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St. James's, October 26.

THE following Address of the Bishop of Carlisle, Deputy Lieutenants, Justices of the Peace, Gentlemen, Clergy and Freeholders of the County of Westmorland, having been transmitted by the Right Honourable the Lord Viscount Lonsdale, Lord Lieutenant of the said County, to his Grace the Duke of Newcastle, one of his Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, has by him been presented to his Majesty: Which Address his Majesty was pleased to receive very graciously.

To the King's most Excellent Majesty,

The humble Address of the Bishop of Carlisle, the Deputy Lieutenants, Justices of the Peace, Gentlemen, Clergy and Freeholders of the County of Westmorland.

May it please your Majesty,

WE your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Lord Bishop of Carlisle, the Deputy Lieutenants, Justices of the Peace, Gentlemen, Clergy and Freeholders of the County of Westmorland, humbly beg Leave to approach your Royal Throne, with Hearts full of the warmest Gratitude and Joy for your most reasonable and safe Return to these Dominions. With equal Ardour and Sincerity we offer our Congratulations on the Success of your Majesty's Arms in the Reduction of Cape Breton, a Conquest not less glorious than important to us; and on the happy Event, which, under God, your Majesty's consummate Prudence and continual Labours to restore the Liberty and Tranquillity of Europe have produced, in placing the Imperial Crown upon the Head of one, who, we have the strongest Reasons to believe, will be both able and inclinable to establish such a Ballance of Power as may sufficiently defend the Allies from all the Insults of the common Enemy.

A deep Sense of the many Blessings we enjoy under your Majesty's just, mild, and gracious

Government, obliges us to express our utter Detestation and Abhorrence of each wicked Effort to deprive us of them; particularly of the present absurd and unnatural Attempt to impose on us a Foreign, Popish, frequently abjured Pretender, to the Crown of these Realms.

On this extraordinary Occasion we most humbly intreat your Majesty to accept our fresh Assurances of Duty and unshaken Loyalty; our solemn Engagements of endeavouring faithfully, in our respective Stations, to exert our utmost Zeal for the Protection of your Majesty's most sacred Person, the Support of your Government, the Preservation of our happy Constitution in Church and State. And we shall not fail to implore the Divine Favour to continue these invaluable Blessings to us, thro' the Prosperity of your illustrious House, in which we firmly trust they are included, and thereby perpetuate the same to our Posterity.

The following Address of the Lord Lieutenant, Nobility, Bishop, Gentry, Clergy, and Freeholders, of the County and Diocese of Oxford, having been transmitted by his Grace the Duke of Marlborough, Lord Lieutenant of the said County, to his Grace the Duke of Newcastle, one of his Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, has by him been presented to his Majesty: Which Address his Majesty was pleased to receive very graciously.

To the King's most Excellent Majesty,

The humble Address of the Lord Lieutenant, Nobility, Bishop, Gentry, Clergy, and Freeholders of the County and Diocese of Oxford.

WE your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, beg Leave to congratulate your Majesty on your safe Arrival in these your Dominions, and at the same Time to express our inviolable Attachment to your sacred Person and the Protestant Succession, as by Law established, in your Royal House.

(Price Six-pence.)

We are truly sensible of the many Blessings we at present enjoy; and that all our Happiness, and whatsoever can be dear to Protestants and Englishmen, depends upon that Establishment; and whensoever that shall be subverted, we must necessarily be deprived of the two greatest Blessings which Man is capable of; the free Exercise of our Religion, and the unmolested Enjoyment of our Liberty and Property.

For which Reason, we cannot reflect, without the greatest Abhorrence and Detestation, upon that unnatural and wicked Rebellion, which has actually been begun, and is now carried on in the North Part of your Majesty's Dominions, at the Instigation of two great Powers, who are actuated by different Principles indeed, but equally destructive of the Happiness of Britain. The one, animated by a bigotted and furious Zeal, aims at the total Extirpation of our Religion; And the Ambition of the other is so boundless, that it projects Nothing less than the enslaving all Europe, and finds it necessary to begin first with this Nation, which has so often obstructed its pernicious Designs, and particularly by the Advancement of the Great Duke to the Imperial Throne: An Event, which is principally owing to your Majesty's wise Interposition and powerful Influence; and has therefore drawn upon you the most bitter Resentment of that inveterate Enemy to Liberty in general.

But it is with the utmost Pleasure we see that Unanimity which prevails in Persons of all Parties, to join their Endeavours to frustrate the Designs of our Enemies, and to suppress the Insurrection of those mad, perjur'd, and desperate Men, who have been induced, by the specious Pretences and deceitful Promises of artful and ill-designing Persons, to shake off their Allegiance to your Majesty, and disturb the Peace and Tranquillity of their Country.

And we beg Leave to assure your Majesty, that, laying aside all Party-Distinctions and private Prejudices, and actuated as well by the Principles of Duty and Allegiance, as by Interest, we will heartily unite in the Support of your Majesty's Person and Government, to the utmost of our Power, and at the Hazard of our Lives and Fortunes.

And we pray Almighty God, the only Giver of all Victory, to bless the Endeavours of all your loyal Subjects, that the Peace of the Kingdom may soon be restored, and our Religion and Liberties rendered safe and secure: And to grant, that this Nation may very long be happy under your Majesty's mild and auspicious Government, and the British Crown be ever worn by a Prince of your Royal Line.

The following Address of the Mayor, Bailiffs, and Commonalty of the City of Oxford, in the County of Oxford, has been presented to his Majesty by Thomas Rowney, and Phi-

lip Herbert, Esqrs. their Representatives in Parliament, being introduced by the Right Honourable the Lord Fauconberg, one of the Lords of his Majesty's Bed-chamber in Waiting: Which Address his Majesty was pleased to receive very graciously.

To the King's most Excellent Majesty,

WE your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Mayor, Bailiffs and Commonalty of your City of Oxford, in the County of Oxford,

Most humbly beg Leave to congratulate your Majesty upon your safe Return to your British Dominions, and upon the glorious Success of your Majesty's Arms in the Conquest of Cape Breton; an Acquisition most valuable to the English Nation, as the Loss of it must prove most affecting to the French; and we assure ourselves, that the same Naval Constitutional Force that gain'd so important a Place, will preserve it to latest Posterity.

Permit us, Great Sir, to join our Fellow-Subjects in professing our Fidelity to your Royal Person and the present Establishment. The daring Attempts of the rebellious Insurgents in Scotland, in Favour of a popish Pretender, must raise a just Indignation in the Breast of every Englishman, who has the Safety and Honour of his Country, and the Security of the Protestant Religion, at Heart.

It is under your Majesty's auspicious Influence, we expect to enjoy those invaluable Privileges, so bravely delivered from our Ancestors; and that Independency which has so gloriously distinguished this Nation.

In Testimony whereof, we have caused the Common Seal of the said City to be hereunto affixed. Dated at the Guildhall of the said City, the Second Day of October, in the Year of our Lord 1745.

