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St. James's, October 22.

THE following Address of the Bishop, Præcentor and Chapter, and Clergy of the Diocese of St. David's, has been presented to his Majesty by the Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of St. David's, being introduced by the Right Hon. the Lord Fauconberg, one of the Lords of his Majesty's Bed-chamber in Waiting: Which Address his Majesty was pleased to receive very graciously.

To the King's most Excellent Majesty,

The humble Address of the Bishop, Præcentor and Chapter, and Clergy of the Diocese of St. David's.

Most Gracious Sovereign,

WE your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Bishop, Præcentor and Chapter, and Clergy of the Diocese of St. David's, beg leave to present our most humble and sincere Congratulations to your sacred Majesty upon your happy Return to your British Dominions, as well as upon the successful Event of your Royal Councils and Labours in replacing the Imperial Crown of Germany in the House of Austria, and thereby restoring a Prospect of Liberty and Peace to Europe.

It is with grateful Sense of this and the many other Blessings of your Gracious Reign, that we approach your Majesty's Throne, not without the highest Indignation that there should any be found in these Kingdoms so wickedly insensible of them, as at the same time to forget the Duty and Allegiance they owe to your Majesty as Subjects, and the Regard that is due to the true Interest and Happiness of themselves and their Countrymen as Britons, by traiterously abetting the Attempts of a Popish Pretender and his Family, in Concurrence with the perpetual Enemies and most dangerous Rivals of your Kingdoms, for the Subversion of all that is dear to us, the secure Enjoyment of our Religion and Liberties

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under your Majesty's just and mild Administration.

And as we cannot behold this Rebellious Attempt, so full of national Slavery and Ruin, but with the utmost Abhorrence and Detestation, when we consider ourselves in the Light of Subjects and of Englishmen, so do we think ourselves bound in an especial Manner as Protestants and Clergymen, to exert our utmost Endeavours, both by our earnest Prayers to Almighty God, and by Diligence and Zeal in our proper Sphere, to disappoint a Design, whose natural and undoubted End can never be any other than the Subversion of the pure and reformed Religion, and the Establishment of papal Tyranny and Superstition in these Kingdoms; since as well from the Experience of all former times, as from the known Cruelty and Faithfulness of the Romish Policy, we are thoroughly assured, that a popish Prince and a protestant Church must be ever inconsistent.

May God long preserve your Majesty an happy Instrument in his Hand, to avert so fatal an Event from this Church and Nation, and to procure and convey the Blessings his Mercy has yet in Store for them; and may the Throne of these Kingdoms be so firmly established in your Royal House, as therein to perpetuate our excellent Constitution to all future Generations.

The following Voluntary Engagement and Association of the Gentlemen and principal Inhabitants of the City and Liberty of Westminster, has been presented to his Majesty by the Right Honourable the Lord Percival, being introduced by the Right Honourable the Lord Fauconberg, one of the Lords of his Majesty's Bed-chamber in Waiting: Which Voluntary Engagement and Association his Majesty was pleased to receive very graciously.

The Voluntary Engagement and Association of the Gentlemen and principal Inhabitants of the City and Liberty of Westminster.

WHereas a great Number of Papists, and other traiterous Persons in North Britain, are

are now in Arms engaged in a wicked and unnatural Rebellion, in order to advance a popish Pretender to the Throne of these Kingdoms :

We whose Names are underwritten, warm'd with a just Zeal for the best of Governments, administered under the best of Princes, and alarm'd with the threatned Dangers of Popery and arbitrary Power, do in all Faith and Honour solemnly promise and engage mutually to assist and stand by each other, to the utmost of our Abilities, in the Support and Defence of the Right, Title, Person, Family and Government of his sacred Majesty King George the Second, against any Pretender to his Crown, or any Power, either foreign or domestick, which have made or shall make any hostile Attempt upon the present Establishment either in Church or State.

And we do farther engage in the Manner and upon the Terms hereunto annexed, if his Majesty shall graciously condescend to accept the same, to be ready at all Hours, upon the first Intimation of his Royal Pleasure, to appear in the Defence of his Majesty's Person, and of this Metropolis which we inhabit.

The Manner and Terms of this Engagement are as follow :

First. That this Engagement shall continue in Force till the present Rebellion shall be suppressed, and no longer.

Second. That we will furnish ourselves, at our own Expence, with uniform Arms and Accoutrements, such as we are bound by Law to provide for the Militia, together with uniform Cloathing, viz. a blue Coat with brass Buttons.

Third. We will enroll ourselves in one or more Regiment or Regiments, Troop or Troops, Company or Companies, under such Officers as his Majesty shall think fitting to appoint.

Provided always,

I. That during the Time our Service shall be accepted in this Form, we may not be charged to the Service of the Militia.

II. That our personal Service may not be required beyond the Precincts of this City, &c.

III. That we shall not be subject to the Martial-Law, but in Lieu thereof, to such Penalties as are prescribed by the Laws for Regulating the Militia of this Kingdom.

The following Address of the Justices of the Peace for the City and Liberty of Westminster, has been presented to his Majesty by his Grace the Duke of Newcastle, Lord Lieutenant of the County of Middlesex, and one of his Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State: Which Address his Majesty was pleased to receive very graciously.

To the King's most Excellent Majesty,

The humble Address of his Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the City and Liberty of Westminster in Quarter Sessions assembled, the Ninth Day of October, One thousand seven hundred and forty five.

Most Gracious Sovereign,

PERmit us to approach your most sacred Person, and with true Joy and Gratitude to congratulate your Majesty on your safe Return to your British Dominions; on your important Successes in America, and on your Majesty's Influence in the Elevation of the Grand Duke to the Imperial Throne.

We beg Leave to express our utmost Detestation against the most wicked and unnatural Rebellion in the Northern Parts of Great Britain, kindled and supported by the Powers of France and Spain, the known common inveterate Enemies to a Protestant Free People, in Favour of a popish Pretender to your Crown, for the subverting our Religion, Laws, Liberties and Properties, and establishing Popery and Slavery, in the Place of our happy national Constitution.

With united Hearts of Loyalty and Zeal we assure your Majesty, that we will exert that Authority with which you have intrusted us, against all your Enemies, of what Degree soever; and will, at the Hazard of every Thing dear or valuable to us, contribute all in our Power to support the Happiness and Glory of your auspicious Reign, and the Preservation of your Royal Protestant Progeny, to sway and adorn the Royal Sceptre, throughout all Generations.

City, Borough, and Town of Westminster, in the County of Middlesex.

