

The London Gazette.

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From Saturday September 21. to Tuesday September 24. 1745.

Kensington, September 24.

THE following Address of the Mayor, Sheriffs, Citizens and Commonalty of the City of Norwich, has been presented to his Majesty by the Honourable Horatio Walpole, Esq; one of their Representatives in Parliament, being introduced by the Right Hon. the Earl of Rochford, one of the Lords of his Majesty's Bed-Chamber in Waiting: Which Address his Majesty was pleased to receive very graciously.

To the King's most Excellent Majesty,

The humble Address of the Mayor, Sheriffs, Citizens and Commonalty of the City of Norwich, in Common Council assembled.

May it please your Majesty,

WE your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Mayor, Sheriffs, Citizens and Commonalty of the City of Norwich, in Common Council assembled, humbly beg Leave to congratulate your Majesty on your safe Return into your British Dominions, after your indefatigable Care and Concern for the Preservation of the Liberties of Europe, and consequently the Liberties of these your Realms. The Safety and Security of your Majesty's Person and Government are so closely united to the Happiness of your Subjects, that we should be unworthy of those various Blessings which we amply possess under your Majesty's gracious Protection, if our Hearts were not elated with a dutiful Joy on this happy Occasion.

We likewise beg Leave to congratulate your Majesty on the late Success of your Arms in America, by the Conquest of Cape Breton; an Acquisition, which immediately tends to increase the Trade of your Majesty's Subjects, and impoverish and debilitate an Enemy, whose boundless Ambition aims at universal Power.

We crave your Royal Permission further to express our great Abhorrence of the daring Attempt of your Enemies in Favour of a Popish Pretender.

Duty, Gratitude, our Religion, Rights, and Liberties, loudly call upon us vigorously to oppose them, and all their bold and destructive Designs; and we assure your Majesty, that we will, on this and every Occasion, exert all our Abilities, and hazard our Lives and Fortunes to support your Majesty and your Royal Progeny on the British Throne.

Given under our common Seal the 13th Day of September, 1745.

The following Address of the Mayor, Bailiffs and Burgeses of the Borough of Abingdon in the County of Berks, has been presented to

(Price Two-pence.)

his Majesty by John Wright, Esq; their Representative in Parliament, being introduced by the Right Hon. the Earl of Rochford, one of the Lords of his Majesty's Bed-Chamber in Waiting: Which Address his Majesty was pleased to receive very graciously.

To the King's most Excellent Majesty,

The humble Address of the Mayor, Bayliffs and Burgeses of the Borough of Abingdon, in the County of Berks, in Common Council assembled.

WE your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Mayor, Bailiffs and Burgeses of the Borough of Abingdon, beg Leave to express our Joy for your Majesty's safe Arrival in your British Dominions.

When we reflect on the Happiness and Prosperity we enjoy under your Majesty's Government, we find our Hearts warm with Zeal and Affection for your Service, and with Detestation and Abhorrence of the wicked Attempts of your Enemies.

We cannot forget the Miseries which our Ancestors were reduced to in a former Reign, when arbitrary Power, like a Torrent, broke in upon them, and the Laws which ought to have been their Protection, were made the Instruments of their Ruin; when the Protestant Faith was in great Danger of being destroyed, and no Man was safe in his Life or Liberty that would not sacrifice his Religion.

Our Ancestors bravely rescued themselves from these Difficulties; and whatever Opinion your Majesty's Enemies may entertain, they will find that this Nation will ever be attentive to its true Interest, and will be zealous in revenging every Insult upon your Majesty, or upon the Peace and Quiet of your Kingdoms.

We are sensible that your Majesty's Enemies, and the Enemies of the Nation, are the same; and whatever Part a few wicked desperate Men may act, we are persuaded that no serious Person will give the least Encouragement to a Scheme, formed by our most inveterate Enemies, in Favour of a popish abjured Pretender. We do for our own Parts beg Leave to assure your Majesty, that we will exert our best Endeavours to inculcate Affection to your Majesty's Government, and to defeat the Designs of all such as have engaged to disturb it.