The following Address of the Provincial Synod of Merse and Tiviotdale, having been transmitted to the most Honourable the Marquis of Tweeddale, one of his Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, has by him been presented to his Majesty: Which Address his Majesty was pleased to receive very graciously.

To the King's most Excellent Majesty,

The humble Address of the Provincial Synod of Merse and Tiviotdale, met at Kelso, the Fifteenth of October, 1745.

Most Gracious Sovereign,

WE your Majesty's most faithful and loyal Subjects, the Ministers and Elders of the Provincial Synod of Merse and Tiviotdale, beg Leave, with all Humility, to address your Royal Person,

Person, and declare the just Sense we have of the free Enjoyment of all the Blessings which merit the Regard of Men, under your Majesty's mild and auspicious Government; and we should, of all Men, be the most unthankful to God, and undutiful to your Majesty, if such invaluable Privileges, sacred and civil, did not excite in us the warmest Returns of Affection and Zeal.

As it is only under your Majesty, and those of your illustrious House, we can have any rational Security for our continuing a free and happy People; so every Attempt to disturb the Peace of your Majesty's Reign, must fill us with the utmost Abhorrence. We consider it therefore as our inviolable Duty on this Occasion, to declare our Detestation of the present most unnatural Rebellion in Favour of a popish Pretender, contrived and carried on by a Number of desperate and perfidious Men, who, amidst their Fury, have never been able to fix one Instance of the Violation of our Laws on your Majesty's Government. Vain Delusion of arrogant Men, to flatter themselves with the Hopes that Protestants and Freemen can ever be reconciled to the gloomy Horrors of Popery and lawless Power!

Under a powerful Sense of our Duty, as Ministers of the Gospel, we have never failed to inculcate upon the Minds of the People under our Charge, just Sentiments of the unspeakable Advantages of our Constitution in Church and State; and we can with joyful Hearts assure your Majesty, our Success has been such, that few or none of the Members of this establish'd Church have been prevailed upon to abett this daring Attempt to subvert our Religion and Liberties, notwithstanding the many artful Methods that have been employed to ensnare them; and by the Grace of Almighty God, we are resolv'd to persevere in our unalterable Fidelity to your Majesty's Person and Government, at the Expence of all that's dear to us in the World.

It is our earnest Prayer to Him by whom Kings reign, that your Majesty's Reign may be long and prosperous over a free and loyal People; that your Majesty may continue the glorious Support of the Protestant Interest at Home and Abroad, and the Bulwark of the Liberties of Europe; that the Lord of Hosts, who is strong in Battle, would render your Majesty victorious over all your Enemies; that he would bestow singular Evidences of his Regard on the Prince and Princess of Wales, and all the Branches of the Royal Family; and that God would still bless those Realms with one of your Royal Offspring to sway the Scepter over them, till Time shall be no more.

This in Name, in Presence, and by Appointment of the Synod, is signed by,

John Cranston, Moderator.

The following Address of the Bishop of Carlisle, High Sheriff, Deputy Lieutenants, Justices of the Peace, Gentlemen, Clergy and Freeholders of the County of Cumberland, having been transmitted by the Right Honourable the Lord Viscount Lonsdale, Lord Lieutenant of the said County, to his Grace the Duke of Newcastle, one of his Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, has by him been presented to his Majesty: Which Address his Majesty was pleased to receive very graciously.

To the King's most Excellent Majesty,

The humble Address of the Bishop of Carlisle, the High Sheriff, Deputy Lieutenants, Justices of the Peace, Gentlemen, Clergy and Freeholders of the County of Cumberland.

May it please your Majesty,

WE your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Bishop of Carlisle, High Sheriff, Deputy Lieutenants, Justices of the Peace, Gentlemen, Clergy and Freeholders of the County of Cumberland, humbly beg Leave to approach your Royal Throne, with Hearts full of the warmest Gratitude and Joy for your most seasonable and safe Return to these Dominions. With equal Ardour and Sincerity we offer our Congratulations on the Success of your Majesty's Arms in the Reduction of Cape Breton; a Conquest not less glorious than important to us; and on the happy Event, which, under God, your Majesty's consummate Prudence and continual Labours to restore the Liberty and Tranquillity of Europe have produced, in placing the Imperial Crown upon the Head of one, who, we have the strongest Reasons to believe, will be both able and inclined to establish such Ballance of Power, as may sufficiently defend your Allies from all the Insults of the common Enemy.

A deep Sense of the many Blessings we enjoy under your Majesty's just, mild, and gracious Government, obliges us to express our utter Detestation and Abhorrence of each wicked Effort to deprive us of them, particularly of the present absurd and unnatural Attempt to impose on us a Foreign, Popish, frequently abjured Pretender, to the Crown of these Realms.

On this extraordinary Occasion we most humbly entreat your Majesty to accept our fresh Assurances of Duty and unshaken Loyalty; our solemn Engagements of Endeavours, faithfully, in our respective Stations, to exert our utmost Zeal for the Protection of your Majesty's most sacred Person, the Support of your Government, the Preservation of our happy Constitution in Church and State. And we shall not fail to implore the Divine Favour to continue these invaluable Blessings to us, thro' the

the Prosperity of your illustrious House, in which we trust they are included, and thereby perpetuate the same to our Posterity.

The following Address of the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen, Bailiffs, Clergy and Citizens of the City of Carlisle, having been transmitted by the Right Honourable the Lord Viscount Londale, Lord Lieutenant of the County of Cumberland, to his Grace the Duke of Newcastle, one of his Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State; has by him been presented to his Majesty: Which Address his Majesty was pleased to receive very graciously.

To the King's most Excellent Majesty,

The humble Address of the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen, Bailiffs, Clergy and Citizens of the City of Carlisle.

May it please your Majesty,

WE your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen, Bailiffs, Clergy and Citizens of the City of Carlisle, beg Leave to congratulate your Majesty on your safe Arrival into your British Dominions; and on the Success of your Majesty's Arms at Capé Breton; a Conquest, which we hope will be as lasting and beneficial to these Kingdoms, as it has been glorious to your Majesty's Forces. Permit us also, Dread Sovereign, to express our grateful Acknowledgements for your unwearied Care and Pains, in settling the Balance of Power in Europe, by placing the Grand Duke of Tuscany upon the Imperial Throne; an Event, which, we hope, by the Blessing of God, will be the Means of baffling the ambitious Designs, and reducing the exorbitant Power of France, and humbling the Pride of its pernicious Monarch, the inveterate Enemy of the Protestant Interest, and the common Disturber of the Peace and Tranquillity of Europe.

We are truly sensible of the many great and invaluable Blessings we and all your Majesty's Subjects enjoy under your Majesty's mild and auspicious Government.

The Preservation of our Holy Religion; our Laws and Liberties, and whatever is dear to us, is, under God, the happy Consequence of the Establishment of your illustrious House upon the Throne of these Kingdoms: Every Attempt therefore against your Majesty, must necessarily fill the Hearts of all true Englishmen with the utmost Horror. Permit us then, Great Sir, to express our Indignation at the audacious and unnatural Rebellion, that the Son of an abjur'd and popish Pretender, is now fomenting and carrying on in Scotland; and our greatest Abhorrence; that any of your Majesty's Protestant

Subjects, who have experienced the Fruits of your Royal Clemency, and enjoy'd the Blessings of your and your Royal Father's Reigns, should basely desert to the Standard of that insolent Invader.