At the General Quarter Session of the Peace of our Sovereign Lord the King, holden at the Town-Court House near Westminster Hall, in and for the Liberty of the Dean and Chapter of the Collegiate Church of St. Peter Westminster, the City, Borough, and Town of Westminster, in the County of Middlesex, and St. Martin Le Grand, London, on Wednesday the Ninth Day of October, in the Nineteenth Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord George the Second, King of Great Britain, &c. before Thomas Burdus, Esquire, Richard Lilly, Gideon Harvey, Doctors of Physick, Richard Farwell, William Morice, George Howard, Thomas Ellis, Thomas Lediard, George Payne, James Frazer, John Powell, Esquires, and others their Fellow Justices of our said Lord the King, assigned to
keep

keep the Peace within the said Liberty, and also to hear and determine divers Felonies, Trespasses, and other Misdeeds, done and committed within the said Liberty.

By the Court,

Forbes.

The following Address and Association of the Lord Lieutenant, High Sheriff, Nobility, Deputy Lieutenants, Justices of the Peace, Gentlemen, Clergy, Freeholders, and others of the County of Berks, has been presented to his Majesty by his Grace the Duke of St. Albans, Lord Lieutenant of the said County: Which Address and Association his Majesty was pleased to receive very graciously.

Most Gracious Sovereign,

WE the Lord Lieutenant, High Sheriff, Nobility, Deputy Lieutenants, Justices of the Peace, Gentlemen, Clergy, Freeholders, and others of the County of Berks, intreat your Majesty to accept of our Association, as a Testimony of the Zeal and Fidelity of this County. When we consider the Happiness we have enjoyed under your most mild and auspicious Government, our Hearts are filled with the warmest Sentiments of Loyalty and Affection to your Royal Person. We look with Horror and Detestation on the present wicked Rebellion; a Project calculated by our inveterate Enemies, to destroy Britons by British Arms, and to subvert our present happy Establishment.

We beg Leave to assure your Majesty, that we will exert ourselves to the utmost on this important Occasion, and at the Hazard of our Lives and Fortunes, endeavour to preserve your Sacred Person and your Royal Family, on whose Safety, under God, our Civil and Religious Rights entirely depend.

Signed at the Town Hall in Reading, the Twelfth Day of October 1745.

The Association of the Lord Lieutenant, High Sheriff, Nobility, Deputy Lieutenants, Justices of the Peace, Gentlemen, Clergy, Freeholders, and others of the County of Berks.

WHEREAS the present Rebellion in Scotland, formed and encourag'd by the Crowns of France and Spain, our most dangerous and implacable Enemies, in Favour of an abjur'd popish Pretender, threatens the entire Subversion of our Religion, Laws and Liberties: We whose Names are hereunto subscribed, do solemnly profess our utter Detestation and Abhorrence of this wicked and most unnatural Rebellion; and do sincerely and heartily declare, that we will support and defend, at the

Hazard of our Lives and Fortunes, his Majesty King George, (the only lawful and rightful King of these Realms) the Protestant Succession, and the present Establishment in Church and State. And we mutually promise and engage to stand by and assist each other, to the utmost of our Power, in Defence of our King, the Royal Family, our Religion, Laws and Liberties. And we do cheerfully associate and unite ourselves to oppose by Force of Arms, and all other Means, the popish Pretender, and all his Adherents.

Signed at the Town Hall in Reading, the Twelfth Day of October 1745.

The following Address and Association of the Lord Lieutenant, High Sheriff, Deputy Lieutenants, Justices of the Peace, Grand Jury, Gentlemen, Clergy, Freeholders, and others of the County of Hertford, has been presented to his Majesty by the Right Honourable the Earl Cowper, Lord Lieutenant of the said County: Which Address and Association his Majesty was pleased to receive very graciously.

The humble Address of the Lord Lieutenant, High Sheriff, Deputy Lieutenants, Justices of the Peace, Grand-Jury, Gentlemen, Clergy, Freeholders, and others of the County of Hertford, assembled at the General Quarter Session of the Peace, holden at the Town of Hertford, in and for the same County, on Monday the Seventh Day of October, One thousand seven hundred and forty five.

May it please your Majesty,

TO permit us to congratulate your Majesty upon your safe Arrival in your British Dominions, and at this time of imminent Danger to renew our Assurances of Loyalty and Allegiance.

As we have a just Abhorrence of the present unnatural Rebellion in favour of a popish Pretender, supported by our inveterate Enemies, in order to subvert and destroy our happy Constitution in Church and State; we beg Leave to present to your Majesty, with this our humble and dutiful Address, our sincere Association, whereby we have engaged ourselves to the utmost of our Power to defend your Majesty's Sacred Person and Government, and to assure to ourselves the Happiness of a Protestant Succession in your Royal Family, as the only Security we can have for our Religion, Laws and Liberties.

An Association of the Noblemen, Gentlemen, Clergy, Freeholders and Inhabitants of the County of Hertford.

Whereas

WHEREAS there is now a horrid and unnatural Rebellion formed and carried on by Papists and other wicked and traitorous Persons, countenanced and supported by the implacable Enemies of our Country, with an Intent to dethrone his Majesty King George, to subvert our Religion, Laws and Liberties, and to place the Crown of Great-Britain on the Head of a Popish Pretender, who must for his own Sake be dependant on France and Rome: We whose Names are hereunto subscribed, being fully convinced that an Union of Hearts and Forces will greatly conduce to his Majesty's Safety, and the Protection of our Country, do voluntarily and firmly bind ourselves, every one of us the one to the other, jointly and severally, in the Bond of one loyal Society, and do hereby solemnly promise, That with our Bodies, Lives and Estates, we and every one of us will stand by and assist each other in the Support and Defence of his Majesty's sacred Person and Government; and will as well with Force of Arms, as by all other lawful Means, withstand the said Popish Pretender and Traitors, and all Manner of Persons and their Abettors, who shall attempt, act, counsel or consent to any Thing that shall tend to the Harm of his Majesty King George, or any of his Royal Family. All which we will faithfully perform, according to the plain Sense and Meaning of the above written Instrument, as we hope for the Favour of Almighty God, and the Esteem of good Men.

The following Address of the Justices of the Peace and Grand Jury of the County of Kent, has been presented to his Majesty by his Grace the Duke of Dorset, Custos Rotulorum of the said County: Which Address his Majesty was pleased to receive very graciously.

To the King's most Excellent Majesty,

The humble Address of the Justices of the Peace and Grand Jury, assembled at a General Quarter Sessions of the Peace for the County of Kent, holden at Maidstone the 8th of October, 1745.

May it please your Majesty,

WITH Hearts full of Loyalty, we offer our sincere Congratulations on your Majesty's safe Return to your British Dominions, (happily for us) at a Time when your Royal Presence is so necessary for the Defence of our Religion, Laws and Liberties, the Subversion of which is now threatened by an actual Rebellion in Scotland, rais'd by a popish Pretender to your Crown.

It is with a due Detestation and Abhorrence of such Attempts we pray Leave to assure your Majesty, that we will not only put the Laws

now in being, for the Defence of your Majesty's Person and Government, zealously into Execution, but will be always ready, at the Hazard of our Lives and Fortunes, to support and maintain your Majesty's rightful Title to the Crown of these Realms, against all Pretenders thereto, or Invaders thereof, and their Adherents or Abettors whatsoever.