Given under our common Seal, at the Guildhall in the said Borough, the 16th Day of September, in the Nineteenth Year of your Majesty's Reign.

In last Saturday's Gazette, in the Address from the City of Canterbury, the Mayor's Name who presented it was by Mistake printed Mark Thorne, whereas it should have been Mark Thomas, Esq;

Journal

*Journal of the Combined Army in Bohemia,
from the 4th to the 7th of September, N. S.*

Colonel Franchini sent an Account, that having learnt that the Marquis de Vallory, the French Envoy, was lodged in the Suburbs of the Town of Jaromirz, he had laid a Scheme for carrying him off. For this Purpose he sent 150 Croats in Waggon, who were to advance to the said Suburbs, and order'd an Officer with 60 Men, to enter into the Envoy's Lodging, and to seize him and his Papers. This Expedition succeeded partly so well, that the Men got into the House through a Barn, and penetrated into his Attichamber, where the Secretary of the Embassy was; he was immediately seized, and some Papers secured, but the Envoy escaped. In the mean while the Alarm being spread through the Town, the Prussian Troops marched out in great Numbers, attacked our Men, and obliged them, with the Loss of one Man killed and three wounded, to retire. However they brought off the Plate and divers other Effects belonging to the Envoy.

The same Day Major General St. Andrée sent Advice, that the Prussians at Neustadt remained very quiet, although they began to feel the Want of Provisions, occasioned by our Croats harrasing their Convoys, and carrying off great Quantities.

Upon the 5th the Croats obliged Six Squadrons of Prussians, who were marching to reinforce the Garrison of Neustadt, to return with great Precipitation. One of our Free Companies came up with a Convoy going to the Prussian Army near Braunau, made nine Men Prisoners, and brought off several Carriages.

Upon the 6th, we had an Account from Lieutenant Colonel Palfi, that the Corps which he was ordered to conduct from Upper Silesia into Bohemia, arrived Yesterday Morning at Szobnitz near Gitschin.

We also learnt that Lieutenant Colonel Dessoff, who had been ordered to follow a Prussian Corps which marched upon the 5th from Reichenberg towards Friedland, had attacked the said Corps several different times, and had not only greatly retarded their March for some Hours, but had killed several Men, and wounded many more.

Upon the 7th we were informed by General Nadasti, that the Prussians were detaching 6000 Men from General Moulin's Corps towards Neustadt, probably with a Design to facilitate the Introduction of some Provisions for the Use of the Garrison. This was confirmed by Major General St. Andrée, with this Addition, that the said Detachment, after having conveyed the Sick from Neustadt, together with some Baggage, and pillaged several Houses in the Town, were returning with the Croats at their Heels, who were continually alarming and harrasing them.

*Journal of the Combined Army in Bohemia,
from the 8th to the 15th of September, N. S.*

UPON the 8th we had Advice from Lieutenant Colonel Dessoff, that the Prussians, under the Command of General Geller, had, upon the 6th Instant, taken the Road to Dittersbach, from whence they marched the next Day, by Winfendorff to Lauban in Lusatia. During this March, the said Lieutenant Colonel pursued them very closely to the said Town of Lauban, harrasing and keeping them in continual Alarms and Fatigues, and destroying several of them in

the many Skirmishes which he had with them on different Occasions.

Upon the 9th, Prince Charles reviewed the six Companies of Hussars of Haller's Regiment, lately raised, as also the Battalion of Harrach, which some Time since had been taken Prisoners of War by the French and was lately ransomed. The same Day Colonel Count Palfi sent Advice, that he was arrived at Tarnau with 1000 Horse and some Hundreds of Croats, and from thence proposed to march in Pursuit of General Geller.

Upon the 10th we had an Account from General Nadasti, that the Prussians had the Day before set Fire to the Suburbs of Neustadt. This Morning Niepperg's Battalion, formerly Part of the Garrison of Friebourg, and lately exchanged by the French, arrived at the Army. One of our Parties made 13 Hussars Prisoners, besides a Prussian Courier, who was carrying Dispatches to General du Moulin.