Upon this extraordinary and unexpected Occasion, we beg Leave to give your Majesty fresh Assurances of our sincere Attachment to your Majesty and your Royal Family; and that we will, to the utmost of our Power, contribute our Endeavours to defend your Majesty's Person and Government against the Pretender and his Adherents, and against all your Enemies whatsoever.

And we cannot but look upon it as a distinguished Happiness, that we have an Opportunity of returning your Majesty our sincerest Thanks for that particular Share of Confidence reposed in us at this dangerous Juncture, in being honour'd with your Royal Mandate for arming ourselves against the Disturbers of your Majesty's Reign. And we hope, should the publick Enemy approach us, that this important Trust will not have been bestowed in Vain, but that it will enable us to give a surer Proof than Words can convey, of our firm Attachment to your Majesty's Interest.

May your Majesty's Reign be long and prosperous; and that the British Sceptre may never be wrested out of the Hands of your august and illustrious Family, is the ardent Prayer of your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects.

The following Address of the Officers, Mariners and Soldiers of his Majesty's Ships under the Command of the Honourable Edward Vernon, Esq; Admiral of the White Squadron, and the Honourable John Byng, Esq; Rear Admiral of the Blue Squadron of his Majesty's Fleet, has been presented to his Majesty by the Right Honourable the Earl of Sandwich, being introduced by the Right Honourable the Lord Paulet, one of the Lords of his Majesty's Bed-Chamber in Waiting: Which Address his Majesty was pleased to receive very graciously.

To the King's most Excellent Majesty,

WE your Majesty's loyal and faithful Subjects and Servants, the Officers, Mariners and Soldiers, of your Majesty's Ships under the Command of the Honourable Edward Vernon, Esq; Admiral of the White Squadron, and the Honourable John Byng, Esq; Rear Admiral of the Blue Squadron of your Majesty's Fleet, having a just Resentment of the Insolence of the Mountaineer Rebels and Robbers of North Britain, attempting to set up and support a popish Pretender to the Crown of these Kingdoms, so happily established in a Protestant Succession in your
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Royal Family; beg Leave to approach your Majesty's Throne with the most sincere and faithful Assurance of our determined Resolutions, firmly and steadily to support and defend your Royal Majesty's Person and Government, against all the Attempts of your Majesty's rebellious Subjects, and all their Adherents Foreign and Domestick: And to assure your Majesty, that we are determined, agreeable to our bounden Duty; as faithful Subjects and Servants of your Majesty's, at the Peril of our Lives, to manifest by our Actions the Sincerity of our Declarations, to support and defend your Majesty's Person and Government, being justly sensible of the Blessings we enjoy in the Possession of our Liberties, and free Enjoyment of the Protestant Religion, by the happy Establishment of the Crown in your Royal Family.

The following Address of the Justices of the Peace and Deputy Lieutenants of the County of Glamorgan, has been presented to his Majesty by the Hon^{ble} Bussy Mansel, Esq; their Representative in Parliament, being introduced by the Right Hon^{ble} the Lord Paulet, one of the Lords of his Majesty's Bed-Chamber in Waiting: Which Address his Majesty was pleased to receive very graciously.

To the King's most Excellent Majesty,

The humble Address of the Justices of Peace and Deputy Lieutenants of the County of Glamorgan.

May it please your Majesty,

WE your Majesty's Justices of the Peace and Deputy Lieutenants of the County of Glamorgan, beg Leave to offer our warmest Congratulations on your Majesty's safe Return to your British Dominions, after having so principally contributed towards laying a Foundation for preserving the threatened Liberties of Europe, by the Election of the Great Duke to the Imperial Crown.

And as the Safety and Prosperity of these Kingdoms have ever so eminently depended on that Naval Power, which owes its Rise and Being to our Trade and Commerce, from which its Existence must ever be inseparable, we beg Leave, in a more particular Manner, to congratulate your Majesty on the taking of Cape Breton; a Place of such infinite Consequence, not only from the very extensive Benefit our own Trade will receive from it, but from the great Check it will be to the Rival Commerce and Naval Power of that restless and perfidious Nation, France; A Consideration, that, from the peculiar Circumstances and Experience of the present Times, must render it for ever of Importance, beyond all Equivalent.

It is therefore with the greatest Concern, Abhorrence and Indignation, we see, at a Time when your Majesty is engaged in so just and necessary a War against the Enemies of this Country, and the common Disturbers and Invaders of the Liberties of Europe, with which our own must in some Degree be necessarily involved, in which your Majesty's Greatness of Mind has exerted and distinguished itself, by a Resentment, the Insults and Injuries offered this Nation have so highly merited, and with a Firmness to our Allies, that must make the Friendship, Faith and Honour of this Nation ever valued and revered, (permit us to repeat our Indignation,) that there should be any Number of People wicked and ungrateful enough to attempt the overturning the happy Establishment of your Majesty's Royal Family, under which alone this Nation can ever hope to enjoy their Religion and Liberty. And as without these, every thing that is dear to us would be rendered of no Value, with Hearts filled with a just Sense of these Blessings, we assure your Majesty, that we shall be ready, with the warmest and most indefatigable Zeal, to pursue such Methods as shall be most necessary and effectual, at the utmost Hazard of our Lives and Fortunes, in Support of your Majesty's Person and Government, and in Suppression of this most traitorous and unnatural Rebellion carrying on against them. And we doubt not but the Zeal that will be shew'd by all Ranks of People in this Kingdom on this Occasion, will prevent all such traitorous Designs for the Future, by convincing our Enemies, that no Machinations of the most powerful Tyrants Abroad, nor the warmest Dictates of blind Superstition and Ingratitude at Home, will ever be able to shake the Throne of a Prince, founded like your Majesty's, in the Hearts and Affections of a free People, zealous to preserve that Happiness.

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The following Address of the Lord Lieutenant, the Deputy Lieutenants, Justices of the Peace, Gentlemen and Freeholders of the County of Brecon, has been presented to his Majesty by the Honourable Thomas Morgan, Esq; Lord Lieutenant of the County of Brecon, and John Jefferies, Esq; Representative for the said County, being introduced by the Right Honourable, the Lord Paulet, one of the Lords of his Majesty's Bed-chamber in Waiting: Which Address his Majesty was pleased to receive very graciously.

To the King's most Excellent Majesty,

Most Gracious Sovereign,
 Permit us, your Majesty's Lieutenant, the Deputy Lieutenants, Justices of the Peace,
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Gentlemen and Freeholders of the County of Brecon, to congratulate your Majesty (which we do with all Cheerfulness) on your safe Return to your British Dominions, and on the Success of your Arms in the Reduction of Cape Breton.