May the Divine Providence bless your Majesty's Arms with Success; make your Reign long and happy, and grant a Protestant Succession in your illustrious House to reign over us and our Posterity until Time shall be no more.

The following Address of the Lord Lieutenant, High Sheriff, Deputy Lieutenants, Justices of the Peace, Gentlemen and Clergy of the County of Essex, has been presented to his Majesty by the Right Hon. the Earl Fitzwalter, being introduced by the Right Honourable the Lord Fauconberg, one of the Lords of his Majesty's Bed-Chamber in Waiting: Which Address his Majesty was pleased to receive very graciously.

At the General Quarter Sessions of the Peace of our Sovereign Lord King George the Second, held in and for the County of Essex, the Eighth Day of October, in the Nineteenth Year of his Majesty's Reign.

Most gracious Sovereign,

WE your Majesty's most loyal and dutiful Subjects, the Lord Lieutenant, High Sheriff, Deputy Lieutenants, Justices of the Peace, Gentlemen and Clergy of the County of Essex, assembled at our General Quarter Sessions, most humbly beg Leave to declare to your Majesty, our Abhorrence of the insolent and rebellious Designs which are now carrying on in some Parts of your Dominions in Favour of a Popish Pretender, and in Opposition to the Happiness we enjoy by the Establishment of your Majesty upon the Throne of these Realms.

When we consider that these Disturbances were first fomented here by our most inveterate Enemies abroad, as the most effectual Means of dividing the Allied Power, and aggrandizing their own, to the general Destruction of the common Liberties of Europe: When we reflect on the yet more immediate Consequences to ourselves, in these daring Attempts to overthrow our Religion, Laws and Liberties; and when we are convinced that the Emiffary now sent over is only made use of to be subservient to these destructive and inglorious Ends, we cannot but be filled with the highest Detestation against such a Tool of France, such a Friend to Rome, and such an Invader of the British Constitution.

Whilst on the other Hand, it is with the warmest

est Gratitude we call to Mind the many invaluable Blessings we have received under your Majesty's auspicious Reign and Government, endeared to us by the most mild and gentle Administration, and an unmolested Enjoyment of all our Religious and Civil Rights. These Sentiments, Sir, have now inspired us to enter into an unanimous Resolution of exerting our utmost Power and Abilities in Defence of your Majesty's most just and undoubted Title to your Crown and Dignity, being sensible that the Happiness of your People, and the Preservation of our Constitution, must entirely depend upon the Security of your Royal Person, and the Protestant Succession in your most illustrious Family.

The following Address of the Archbishop, Bishops and Clergy of the Province of Canterbury, has been presented to his Majesty by the most Reverend the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury.

To the King's most Excellent Majesty,

The humble Address of the Archbishop, Bishops and Clergy of the Province of Canterbury, in Convocation assembled.

Most gracious Sovereign,

WITH Hearts full of all the Sentiments which the warmest Gratitude and most affectionate Duty can inspire, we the Archbishop, Bishops and Clergy of your Province of Canterbury, in Convocation assembled, unanimously beg Leave to embrace this earliest Opportunity of approaching your Royal Throne with our most ardent Wishes, that the same good Providence which hath hitherto preserv'd your invaluable Life, and brought back your Majesty in Safety to your People, loyally anxious for your Presence, may still continue your effectual Safeguard, and protect your sacred Head from every Danger.

Whilst with one general Voice your free and happy Subjects loudly proclaim your Majesty's never-ceasing paternal Care for their Welfare in every possible Instance, and remote Nations gratefully acknowledge your powerful and beneficial Influence, Posterity will scarce believe, that a popish and long abjur'd Pretender, in Confederacy with the avow'd and inveterate Enemies of this Church and Nation, should presume to disturb the Tranquillity of your Government: But from the great and almost unparallel'd Unanimity and Zeal, which have every-where appear'd for the Suppression of this unnatural and flagitious Rebellion, and for the Defence of your sacred Person, your Crown and Dignity, and our own Religious and Civil Rights, this Benefit, we assuredly hope, thro' the gracious and wise Disposal of Providence,

will accrue, that not only the present Hopes and Designs of our Enemies shall be frustrated; but all their future Attempts for ever discourag'd and prevented.

And as it is the daily and fervent Prayer of your loyal Clergy, that such may be the happy Consequences of our present Troubles, and that in full Peace and Prosperity your Majesty may very long reign over an obedient and grateful People; so we do in the most solemn Manner assure your Majesty, that it shall be our faithful and constant Endeavour to impress on the Minds of the People under our Care, such steady Principles of Loyalty and Duty, as shall oblige them, on all Emergencies, to concur to their utmost Power in supporting your Majesty's most just and undoubted Right to the Imperial Crown of this Realm, and, which is inseparable from it, our excellent Constitution in Church and State.

To which Address his Majesty was pleased to return this most gracious Answer.

My Lords, and the rest of the Clergy,

I Thank you very heartily for this affectionate Address. The early Care you have taken to warn my People of the imminent Dangers which threaten this Church and Nation, from the present unnatural Rebellion, is very agreeable to me; and I depend upon the Continuance of your zealous Endeavours for that Purpose. You may be assured of my constant Resolution to maintain and support the Church of England, as by Law established.

The following Address of the Lord Lieutenant, High Sheriff, Noblemen, Justices, Gentlemen and Clergy of the County of Gloucester, has been presented to his Majesty by Sir Francis Fust, Bart. being introduced by the Right Hon. the Lord Viscount Fauconberg, one of the Lords of his Majesty's Bed-Chamber in Waiting: Which Address his Majesty was pleased to receive very graciously.

To the King's most Excellent Majesty,

The humble Address of the Lord Lieutenant, High Sheriff, Noblemen, Justices, Gentlemen and Clergy, assembled at the General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, held for the County of Gloucester, the 8th Day of October 1745.

May it please your Majesty,

WE your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, humbly beg Leave to congratulate your Majesty upon your safe Arrival in your British Dominions, and upon the Success of your Majesty's Arms in the taking of Cape Breton, which must greatly Distress the common

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Enemy,

Enemy, and be extremely beneficial to the Trade and Navigation of Great Britain.

We also beg Leave to congratulate your Majesty upon the Election of an Emperor, an Event of the utmost Importance to Europe in general, and which may be justly imputed to your Majesty's generous Concern, and unwearied Endeavours, for the Support of the common Cause, and which will greatly contribute towards extinguishing that Flame which has spread so universally, and be an effectual Means, of restoring the former Repose and Tranquillity of Europe.