Upon the 11th the Prussians, to the Number of some Thousand Men, marched and attacked the little Fort built near Jassena upon the Mettau, which obliged our Troops which were posted there, and which consisted only of 300 Men, to retire. Baron Trenk having sent Advice, that the Prussians were sending a considerable Detachment towards Neustadt, General Nadasti immediately sent him a Reinforcement of 200 Horse, which was followed upon the 12th by another Detachment of 300, upon the News being confirmed that the Prussians were marching towards the said Town. In Effect, they advanced, with General Winterfeld at their Head, and making a Shew as if they intended to attack General St. Andrée. He, after having put his Men in a proper Posture to receive the Enemy, attacked them first, and charged them near Spiwilow, above Wirgowina, so opportunely, that he obliged them to retire, notwithstanding the great Fire of their Cannon and Small-arms, and to abandon to him some rising Grounds. From thence they turned towards the Town, and fell upon a Post guarded by 200 Croats, who upon Account of their Superiority were obliged to retire. At the same Time the Prussians retired into a Wood between Spiwilow and Wyflocka. They were scarcely settled in that Position before they quitted it to fall upon Colonel Trenk, and pointed their Artillery, consisting of several Haubitzen and Cannon of 12 Pounds, against the Battery which he had erected. Colonel Trenk defended himself till his Ammunition began to fail, and then thought proper to post his Men upon the rising Grounds near the Town of Neustadt. During these different Actions, which lasted from Ten o'Clock in the Morning till Five in the Afternoon, we had 13 Men killed and wounded. The Prussians, by what we can judge, must have lost a great Number, especially in the first Skirmish, wherein our Cannon, charged with Cartridge Shot, did great Execution; and their Deserters inform us, that they had sent some Hundreds of Wounded to Neustadt.

Moreover, a Detachment of Prussian Hussars having met a small Troop of Col. Franchini's Horse near the Village of Schweinscherl, endeavoured to surround them; but the Lieutenant Colonel found Means to send a Reinforcement to his Men in Time, whereupon the Prussians retired, and left behind them six Men killed and some wounded. A little while after, a Prussian Battalion appeared in the Village of Dobrawice, but they did not stay there long, but took the Road to Skalitz.

Upon

Upon the 13th, contrary to all Expectation, the Prussians marched out of Neustadt, Whereupon Simbschen's Corps, enter'd into the Town and took Possession of it. This Day we had Advice from Lieutenant Colonel Desoffi, that he having learnt the Day before that the Right Wing of the Prussians would come to Forage near Hortitz, had attacked the Foragers upon their Return, on the Side of Zerfowitz, routed the Escort, obliged the greatest Part of the Foragers to leave their Trusses behind them, taken 29 Prisoners, and brought off 22 Horses, without any other Loss on his Part than that of two Men killed and four wounded, as well as three Horses. Lieutenant General, Count Königsegg being to march to Jassene with six Battalions, and all the Carabineers, and Horse Grenadiers, in order to take Possession of the Camp lately marked out there, Orders were given upon the 14th to all the Companies of Foot Grenadiers to march into the Wood near Pless, and to post themselves there; and Count Hohenheim, General of Horse, was ordered upon the 15th to march to Kralowalotha, with six Regiments of Foot and four of Horse, in order to encamp in that Neighbourhood. This Morning Prince Charles, with four Companies of Grenadiers, and 300 Officers, went to Slawatin, to reconnoitre the Prussian Camp.

Erlang, Sept. 21. The Queen of Hungary arrived on the 19th in the Evening, at Nuremberg, and was receiv'd with universal Demonstrations of Joy and Satisfaction both by the Magistrates and the People. The Queen, after a short Repose, came into the Antichamber, where the Ladies and Gentlemen were admitted to kiss her Hand. Her Majesty set out the next Morning for Wurtzburgh, and was receiv'd at Emskerkin by the Margrave of Bareith, with the Princess Royal, and a great Part of their Court; from whence, after Breakfast she pursued her Journey towards Francfort, and the Margrave his to Erlang, to receive the Duke of Wilttemberg, who arriv'd there Yesterday, attended by two Ministers and some Gentlemen of his Court.

