## The London Gazette.

## Published by Authozity.

From Saturday July 5, to Tuesday July 8, 1746.

Fort Augustus, June 28.

Detachment of the Garrison of Fort William, commanded by Captain Millar, which his Royal Highness the Duke of Cumberland had sent on board the Eurnace and Terror Sloops to make Descents on the Coasts of Knodiart and Arasaig, in one of those Descents got Intelligence of the Lord Lovat, and after three Days Search, had the good Fortune to find him in a Hollow Tree. He is now in Custody here.

Kensington, July 8. The following Address of the Justices of the Peace and Heritors in the Eastern Division of Roß-shire, having been transmitted to their Representative in Parliament, has by him been presented to his Majesty: Which Address his Majelly was pleased to receive very graciously.

Unto the King's most Excellent Majesty,

The humble Address of the Justices of the Peace and Heritors in the Eastern Division of Rossthire, met at Tain head Burgh of said Shire.

Most Gracious Sovereign,

As we your Majesty's most faithful and loving Subjects have made it our constant Rule, that a Submission to the Supream Power your Duty as Subjects, and our Interest as we are hearty Well-wishers to your Majesty's Government under which we live, and in Support whereof we very lately riscued Life and Fortune, as we shall do upon all Occasions in Desence of that mild Administration by which we the ruled, and of our Religion and Liberties with which we are bless'd;

We do therefore, with Hearts full of Joy, congratulate your Majesty upon the late happy Overthrow of the Rebels near this Place, under the wife and brave Conduct of his Royal Highness the Duke of Cumberland, our second Deliverer, from Popish Slavery and Arbitrary

Power, by which this Corner of the County suffered in a singular Manner; through their lawless and vindictive Spirits, which our known and constant Attachment towards your Majesty's illustrious Family brought upon us.

That your Majesty's Reign over a free and happy People may be long and prosperous, and the Government thereafter continue in your Royal Family unto the latest Ages, in Defiance and to the Disappointment of Enemies Abroad and at Home: And that these Nations may never want a Hero of your illustrious Family to affert our Religion and Liberties, is and shall be the constant Prayer of,

> Most Gracious Sovereign, Your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects.

Signed at our Sight and Appointment, by the Præses to the Meeting,

Simon Ross; of Aldie, Pr.

Stockholm; June 20, O.S. His Swedish Majesty's late severe Fit of the Gravel is a little abated; but he is far as yet from being thoroughly well. On Wednesday last came on here the Election of the Deputies for the Burghers of this Town, to serve at the next Diet.

Venice, June 29, N.S. During the Armistice for burying the Dead, M. Maillebois owned to the Austrian Generals, that the Allied Armies of France, Spain, Naples and Genoa, had been very roughly handled, and that their Loss in the Action and by Desertion amounted to 14,000 Men. The Spaniards remain still in their Camp near Placentia, which begins from the Po on the Left, and takes a Circuit of near feven Miles. They have lately thrown two Bridges over the Po, and being much streighten'd for Sublistance, have sent a large Body into the Lodesan, who have established their Head Quarters at Lodi, where they have a Garrison of 3000 Men. They have also a Bridge over the Lambro, and it is pretty certain, that their Project was to have thrown themselves into the Pavesan, but have been prevented by the King of Sardinia's

[ Price Four-pence. ]



nia's having garrison'd Pavia. His Army, which consists of 30 Battalions, six Regiments of Cavalry, and 3000 Austrians, extends from Castel St. Gioanni to the Stradella, and has a Bridge over the Po to communicate with Pavia, in order to be able to oppose the Enemy, in Case they should attempt to retreat by the Novarese towards the Genoese State. We are under Apprehensions here, least the Spanish Army should march into our Territories, especially if their Intention be to retreat without attempting a second Action. The Austrians have three Batteries, one of 22 Cannons, the second of 143 and the third of •8 Mortars, which are playing continually upon the Camp and the City. Prince Lichtenstein, is again obliged to retire from the Army, on Account of his ill State of Health, Marquis Botta commands in his Abfence, k