We should be wanting to ourselves and our Country, if we did not, at this critical Juncture, declare to your Majesty our utmost Abhorrence of the Invasion of your Majesty's Kingdoms, by a popish Pretender, bred up in the Church of Rome, and in Principles destructive to the Religion, Laws and Liberties of our Country; supported by France, the common Disturber of the Tranquillity of Europe, whose restless and ambitious Spirit encourages her to attempt the undermining the Liberties of all Mankind, and to reduce Great Britain in particular, to the wretched Condition of becoming a Province to France, and of being solely at her Will and Disposal.

As we are truly sensible of the many Blessings we enjoy under your Majesty's auspicious Reign, and are thoroughly perswaded, that the only Security to our happy Constitution in Church and State, depends upon your Majesty's being firmly established upon the Throne of these Realms, and the Succession being continued in your Majesty's Royal Line;

We do, with Hearts full of Zeal and Gratitude, assure your Majesty, that we will, at the Hazard of our Lives and Fortunes, support your Majesty against the bold and insolent Attempts of your Majesty's Enemy's, who have broke out into an unnatural Rebellion; a Crime of the most heinous Nature, and greatly aggravated by their having long experienced and enjoyed that Lenity which has so eminently distinguished your Majesty's Reign.

The following Address of the Lord Lieutenant, High Sheriff, Deputy Lieutenants, and Justices of the Peace of the County of Stafford, has been presented to his Majesty by the Right Honourable the Lord Gower, Lord Privy Seal, being introduced by the Right Honourable the Lord Fauconberg: Which Address his Majesty was pleased to receive very graciously.

To the King's most Excellent Majesty,

The humble Address of the Lord Lieutenant, High Sheriff, Deputy Lieutenants, and Justices of the Peace of the County of Stafford,

assembled at the General Quarter Sessions of the Peace held for the said County, this Ninth Day of October, 1745.

WE the above-named Lord Lieutenant, High Sheriff, Deputy Lieutenants, and Justices of the Peace, whose Names are subscribed, beg Leave to congratulate your Majesty upon your safe Arrival in your Kingdom of Great Britain, and the happy Success of your Arms in taking of Cape Breton.

We detest the Attempts made by any of your Subjects to overturn your Government, and introduce Popery and arbitrary Power amongst us, which we are determin'd to oppose, to the utmost of our Power, at the Hazard of our Lives and Fortunes.

We have fresh Reason to congratulate your Majesty upon the happy Arrival of so many of your Majesty's British Troops in these Dominions at this critical Juncture, and when the rest are arrived (which we hope will be soon) we doubt not, but by the Blessing of God, and the general Union which appears among all your English Subjects, that all Dangers from foreign Invasions will vanish, and that our happy Constitution will be transmitted safe to latest Posterity under your Majesty's Royal Family.

The following Address of the Lord Lieutenant, High Sheriff, Deputy Lieutenants, Justices of the Peace, and other Gentlemen of the County of Dorset, has been presented to his Majesty by the Right Honourable the Earl of Shaftsbury, Lord Lieutenant of the said County, attended by several of the principal Gentlemen, &c. being introduced by the Right Honourable the Lord Fauconberg; one of the Lords of his Majesty's Bed-chamber in Waiting: Which Address his Majesty was pleased to receive very graciously.

To the King's most Excellent Majesty,

The humble Address of the Lord Lieutenant, High Sheriff, Deputy Lieutenants, Justices of the Peace, and other Gentlemen of the County of Dorset, assembled at a General Meeting of the said County, held at Dorchester the Ninth Day of October, 1745.

Most Gracious Sovereign,

WE your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Lord Lieutenant, High Sheriff, Deputy Lieutenants, Justices of the Peace, and other Gentlemen of the County of Dorset, at a General Meeting of the said County, held at Dorchester, with all Humility beg Leave to congratulate your Majesty on your safe and happy Return to Great Britain; as also to express our

our Abhorrence and Detestation of the present unnatural Rebellion; a Rebellion begot and nursed up by foreign Counsels, depending for its Growth on foreign Assistance, and tending to subject this Nation in the End to foreign Powers; a Rebellion, which none can espouse, but those who are Advocates for Despotism, and are ready to become the wretched Instruments of the insatiable Cruelty of the Court of Rome, and the restless Ambition of the Court of France.

We further beg Permission to assure your Majesty, that with a steady Affection we will, to the utmost of our Power, defend and support your Royal Person and Family against the Pretender and his Adherents, as it is on a Protestant Government only we can rely for the Security of our civil and religious Rights.

The following Address of the Mayor, Aldermen, Capital Burgesses, and principal Inhabitants of Bideford, has been presented to his Majesty by the Right Honourable the Lord Gower, Lord Privy Seal: Which Address his Majesty was pleased to receive very graciously.

To the King's most Excellent Majesty,

The humble Address of the Mayor, Aldermen, Capital Burgesses, and Principal Inhabitants of Bideford.

WE your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Mayor, Aldermen, Capital Burgesses, and principal Inhabitants of Bideford, humbly beg Leave to congratulate your Majesty on your safe Return to your British Dominions; on the Success of your Negotiations Abroad in Favour of the House of Austria; and on the glorious Success of your Royal Navy in America, in taking the important Island of Cape Breton, whereby France is deprived of that grand Nursery of her Sailors, and the Maritime Power of that Kingdom is undermined, and her Colonies in North America are render'd defenceless and useless to her.

As these Successes, which tend to the Preservation of the Balance of Power and the Liberties of Europe, and to the Increase and Defence of the Trade and Navigation of Great Britain, and for the Reduction of the exorbitant Power of France, have stirr'd up her Resentment against your Majesty, and to favour the Designs of a popish Pretender; so these Successes of your Majesty ought, by every true Briton, to be esteem'd additional Glories of your Majesty's Reign, and to unite all their Hearts and Affections in true Loyalty for your Majesty, who is their gracious Defender.

We are too sensible of the innumerable Blessings we happily enjoy under your most gracious Majesty; we are too sensible of the wide

Difference between a Protestant and a Popish Government, between an absolute and limited Monarchy, between a Parliamentary Right to the Crown in your Majesty, and the vain ill-grounded Claim of the popish Pretender, to exchange our glorious and happy Constitution, and the legal Establishment of the Crown, for an Arbitrary Popish Government, under a Vicaroy of France: Against all such Attempts, manifestly destructive to the Rights and Liberties of the British Nation, which, under your Majesty, will be ever safe, your Majesty may be assured of our utmost Opposition, with all our Lives and Fortunes. That your Majesty may long reign for the Glory, Happiness and Protection of Britain; that all the Plots and Designs of France and the Pretender, against this Nation, may with Shame and Confusion for ever be defeated, is our hearty and united Prayer.

The following Address of the Justices of Peace for the County of Wilts, has been presented to his Majesty by the Right Honourable the Lord Duplin, accompanied by the Lord Harry Powlett, Edward Baynton, Esq; William Rawlison Earle, Esq; John Garth, Esq; Robert Neale, Esq; and other Justices of the Peace for the said County, being introduced by the Right Honourable the Lord Fauconberg, one of the Lords of his Majesty's Bed-Chamber in Waiting: Which Address his Majesty was pleased to receive very graciously.