We cannot forbear laying hold of this Opportunity, from the just Sense we have of our Felicity, in the full Enjoyment of our civil and religious Rights and Liberties, under your Majesty's most wise and prudent Administration, to declare with great Truth and Sincerity, to your Majesty, our utmost Resentment and Abhorrence of the treasonable Insurrection and unnatural Rebellion, which we see fomented and raised, and still carried on in your Majesty's Dominions, by the Enemies both to your sacred Person and Government, from the Hopes of being supported by popish Forces from abroad, with an iniquitous Design to place on the Throne of your Kingdoms, a popish abjured Pretender to your Crown, educated and brought up in all the Maxims and Principles of popish Superstition, Tyranny, and Arbitrary Power, that must terminate, if attended with Success (which God forbid) in the total Ruin and Extirpation of the Protestant Interest, and the utter Subversion of our happy Establishment in Church and State. We are not at all surprized, that the common Enemy and Disturber of the Peace and Repose of all Europe, from Resentment of your Majesty's Zeal and unwearied Labours in the Defence of the Liberties of Europe, should attempt to place a Creature of his own on the Throne of these Kingdoms, in order to enslave and bring us under French Government. But to consider that any of your Protestant Subjects, in Breach of the most solemn Oaths and Ties of Allegiance, should be so regardless of their Duty, as well as real Interest, as to enter into Measures with Papists (the Tools of Arbitrary Power) so destructive of our Religion, and so big with Ruin and Destruction to our Country, it fills our Hearts with equal Concern, Horror, and Amazement. As for our Parts, we humbly crave Leave to give your Majesty the fullest Assurances of our firm and unshaken Loyalty and Obedience to your sacred Person and illustrious Family, and of our Resolution, on this and every other Occasion, to maintain and defend, with the Hazard of our Lives and Fortunes, your Majesty's undoubted Right and Title to the Crown of these Kingdoms, and Protestant Succession (as by Law established) in your Royal House, as the only Security and Bulwark of our Religion, our Laws, our Lives, our Liberties and Properties; against the villainous and daring Attempts, which are, or shall be made, in Favour of such popish Pretender; and we cannot doubt, but through the Assistance of Divine Providence, your Majesty will soon be able to defeat their wicked and seditious Designs,

to quench and extinguish the Flame of this unnatural Rebellion, and render all their traitorous Schemes, to reduce us to Popery, Slavery, and arbitrary Power, fruitless and abortive. To accomplish which salutary Ends, may your Majesty's Arms be blessed and crowned with Success against your rebellious and disobedient Subjects, in Defence of our happy Establishment. May your Majesty, (who has been always graciously pleased to make our Constitution the constant Rule and Measure of your Government) reign long and happy in the Hearts of your dutiful and obedient Subjects; and may all true Protestants, led to a Sense of their Duty from your Royal Example, make the same Constitution, the Rule of their Obedience; and may there never be wanting Protestant Princes, descended from your Royal Loins, to sway the British Scepter, that the Blessings we enjoy under your Majesty's Reign, may be transmitted down to latest Posterity.

The following Address of the Bailiff, Recorder, Aldermen, Common Council, Grand Jury and Burgeses of the Borough and Corporation of Brecon, having been transmitted to Henry Talbot, Esq; has by him been presented to his Majesty, being introduced by the Right Honourable the Earl of Lincoln, one of the Lords of his Majesty's Bed-Chamber in Waiting: Which Address his Majesty was pleased to receive very graciously.

To the King's most Excellent Majesty;

May it please your Majesty,

TO permit us, the Bailiff, Recorder, Aldermen, Common Council, Grand Jury and Burgeses of the Borough and Corporation of Brecon, assembled and met at their General Sessions of the Peace, the Nineteenth Day of September, One thousand seven hundred and forty five, with Hearts full of Zeal, Duty and Loyalty to your Majesty, most humbly to assure you, Sir, that we with Sincerity rejoice at your Majesty's safe Return to your British Dominions, and the Success of your Arms in the Reduction of Cape Breton.

We are too sensible of the Blessings we enjoy under your Majesty's auspicious Government, not to be alarmed at every Attempt to disturb it: The present Invasion of the Pretender's eldest Son and his Adherents, Promoters of Popery, Slavery and arbitrary Power, we have the utmost Abhorrence and Indignation of: We will exert, for our Parts, our united Force and Endeavours to render their rash and pernicious Designs successless and abortive; and cheerfully hazard our Lives and Fortunes in Support of your Majesty's Government, and Defence of your sacred Person, the Guardian and

and Defender of our Religion, Laws and Liberties, without which our Lives or Fortunes can afford us no Satisfaction. Your Majesty has our most ardent Wishes, that your Reign over us may be long, happy, and prosperous; that the Felicity we enjoy under the Protection of your Majesty, may be secured to latest Posterity; and may your Royal Descendants fill the Throne your Majesty so greatly adorns, to Perpetuity.

The following Address of the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen, Common Council, and Burgesses of the Town and Corporation of Totnes, has been presented to his Majesty by Sir John Strange, Kt. one of their Representatives in Parliament, being introduced by the Right Honourable the Earl of Lincoln, one of the Lords of his Majesty's Bed-Chamber in Waiting: Which Address his Majesty was pleased to receive very graciously.

To the King's most Excellent Majesty.
The humble Address of the Corporation of Totnes.

WE your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen, Common-Council, and Burgesses of the Town and Corporation of Totnes, in the County of Devon, humbly beg Leave to congratulate your Majesty on your safe Return to your British Dominions, on the happy Success it has pleased God to grant to your indefatigable Endeavours whilst Abroad, for the Good of the common Cause of Europe in general, to bring about the Election of his Serene Highness the Great Duke of Tuscany to the Imperial Crown of Germany, and on the glorious Achievements of your Majesty's Arms at Cape Breton and in the East Indies; all Events of such vast Consequence and Importance, as we hope and trust, with the Blessing of Almighty God, will, in his due Time, effectually humble the grand Disturber of the Quiet and Repose of Christendom, and force him to a just and reasonable Peace.

After the Tender of these our most humble Congratulations, permit us, most gracious Sovereign, to express our utmost Detestation and Abhorrence of the insolent and audacious Attempt of the Pretender's Son and his Adherents in Scotland; and at the same Time, with the greatest Sincerity of our Hearts, to renew our solemn Assurances of our inviolable Duty and Attachment to your Majesty's most sacred Person and Government, and the Protestant Succession of the Crown in your most illustrious House, till Time shall be no more.

Given under our common Seal, at the Guild-hall of the said Town, the First Day of October, in the Nineteenth Year of your Majesty's Reign, 1745.

The following Address of the Mayor and Commonalty, and other the principal Inhabitants of the Borough of Helston, in the County of Cornwall, has been presented to his Majesty by Francis Godolphin, Esq; one of their Representatives in Parliament, being introduced by the Right Honourable the Earl of Lincoln, one of the Lords of his Majesty's Bed-Chamber in Waiting: Which Address his Majesty was pleased to receive very graciously.