· Copenhagen, July 5, N.S. Upon the 3d In-Mant, very early in the Mornings the Princess Royal of Denmark began to have Symptoms of an approaching Labour, which continued till Eight in the Evening, and then her Royal Highness was happily brought to Bed of a Prin-, Enemy was resolved to attack our Army the cess., This was immediately notified and pubt next Day with an united Force. This Relished by the Fourriers of the Court, and by the folution was the less to be doubted of, as the Cannon, as usual. The Day sollowing the Enemy, being more and more pressed by the new-born Princess was baptized in Presence of Approach of the King of Sardinia's Army, the whole Court, and named Sophia Magdalena, found themselves obliged to take a violent Reafter the Queen's Name; who bore her at the folution: For which Reason the Prince imme-Font. The King of Denmark, who came to diately made the necessary Dispositions to re-Town purely upon this Occasion, went in Person to the Palace, after the Delivery, and repeated his Visit there the next Day at the Christening. Their Majesties, together with the two Danish Princesses, propose to dine here this Day at the Palace of Rosenberg, after which they are to make another Visit to the Princess, then to return to Hirscholm, her Royal Highness being (God be praised) as well as can be expected in her Circumstances, and the young Princess perfectly well,

Copenhagen, July 9. The King of Denmark is returned to Hirscholm, and holds tolerably well. The Princess Royal, and the Princess Sophia Magdalena her Daughter, continue both in a most promising Way. We hear from Elsenore, that Captain Porter and Captain Scot sailed thence Yesterday Morning for England, with the Trade under their Convoy, amounting to 41 Sail, A Royal Ordonnance, dated the 1st Instant, is just made publick here, importing, that the King of Denmark, in Consideration of the great Losses his Danish Majesty's Subjects have sustained by the Mortality of their Cattle, is. pleased to remit the two last Quarters of the several Taxes upon Land, due in April and July, I' to all those who can prove that they were Sufferers by that Calamity before the 1st of May 1746, and they who have already paid any Part

of the April Quarter, may have it abated in October next.

Berlin, July 5, N.S. The Queen Mother being perfectly recovered, set out Yesterday with Princess Amelia for Oranienburg, whither the Prince and Princes of Prussia repaired the Day before: His Prussian Majesty is also expected there this Day. Prince Maurice of Dellau arrived here on the 2d Instant from Stargart, and went Yesterday to Potzdam. The Governor of this Gity, Count Haack, came back from Aix la Chapelle on Sunday last, but Count Schmettau is not yet returned.

Vienna, July 6, N. S. The following is a Translation, from the German, of the Account printed here by Authority, of the late Victory obtain'd by the Empress's Troops over the French and Spaniards near Placentia, the 16th of June, N. S.

IT was on the 15th of June that the Commanding Field Marshal Prince Lichtenstein received certain Intelligence, that the ceive the Enemy in a vigorous Manner. At Eleven of the Clock at Night, a Captain of Balayra's Regiment, who was posted at Quartisolo, with 60 Horse and 100 Warasdiners, was attacked and obliged to retire. As soon as General Nadasti had Advice of the said Retreat, he caused a Front to be formed against the Ditch on the Flank of his Right Wing; but notwith, standing that, the Enemy drove away from thence also the Captain and 100 Warasdiners who were posted there; he being reinforced with 100 Men, retook his Post. In the mean while the Enemy forced the Post of Cassina Pelegrina, which was occupied by 50 Hullars and as many Warasdiners.

General Brown; who had the fole Command of the Left Wing, being arrived, and having received Advice from General Nadasti, by Colonel Macguire, that the Enemy not only drove back his Posts one after another, but was also in March in three Columns by Quartisolo; upon the Road to Bobbio, and from Galliana, from whence it was easy to perceive, that their Design was to surround the Corps under Ger neral Nadasti, and to come behind our Cavalry of the Left Wing, Count Brown detached Ma jor General Czock, and the Colonel of Vetter's Regiment, Epele, and the Colonel of young

Konig legg

Koniglegg, Marini, with ten Companies of Grenadicrs, over the Canal of St. Bonico, to facilitate the Retreat of Nadasti's Corps, and to stop the Enemy till the said Nadasti, with all the Hussars and Warasdiners, and the German Cavalry under the Command of General Luchest, had repassed the said Canal. This was all performed in good Order, after which the said General Czock and the two Colonels Epele and Marini with the Infantry, who all distinguished themselves exceedingly, retired to the Left Wing. In the mean while the said General Brown posted himself with eight Battalions and twelve Companies of Grenadiers, which composed the Left Wing, together with General Keul, who was desperately wounded in the Beginnings behind the faid Canal of St. Bonico. He also order'd the Generals Luchesi and Serbelloni to join the Infantry with the German Cavalry, and General Nadasti to join the Cayalry with the Hussars, and two Battalions were sent to General Serbelloni, under the Command of Colonel Epele, to support the Cayalty of the second Line: But General Czock, with the Colonel of Staremberg, Ebenthal, and the Lieutenant-Colonel of Bernclau, sapper, were posted upon the Road to Galliana to cover the great Battery, by which a whole Line was formed behind the Canal of St. Bonico; and in this Polition we waited for the tnemy.