To the King's most Excellent Majesty,

The humble Address of the Justices of Peace for the County of Wilts, in their Quarter Sessions assembled.

Most gracious Sovereign,

WE your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Justices of the Peace for the County of Wilts, at their General Quarter Sessions assembled, take this first Opportunity (lamenting that we had not an earlier) of approaching your most sacred Person.

We beg Leave to congratulate your Majesty upon your safe Return to this Kingdom, after having given a Head to the Empire, and upon the Success of your Majesty's Arms in the Conquest of Cape Breton.

We cannot at the same Time sufficiently express our Detestation of the Invasion made upon your Majesty's Dominions in Favour of a popish and abjured Pretender to the Crown of these Realms.

When we consider this Invasion as the plain and undoubted Consequence of the glorious Part your Majesty has taken in the Defence of the Liberties of Europe, and the Protection of the Trade

Trade and most important Rights of your Majesty's Subjects, it is impossible for us not to look upon ourselves to be bound by all the Ties and Obligations of Duty, Honour and Gratitude, to exert our utmost Abilities in Support and Defence of your Majesty, against all your Enemies and Opposers both at Home and Abroad.

But how great and affecting soever these Considerations may be, yet they almost vanish and disappear, when we reflect upon the Danger our Liberties, civil and religious, must necessarily be exposed to, from an Attempt to establish a popish and arbitrary Government amongst us, by the Power of France and Policy of Rome.

And as we are thoroughly convinced, that a Government, so introduc'd and supported, must inevitably be attended with Tyranny and Oppression both in Church and State; give us Leave to assure your Majesty, that we want Words to express our Zeal and Readiness to concur in any Measures that your Majesty's great Wisdom shall suggest, for the averting what we shall for ever think the greatest Evil that can possibly befall us.

With infinite Pleasure and Satisfaction we reflect, that the Support of your Majesty's undoubted Title to the Crown of these Realms, is but the just Return of Gratitude for all the Blessings we have enjoyed under your Majesty's just and mild Administration, and the only Means of securing to ourselves the Continuance of all that is dear and valuable to us.

That the Crown of these Realms may be continued in your Majesty's most illustrious House, for the Security of the Protestant Religion, the Laws and Liberties of Great Britain, till Time shall be no more, are the ardent Wishes of,

Your Majesty's most dutiful
and loyal Subjects.

The following Address of the Nobility, Gentry and Clergy of the County of Rutland, having been transmitted by the Right Honourable the Earl of Gainsborough, to his Grace the Duke of Newcastle, one of his Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, has by him been presented to his Majesty; Which Address his Majesty was pleased to receive very graciously.

The humble Address of the Nobility, Gentry and Clergy of the County of Rutland, at a General Meeting at Oakham, this Eleventh Day of October, One thousand seven hundred and forty-five.

May it please your Majesty,

WE your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Nobility, Gentry and Cler-

gy of the County of Rutland, do most sincerely congratulate your Majesty on your safe Return to these Realms, on the Success of your Endeavours to obtain the Imperial Crown for the Great Duke of Tuscany, and on the important Conquest of Cape Breton.

As the Joy we feel from these happy Events, is so unseasonably interrupted by the present wicked Attempts in Scotland, in Favour of a popish Pretender to your Crown, we beg Leave to take this Opportunity of expressing our Detestation of so daring and unnatural a Rebellion, by which all that is valuable and dear to us is threatened with Destruction. We assure your Majesty that we will, to the utmost of our Power, exert ourselves in the Defence of your Majesty's Person, your Government, and our present happy Constitution.

It is our sincere and fervent Wish, that your Majesty's Reign may be long and prosperous, and that the Succession to the Crown of Great Britain may continue in your Royal Family uninterrupted and secure.

The following Association of the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen, Gentlemen, Clergy, Merchants, Freeholders, and other principal Inhabitants of the Town and County of Kingston upon Hull, having been transmitted by John Froggott, Esq; their Mayor, to his Grace the Duke of Newcastle, one of his Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, has by him been presented to his Majesty: Which Association his Majesty was pleased to receive very graciously.

WHEREAS there is now a horrid and unnatural Rebellion, formed and carried on in Scotland by Papists and other wicked and traitorous Persons, countenanced and supported by the old and inveterate Enemies of our Country, and Religion and Liberties thereof, the Crowns of France and Spain, in order to dethrone his present Majesty King George, the only rightful and lawful King of these Realms; and having subverted our Religion, Laws and Liberties (which God forbid) to set upon the Throne a popish Pretender, a Dependant and a Slave to those tyrannous and corrupted Courts; We the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen, Gentlemen, Clergy, Merchants, Freeholders, and other principal Inhabitants of the Town and County of Kingston upon Hull, whose Names are subscribed to this Writing, and every of us, being of Opinion that in Times so full of Danger and treasonable Practices as these are, an Union of our Hearts and Forces will be most conducing to his Majesty's Safety, and the publick Good of our Country, do voluntarily and willingly bind ourselves, every one of us, to the other, jointly and severally, in the Band of one firm and loyal Society, and do hereby promise, that

that with our whole Powers, Bodies, Lives and Estates, we and every of us will stand by and assist each other in the Support and Defence of his Majesty's sacred Person and Government, and will withstand, offend and pursue, as well by Force of Arms as by all other Means, the said popish Pretender and Traytors, and also all Manner of Persons, of what State soever they be, and their Abettors, that shall attempt, act, counsel, or consent to any Thing that shall tend to the Harm of his Majesty King George, or of his Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, or any of their Issue, or to the Subversion of his Majesty's Government. And we do by this Instrument declare, that no one of us shall, for any Respect of Persons or Causes, or for Fear or Reward, separate ourselves from this Association, or fail in the Prosecution thereof during our Lives. Dated at Kingston upon Hull, the 26th Day of September, in the Nineteenth Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord George the Second, by the Grace of God, of Great Britain, France and Ireland, King, Defender of the Faith, &c. and in the Year of our Lord 1749.

Tripoly, April 9, O. S. On the 5th Instant came in here a Vessel from Bengasi in the Kingdom of Barca, belonging to the Bashaw there. The Master brought Letters to the Bashaw, that the Plague was broke out at that Place; that ten Persons were dead of it; that most of the People had removed for Fear of it; and that the French Consul was shut up in his House. Upon this News the Bashaw ordered the Vessel to sail out of Port, not suffering any one to come on Shore.

Tripoly, May 15, O. S. By our last Advices from Bengasi, by a French Vessel which stood off that Place, the Plague continued raging there, and had carried off above Forty Persons every Day for some time past.

