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AT the Court at St. James's, the 22d Day of March, 1747.

P R E S E N T,

The King's most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS in pursuance of the Powers vested in his Majesty by an Act passed in the Nineteenth Year of his Majesty's Reign, to enable his Majesty to make Rules, Orders and Regulations more effectually to prevent the spreading of the Distemper which now rages amongst the Horned Cattle in this Kingdom, under the Penalties thereby inflicted; which Act is explained and continued by another Act passed in the last Session of the last Parliament; His Majesty hath thought fit, by and with the Advice of his Privy Council, to make and establish, from Time to Time, such Rules, Orders and Regulations as were judged to be the most proper and effectual to put a Stop to the said Distemper; And whereas his Majesty was pleased by his Order in Council of the 8th of September last, to require and direct, (amongst other Things) That a Prohibition should be laid on the Buying, Selling and Removing of all lean Horned Cattle in that Part of this Kingdom called England, for the Space of three Calendar Months, which Prohibition has been since continued by several subsequent Orders, and is still in Force: And whereas it hath been represented to his Majesty, That for the better enabling his Subjects to stock their Grounds with a fresh Supply of Cattle, it will be expedient at this Season of the Year, to permit lean Oxen, Bulls, Cows, Calves, Steers and Heifers, to be driven, removed, bought and sold; His Majesty taking the same into his Consideration, and being desirous to comply with every Thing that may be for the Ease and Convenience of his Subjects, as far as the present Circumstances of the said Distemper will permit, hath therefore thought

fit, and doth, by this his Order in his Privy Council, declare and order, That the several Rules and Regulations relating to the Distemper'd Cattle now subsisting, and which will expire on the 24th of this Instant March, be continued and remain in full Force from the said 24th of this Instant March, to the 8th Day of April next, and no longer; and that all the said Rules and Regulations do from thenceforth cease and determine: And his Majesty doth hereby establish in Lieu thereof, the following Rules, Orders and Regulations, to be observed and obeyed from the said 8th Day of April next, by all his Majesty's Subjects, as they will answer the contrary; Provided nevertheless that nothing herein contained shall extend to indemnify such Persons as have been guilty of any Offence or Offences against any of the said former Orders of Council, during the Time of their Continuance in Force, from the Penalties inflicted by the said Acts.

That all Cowkeepers, Farmers and Owners of any Oxen, Bulls, Cows, Calves, Steers and Heifers, do, as soon as any of the said Cattle shall appear to have Signs or Marks of the said Distemper, immediately remove such Cattle to some Place distant from the Rest, and cause the same to be shot dead, or otherwise killed, (with as little Effusion of Blood as may be) and the Bodies to be buried with the Skins and Horns on, within Twenty-four Hours at farthest, from and after the said Cattle were first respectively seized with the said Distemper, at least four Feet deep, and the Earth covered in, having first cut and slashed the Hides from Head to Tail, and in other Parts of the Body, so as to render the same of no Use; and in case any such Cattle shall happen to die, that they do bury the Bodies thereof, and cut and slash their Hides in the Manner above-mentioned, within the Space of Eight Hours at most after such Death.

That the Overseers of the Poor in every Parish, Township or Place throughout the Kingdom

[Price Six-pence.]

dom where the Infection now is, do, on or before the 8th Day of April next, give or send Notice in Writing to the Clerk of the Peace of the County within which such Parish, Township, or Place lies, that the Infection is in such Parish, Township or Place: — And that the Overseers of the Poor in every Parish, Township or Place, where the Distemper shall hereafter happen to appear, do send the like Notice in Writing within five Days at farthest after the first Appearance of the said Distemper in such Parish, Township or Place.

That if the Distemper shall happen to come into any Parish, Township, or Place, in any County or Counties, near to the Confines of any other County or Counties, the Overseers of the Poor of such Parish, Township, or Place, do send Notice thereof in Writing to the Clerk of the Peace of such County as shall reach to, within the Distance of three Miles of such infected Parish, Township, or Place.

That the Clerk of the Peace do forthwith send Copies of the Notice he shall so receive from the Overseers of the Poor, to the chief Magistrate, or where there shall be none, to the Overseers of the Poor of every Market Town within his County, as also to every High Constable within the said County.