It was hardly Break of Day, when we began to fire from our great Battery, not only mon the Enemy's Camp, but also upon the Town of Placentia to the Right and to the Left, notwithstanding that the Enemy, repaid us from the Town and Cittadel. At Sun rising, we law the Enemy's Right Wing (confishing of 16 Spanish and 22 French Battalions, exclusive of the Companies of Grenadiers, and some Caralry, commanded by the French Marshal de Maillebois, who had with him the Spanish Lieutenant General d'Aramburo and the French Lieutenant General Marquis de Mirepoix) marching up to our Left Wing in the finest Order and full Front; whereupon the Firing immediately began from the Artillery and Small Arms, and with such Success on our Side, that the Enemy was obliged to retire twice. In the mean while our Cavalry of the first Line (which consisted of the Regiments Lobcowitz, Holy and Balayra, under the excellent and commendable Conduct of General Luchess, who was very hudably supported by General Serbelloni, with the Regiments of Cavalry of the second Line, viz. Berlichingen and Kohary) repassed the Camil of St. Bonico, pierced the Enemy Sword in Hand, and drove them back. During which Time our Infantry and Artillery made an unspeakable Fire amongst the Enemy, to which they were encouraged by the continual Pre-

sence of General Brown, and the Assistance of the Generals Andlau and Vogtern, insomuch that our Men did not once give Way, or fall into the least Disorder. In Consequence of this Intrepidity on our Side, the Enemy with their Right Wing was at last obliged to leave to us the Field of Battle, with a Loss of eight Cannon and twenty Pair of Colours, and a great many killed and wounded: Whereupon the said General Brown order'd the Grenadiers and some Infantry to follow the Enemy. They form'd indeed a Battalion Quarré, but Colonel O Donnel, of Balayra's Regiment, forced them in such a Manner with his Squadrons, that not only a great Number were killed, but also, by the Assistance of the Infantry which was sent after him, about 3000 Priloners, amongst which is the Spanish Lieutenant General d'Aramburo, fell into our Hands; so that in about the Space of three or four Hours, the Marshal Maillebois with his whole Right Wing was overthrown, and totally vanquished, and at last driven back into his old Camp, in the greatest Confusion and Disorder.

The happy Success of the said Left Wing is incontestably chiefly to be attributed to the skilful and judicious Dispositions of General Brown, and to his continually encouraging of the Men; nor had the Generals Luchesi, Serbelloni, Andlau, Vogtern, Gelhay and Kolb, less Share in the said Victory, or even the other Officers and private Men, who certainly all did their Duty, one distinguishing himself as much as the other, and have thereby gained immortal Honour. In the same Manner the Colonel of Schulemberg's Regiment, Binder, who commanded in the new Battery, fell into the Flank of the retiring Enemy with two Companies of Grenadiers, and not only did them great Damage, but also made several Prifoners.

With respect to the Attack on our Right Wing, it is to be observed, that the Enemy began before Day to attack our Out-Posts, which General Marquis Novati not only reinforced with 200 Men out of the four Battalions which he had with him, but also put himself in a Posture with the rest of his Troops, to receive the Enemy vigorously. In the mean while the Fire increased, and at Day-light it was perceived that the Enemy had a very great Force upon the Road to Cremona, with a Design to attack our Flank from thence. As soon as Lieutetenant Field Marshal Bernclau perceived that the Fire began to be great, he posted himself with the abovesaid four Battalions under General Novati on the Po Morto, to oppose the first Attack of the Enemy, and under his brave Conduct, and the valiant Assistance of the said General Novati, the superior Force of the Enemy