To the King's most Excellent Majesty,

The humble Address of the Mayor and Commonalty, and other the principal Inhabitants of the Borough of Helston, in the County of Cornwall.

May it please your Majesty,
WE your Majesty's most dutiful and faithful Subjects, the Mayor and Commonalty, and other the principal Inhabitants of the Borough of Helston, do beg Leave to congratulate your Majesty on your safe Arrival in your British Dominions, whose Presence was never more necessary than now, to dispel those Storms which seem ready to break over our Heads with Ruin and Destruction: And also on the late glorious Success of your Majesty's Arms in the Reduction of Cape Breton, as it will be a Means of encreasing and securing the Trade and Commerce of your Majesty's Subjects, as well as distressing that of your Enemies.

The Success of your Majesty's wise Conduct Abroad, has given the Empire, lately distracted and long harrassed by the miserable Calamities of destructive War, a Head; and, with that Head, the Means and Power of restoring Peace. This great and glorious Work has drawn these Marks of our Enemies Resentment upon you; upon you whom they think the only Monarch willing and capable of opposing their ambitious Views.

It grieves us to think what Returns your Majesty has met with from your own Subjects, for all the Pains you have taken in promoting the common Good. From your Enemies, secret Treachery and open Violence you must expect; but from your Subjects, who have many of them experienced particular Instances of your Clemency, this is unparalleled Ingratitude.

Our Liberties, both Civil and Religious, are in Danger of being subverted, and under those every thing that is truly valuable to Englishmen is contain'd; That glorious and immortal Prince, who transmitted the Sceptre to your august House, left it in the Hands of those who have copied the bright Example he proposed, by chastising the Insolent, punishing the Perfidious, and relieving Liberty when sinking under the Load of powerful Oppression.

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May that Providence which placed your Majesty over these Kingdoms, guide and direct you in all your Undertakings; may the boasted Triumphs of your Enemies end in Confusion and Despair! And if our Lives or our Fortunes can be any way serviceable to your Majesty's Interest, we are ready to sacrifice both in Defence of Religion and Liberty, for we can expect the Enjoyment of neither, if the Sceptre departs from your august House.

Given under our Hands, and the common Seal of the said Borough, the Fourth Day of October, in the Nineteenth Year of your Majesty's Reign, and in the Year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred and forty five.

The following Address of the Mayor, Magistrates, and Common Council of the Borough and Town of Marlborough, has been presented to his Majesty by Sir John Hind Cotton, Bart. one of their Representatives in Parliament, being introduced by the Right Hon. the Lord Viscount Fauconberg, one of the Lords of his Majesty's Bed-Chamber in Waiting: Which Address his Majesty was pleased to receive very graciously.

To the King's most Excellent Majesty,

Most gracious Sovereign,

WE your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Mayor, Magistrates, and Common Council of the Borough and Town of Marlborough, in the County of Wilts, beg Leave to congratulate your Majesty on your safe Arrival in your British Dominions, and at the same Time to express our Abhorrence of the present seditious and rebellious Proceedings in Favour of a popish and abjur'd Pretender.

We are not so insensible of the Happiness we enjoy, under our present Establishment both in Church and State, as to think any Blessing upon Earth superior to it; nor are we so insensible that the Continuance of this Happiness depends on your Majesty's continuing to reign over us, as to be wanting to contribute what in us lies, to strengthen your Hands and support your Government.

The Associations that are forming in every Corner of the Kingdom, in Defence of your Royal Person and Government, are an undeniable Proof, how much you reign in the Affections of your People, and leave us little Room to doubt, but the Combinations of our Enemies will be as fruitless as they are wicked.

May Wisdom direct your Counsels; Success attend your Arms, and Glory crown your Days. And when He, by whom Kings reign, shall exchange your earthly for an heavenly Crown, may your Royal Descendants ascend

your Throne, and be a Blessing to these Kingdoms to the most distant Generations.

Done under the common Seal of the said Borough, at the Guildhall thereof, on Monday the 7th Day of October, in the Year of our Lord 1745.

The following Address of the Bishop, the Dean and Chapter of the Cathedral Church, and Clergy of the Diocese of Winchester, having been transmitted by the Right Reverend, the Lord Bishop of Winchester, to his Grace the Duke of Newcastle, one of his Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, has by him been presented to his Majesty; Which Address his Majesty was pleased to receive very graciously.

To the King's most Excellent Majesty,

The humble Address of the Bishop, the Dean and Chapter of the Cathedral Church, and Clergy of the Diocese of Winchester.

WE your Majesty's most dutiful Subjects, the Bishop, the Dean and Chapter of the Cathedral Church, and the Clergy of the Diocese of Winchester, beg Leave to approach your sacred Person at this Time, with Hearts full of Thankfulness for the many and great Blessings we have, thro' a long Series of Years, enjoyed under your most just and legal Government; and of the warmest Resentments against the wicked Attempts, now set on Foot by the Foreign and Domestick Enemies to your Majesty's Right to your Crown, and your People's true Interest. We lay hold on this Opportunity, to declare, in the most solemn Manner, that we are not so insensible as to be content to part with the free Exercise of our holy Religion, and the secure Enjoyment of all our legal Liberties and Properties, in Exchange for the Darkness, and Chains of Popery, and the Miseries of arbitrary Power, modell'd and directed by France.

We know and feel the Value of the Happiness we enjoy, in common with the rest of our Fellow Subjects, under a King, who, in a steady, unwearied Course, made the Law the sole Measure of his Administration: And we are well apprized what distinguishing Marks of furious Zeal, we of the Clergy, before all others, shall meet with, if we do not exert all our Endeavours, under the Providence of a good God, to guard successfully against the greatest Evils that can befall our Church and State: The Evils of faithless Popery, and relentless Bigottry, arm'd with Power,

We have so deep a Sense of this, that we esteem our Prayers for your Majesty to be truly Prayers for ourselves; our Zeal for your Preservation to be Zeal for our own; our Efforts for the Security of your sacred Person, and the Protestant Establishment in your Royal Family, to be Efforts for the Security of ourselves. And we acknowledge

acknowledge, that we cannot grow indifferent to these, without throwing off all Regard to ourselves, our Posterity, our Religion, our Church, and our Country. We cannot therefore but be thought sincere, in a Case where Self-Interest and Duty are inseparable, when we give your Majesty the utmost Assurances, that by our Prayers, by our Preaching, and by the Zeal of our whole Behaviour, in this critical Conjunction, we will shew ourselves truly sensible, that all that is or ought to be dear to us is at Stake, and that our Safety and Well-being are wrapped up in those of your Majesty, whom we beseech God long to preserve, the great Support and Blessing to these Kingdoms.

Petersbourg, Sept. 28. Count Rosenberg, the Queen of Hungary's Ambassador, has had his Audience of Leave, and is to set out in a few Days for Holland. The Empress has been pleased to offer him one of her Ships of War, now lying at Revel, to carry him and his Equipages to Lubeck. At the same Time that Count Rosenberg was recalled from hence, the Queen of Hungary sent her Full Powers to her Resident here M. Hochenholtz, to take care of her Affairs in this Court.

