the County of Surry, hereby gives Notice, that he intends to take the Benefit of the late Act of Parliament, made in the Sixteenth Year of the Reign of his present Majesty, for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors, at the next General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be held in and for the County of Surry, or at the Adjournment thereof, which shall happen next after Thirty Days from the Publication hereof, viz. Henry Lambert, late of Colchester in the County of Essex, Mariner.

The following Person being a Fugitive for Debt, and beyond the Seas on or before the first of January 1742, and having surrendered himself to the Keeper or Goaler of his Majesty's Court of the Palace of Rochester in the County of Kent, hereby gives Notice, that he intends to take the Benefit of an Act of Parliament passed in the Sixteenth Year of the Reign of his present Majesty King George the Second, intituled, An Act for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors, at the next General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be held at Maidstone in and for the County of Kent, or at the Adjournment thereof, which shall happen next after Thirty Days from the Publication hereof, viz. Thomas Cornwal, late of Stepney, Mariner.

The following Person being a Fugitive for Debt, and beyond the Seas on or before the First of January 1742, and having surrendered himself to the Keeper of the Poultry Compter in the City of London, hereby gives Notice, that he intends to take the

Benefit of an Act of Parliament passed in the Sixteenth Year of the Reign of his present Majesty King George the Second, intituled, An Act for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors, at the next General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be held in and for the said City, or at the Adjournment thereof, which shall happen next after Thirty Days from the Publication hereof, viz. John Robinson, late of Billiter-lane Fanchurch-street, Mariner.

The following Person being a Fugitive for Debt, and beyond the Seas on or before the first of January 1742, and having surrendered himself to the Goaler or Keeper of the Tower Goal of the Tower and Liberty of the Tower of London, on Great Tower-hill, London, hereby gives Notice, that he intends to take the Benefit of the late Act of Parliament made in the Sixteenth Year of the Reign of his present Majesty, entitled, An Act for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors, at the next General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be held for the Tower and Liberty of the Tower of London, and Precincts thereof, at the Court-house on Great Tower-hill, London, or at the Adjournment thereof, which shall happen next after Thirty Days from the Publication hereof, viz. James Wilder, late of the Parish of St. Dunstan in the East, Mariner.

The following Person being a Fugitive for Debt, and beyond the Seas, on or before the First Day of January 1742, and having surrendered himself to the Keeper of his Majesty's Prison of Rothwell, in and for the Liberty of the Honour of Pontefract, in the County of York, hereby gives Notice, that he intends to take the Benefit of an Act of Parliament passed in the Sixteenth Year of the Reign of his present Majesty King George the Second, intituled, An Act for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors, at the next General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be held at Leeds, for the West Riding of the County of York, or at the Adjournment thereof, which shall happen next after thirty Days from the Publication hereof, viz. Henry Howard, late of Halifax in the County of York, Stay-maker.

N. B. If any Person in the foregoing List of Prisoners shall find, on the Perusal of this Gazette, that there is any Error, such Error shall, upon Notice, be rectified in the next Gazette Gratis.