Vienna, Sept. 22. We have Advice here, that General Hagenbach having marched on the 13th with 15 Companies of Grenadiers and two Cannons, and being follow'd the next Day by General Hoenembs, with four Regiments of Horse and two Brigades of Foot, to sustain all which, the whole Austrian Army had Orders to hold itself in Readiness, his Prussian Majesty had, upon these Appearances, recalled the Body at Pless, under the Command of General Winterfelt, and was, according to the last Advices of the 18th Instant, retiring by Way of Trauttschitz into Silesia.

Berlin, Sept. 25, N. S. His Prussian Majesty is said to be at Landshut. The Corps under General Geller, consisting of five Regiments of Horse and Foot, was stop'd at Kopenick for want of Horses for the Baggage, and was at last oblig'd to make use of those which were kept in Readiness for the Artillery. It is however at present in March to the Camp of Prince Anhalt Dessau near Halle. The said Corps will be immediately followed by seven Battalions of Grenadiers, under the Command of General Bonin, and when joined, the whole Army, with the Garrison that is to be left at Magdeburgh, will amount to 32 Battalions, seven Squadrons, and nine Companies of Grenadiers.

We have no other Accounts from Silesia, than that the Roads are very dangerous on account of the continual Incursions of the Insurgents. A Corps of Troops under General Polentz, at Crossen, marched some Time ago towards the Frontiers of Poland, in order, as was given out, to disperse the Heydamacks. They stay'd there some Days, and were to move from thence upon the 19th Instant; but it is not yet known what Route they were to take.

Francfort, Sept. 26, N. S. The King of the Romans set out from Heidelberg last Sunday for Aschaffenberg, to meet the Queen, who arriv'd there the Tuesday after, and Yesterday he made his publick Entry into this Town amidst the Acclamations of the Inhabitants. The Shew was the most splendid that could be, the Equipages and Liveries being extremely magnificent. The Austrian and Bohemian Nobility made a very fine Appearance upon this Occasion, particularly Prince Lobkowitz. The Queen came into the City Yesterday Morning incognito, accompanied only by the Countess of Rucks and another Lady. Her Majesty was in her travelling Berlin drawn by Post Horses, and preceded by some Postillions, but notwithstanding the great Care taken to conceal her from the Publick, she was presently known, and before she could get to the Prince of Lichtenstein's House, her Coach was followed by great Numbers of People, crying *Long live Theresa*. After her Majesty had taken a little Repose, she appeared in a Balcony hung with Crimson Velvet, and continued there during the whole Procession. After the King had heard divine Service, and taken the Oath of Capitulation, he repair'd to the Palace prepared for him, and pass'd the rest of the Day in private. At Night there was a grand Assembly at Count Kevenhuller's House, which was very finely illuminated. To-morrow the Queen sets out for the Army, which is to be drawn out in two Lines upon the Occasion, and to pass in Review before her. The Coronation will be on the 4th of next Month, being the Day of St. Francis.

Dresden, Sept. 26, N. S. Major General Neuhour arriv'd here the 24th Instant from the Army in Bohemia. On the 22d, when he left it, he heard much Firing, which he concludes to have been between the several Detachments and the Rear of the Prussian Army, that was then on full March towards Trautenau, having abandoned Nachod and Braunau, yet it was uncertain whether his Prussian Majesty would turn towards Upper Silesia or Lusatia: Prince Charles therefore remain'd at Aujest, till the Design of his Enemies was better known. It is just now reported, that Prince Charles pass'd the Elbe on the 22d Instant, and posted himself on the Right Side of that River, between Jaromirz and Königshoff. His Prussian Majesty was then at Eypel.

Villevorde, Sept. 30. Ath was Yesterday invest'd by Count Clermont Gallerande, with 24 Battalions, and a Number of Squadrons, and it is thought he proposes to break Ground to-morrow Night. Count d'Etres, with 28 Squadrons, 500 Grassins and 300 Ulans, is advanced to this Side of the Dender towards Enghelm.

Whitchall, September 24.

Yesterday were landed at Gravesend, Grays, and Blackwall, from Flanders, the three Battalions belonging to His Majesty's Regiments of Foot

Foot Guards, together with the Seven Regiments of Foot commanded by Majors General Pulteney, Howard, Bragg, and Johnson, Brigadiers General Douglas and Cholmondeley, and Colonel Sowle.