That such chief Magistrate, or Overseers of the Poor in every Market Town, shall affix a Paper upon the Market House, or some other more publick Place in the Town, containing the Names of all the infected Places in that County which have been notified to him by the Clerk of the Peace, and of the Parishes within which such respective Places shall lie, and shall also proclaim, or cause the same to be proclaimed in open Market every Market Day.

And for the better preventing Persons from driving Cattle near any infected Place, every High Constable do affix a Paper in some convenient and visible Place on every High Road within his Division, containing the Names of all the infected Places in that County which have been notified to him by the Clerk of the Peace, and of the Parishes within which such respective Places shall lie, and do from Time to Time renew the same, as such Paper shall be obliterated or effaced by the Weather, or any other Accident.

That when the Distemper shall have ceased in any one Parish, Township, or Place, for the Space of Forty Days, the Minister and Overseers of the Poor of such Parish shall sign a Certificate signifying the same; which Certificate shall be lodged with the Clerk of the Peace, who shall forthwith give Notice thereof to such chief Magistrate or Overseers of the Poor in each Market Town, and to each of the High Constables, who shall forthwith strike out the Name of such Place so certified for, from the List of infected Places so directed to be affixed up as aforesaid.

That no Person do drive or remove, or cause to be driven or removed, any Ox, Bull, Cow,

Calf, Steer, or Heifer, whether fat or lean, that shall be within the Compass of one Mile of any infected Place, unless from one Pasture to another, or to Water, or for the Purpose of slaughtering such Cattle, and shall not, on any Pretence whatsoever, remove such Cattle further than one Mile from such infected Place.

That with Regard to such Oxen, Bulls, Cows, Calves, Steers and Heifers, as shall be out of the Distance of one Mile from any infected Place, that they shall not be driven beyond the Distance of five Miles without having first obtained a Certificate under the Hand and Seal, or Hands and Seals of one or more Justice or Justices of the Peace, or Commissioner or Commissioners of the Land Tax qualified to act herein, specifying the Colours of the Beasts, the Name or Names, and Place or Places of Abode of the Owner or Owners, as also the Name or Names of the Person or Persons who shall drive the same; and that on Examination upon Oath of one or more credible Person or Persons, it appeared to him or them, that the said Cattle, and the Herd or Herds out of which the same was or were taken, was or were at that Time, and had been for the Space of Forty Days before the Date of such Certificate, entirely free from the said Distemper or Infection, and that the said Cattle have not, to the best of his Knowledge and Belief, been within one Mile of any infected Place; which Certificate the Person or Persons buying such Cattle shall produce to such Person or Persons as shall demand to see the same.

That as often as any Ox, Bull, Cow, Calf, Steer or Heifer, shall pass from one County or Riding to another County or Riding, the Person or Persons driving the same shall apply to the first Justice of the Peace, or Commissioner of the Land Tax as aforesaid, in each County or Riding, and shall produce the Certificate or Certificates which have been granted to him in every County through which he has passed, to such Justice or Commissioner, which Justice or Commissioner shall, upon View thereof, and examining the Party upon Oath touching the Reality of such Certificate or Certificates, and the Identity and Health of the Cattle, and to their not having passed nearer to any infected Place than one Mile, grant him a new Certificate: And that all Cattle driven contrary hereto, shall be stopped on the Spot, and the Driver or Drivers thereof shall be forthwith carried before the next Justice of the Peace, to be punished as the aforementioned Act of Parliament directs.

If any Person shall in his Way or Passage through any County, drive any Cattle as aforesaid within the Distance of one Mile of an infected Place, the said Cattle shall be stopped, and not permitted to be removed from the Place where they shall be so stopped beyond the Distance of three Miles, without particular Leave obtained for that Purpose from two Justices of the Peace of the Quorum, who before granting such

such Leave shall receive full Proof of the Health of such Cattle.

If any Cattle shall be stopped, and afterwards conveyed away without obtaining such Leave as is before directed, the Constable of the Township where the said Cattle were stopped, or where they shall be kept, shall be obliged to pursue the said Cattle with all Expedition; and if they be out of the Constablewick before he can overtake them, he shall give Notice to the next Constable of the Road they have taken; and if the next Constable cannot overtake them, he shall give Notice to the Constable of the next adjoining Parish, and so on till they are overtaken, or till they are out of the County; and if they escape out of the County, the last Constable of that County where they were stopped, shall give Notice to the next Constable of the adjoining County, who shall be obliged likewise to pursue the said Cattle, and give Notice to the next Constable; which Method shall be continued till the said Cattle are overtaken and stopped, and which Cattle are to be treated as having been within one Mile of an Infected Place.