Enemy was withstood for some Time, though they were obliged at last to retire a little: But Lieutenant Field Marshal Linden, and General Stampach, caused the two Regiments of Cavalty, Savoy and Portugal, to advance, and at the same Time the said two Generals advanced with two Squadrons, the first commanded by Lieutemant Colonel Count Halleweil, and the other by Lieutenant Colonel Hedwiger, against the Enemy, and obliged them, with the Help of Desoffy's Regiment of Hussars, to retreat. The Infantry thereby gained Time to form again, which obliged the Enemy, notwithstanding their prodigious Fire, to retire. Whereupon General Bernclau found it necessary to throw the Battalion under the Command of Lieutenant, Colonel Janus of Henry Daun's Regiment, into the nearest Cassine, who defended the same with uncommon Brayery. At the same Time that the Enemy made their Attack on the Po Morto, they attacked with great Vigour the Redoute in the Front; and though Baron Forgatch, Captain of Schulemburg's Regiment, who was posted there, repulsed the Enemy three Times, yet at last they carried it; after which, Enfign Renard, of Bernclau's Regiment, maintain'd himself in the Cassine in the faid Redoute for a long While, till at last having received thirteen Wounds with the Bayonet, he was obliged to submit to the Superiority of the Enemy, and render himself Prifoner. The Enemy advanced on that Side with a great Force, and we could oppose them with nothing but what was there under the Command of Major Newhoff, viz. a Battalion of Schulemburg, and the Companies of Grenadiers and a Battalion of Bernclau (in which there remained only three Captains alive, viz. Sheffen, Untenhoffen, and Klaublitz, the Colonel Baron Geyersperg being already killed.) The Enemy thought to support the Attack by the Means of continual fresh Troops, and attempted it fix Times; but was always repulsed by the Bravery of the two above mentioned Lieutenant Field Marshals, who by their own Example, and exposing of their Persons continually, encouraged their Men to the Attack. In the mean while, the Enemy made themselves Ma-· sters of the Redoute which covers the Road to Cremona; but General Bernclau, with the two Regiments Coloredo and Andrasy, which General Pallavicini had sent out of the second Line to succour the Attack on the Po Morto, attacked again the Enemy, and not only retook the said Redoutes, but also delivered Lieutenant Keck, of Koniglegg's Regiment, who was posted in the Calline upon the Road, and who was already wholly surrounded by the Enemy, and had only defended himself so long by a continual Fire down the Stairs: In this Affair the said General retook the two Cannon which the Enemy had taken from us

Notwithstanding such effectual Opposition on our Part, the Enemy would by no Means give over, but advanced again in Front to the Redoutes on the Right of the Road to Cremona; and attacked them again; but General Bernclau having received from Count Pallavicini, the Regiments Vettes, Staremberg and Daun; he received the Enemy with so brisk a Fire, that they retired with Precipitation, and attempted no farther Attack; Schmertying's Company of Carabineers, who were posted behind the said Regiments, purfued the flying Enemy Sword in Hand, and took from them three Pair of Colours. Colonel Count Gorani, who was posted in the College of St. Lazaro, and had repulsed the Enemy three Times, and otherwise very much distinguished himself, fell into their Flank, and obliged them to retire with the utmost Precipitation to their Camp, whither duf Artillery accompanied them; and the Royal Cas rabineers, who were ordered to support this last Attack, received great Damage. The Enemy still occupied on the Po Morto the Post they had taken there, but Count Palavicini having caused a Battalion of his Regiment to advance under the Command of his Major, Alleman, and to be covered by the Brigade of General Harsch, they were at last, notwithstanding that they defended themselves for some Time in the Cassine, obliged to fly from thence also ; fo that the whole Action was over before Noon: Whereupon our Troops were assembled, and General Marulli, who also signalized himself in this Action, was ordered to cover our Right Flank with Staremberg's Regiment, in case the Enemy should attempt a fresh Attack.

It is undeniable that the Enemy made Use of a superior Force against our Right Wing, and that the Attack was conducted by de Gages himself, who had three Lieutenant Generals, Douche, Seve, and Caravahall, with three Columns under him, On the other Hand it is incontestable, that if ever there was an Action wherein the Cavalry and Infantry vied in Bravery and Vigour, they have plainly made it appear on this Occasion The Generals followed the Example of the Commanding Field Marshal, the other Officers that of the Generals, and the Horse and Foot encouraged one another to the Attack, and see conded each other wherever Danger was present. In a Word, this Victory, through God's Affiltance, is, after the Commanding Feild Marshall Prince Lichtenstein, most certainly to be attributed, on the Left Wing to the excellent Const duct of General Brown, and the laudable Asfistance of General Luchesi, and after them was the Generals Serbelloni, Andlau, Vogtern, Gel lay and Kolb; and on the Right Wing, to the distinguished Valour of the Generals Linden and Bernclau, Novati, Marulli, Harsch, Schmestell izing and Stampach; and to give the other Officers an impartial Praise, it must be owned, that

every

every one fought to distinguish himself where-

ever the Occasion presented itself.