Constantinople, Aug. 30. By Advices receiv'd from Persia, the Army of this Government, consisting of 130,000 Men, commanded by Yeghen Bashaw, has been entirely defeated. The Bashaw brought to Cars about 100,000 Men, and found there about 30,000; from thence he march'd (contrary to the express Orders of the Porte) directly towards the Persian Frontier. He met by the Way two or three small Parties of 5 to 9000 Persians entrenched, whom he put to Flight very successfully, one after another; elevated with this Beginning of Success, he march'd on towards Erivan, near which the Persian King lay encamp'd with about 40,000 Men, and one of his Generals at some small Distance in an adjacent Valley, had likewise a Body of 40,000 Men under his Command. The Bashaw not imagining the main Army to be so near, fell in with another small Entrenchment, and routed it; those Persians immediately retired precipitately towards the Shaugh's Army, which soon advanced to their Succour, and the Bashaw immediately found himself engaged in very disadvantageous Ground, with that Part of the Persian Army commanded by the Shaugh, whilst the other 40,000 Men, with the Persian General at their Head, took him in Flank. The

Turks were soon broken, above half their Infantry was cut to Pieces; and the Bashaw himself, endeavouring to rally them in Person, with his Sabre in his Hand, received a Musket-shot, of which he died in few Minutes in his Tent, whither he was immediately carried. 'Tis assured that their Loss amounts to at least 28,000 Men, besides three Bashaws of three Tails kill'd in the Action, one of whom particularly, as well as Yeghen Bashaw, is much regretted, having both a high Reputation here for Valour. The Turks abandoned their Camp, Cannon and Baggage, but the cautious Persian did not pursue, or even let his Troops advance to plunder what the Enemy had left, till he could be sure there was no Stratagem in the Flight, or Fear of the Enemy's returning upon them, whilst they should be busied in the Pillage; when he had waited many Hours, and received certain Intelligence of the Enemy's being really fled, he made himself Master of their Camp, Baggage and Cannon. The Remains of the Turkish Army, in Disorder and Confusion, without a Head or any Discipline, are returned to Cars.

Gibraltar, Sept. 13. Admiral Medley, who had lately returned hither with his Squadron to make his Ships fit for the Sea, sails this Day out of the Streights to observe the Motions of the Enemy. We hear from Carthage, that the Ships of War there are sixteen in Number, with four new Gallies; that there are three French Men of War at Cadiz with some Merchant Ships, which are bound up the Streights, but afraid to proceed as our Ships lye in their Way. This Garrison continues in good Health, and we have great Plenty of Provisions.

Oporto, Sept. 25. The Letters from Lisbon mention the Arrival in that River of the Tygres Privateer, with a French Prize bound from St. Malo to Cadiz with Linnen, said to be worth Forty Thousand Pounds, which she took after a long and smart Engagement, the French having 24 Guns, nine Pounders, and 190 Men, and the Privateer 20 Guns, six Pounders, and 180 Men. The 21st Instant the Trade from hence for England sailed with his Britannick Majesty's Ship Shoreham for Lisbon, to join the Greyhound and the Dutch Ship that are to Convoy them home. We have Advice here from Galicia, that the Ferrol Squadron was still in that Harbour, ready to sail; that no Resolution about making the Draughts from the Militia was yet come from Court, the Want of which was believed to be the only Thing that retarded the sailing of the said Squadron, which was still said to be design'd for the Havanna, from whence several Ships were certainly expected with Treasure for the King in November or December.

Journal from the Saxon Head Quarters at Saturday, Oct. 3, N. S.

THE Combined Army remains still in the same Situation in the Camp near Jaromitz, without having made any Motion, as the Enemies do on the other Side Trautenau. And according to the last Advices from our advanced Posts, they had sent off their Equipages and Part

of the heavy Artillery towards Silesia; from whence it is believed the Army stays to consume the Provisions, and by that Means hinder us from following them. There are Skirmishes daily at the advanced Posts with the Houlans and Hussars, and always some Prisoners made and carried to the Quarters. The Desertion continues, but not in such Numbers as last Year, the Soldiers being forbid, under very severe Punishment, to go out of the Camp of their Companies. Upon the 7th arrived two Companies of Hussars from Transilvania, lately raised, and consisting of 100 Horse each. This Troop is not only composed of very good Men, but exceeding well mounted, and in good Order, which cannot be said of a Reinforcement of Recruits that arrived the Day before from Nuremberg for the Infantry, for they are most of them Deserters. The King of Prussia has wrote to Prince Charles, to demand the private Secretaries that were made Prisoners on the Day of Battle, but his Highness answer'd, that he must wait for farther Orders in that Respect from Vienna. According to all Appearances, as soon as the Enemies retreat farther, we shall follow them to keep them in respect, that they may not be able to detach a Corps to reinforce that under the Prince of Anhalt Dessau on the Frontiers of Saxony; but it is certain we shall find a great deal of Difficulty to subsist, for we are actually obliged to fetch the Forage five German Miles from hence; and it will require much Time before Magazines can be raised sufficient to serve the Army. Yesterday Colonel Trenk brought to the Prince a great Bundle of Papers, which the Hussars took on the Day of Battle in the Prussian Camp, and threw aside; among which, it seems, there are some of very great Consequence. We flatter ourselves with Hopes of a Confirmation of the good News, that a Body of Russians were on March to our Assistance.

*From the Saxon Head Quarters at Salnau,
Oct. 12, N.S.*

THE Enemies are still in the same Position on the other Side of Trautenau. On the 10th Instant his Royal Highness Prince Charles received a Courier from Francfort, with a Notification of the Coronation of the Emperor; and Yesterday Morning at Ten o'Clock Te Deum was sung at the Centre of the Army, where the Prince had caused two Tents to be erected, and assembled the Companies of Horse Grenadiers and Carabineers, and all the Kettle Drums and Trumpets of the Army, under the Sound of which High Mass was sung. At Noon the Generals and Colonels dined in great Formality with the Prince. At Four in the Afternoon the whole Army was drawn up under Arms, and the Prince and the Generals resorted thither. After a Discharge of 80 Pieces of Cannon, which were placed on an Eminence behind the Front, the Army made a Running Fire from the Right Wing of the first Line to the Left, and from the Left of the second Line to the Right, continuing the same through the Corps de Reserve; after which there was a triple Discharge of the Cannon. The Morning at the Parade, there was a great Promotion of Generals, the Prince declaring General Hohenembs Field Marshal, and

the Prince of Saxe Gotha, and the Lieutenant Generals Bellaire, Bernes, and St. Ignon, Generals of Horse.

Vienna, Oct. 13, N.S. His Prussian Majesty is by all Accounts retiring into Silesia, and has, to cover his Retreat, made the Body that he had at Landshut advance towards him, but without waiting for the farther Reinforcement of the Body he had in Upper Silesia, which, according to Letters from thence of the 8th Instant, is assured to be still at and about Neustadt, under the Command of Count Nassau. The last Letters from Italy suppose, that the Spaniards will attempt the Sieges of Valance and of Alexandria at one and the same time.