Whitehall, September 24.

By an Express, which arriv'd this Morning we are inform'd, that Sir John Cope, and the Troops under his Command, were attack'd by the Rebels on the 21st Instant, at Day-break, at Preston, near Seaton, seven Miles from Edinburgh; that the King's Troops were defeated, and Sir John Cope, with about 450 Dragoons, had retired to Lauder; Brigadier Fowkes and Colonel Lascelles had got to Durrbar; but as yet we have no Accounts of the Particulars of this Action, nor of the Loss on either Side. The Earls of Loudoun and Home, and some of the Gentlemen Volunteers, were at Lauder with Sir John Cope.

Notice is hereby given to the Officers and Company of his Majesty's Ships the Romney and Dursley Galley, that the Remainder of the Produce of the Prizes Bon Rencontre, Nuestra Señora di Caderet, St. Ann and St. Francis, will be paid them at Mr. Jasper's Office on Tower Hill, on Saturday the 5th of October next; and at the same Time and Place will be paid the Remainder of the Prize St. Peter, to the Officers and Company of the Romney only. And on Monday the 7th of October, will be paid at the same Place, the Remainder of the Produce of the Hull and Cargo of the St. Ann and Sampson, to the Officers and Companies of his Majesty's Ships the Diamond and Winchelsea; and such Shares as are not then demanded, may be receiv'd at the said Office on the first Fridays of every Month for three Years to come.

Advertisements.

ALL Persons indebted to the Estate of John Pratt, late of the Town of Northampton, Wine Merchant, a Bankrupt, are required forthwith to pay their respective Debts to Mr. William Cleaver the Younger, of St. Dunstan's Hill, London, Wine Merchant, or Mr. Jonathan Sheppard, near Shadwell Dock, London, Distiller, or to Mr. Roger Woodburn, or Mr. John Maynard, both of the Town of Northampton, (they the said Messrs. Cleaver, Sheppard, Woodburn and Maynard being Assignees of the Bankrupt's Estate) otherwise the Persons so Debtors to the said Bankrupt's Estate will be sued without further Notice.

ALL Persons that have any Demands on the Estate of Thomas Neale, late of Chelsea, in the County of Middlesex, Gentleman, deceased, late Purser of his Majesty's Ship the Elizabeth, and lost on Board the Victory in October last, are desired forthwith to send an Account thereof to Mrs. Miller, his Administratrix, at her House in Peckham in the County of Surry, or to Mr. Buck, Attorney at Law in Chancery Lane, London, in order to their being paid the same. And all Persons indebted to the Estate of the said Mr. Neale, are required to pay their respective Debts forthwith to the said Mrs. Miller, or they will be sued without further Notice.

Pursuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, the Creditors of Thomas Jervoise, late of Herriard, in the County of Southampton, Esq; deceased, are forthwith to come in and prove their Debts before Richard Edwards, Esq; one of the Masters of the said Court, at his Chambers in Chancery Lane, or in Default thereof they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Decree. N. B. For the Ease of such of the said Creditors as live in the Country, a Commission will be opened on the 20th Day of October next, at the House of Mr. Hooper, the Three Lyons in New Sarum, in the County of Wilts; and the same Day at Mr. Rulston's, the Sign of the Dolphin in Birmingham, in the County of Warwick; when and where they may prove their Debts.

TO be Sold, on Saturday the 5th Day of October next, at the House of Thomas Moxon, at the King's Arms in Leeds, betwixt the Hours of Two and Five in the Afternoon, The Estate at Casley in the County of York, situate upon the River Wharfe, three Miles distant from Otley and six from Leeds, late belonging to Mr. Robert Dyneley, consisting of a good House, with Gardens and Orchards well stocked with good Fruit Trees, good Stables, Barns and Out-buildings; a Dove Cot, and Maltkiln, and 75 Acres of good Ground: The Premises will be shewn at any Time by Joseph Armitage, the Hind of the same. Also a Farm at Gummerfall, in the County aforesaid, of 7 l. a Year, in the Possession of Richard Charlesworth, during the joint Lives of the said Mr. Dyneley and his Wife: And a Moiety of another Farm in Gummerfall, of 14 l. a Year, late in the Possession of Thomas Rayner, and now of — during the Life of the said Robert Dyneley. The Tenants will shew the Premises. For further Particulars enquire of Mr. Thomas Barstow, Attorney at Leeds, or Mr. Thomas Oastler, of Farnham.