The Artillery deserves also its Praise, and Equity especially demands it here for the great Loss occasioned to the Enemy thereby; which good Essect is wholly to be attributed to the Commanders, Lieutenant Colonel Schrems and Captain Telscher, who both continually encouraged their Men, and caused an incessant Fire to be made, by which they, as well as the others, have acquired a well deserved Reputation.

The Loss of the Enemy, according to their own Confession, amounts to between 14 and 15000 Men, every thing included; the Number of the found Prisoners, French and Spanish, exclusive of the Officers, amounts to 2494, and wounded to 2040, in all 4534. Officers Prisoners 271, amongst which are 177 French, and 94 Spanish; and besides the abovesaid, Lieutenant General Don Joseph d'Aramburo, a Marshal de Camp M. de Wurtz, and many Officers of the Etat. Major. We have also taken 29 Pair of Colours, one Standard, and 10 Pieces of Cannon. On our Side the Loss in German Infantry and Cavalry, Warafdiners and Sclavonians in killed, wounded, and lost, or Prisoners, according to the Tabelles, amounts in all to 3375 Men, and 783 Horses.

Vienna, July 6, N. S. By our last Advices from Italy, the Enemy had thrown two Bridges over the Po, one on each Side of their Bridge at Placentia, and had not only passed over the uppermost a considerable Detachment, composed chiefly of the French, to be posted at Beljoioso, but were in such other Motions, as made it to be believed, that they intended to pass into the Milanese; but whether with a Design to remain there for Subsistance, keeping at the same Time a sufficient Head in Placentia, or, after leaving a certain Garrison there, to retreat over the Adda into the Venetian State, and from thence into the Ecclesiastical State, is unknown here.

Regiments were to march as To-day from Willemstadt, and Expedients have been found out for sending them 300 Horses from the Army, for the Use of their Artillery, till their own Undertakers can furnish others. Marshal Saxe is reported to have made a Motion towards Lier, and to have repassed the Neete. Several French Reinforcements arrive daily from the Upper Meuse, and the three Bishopricks. By our freshelf Advices from Italy, the Junction between the Piedmontese and Austrians was not quite effected; and the Enemy maintained himself upon the Po, under Cover of the Artillery of Placentia.

Hague, July 15, N. S. The Allied Army had made no Motion Yesterday. Marshal Saxe having lest eight Battalions in the Town and

Cittadel of Antwerp, and in the Forts upon the Scheld, is said to have repassed the Dyle, and to have been met on that Side by several considerable Reinforcements. The Town of Mons furrendered on the 11th Instant, the Garrison Prisoners of War: Count Nava, the Prince of Hesse Philipsthal, and Major General Lindtman, are left at Liberty. The Fort of St. Ghilain it is said is not comprehended in the Capitulation, and has obliged the French to attack it in Form. The freshest Advices from the Side of Lombardy are of the 1st Instant, N.S. when the Junction between the Austrians and Piedmontese was so far effectuated, that his Sardinian Majesty had taken upon him the supreme Command of both Armies. The Allies had found Means to transport themselves to the Mulanese Side of the Po without any Loss, after having provided, as well as its Situation would admit of, for the Defence of Placentia.

Camp of Terhyde, July 12, N.S. This Morning the four British Battalians, came into

Camp in very good Order.

Camp of Terhyde, July 15, N.S. Mons furrendered the 11th Instant, the Garrison Prifoners of War. The Enemy talk now of investing Charleroy and St. Ghilain at once. We just now hear, that Yesterday the Lest of the Enemy's second Line passed the Demer, and that they are going to take the Camp of Louvain or Park, one of the strongest in the Low Countries; and some Advices say, that they design to extend between Louvain and Tirlemont, and are every Day join'd by Troops from the Moselle.

London, July 28, 1746.

General Post Office.

