

perial Troops. General Brown having made himself Master of the Bochetta, immediately pushed forward, but at about a Leagues Distance from thence, the Enemy assembled, and a smart Battle ensued, to the Advantage of the Imperialists, who marched directly for Ponte Decimo, where they enter'd the same Evening. There is at present a Battery of 22 Pieces of Cannon and eight Mortars before Gavi, which make a continual Fire. The Army, which has halted here two Days, the Troops being fatigued by the four last Marches, will be put in Motion immediately. Baron Leutrum has been ordered to reconnoitre the Posts before us, and will return this Evening.

Munich, Sept. 5. The exact Day of the Elector's leaving Dresden is not yet known, but Count Konigsfeld went to his Country Seat near Ratisbon Yesterday, in order to receive his Electoral Highness, who will lay one Night at his House in his Return.

Munich, Sept. 8. The Prince of Hilburgshausen's Regiment will pass through this Town To-morrow in its Way to Donawert, and the second Division will begin to march from thence on the 18th. Letters dated at Acqui the 26th of August, N. S. inform us, that the King of Sardinia, who arrived there the Day before, intended to march with his Army, on the 27th, to Savona, which would take up six Days, whilst the Marquis de Botta and General Brown were employed in the Siege of Gavi. Another Letter from Turin of the 27th says, that the Prince of Lichtenstein, who has hitherto remained sick at Colorno, was so far recovered, as to be able to rejoin the Army and resume his Command.

Copenhagen, Sept. 10, N. S. This Afternoon the Court comes to Christiansberg, and To-morrow the Mourning for the late King begins in Town.

Berlin, Sept. 10, N. S. The King of Prussia is expected in Town on Wednesday the 14th Instant, and it is said that his Majesty proposes to stay here and at Charlottenburg about fourteen Days, and afterwards to take a Journey into Prussia.

Liege, Sept. 13, N. S. The Allied Army extends from the Chartreuse of Liege to Viset, their Head Quarters are at Bombay. Marshal Saxe's Quarters are at Betto, distant a quarter of a League from Tongres, and the Troops under his Command cover the Ground from the Citadel of that Place to near Bilsen. The Trenches before Namur were opened upon the 11th Instant, at Eight o'Clock in the Morning. The Prince de Clermont has the Direction of the Siege, and has under him Mess. Segur, Lowendahl, l'Autrec, and Vellemur, with 61 Battalions and 40 Squadrons. We have an Account this Morning, that upon the 11th the French began to fire upon the Town from some Batteries erected on the Side of the Iron Gate, that their Firing was very terrible and continual, and that they had destroyed some Caserns.

Maestricht, Sept. 14, N. S. Yesterday the advanced Body of our Army passed through this Town in order to cover the Passage of the

Meuse, which was effected last Night upon the Bridges which had been thrown over that River for that Purpose. The Artillery and Baggage are following this Day.

Hague, Sept. 13, N. S. By the freshest Advices, our Army seemed to be still lying on the East Side of the Meuse, near Dalem, except a Detachment which is said to have passed that River near Viset, under the Command of General Trips. Marshal Saxe is now said to have sent Detachments lower down that River, which have posted themselves at Stockem and Masleyk. Namur, it is agreed on all Hands, is invested. Brigadier General Houghton, with the three Regiments under his Command, proposed to begin his March for the Allied Army the Day after To-morrow. There are Letters just arrived of the 10th Instant from the Army, which mention our Army's being then encamped with its Right at Eesden upon the Meuse, and its Left at Hous near Dalem, whilst the main Army of the Enemy extended along the Jaire, from Tongres down towards Maestricht.

Hague, Sept. 16, N. S. By Letters from Maestricht of the 14th Instant we learn, that our whole Army was that Morning actually repassing the Meuse in four Columns; one just above the Town at St. Pierre; one through the Town; one just below it at Leumel; and the fourth a little lower at Smeermaes. It was to encamp that Evening at Lonaken. The main Army of the French lay on the 13th between Bilsen and Liege, with its Center and Head Quarters at Tongres.

Hague, Sept. 18, N. S. This Day Letters are arrived from the Allied Army, dated the 16th Instant, which mention the Retreat of the French Army, upon hearing that the Allies had repassed the Meuse. We have just received the following Account from Mantua.

Mantua, Sept. 7, N. S. This Moment Prince Lowenstein is arrived here from the Army, in his Way to Vienna, with the agreeable News of the Surrender of the City of Genoa at Discretion. All the Conditions the Senate asked of her Imperial Majesty, were, To preserve the Liberties of the City, and that no Troops should be sent into the Town. That if they could obtain these Demands, they would engage to put into her Majesty's Hands all the Fortresses belonging to the Republick, and to give up every Thing else which should be demanded of them; that in case the Empress desired the City to be delivered up, the Senate were ready to submit thereto. In all Appearance, one of the City Gates will be secured by way of Precaution. The Enemy having abandoned the Posts of St. Pierre d'Arca, vast Magazines of all Sorts were found there.

London, September 1, 1746.
General Post-Office.

Whereas certain Information has been made, upon Oath, before one of his Majesty's Justices of the Peace, that the Chester Mail, of the 2d of July last, was robbed by a Person who goes, or has gone by the several Names of GABRIEL TOMKINS, alias YOUNG GIBB, alias KIT