THE Creditors of Isaac Keene, late of Birch-lane, in the Parish of St. Edmund the King, London, Haberdasher of Hats and Stock Broker, a Bankrupt, are desired to meet the Assignees of the said Bankrupt's Estate and Effects, on Friday the 18th of October next, at Six in the Afternoon, at the Salutation Tavern in Nicholas-lane, Lombard-street, London, in order to empower the said Assignees commencing or defending any Suit or Suits at Law or in Equity, for the Recovering of any Debt or Debts that are due and owing to the said Bankrupt's Estate; and likewise to assent to or dissent from the said Assignees compounding or agreeing any Debt or Debts that are due and owing to the said Bankrupt's Estate, and on other special Affairs.

THE Creditors who have proved their Debts as well under the joint Commission of Bankruptcy awarded and issued against James Huey and Joshua Willcocks, late of Aldermanbury, London, Merchants and Copartners, as under the separate Commission awarded and issued against the said Joshua Willcocks, are desired to meet the Assignees of the Estate and Effects of the said James Huey and Joshua Willcocks, as also of the said Joshua Willcocks under the said respective Commissions, on Wednesday the 16th Day of October next, at Four o'Clock in the Afternoon, at the Crown Tavern behind the Royal Exchange, London, in order to assent to or dissent from a Proposal to be made by the said respective Assignees, that the neat Produce of the joint Estate and Effects of the said James Huey and Joshua Willcocks, as also of the separate Estate and Effects of the said Joshua Willcocks, may be added and blended together, for the Use and Benefit of all the said Bankrupts respective joint and separate Creditors, and be wholly divided as far as the same will extend, rateably and in equal Proportion, amongst the joint and separate Creditors of the said James Huey and Joshua Willcocks respectively, seeking Relief under the said joint and separate Commission; and on other special Affairs. And such of the said Creditors who cannot be then and there present, are desired to authorize and appoint some Person or Persons on their Behalfs, to assent to or dissent from the said Proposal, or any Agreement in Consequence thereof.

THE Creditors who have proved their Debts under the Commission of Bankrupt lately awarded against Alexander Strahan, of the City of London, Merchant, are desired to meet the Assignees of the said Bankrupt's Estate and Effects, on the 2d Day of October next, at Twelve in the Forenoon, at the Pope's Head Tavern in Cornhill, London, in order to empower the said Assignees to commence one or more Suit or Suits at Law or in Equity, or to compromise or agree any Debt or Debts due to the said Bankrupt, and on other special Affairs.

WHEREAS a Commission of Bankrupt is awarded and issued forth against Isaac Wood, of Littletown, in the Parish of Birstall, in the County of York, and William Halstead, of the said Parish of Birstall, Dyers and Partners, and they being declared Bankrupts, are hereby required to surrender themselves to the Commissioners in the said Commission, named or the major Part of them, on the 4th and 5th of October next, at the House of Mr. Benjamin Johnson, known by the Sign of the White Hart in Wakefield, in the County of York, and on the 5th Day of November next, at the House of Mr. Thomas Moxon, the Sign of the King's Arms in Leeds in the same County, at Ten of the Clock in the Forenoon on each of the said Days, and make a full Discovery and Disclosure of their Estate and Effects, when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the second Sitting to chuse Assignees, and at the last Sitting the said Bankrupts are required to finish their Examination, and the Creditors are to assent to or dissent from the Allowance of their Certificate: All Persons indebted to the said Bankrupts, or that have any of their Effects, are not to pay or deliver the same but to whom the Commissioners shall appoint, but give Notice to Mr. Thomas Oates, Attorney in Wakefield aforesaid.