Whereas the Post-Boy, bringing the Chester Mail from: Fenny Stratford to Dunstable, was Yesterday, the Ift Instant, about Eleven of the Clock at Night, attacked on the Highway, near a Place called Hockliffa, otherwise Hockley, in the County of Bedford, by a single Highwayman, who carried off the following Bogs, viz. Warrington, Ormskirk, Wigan, Chesten, Wrexbam, Coventry, Litchfield, Tamworth, Burton, Uttoxeter, Stafford, Stone, Holmes Chappel, Marclesfield, Stockport, Drayton, Ruthin, Northop, Conway, Shrequsbury, and Oswestry. The Person who committed this Robbery, is a middle-sized Man, and had on a light brown colour'd loose Horseman's Coat, bis Face cover'd with the Cape of his Coat, and rode on a dark bay Mare, with a bald Face, and white Legs behind, and made off towards Woburne.

This therefore is to give Notice, that whoever shall apprehend and convict, or cause to be apprehended and convicted, the Person who committed this Robbery, will be intitled to a Reward of Two Hundred Pounds, over and above the Reward given by Act of Parliament for apprehending of Highwaymen. Or if any Person of Person, whether Accomplice in the said Robbery, on knowing thereof, shall make Discovery, swhereby the Person who committed the same, may be apprehended and brought to Justice, such Discoverer or Discoverer will, upon Conviction of the Party, be intitled to the same

Same Reward of Two Hundred Pounds, and also have bis Mojesty's most gracious Pardon.

By Command of the Post Muster General,
George Shelvocke, Secretary.

Navy-Office, July 4, 1746.
The principal Officers and Commissioners of his Majesty's Navy hereby give Notice, that there is in the Hands of the Treasurer of the Navy, Money to pay the Interest due on Navy and Transport Bills registered between the 1st of October 1745, and 31st of December following, that all Persons possessed of such Bills, may at any time carry them to the Treasurer's Office, in Broadstreet, and receive the Interest due thereon, and the same wrote off

upon the Bills.

Navy-Office, July 4, 1746.
These are to give Notice, that on Wednesday the 16th Instant, at Ten of the Clotk in the Morning, this Board will be ready to treat with such Persons as are willing to serve into his Majesty's Stores at Deptsord, Woolwieh, Chatham, Sheerness, Portsmouth and Ply month, for the Use of his Majesty's Ships, Stone Ground Glass upon a standing Contrast, that they may attend with their Proposals at that Time.

Victualling-Office, July 4, 1746.
The Commissioners for Victualling his Majesty's Nature, do bereby give Notice, that there is in the Hands of the Treasurer of the Navy, Money to pix the Interest due on Victualling Bills registered between the 1st of Officher, 1745, and the 31st of December following, that all Persons possessed of such Bills may at any Time carry them to the Treasurer's Office in Broad street, and receive the Interest due thereon, and have the same wrote of upon the Bills.

Assurance-Office Serjeants Inn, July 8, 1746.

A General Quarterly Court of the Corporation of the Amicabe Society for a perpenual Assurance-Office, will be held at their House in Serjeants Inn Fleet Areet, on Tuesday the 15th Instant, at Eleven in the Forencon, for chusing Auditors for the ensuing Year, and d. claring the additional Dividend to the Claimants for the Year 1745.

Robert Michel, Register.

Notice is bereby given to the Officers and Company of of the Kouli-Kan Privateer, commanded by Captain Joseph Barker, that were on Board on her first Gruize, and are entitled to Prize Money, that the remaining Part thereof will be paid them at the King's Head Coffee-bouse in Sweeting's Alley, Cornhill, on Thursday the 6th of August next: And the Shares of such as are not then demanded, will be paid at the same Place, the first Thursday of every Month, for three Years after.

## Advertisements.

Durfuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, the Creditors of Anne Chicheley, late of Great Marlborough Street, in the County of Middlesex, Widow, deceased, are forthwith to come in and prove their Debts before Edmund Sawyer, Esq; one of the Masters of the said Court, at his Chambers in Lincoln's Inn, or in Desault thereof, they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Decree.

This Day was published,

I. THE Sacrament of the Lord's Supper explained; or, The Things to be known and done to make a worthy Communicant. With suitable Prayers and Meditations. The ninth Edition. Price bound 1 s.

2. Family Devotion: or, An Exhortation to Morning and Evening Prayer in Families. The Eleventh Edition. Price 4d.

3. An earnest Dissuasive from Intemperance in Meats and Drinks. The Fifth Edition, revised and enlarged with a more particular View to the Roint of Spirituous L'quors. Price 3 d.

4. Serious Advice to Persons who have been Sick. To be put into their Hands as soon as they are recovered. With a Thanksgiving for their Recovery. The Eighth Edition. Price Three Half-pence.

5. An Admonition against Pr fine and Common Swearing.

The Sevench Edition. Price Three Half-pence.