That no Person do buy, sell, or expose, or offer to Sale, or cause to be bought, sold, or exposed, or offered to Sale, in any Fair or Market, or any Town, Parish, or Extraparochial Place whatsoever, within that Part of the Kingdom of Great Britain called England, or shall bring or send, or cause to be brought or sent to any Fair, Market or Town, Parish or Extraparochial Place whatsoever, within that Part of the Kingdom of Great Britain called England, any Raw Hide or Skin of any Ox, Bull, Cow, Calf, Steer or Heifer, unless the Owner or Owners of such Hide or Skin shall deliver, or cause to be delivered, to the Clerk of the Market, or else to some Constable, Church-warden, Overseer of the Poor, or such other Person as shall be appointed by the Justices of the Peace at their General or Quarter Session, or an Adjournment thereof, as the Case shall happen to be, a Certificate under the Hand and Seal, or Hands and Seals of one or more Justice or Justices of the Peace, or Commissioner or Commissioners of the Land Tax as aforesaid, specifying the Colours of the said Hides and Skins, the Name or Names, and Place or Places of Abode of the Owner or Owners of such Hides and Skins; and that upon Examination on the Oath of one or more credible Person or Persons, it appeared to him or them, that the Beasts from which such Hides or Skins were taken, were found and free from Infection; and that upon Sale of such Hide or Skin, the Clerk of the Market, Constable, Church-warden, Overseer of the Poor, or other Officer receiving such Certificate as aforesaid, shall either make an Endorsement thereon, that the said Hides or Skins described as in the said Certificate is specified, were sold in

such Fair, Market, Town, or other Place, and deliver the same to the Buyer, or else grant him a new Certificate to the same Purpose. And that such Hide or Skin shall not be bought or sold a second Time without such Certificate; and this Method to be repeated upon every subsequent Sale of such Hide or Skin; and that no such Hide or Skin be suffered to be carried Coastwise, without producing such Certificate to the Officers of the Customs, at the respective Places where they shall be shipped, as likewise at the Places where they shall be landed.

And in Case any Hide or Skin shall hereafter be brought, sent, or caused to be brought, sent or bought, sold, or exposed or offered to Sale, contrary to this his Majesty's Order of Council, that then such Hide or Skin shall be cut, flayed, and buried in the same Manner as is herein before required to be done, with respect to the Hides or Skins of the Cattle that shall be killed.

And his Majesty doth hereby strictly charge and command, that no Person do presume to alter or counterfeit any Certificate already granted or hereafter to be granted, for the Removing, Driving, or Sale of any such Beast, Hide, or Skin as aforesaid, or to sell or cause to be sold, or expose or offer to Sale, any Beast, Hide, or Skin with such Certificate so altered or counterfeited, upon Pain of being strictly prosecuted for the said Offence.

That the Church-wardens, Overseers of the Poor, Constables, and such other Person or Persons as shall be appointed by the Justices of the Peace at their General or Quarter Session, or an Adjournment thereof, or some or one of them, do stop any Cattle which shall be driven, or any Hides or Skins that shall be carried contrary to this Order, or to the said Acts of Parliament, and carry the Offender or Offenders before some Justice or Justices of the Peace, to be punished according to the aforesaid Act.

And for the better preventing the Spreading of the said Distemper by the holding Fairs and Markets, or other publick Places for Sale of Cattle, his Majesty doth, by this his Order in his Privy Council, hereby authorize and empower the Justices of the Peace at their General or Quarter Sessions, or at any Adjournment thereof within their respective Counties, to put a Stop to the Buying and Selling of any of the said Sorts of Cattle in any Fairs, Markets, or any other publick Place of Sale, where they shall apprehend the holding thereof may be attended with the Danger of Spreading the said Distemper.

