

den, it is thought we shall soon hear the News of a bloody Battle. They pretend here to have certain Advice, that his Polish Majesty and all the Royal Family have left Dresden and are gone to Prague, from whence it is said they are to repair to Warsaw, and as some think, to Vienna. His Prussian Majesty was expected in Town for some Days past; his Apartments having been cleaned and aired, and every Thing kept in Readiness to represent the new Opera upon the 6th Instant, but as yet his Majesty is not arrived here. The Princess of Zerbst returned on the 30th past to her Residence. The King of Prussia's Army is said to be at Raadbergat, six German Miles from Dresden.

*Dresden, Dec. 4, N. S.* Orders came Yesterday from the Prussians to a Village near Pollnitz, about a German Mile from hence, to prepare for the coming of 6000 Men, and to mend the Roads for the Passing of Artillery; but at Twelve o'Clock Yesterday, none but small Parties were advanced on this Side Baudissen. Prince Anhalt has sent a large Detachment to Eulenburg and another to Wurtzen. General Renard arrives To-Day at Willsdorff, within two short German Miles of this Capital, and there all the Saxons and the Corps under General Grune will be united, but cantoned till the Prussians come nearer. This Town is put in a State not to be taken without Cannon, or by Surprise.

*November 30.*

*The following is the Capitulation of Leipzig.*

1. THE Keys of the City shall be deliver'd up.
2. The Gates shall be taken Possession of.
3. To-morrow Troops shall be quarter'd in the Town.
4. From hence forward all Revenues shall be for the King of Prussia.
5. All Civil Officers shall continue unmolested in their Posts, so long as they are quiet. Also
6. Shall perform their former Duties, till his Prussian Majesty orders otherwise.
7. But in Case the Castle of Pleissenburg fire a single Gun, the Articles of Capitulation shall be of no Force.

*Willemstadt, Dec. 4.* On Sunday Morning, the 28th past, began the Embarkation of the British Troops, which would have been by this Time finished, if the Weather had not prevented it. On Wednesday last there was such a violent Gale of Wind, that it drove the Ships from the Heads, as the Troops were embarking; every Ship in the Fleet drove. The Mermaid, which has 26 Horses on Board, is on Shore at high Water-Mark, as are the Jacob and Robert and Loyalty; and the Water was so high, that if there is not another very extraordinary high Tide, they cannot get off without being dug out. All possible Means are now taking to get them off, and small Vessels are order'd along Side the Mermaid, to take out the Horses. The Stage, which was made at the Head for Embarking, was all tore up by the Tide, and most of it washed away; but Carpenters were employ'd on Thursday and Yesterday Morning in Re-

pairing it, and the Embarkation began again about Noon Yesterday, and it is hoped will be compleated To-morrow Noon.

*Hague, Dec. 10, N. S.* The Letters from France come in this Day, confirm the News of the late Duke of Ormond's Death at Avignon, and of M. Orry's Demission from the Charge of Comptroller General. They also take Notice of a second Inundation which reached from Lyons to Marseilles, occasioned by the overflowing of the Rivers Isere, Durance, and the Rhone, which has done infinite Damage.

*Whitehall, December 11.*

By Letters from Newcastle of the 28th past there is Advice, that Captain Pittman, Commander of his Majesty's Sloop the Saltash, who was arriv'd there from Inverness, having seen a large Ship off Buccaness on Tuesday last, had come so near her, that he fired a Broadside at her, and drove her amongst the Rocks at Peterhead, but could not follow her, the Wind blowing very hard. That he had next Morning spoke with a Fishing Boat with four Men, who had been on board the said Ship, who told him that she had four Companies of Lord John Drummond's Regiment on board, all dress'd in Red, and spoke English; and that nine Sail more, all from France, with Soldiers, landed at Stonehije and Montrose upon the 2d.

*Whitehall, December 2.*

Letters from Inverness of the 14th of November bring Advice, that Lord Loudoun, having with him a considerable Force, consisting of Part of his own Regiment, and several of the Monro's, Lord Sutherland's, Mr Grant's, and Lord Rea's People, and 400 of the Mackleods from the Isle of Sky, and having received the Arms and Money brought by his Majesty's Sloop the Saltash, was preparing to set out to quell the Commotions in that Neighbourhood, to supply the Garrisons with such Necessaries as they might have Occasion for, and to prevent Lord Lewis Gordon, who was lately come from the North, from giving any further Disturbance. The said Letters add, that besides the Gentlemen above-named, the greatest Zeal had been shew'd for the Support of his Majesty's Government by the Lord Fortrose and Sir Alexander Macdonald.

*Whitehall, December 1.*

By Advices from Lancashire of the 29th the main Body of the Rebels lay at Wigan and Leigh upon the 28th. That Afternoon a Party of them came into Manchester, beat up for Volunteers for the Pretender, insisted several Papists and Nonjurors, and offer'd five Guineas a Man to any that would enter; Those who took the Money had white Cookades given them, and march'd about the Town with the Drum and the Serjeant. The Party above order'd Quarters to be prepared for 10,000 Men, who were to come thither the next Day. Upon the 29th the main Body moved towards Manchester. A Party of them arriv'd there at Ten in the Morning, examined the best Houses, and fix'd upon