Berlin, Oct. 16. It is said here, that the Austrians have partly taken or destroyed a Prussian Magazine after the late Action. His Prussian Majesty is expected here the 3d of next Month, and the reigning Prince of Anhalt will take upon him the Command of the Army during his Majesty's Absence in that Province, whither a Transport of Bullets, Shovels, and other warlike Stores, was sent by Water on the 14th Instant. The Regiment of Bredow returns to its former Quarters at Stettin. The Militia here is to be disbanded, and the Regiments of Prince Leopold, Royal Ferdinand, and Old Wirtemberg, are expected to garrison here as formerly. The Citizens of this Town have received Orders to render up the Arms that were distributed amongst them. In short, all Dispositions made not long ago to shew the real Fear of an Invasion, are removed. It is reported that the Army near Halle is to be divided, and a Line of the same to be drawn up along the Frontiers from Magdebourg to this City. The same will be done in Silesia, where the King of Prussia is said to have 15000 Peasants armed, whilst a Body of Troops is to penetrate into Moravia. The Widow Dutches of Brunswig has written to the reigning Queen here, that Prince Lewis her Brother, who was wounded in the late Action by a Shot through the Belly, is past Danger, his Entrails happily not having been touch'd.

Berlin, Oct. 19, N.S. It is confirmed that the Troops forming the Prussian Army near Halle, will be divided in such a Manner, that they may be re-assembled whenever it should be thought proper. The Armies in Bohemia keep still in the same Position; and it is reported here, that the Hussars and irregular Troops of the Austrians have occupied the Defiles and Passages in the Mountains of Silesia, and that consequently the Prussians will meet with many Difficulties, and be exposed to several Inconveniences in their Retreat. The Swedish Volunteers who have made this Campaign in the Prussian Army, arrived here in Town on the 16th Instant, in order to return to their Country. General Berlichingen, the Austrian General, who was taken Prisoner at the Battle of Friedberg, was brought hither from Striegau on the 17th Instant, escorted by a Captain and six under Officers. He is lodged in an Inn, and though attended by his own Servants, yet an under Officer is in the Anti-Chamber, and a Colonel at the Door.

Francfort

Francfort, Oct. 20, N. S. Marshal Bathiani is returned hither from Ulm, and Count Salaburg, Quartermaster General of the Austrian Troops, will arrive To-day, in order to settle the Winter Quarters for the Army now upon the Rhine.

Westminster, October 21.

His Majesty came this Day to the House of Peers, and being in his Royal Robes, seated on the Throne with the usual Solemnity, Sir Charles Dalton, Gentleman-Usher of the Black Rod, was sent with a Message from his Majesty to the House of Commons, commanding their Attendance in the House of Peers. The Commons being come thither accordingly, His Majesty was pleased to give the Royal assent to,

An Act to impower his Majesty to secure and detain such Persons as his Majesty shall suspect are conspiring against his Person and Government.

Whitehall, October 19.

By Letters from Berwick of the 16th there is an Account, that upon the 13th in the Evening, the Rebels having observ'd a great Light made in the Castle of Edinburgh, which was answered by Lights from the Fox Man of War in Leith Road, those who were in the Town or Suburbs, hurried from thence to their Camp at Duddingston, where they remained all Night. By Twelve o'Clock next Day, the Pretender's Eldest Son marched into Town, attended by about 100 People on Horseback. The Foot follow'd, and they marched up to the City without stopping at the Abbey, or in the Cannongate. Very few remained in their Camp, and there was not above 20 Tents left standing. By Advice from Edinburgh of the 15th, a Party of the Rebels were preparing to march to Montrose for the Arms and Money said to be lately landed there; and it continued to be given out, that their main Body were to march towards Berwick that Day, all the Carts in the Neighbourhood of the Camp having been order'd to attend. There was a great Spirit of Insolence reigning among the Highland Officers against their Chief Commanders, occasioned by the Want of their Pay.

Whitehall, October 22.

Letters arrived this Afternoon from Berwick, of the 19th, mention, that on the 17th the Rebels remain'd still at Edinburgh. Lieutenant General Handasyd was arrived at Berwick, and had taken upon him the Command of his Majesty's Forces there.

Whitehall, October 22.

Letters from Marshal Wade, dated at Doncaster the 19th Instant, mention, that he proposed marching Northward with the British and Dutch Infantry incamped near that Place, on Monday the 21st without Fail, the Cavalry having march'd on towards York some Days before.

Kensington, October 8.

Count Staremberg, sent to notify the Emperor's Coronation; and M. Wafner, to deliver

his new Letters of Credence, as Minister Plenipotentiary from the Emperor, had private Audiences of his Majesty; to which they were introduc'd by the Right Honourable the Earl of Harrington, one of his Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, and conducted by Sir Clement Cottrell Dormer, Knt. Master of the Ceremonies.

Leicester-House, October 11.

This Day Count Staremberg, and M. Wafner, had private Audiences of their Royal Highnesses, the Prince and Princess of Wales, being introduc'd by the Master of the Ceremonies.

Kensington, October 13.

This Day Count Staremberg and M. Wafner, had Private Audiences of their Royal Highnesses the Princesses Amelia and Caroline, being introduc'd by the Master of the Ceremonies.

Whitehall, October 19, 1745

Whereas it has been represented to his Majesty, that an anonymous Letter, dated the 5th Day of this Instant October, was directed to, and came to the Hands of the Mayor of the City of Norwich; and also another anonymous Letter, dated the 8th Day of this Instant October, was directed to, and came to the Hands of the Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of Norwich, in both which Letters an Account is given of treasonable Meetings, a Conspiracy, and Rebellionary Designs, (chiefly agitated and promoted by an Elderly Man, who seems to be a Priest, and to have been born in Ireland) being form'd, plann'd, and carried on in Norwich, Bungay, Wymondham, Harleston, and other Towns; and of the said Priest's, and the other Conspirators, having engaged, and bound themselves by the most solemn Oaths and Imprecations, and provided a great Number of Fire Arms, and a large Quantity of Ammunition, to rise in Favour of the Pretender: His Majesty, for the better discovering the Author or Authors of the said Letters, and bringing to Justice any Person or Persons concerned in the said Conspiracy, is pleased to promise his most gracious Pardon to any one of them, who shall discover his Accomplice or Accomplices, so as he, she, or they, may be apprehended and convicted thereof.

HOLLES NEWCASTLE.

The Nobility, Gentry, Clergy, Freeholders and others of the County of Middlesex, and City and Liberty of Westminster, are desired to meet on Friday the 23th Day of October Instant, at Eleven a-Clock in the Forenoon, at the Bedford Arms Tavern in the Little Piazza, Covent Garden, to consider of the most effectual Methods to be immediately taken for the Support of his Majesty and his Government, against the Attempts of the Pretender, and for the Security of the said County, City and Liberty.