Vienna, Oct. 20, N. S. The Prussians were encamped upon the 16th Instant, the Horse at Trautenau, and the Foot in the Neighbourhood. It was expected they would move the next Day to Liebeau near Landshut, in order to canton and form a Cordon from the Mountains called Reisenberg to the Defiles behind Braunau. All the King of Prussia's menial Servants have been restored, but the Ministers Eichel and Muller are detained Prisoners at Konigshoff. M. Bartenstein, who left Francfort in the Night between the 13th and 14th Instant, is expected here To-night or To-morrow, and Count Ulfeld, who set out on the 15th, is expected here To-morrow or Friday. The Route the Empress will take on her Return hither is uncertain, and it is thought that she will not make her publick Entry into this Capital till the 28th Instant.

Dresden, Oct. 24. Here is nothing said of the Armies in Bohemia, but that in general the King of Prussia continues in his Design of retreating to his own Territories.

Dresden, Oct. 27. By Letters of the 21st Instant from Prince Charles's Army, his Prussian Majesty had retreated with his whole Army into his own Territories, and his Highness was extending his in such a Manner, as to cover Moravia and Lusatia, which was thought necessary, his Highness being informed, that the Corps under Lieutenant-General Nassau had been reinforced, and was marching towards the former of those Provinces.

Francfort, Oct. 24, N. S. General Bretlach will soon set out for Petersbourg, in Quality of Envoy Extraordinary from the Emperor

to that Court. Marshal Bathiani is still here, with Count Salabour and some of the Austrian Generals; but it is thought that he will soon set out for Croatia, in order to engage those People, by whom he is extremely beloved, to send a fresh Body of Troops into the Field next Spring.

Berlin, Oct. 26. The Regiments of Foot of Prince Ferdinand and old Wurtemberg arrived here on Sunday Morning, and join'd by that of Prince Leopold, were reviewed by his Highness Prince Ferdinand, and the Governor Count Haack in the Park, after which they took up their former Quarters here. The Prussian Army in Bohemia is said to have entered Silesia on the 20th Instant, after having been continually harassed by the Austrian irregular Troops, and, as it is said, lost a great Number of Men. 'Tis likewise reported, that the Army was immediately divided, and the Regiments marched separately to their respective Quarters. What has been spread about concerning the Prussian Invasion into Moravia, confines itself to Holtzenplotz, and some other little Places, where some Detachments of the Corps under General Nassau posted themselves. His Prussian Majesty is still expected here on the 2d or 3d of next Month. Vice Chancellor Woronzow arrived here from Petersbourg the 23d Instant, with his Lady and two Children, and purposes to pursue his Journey to Dresden in five or six Days. General Berlichingen continues still under Arrest.

Hague, Oct. 29. By our Advices from Italy, the Town of Alexandria is lost, and its Cittadel besieged; and his Sardinian Majesty is retired from Casal. The Earl of Albermarle, with the seven Battalions under his Orders, set Sail from Helvoetsluys last Wednesday Morning.

Hague, Oct. 29, N. S. By our Advices from Italy, the Governor of Alexandria abandoned the Town upon the 11th at Night, and retired into the Castle, in which he is blocked up without any Hopes of Assistance. The Garrison is very considerable, but slenderly provided. Valentia was invested upon the 10th, and the French were preparing to besiege it. The Spanish and French Armies are encamped at St. Salvador, and the King of Sardinia's in the Lomeline.

Brussels, Nov. 2. Since his Royal Highness the Duke of Cumberland left this Place, we are busy in settling the Winter Quarters. Marshal Konigsegg sets out this Day from hence for Vienna. Ten Dutch Battalions and nine Squadrons of Dutch and Hessians are come into this Place. The Earl of Dunmore intends to remove from hence for Antwerp in a few Days. Seven Battalions of Foot, with the Royal and Sir Robert Rich's Dragoons, wait the Return of the Transports, to carry them over to England.

Whitehall, October 25th

By Letters from Newcastle of the 22d there is an Account, that upon the 21st about 400
C Men

Men of Lieutenant General Howard's Regiment, who landed at Shields, came up to that Town: That upon the 22d arrived the Gibraltar Man of War, with the Right Hon. the Earl of Albermarle on board, and that the rest of the Transports were expected in that Evening and the next Morning. By Advices from Scotland of the 21st, the Rebels continued giving but that they were to march from Edinburgh upon the 22d or 23d. Other Letters from Scotland take Notice, that another French Vessel was landed at Stonehive, with some Officers and a few Arms for the Rebels. A Party of them was lately at Douglas, where they got some Small Pieces of Cannon, and 30 Stand of Arms. Afterwards they proceeded to Hamilton, and took what Arms they found there, and then returned to Edinburgh. Several different Accounts agree, that their Numbers did not exceed 8000.

Whitehall, October 26.

Letters from Berwick of the 22d Instant, advise, that some of the Transports bound from Holland to Newcastle, had appeared off that Place, and that a Boat with a Pilot had gone out and conducted them in. These had on board eight Companies belonging to different Regiments, and there were some more Transports with about five Companies at Holy-Island. General Handasyd ordered the eight Companies to land and enter Berwick, to reinforce that Garrison, and the five Companies to remain at Holy-Island till further Orders.

There is Intelligence likewise, that 2000 of the Rebels, with eight Pieces of Cannon, had on Monday last marched by Duddingston from Edingburgh, and were gone, as was said, Southward: That those in Musselburg, and the other Villages adjacent to Ebinburgh, were drawing together in order to take the same Route as on Tuesday Morning last; and that they were enquiring which were the best Roads to Westmorland, &c.

It was likewise reported, that 200 of the Rebels had mutinied, of whom 100 had marched off, and left their Army; and that several Waggon with wounded Men were come into Edinburgh by the Western Port, and it was said there had been an Action betwixt some of them and the Garrison of Sterling Castle; but that they expected, as next Day, at Berwick, a more distinct and certain Account of those Particulars.

Whitehall, October 26.

Yesterday arrived in the River and landed, four Troops of Sir John Ligonier's Regiment of Horse, Major General Bland's Regiment of Dragoons, the Detachment of Foot Guards which served at Ostend, Lieutenant General St.

Clair's Battalion of Foot, Lieutenant General Harrison's, Major General Huske's and Lord Harry Beauclerk's Regiments of Foot.

St. James's, October 26.

This Day the Six Regiments of Trained Bands of the City of London, passed in Review before his Majesty, and made a very handsome Appearance.

Extract of a Letter from Vice-Admiral Daulton, dated at Sea, August 17, 1745.

I am just now informed, that two Spanish Ships outward bound, and richly laden, were taken about two Days since by two Privateer Sloops of Barbadoes and St. Christophers, between the Islands of Heneago and Tortugas; one is sent to Jamaica. I am told two others are expected the same Way, which I hope to be in Time to intercept myself.

Admiralty-Office, October 26.