6. The Evil and Danger of Lukewarmness in Religion. The Fourth Edition. Price Three Half-pence.

7. The Sinfulness of neglecting and profaning the Lord's Day. The Third Edition. Price Three Half-pence.

8. Trust in God the best Remedy against Fears of all Kinds. Design'd by way of spiritual Comfort and Support, to such manappy Persons as are subject to nelaneboly Fears; and to others, who are at any Time under Anxiety and Dejection of Mind, upon just and reasonable Fears of some approaching Evil. Price Three Half-pence.

All by the Right Reverend Father in God, Edmund Lord Bishop of London.

Printed by E. Owen, in Amen-Corner.

N. B. Good Allowance will be given in all the above Articles to those who buy Numbers to give away.

HE King's Plate of One Hundred Guiners, will be run for upon the Course on Barham Downs, near Canterbury, on Tuesday the 29th of July, by any Harse, Mare, or Galding, being no more than six Years old the Grass before, as must be certified under the Hand of the Buesder, carrying twelve Stone, three Hears; to be shewn and entred at the Bowling Green House on the said Course, on Mond y the 28th of July, or they are not to run for this Plate. And if any Difference arise relating to their Ages, Entring or Running, the same to be determined by his Grice the Duke of Dorset, or whom he shall appoint, according to such his Majesty's Rules and Orders as shall be produced at the Piace of Entring or Running for the said Plate.

Commission of Bankrupt against Peter Richardson, of Sto kton upon Tees in the Courty of Durham, Common Brewer, are desired to meet the Assignces at the House of Benjamin Scaise in Stockton aforesaid, on Wednesday the 16th Day of July instant, at Two of the Clock in the Asternoon, to consent to the said Assignces submitting to Arbitration, or compounding and agreeing certain Matters in Difference and Dispute relating to the said Bankrupt's Estate, and on other special Assairs.

Dursuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, the Creditors and Legatees of Gabriel Kent, late of Old-street, in the Parish of St. Luke, in the County of Middle-sex, Dyer, deceased, are to come in and prove their Debts, and claim their Legacies, before Samuel Burroughs, Esq; one of the Masters of the sad Court, at his Chambers in Chancery Lane, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Decree.

DUrsuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, the Creditors of Edward Thompson, late of Maxiton in the County of the City of York, Esq; deceased, are to come in forthwith, and prove their respective Debts, before Edmund Sawyer, Esq; one of the Masters of the said Court, at his Chambers in Lincoln's Inn, London, otherwise they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Decree.

DUrsuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, the Creditors of Samuel Bruniell, late of Nassington in the County of Northampton, Gent, seceased, are to come in ander profe-

from their Debts before Samuel Burroughs, Esq; one of the Masters of the faid Court, at his Chambers in Chanc ry-lane, on or before the 8th Day of August next peremptorily, otherwise they will be absolutely excluded the Benefit of the said Decree.

Chancery, before Samuel Burroughs, Esq; one of the Missers of the said Court, at his Chambers in Chancery-lane, the Real Estate of William Chettle, late of Chancery-lane, London, Gent. deceated, consisting of several Messuages and Ches Rents, seing Freehold, in the City of Worcester, and near adjoining thereunto. Particulars may be had at the said Master's Chambers.

Pursuant to a Decree and several subsequent Orders of the High Court of Chancery, the several Waterhouses, Waterworks, and other Houses in York Buildings, late belonging to the Governor and Company of Undertakers for raising the Thames Water in York Buildings, are to be lett peremptorily, with the Approbation of Samuel Burroughs, Esq; one of the Masters of the said Court, at his Chambers in Chancery-lane, to the best Bidder or Bidders, between the Hours of Five and Seven in the Afternoon of Wednesday the 16th of July Instant, for a Term not less than 21 Years, and not exceeding 41 Years. Particulars of the said Waterhouses, Waterworks, and other Houses, may be had at the said Master's Chambers.