HOLLES NEWCASTLE.

Notice is hereby given to the Officers and Seamen who were on board his Majesty's Ship Solebay, at the Time of retaking the Ant Pink, that they may receive their respective Shares for said Capture, at Mr. Richard Bowery's House, in Chequer Yard without Aldgate, on Wednesday the 6th of November next ensuing, between the Hours of Ten in the Morning and Two in the Afternoon; and that thenceforward the Shares that shall not then have been paid, may be received at the same Place the first Wednesday in every succeeding Month.

Adver.

Advertisements.

This Day is published; Price Six-Pence,

A Brief and true Representation of the Posture of our Affairs, Containing, A Particular Account of the Dangers to be apprehended from the present Invasion; and the Measures necessary for our Safety and Preservation.

Pro Aris & Focis.

Printed for E. Owen, in Amen-Corner.

WHEREAS a Letter has been transmitted to the Earl of Shaftsbury, Lord Lieutenant of the County of Dorset, said to be found on the Highway near Poole, dated Sept. 22, 1745, and signed J. W. with the Words — Esq; Weld in Purbeck superscribed, insinuating some Promises of Assistance in Case of a Descent in the West. — I Edward Weld do take this publick Opportunity to testify my Innocence, and my Desire to bring the Author or Authors of so base, scandalous and malicious a Libel, to condign Punishment; and in order thereto, do hereby promise a Reward of Forty Pounds to any Person who shall discover the Author or Authors of the said Letter; to be paid immediately on his or their Conviction, by me,
Lulworth Castle, Oct. Edward Weld.

14, 1745.

PURSUANT to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, the Creditors of Theobald Michell, late of Horsham, in the County of Sussex, Clerk, deceased, are forthwith to come before Robert Holford, Esq; one of the Masters of the said Court, at his Chambers in Symond's Inn, Chancery-lane; and prove their respective Debts, or in Default thereof they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Decree.

TO be sold, The Buildings and other Utensils proper for the making of White Lead, lately employed by Mr. John Turner, in the City of York, with the Lease of a convenient Dwelling-House, and other Out-buildings very commodious for carrying on the said Business. Inquire of Mr. William Turner, at Hull, or Mr. Josiah Hotham in York.

THE Creditors of the late Mr. Joseph Harkott, of Duddeston Hall, near Birmingham, in the County of Warwick, are desired to meet his Executor Mr. William Hurst, at the said Joseph Harbutt's said late Dwelling House, on Friday the First Day of November next, at Nine o'Clock in the Forenoon, to prove their respective Debts, and at the same Time to receive their respective Dividends of his Estate and Effects, and execute proper Discharges to the said Executor.

WHEREAS a Commission of Bankrupt is awarded and issued forth against Samuel Fisher, of the Parish of St. Luke, in the County of Middlesex, Dealer and Chapman, and he being declared a Bankrupt, is hereby required to surrender himself to the Commissioners in the said Commission named, or the major Part of them, on the 30th of October instant, on the 6th of November next; and on 3d of December following, at Three in the Afternoon on each of the said Days, at Guildhall, London, and make a full Discovery and Disclosure of his Estate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the second Sitting to choose Assignees, and at the last Sitting the said Bankrupt is required to finish his Examination, and the Creditors are to assent to or dissent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Persons indebted to the said Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the same but to whom the Commissioners shall appoint, but give Notice to Mr. Fell, Attorney, in Holborn Court, Gray's Inn.

THE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against Roeloff Grootert, of Hand-Alley, Bishopsgate-street, London, Weaver, intend to meet on the 14th Day of November next, at Three of the Clock in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London, in order to make a Dividend of the said Bankrupt's Estate; when and where the Creditors who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Dividend.

THE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against John Henschman, of Stratford Langthorne, in the Parish of Westham, in the County of Essex, Dealer in Lime and Coals, intend to meet on the 15th of November next, at Three in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London, in order to make a Dividend of the said Bankrupt's Estate; when and where the Creditors who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to do the same, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Dividend.

WHEREAS the acting Commissioners in the Commission of Bankrupt awarded against John Blackwood and

John Cathcart, late of London, but now of the Parish of St. Martin in the Fields, in the County of Middlesex, Merchants and Partners, have certified to the Right Hon. Philip Lord Hardwicke, Baron of Hardwicke, Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, that the said John Blackwood and John Cathcart have in all Things conformed themselves according to the Directions of the several Acts of Parliament made concerning Bankrupts; This is to give Notice, that by Virtue of an Act passed in the Fifth Year of his present Majesty's Reign, their Certificate will be allowed and confirmed as the said Act directs, unless Cause be shewn to the contrary on or before the 12th of November next.

In the last Page of last Saturday's Gazette, in the second Line of the first Advertisement, instead of John Delafous, of St. Martin's Le Grand, in the Liberty of Westminster, Jeweller, read John Delafons, &c.

THE under-mentioned Persons claiming the Benefit of the Act lately passed for Relief of insolvent Debtors, the following Notices have been brought to the Printer of the London Gazette, to be inserted in this Paper, and are herein inserted in Obedience to the said Act.

The following Person being a Fugitive for Debt, and beyond the Seas on or before the first of January, 1742, and having surrendered himself to the Keeper of his Majesty's Prison of the Fleet, London, hereby gives Notice, that he intends to take the Benefit of an Act of Parliament passed in the Sixteenth Year of the Reign of his present Majesty King George the Second, intitled, An Act for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors, at the next General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be held for the City of London, or at the Adjournment thereof, that shall happen next after thirty Days from the Publication hereof, viz. Samuel Carter, late of Mear, in the County of Wilts, Victualler.

The following Person being a Fugitive for Debt, and beyond the Seas on or before the First of January 1742, and having surrendered himself to the Keeper of the Poultry Compter, hereby gives Notice, that he intends to take the Benefit of the late Act of Parliament passed in the Sixteenth Year of the Reign of his Present Majesty King George the Second, intitled, An Act for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors, at the next General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be held for the City of London, or at the Adjournment thereof, which shall happen next after thirty Days from the Publication hereof, viz. Isaac Robles, late of Beavers Marks, in the Parish of Allhallows, London Wall, Jeweller.

The following Person being a Fugitive for Debt, and beyond the Seas on or before the First of January 1742, and having surrendered himself to the Keeper of Ludgate, in the City of London, hereby gives Notice, that he intends to take the Benefit of an Act of Parliament passed in the Sixteenth Year of the Reign of his present Majesty King George the Second, intitled, An Act for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors, at the next General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be held in and for the said City, or at the Adjournment thereof which shall happen next after Thirty Days from the Publication hereof, viz. Thomas Wilson, late of the Parish of St. Saviour, Southwark, Plumber.

N. B. If any Person in the foregoing List of Prisoners shall find, on the Perusal of this Gazette, that there is any Error, such Error shall upon Notice, be rectified in the next Gazette Gratis.