On the first of June last his Majesty's Ships Sutherland and Gosport discovered in the Road of Senegal in Africa, a French outward bound East-India Ship of 38 Guns, 170 Men, which they forced in among the Breakers, and destroyed her. She sailed from Brest the 20th of March, with Three Ships more bound to China.

Dublin, October 12.

Yesterday being the Anniversary of his Majesty's Coronation, the Great Guns were fired in his Majesty's Park the Phoenix, and answer'd by Volleys from the Regiments in Garrison, which were drawn out upon Oxmantown Green. At Noon there was a numerous Appearance of the Nobility and other Persons of Distinction to compliment his Excellency the Lord Lieutenant upon this Occasion. After which there was a magnificent Entertainment at the Castle for several of the Nobility and other Persons of Distinction: And at Night there was a Play given by his Excellency for the Entertainment of the Ladies; and a Ball at the Castle: And the Night concluded with Bonfires, Illuminations, and other Demonstrations of Joy.

Whitehall, October 25, 1745.

Whereas it has been humbly represented to the King, that Thomas Ruggles was, on the 15th of this Instant October, about Ten at Night, attacked on Bocking Causeway, in the County of Essex, and shot at, and on the 22d at Seven in the Evening, his Barn and Outhouses were set on Fire, by some malicious Persons, and were destroyed, together with a large Quantity of Corn therein; and there being great Reason to think that it was done by some of the same Persons who destroyed his Rowing Mill and Goods, &c. therein, on the 19th Day of February last past, for which a Reward of 20 £. was offer'd, to any Person or Persons, who should make a Discovery of any of the Persons concern'd therein; His Majesty for the better discovering and

and bringing to Justice the Persons concerned in any of the Crimes abovementioned, is pleased to promise His most gracious Pardon to any one of the Offenders who shall discover his Accomplice or Accomplices, so as he, they, or any of them, be apprehended and convicted thereof.

HARRINGTON.

And the said Thomas Ruggles does hereby promise a Reward of Fifty Pounds, to such Person or Persons who shall make such Discoveries as are above-mentioned, to be paid upon the Conviction of the said Offenders, or any one or more of them, by James Fell, of Fenchurchstreet, London, Haberdasher.

James Fell.

Whitehall, October 19, 1745.

Whereas it has been represented to his Majesty, that an anonymous Letter, dated the 5th Day of this Instant October, was directed to, and came to the Hands of the Mayor of the City of Norwich; and also another anonymous Letter, dated the 8th Day of this Instant October, was directed to, and came to the Hands of the Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of Norwich, in both which Letters an Account is given of treasonable Meetings, a Conspiracy, and Rebellious Designs, (chiefly agitated and promoted by an Elderly Man, who seems to be a Priest, and so have been born in Ireland) being form'd, plann'd, and carried on in Norwich, Bungay, Wymondham, Harleston, and other Towns; and of the said Priests, and the other Conspirators, having engaged, and bound themselves by the most solemn Oaths and Imprecations, and provided a great Number of Fire Arms, and a large Quantity of Ammunition, to rise in Favour of the Pretender: His Majesty, for the better discovering the Author or Authors of the said Letters, and bringing to Justice any Person or Persons concerned in the said Conspiracy, is pleased to promise his most gracious Pardon to any one of them, who shall discover his Accomplice or Accomplices, so as he, she, or they, may be apprehended and convicted thereof.

HOLLES NEWCASTLE.

War-Office, October 25, 1745.

It having been represented to his Majesty, that several of the Out-Pensioners of Chelsea College, are in some Degree capable of Service, and may be useful in training and disciplining such Men as are or may be raised by his Majesty's Authority, for the Defence of this Kingdom against the Rebels, either in the regular Forces, or in associating Regiments or Companies of Volunteers, and are willing to enlist and enter themselves accordingly; it is hereby declared it is His Majesty's Pleasure, that such of the Out-Pensioners of Chelsea Hospital, who shall enlist or enter themselves as aforesaid, shall continue to receive their Pay and Allowance from the said Hospital, notwithstanding their being so enlisted or entered for his Majesty's Service.

By His Majesty's Command,
Will. Yonge.

Assurance-Office, Serjeants-Inn, Oct. 26, 1745.

A General Quarterly Court of the Corporation of the Amicable Society for a perpetual Assurance-Office, will be held at their House in Serjeants Inn, Fleetstreet, on Friday the 1st of November next, at Eleven of the Clock in the Forenoon.

Robert Michel, Register.

Westminster Fire-Office, Oct. 24, 1745.
The undermentioned Gentlemen are chosen Directors for the Year ensuing.

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|---------------------|-----------------------|
| William Long, Esq; | Mr. Robert Halliwell. |
| Mr. William Mason. | Isaac Ware, Esq; |
| Mr. John Jackson. | Mr. Charles Durham. |
| Mr. John Philips. | Mr. Thomas Paulin. |
| Mr. James Richards. | John Barkley, Esq; |
| Mr. John Snow. | Mr. Henry Cheere. |
| Mr. John Ansell. | Mr. Joseph Anstwick. |
| Mr. John Bridgman. | Charles Fenn, Esq; |
| Mr. Matthew Ramsay. | Mr. John Gregory. |

Notice is hereby given to the Officers and Seamen who were on board his Majesty's Ship, Solebay, at the Time of retaking the Ant Pink, that they may receive their respective Shares for said Capture, at Mr. Richard Bowery's House, in Chequer Yard without Aldgate, on Wednesday the 6th of November next ensuing, between the Hours of Ten in the Morning and Two in the Afternoon; and that thenceforward the Shares that shall not then have been paid, may be received at the same Place the first Wednesday in every succeeding Month.

Advertisements.

ALL Sorts of ALMANACKS for the Year 1746, will be published together at Stationers-Hall on Tuesday the 19th Day of November, 1745.

Notice to the Publick.

AS we daily see many Persons of Distinction die of the Gout in the Stomach, who are always in a bad State of Health for Want of a Fit; 'tis evident that the Faculty of Physicians are not possessed of a sure Remedy to bring down a Fit, which would save the Person's Life, since the late Emperor did, and many great Gentlemen daily die of it.

All Persons who are thus afflicted, if they apply to Joseph Galindo, Chymist, in Duke Street, St. James's, may depend upon a sure Relief; that they shall have a compleat Fit within twenty Days, by a most agreeable Liquid, not exceeding two Ounces, to be taken but once a Day; its Operation is insensible in all Respects.

'Tis to be hop'd that Persons who are in that distressed Condition, and are appriz'd of this Notice, will no longer trust to those worthless Remedies that have fool'd away many great Gentlemen's Lives, whilst in vain Expectation of Relief.

N. B. As the Author is certain of the Infalibility of his Remedy, he makes no previous Demands for his daily Attendance and Remedy, till he has brought on a thorough Fit of the Gout.

At his House a Book is given for Three-pence, where all Persons may find a further Satisfaction of the Veracity of this Advertisement.