O be fold, together or in Parcels, by the Trustees named in an Act of Parliament for that-Purpose, The Mansionhouse and Demesne of Acton near Wrexham in the County of Denbigh, and several Houses in the Town of Wrexham, and fundry Farms and Lands in Acton, Wrexham, Royton, Bedwall, Holt, Esclusham, Bersham, Brymbo, Llay, Marchwyel and Allington, in the said Cnunty, late the Estate of the Lady Jeffreys deceased: And also the Lordship of Gatten in the County of Salop, and divers Lands and Tenements lying within the same. And the Mansson-house and Demesne of Monachtu, and several Tenements and Lands in the County of Anglesey and the Isle of Skerryes, in the same County; and three Tenements in Newton and Norbury in the County Palatine of Chester, being Part of the Estate late of William Robinson, Elg; decealed. The Patticulars of which several Estates may be had from Blest Colclough of Eccleshall, in the County of Stafford, Gentleman, William Travers of Lincoln's Inn, in the County of Middlesex, Gentleman, and Richard Jones of Wrexham aforesaid, Dyer, or any of them, till the 7th Day of August next; on which Day the said Trustees intend to meet at the Sign of the Eagles in Wrexham aforesaid, to sell the fame.

In Pursuance of an Order made by the Right Hon. the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, the Commissioners in a renewed Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against Gilbert Parker, late of the City of York, Mercer, intend to meet on the 23d of this Instant July, at Three of the Clock in the Asternoon, at Guildhall, London, in order to chuse a new Assignee or Assignees of the said Bankrupt's Estate and Essects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and chuse Assignees accordingly.

HE Creditors of Devalland Gentet, of Dartmouth in the County of Devon, Merchant, a Bankrupt, are defired to meet at the White Lyon Tavern in Talbot Court, Grace-thurch-street, on Wednesday the 23d of July instant, at Five in the Asternoon, upon special Astairs relating to the Bankrupt's Estate.

THE Creditors of Mathew Denison, of Leeds in the County of York, Merchant, a Bankrupt, are defired to meet the Assignees of his Estate and Estects on Thursday the 17th Day of July instant, at Five of the Clock in the Evening, at the House of Mr. Thomas Moxon, Innholder, in Leeds aforesaid, to assent to or dissent from the said Assignees commencing one or more Suit or Suits in Equity relating to the said. Bankrupt's Estate. And all Persons indebted to the said Bankrupt's Estate, or that have any of his Estects in their Hands, are desired forthwith to pay or deliver the same to Mr. Robert Denison, or Mr. William Cowell, of Leeds aforesaid, the Assignees thereof.

Abroad about eight Years ago) be living, he is delired to return Home as soon as possible, his Brother John Long, late of Baynton in the County of Wilts, Esq; being lately dead.

ALL Persons indebted to the Estate of Mr. Timothy Motteux, late of London, Merchant, are desired to pay their Debts to Mess. Peter Motteux, jun. and Stephen Hubert, at the deceased's House in Leadenhall-street, or they will be sued for the same; and those who have any Demands on the said Estate, are likewise desired to apply as above, where there is Attendance for those Purposes every Day, from Eleven to One, and for clearing the Stock in Trade every Morning from Seven to Ten till the 3d of September next, after which Time no Discount will be allowed.

Whereas a Commission of Bankrupt hath been awarded against Elias Image, of Bullinbrook, in the County of Lincoln, Dealer and Chapman, and he having surrendred himself to the Commissioners pursuant to Notice, and been twice examined; These are to give Notice, That he shall attend the Commissioners on the 19th of July instant, at the House of Mr. Lenard Towne in Horncastle in the County of Lincoln, commonly known by the Sign of the George, by Ten of the Clock in the Forenoon of the same Day, to finish his Examination, and not on the 14th of July, at the White Hart in the Bayle of Lincoln, as mentioned in the Gazette of the 7th of June last; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts and chuse Assignees, and the Creditors are to assent to or dissent from the Allowance of his Certificate.

HE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded ed and issued forth against Blagrave Gregory, late of Banbury in the County of Oxford, Draper, intend to meet on the 22d of July Instant, at Ten in the Forenoon, at the Red Lyon in Banbury, aforesaid, in order to make a Dividend of the said Bankrupt's Estate; when and where the Creditors who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to do the same, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Dividend.

Hereas the acting Commissioners in the Commission of Bankrupt awarded against Christopher Bacon, of Holt in the County of Norfolk, Grocer, have certified to the Right Honourable Philip Lord Hardwicke, Baron of Hardwicke, Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, that the said Christopher Bacon hath in all Things conformed himself according to the Directions of the several Acts of Parliament made concerning Bankrupts: This is to give Notice, that by Virtue of an Act passed in the fifth Year of his present Majesty's Reign, his Certificate will be allowed and confirmed as the said Act directs, unless Cause be shewn to the contrary on or before the 29th of July instant.