TO be sold, before Robert Holford, Esq; one of the Masters of the High Court of Chancery, pursuant to a Decree of the said Court, at the said Master's Chambers in Symond's-Inn, Chancery-Lane, Two Freehold Estates, one at Lucton, and the other at Leominster, in the County of Hereford, late the Estates of Richard Hoper, Esq; deceased, and after, of Mr. John Hoper, of the Yearly Value of 400*l*. or thereabouts. Particulars may be had at the said Master's Chambers.

THE Creditors who have proved their Debts under a Commission of Bankruptcy awarded against Jordan Bentley, late of Falsgrave, alias Wallgrave, in or near Scarborough, in the County of York; Tanner, are desired to meet the Assignees of his Estate and Effects, on Wednesday the 13th Day of November next, at Two of the Clock in the Afternoon, at the House of William Stockdale, being the Sign of the old Globe, in Scarborough aforesaid, to assent to or dissent from the Assignees commencing and prosecuting one or more Suits at Law or in Equity, for Recovery of the said Bankrupt's Estate, and on other special Affairs.

TO be sold peremptorily, pursuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, before Edmund Sawyer, Esq; one of the Masters of the said Court, at his Chambers in Lincoln's Inn, on Friday the 29th of November next, between the Hours of Five and Six in the Afternoon, for the Residue of a Term of 500 Years, commencing from the 7th of January, 1702, A Handsome Brick House, a Timber Warehouse with a Loft over the same, a large double Tar Warehouse with Lofts over them, a Wharfe and Crane for landing Goods, and another Warehouse with a Loft over it, all situate at Dockhead, in the Parish of St. Mary Magdalen Bermondsey in the County of Surry, called Cheese's Wharf, in the Possession of Thomas Wadham. Particulars whereof may be had at the said Master's Chambers.

THERE will be peremptorily Sold, pursuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, on Tuesday the 26th of November next, at Eleven o'Clock in the Forenoon, before Francis Eld, Esq; one of the Masters of the said Court, at his Chamber in Symond's Inn in Chancery Lane, London, The Freehold Estates of Simon Oliver, late of Sherborne, in the County of Dorset, Mercer, deceased, consisting of two Messuages in Newland, within the Burrough of Sherborne aforesaid, and three Acres and an half of Arable Land in Sherborn Common Fields; and also of one fourth Part of several Estates in the Parishes of Fifehead Nevill, Fifehead Quinton, Belchalwell, and Iberton, in the said County of Dorset. Particulars of all which may be had at the said Master's aforesaid Chamber.

Pursuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, the Creditors of Henry Aylward, late of the City of Chichester, Gentleman, deceased, are to come in and prove their Debts before Anthony Allen, Esq; one of the Masters of the said Court, at his House in Breame's Buildings, Chancery-lane, by the 28th Day of November next, or in Default thereof they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Decree.

THE Creditors of Thomas Setcole, late of West Smithfield, London, Linnen Draper, a Bankrupt: And also the Creditors of Adam Wilson, of London, Mariner, are desired to meet at the Half Moon Tavern in Cheapside, on Thursday next, the 31st Day of October Instant, at Five o'Clock in the Afternoon, on special Affairs.

THE Creditors of William Mitchinson, late of Chiswell-street, in the Parish of St. Luke, in the County of Middlesex, Grocer, Blue-maker and Chapman, a Bankrupt, deceased, who have proved their Debts, are desired to meet the Assignees at the Crown Tavern at Cripplegate, on the 13th of November next, at Four in the Afternoon, to consent to or dissent from the Assignees commencing or defending one or more Suits at Law or in Equity touching the said Bankrupt's Estate; and also to consent to referring any Matter or Dispute between him or any other Person relating to any Part of the said Bankrupt's Estate to Arbitration, or otherwise compounding or agreeing the same; and on other special Affairs.

Whereas the Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against William Tash, of Cateaton-street, London, Merchant, did intend to meet on the 30th Day of October Instant, in order to make a Dividend of the said Bankrupt's Estate: This is to give Notice, that the said Dividend is put off, on Account of some material Affairs, till the 4th Day of December next, at Three in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London; when and where the Creditors who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Dividend.

THE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against William Toone, of the Parish of St. Leonard Shoreditch, in the County of Middlesex, Dyer and Chapman, intend to meet on the 18th Day of December next, at Three of the Clock in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London, in order to make a Dividend of the said Bankrupt's Estate; when and where the Creditors who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Dividend.

Whereas the acting Commissioners in the Commission of Bankrupt awarded against Thomas Morison, late of Broad-street, London, Merchant, have certified to the Rt. Hon. Philip Lord Hardwicke, Baron of Hardwicke, Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, that the said Thomas Morison hath in all Things conformed himself according to the Directions of the several Acts of Parliament made concerning Bankrupts. This

is to give Notice, That by Virtue of an Act passed in the Fifth Year of his present Majesty's Reign, his Certificate will be allowed and confirmed as the said Act directs, unless Cause be shewn to the contrary on or before the 17th of November next.

THE under-mentioned Persons claiming the Benefit of the Act lately passed for Relief of insolvent Debtors, the following Notices have been brought to the Printer of the London Gazette, to be inserted in this Paper, and are herein inserted in Obedience to the said Act.

Whereas John Grasng, late of St. Sepulchre's, London, was a Prisoner in the Poultry Compter at my Suit, on or before the first Day of January, 1742. I do hereby require him to appear before the Justices of the next General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace, to be held for the City of London, or Adjournment thereof, in order to oblige him to deliver in upon Oath, and subscribe a Schedule of his Estate and Effects, pursuant to the late Act for Relief of Insolvent Debtors: And the other Creditors of the said John Grasng, are to take Notice, that they may come in for their distributive Share of his Estate and Effects. Dated the 26th Day of October, 1745.

Norris John Hainks.

The following Persons being Fugitives for Debt, and beyond the Seas on or before the first of January, 1742, and having surrendered themselves to the Keeper of his Majesty's Prison of the Fleet, London, hereby give Notice, that they intend to take the Benefit of an Act of Parliament passed in the Sixteenth Year of the Reign of his present Majesty King George the Second, intituled, An Act for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors, at the next General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be held for the City of London, or at the Adjournment thereof, that shall happen next after thirty Days from the Publication hereof, viz. Francis Raimond, late of the Parish of St. Martin in the Fields, in the County of Middlesex, Puke-maker. James Davidson, late of the Parish of St. George Hanover Square.

The following Person being a Fugitive for Debt, and beyond the Seas on or before the First of January 1742, and having surrendered himself to the Keeper of Ludgate, in the City of London, hereby gives Notice, that he intends to take the Benefit of an Act of Parliament passed in the Sixteenth Year of the Reign of his present Majesty King George the Second, intituled, An Act for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors, at the next General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be held in and for the said City, or at the Adjournment thereof, which shall happen next after Thirty Days from the Publication hereof, viz. John Day, late of the Parish of St. Sepulchre, London, Cordwainer.

N. B. If any Person in the foregoing List of Prisoners shall find, on the Perusal of this Gazette, that there is any Error, such Error shall upon Notice, be rectified in the next Gazette Gratis.