And his Majesty doth hereby strictly forbid the sending, driving or removing, or causing to be sent, driven or removed, any such Cattle to any Fair, Market; or other publick Place of Sale so prohibited; and the said Justices in their General or Quarter Session, or an Adjournment thereof, are hereby authorized and required to cause such publick

publick Notice to be given of the putting a Stop to such Fair, Market, or other publick Place of Sale as aforesaid, as they shall think reasonable; and the Day to be so appointed by them for the ceasing thereof, shall be the Time from which the same shall be deemed to be prohibited: And they are likewise to issue their Orders to the chief Constable or Headborough of the Hundred, Lathe, Rape or Wapentake, and to the Petty Constables of the respective Parishes within the same, to prevent the holding such Fair, Market, or other publick Place of Sale; and if any Person or Persons shall presume to drive, remove or send, or cause to be driven, removed or sent, any such Cattle to such Fair, Market, or other publick Place of Sale, contrary to the Orders so issued in that Behalf, such Person or Persons so offending, shall be carried before some Neighbouring Justice to be dealt with according to Law.

That no Person or Persons do buy, sell, or expose, or offer to Sale, or cause to be bought, sold, or exposed, or offered to Sale, the Whole or any Part of the Hide, Milk, Carcass, Flesh, Fat or Intrails of any infected Beast, or feed on cause to be fed any Hog, Calf, Lamb, or any other Animal therewith.

That no Ox, Bull, Cow, Calf, Steer or Heifer, either fat or lean, shall be driven or removed, but between the Hours of Four in the Morning and Eight at Night.

And his Majesty doth hereby further order, That no Person do presume, either by refusing to stop his Cattle, by making Resistance, by privately conveying away such Cattle after they are stopped, or by any other Means whatsoever, to obstruct any Constable, Church-warden, Overseer of the Poor, or other Person to be appointed by the Justices of the Peace at their General or Quarter Session, or an Adjournment thereof as aforesaid, in the Execution of the Powers or Directions given, or to be given, in pursuance of this Order; and that whosoever shall disobey any of the Rules, Orders, or Regulations appointed by this his Majesty's Order of Council, shall be strictly prosecuted for the Penalty inflicted by the said Act; and in case any chief Magistrates in Market Towns, High Constables, Clerks of the Peace, Church-wardens, Overseers, Constables, and other Person or Persons to be appointed by the Justices of the Peace at their General or Quarter Session, or an Adjournment thereof, shall be guilty of any Neglect or Failure of his or their Duty, in all or any of the Matters hereby required of them, that they be liable to the Penalties inflicted by the said Act, and be prosecuted for the same.

And his Majesty doth hereby empower and require the Justices of the Peace of the several Counties and Ridings, at their respective General or Quarter Session, or an Adjournment thereof, to appoint one or more Person or Per-

sons, with proper Salaries, to inspect the Houses, Buildings, Grounds and Cattle within the respective Divisions in each County and Riding, where any Infection now is or hereafter shall appear to be, or be likely to come; and to do every other Thing according to this Order: —

And the said Justices are likewise hereby empowered at such General or Quarter Session, or an Adjournment thereof, to make such Rules and Regulations for putting an End to, and preventing the Spreading of the said Infection, as shall be adapted to the particular Exigencies of each County, so that the same be not contradictory to this present Order, and to give all proper and necessary Instructions to the Constables, Church-wardens, Overseers, and other Person or Persons to be appointed by them as aforesaid, and to do whatever else shall be necessary to render this Order most effectual: And do cause all Expences attending the Execution of this Service, to be provided for out of the County Rates, or County Stock; and they are hereby required to transmit to his Majesty's Privy Council, from Time to Time, a particular Account of their Proceedings, as they will answer the contrary.

And for the more effectual carrying into Execution the Rules Orders and Regulations herein contained, in those Counties where the Distemper now is, that the said Justices do subdivide and distribute themselves, in order to meet in less Numbers, in such Parts and Places as shall be most useful, and do meet once a Fortnight at least, so long as the Infection continues either within the County, or in the Neighbourhood thereof, to receive Accounts from the Church-wardens and other Officers beforementioned, of what they shall do from Time to Time, in Pursuance of this Order, and such Instructions as shall be given them as aforesaid; to hear Complaints, and punish Offenders against these Rules, Orders and Regulations, and that they do lay an Account thereof before the next General or Quarter Session, or an Adjournment thereof, that the said General or Quarter Session may be the better enabled to transmit a full Account of every Thing that shall be done herein to his Majesty's Privy Council, as before directed.

And his Majesty doth further strictly command all Constables, Churchwardens and Overseers of the Poor, and such other Person or Persons as shall be appointed by the Justices at their General or Quarter Session, or an Adjournment thereof, as soon as they shall know, or be informed, that any Ox, Bull, Cow, Calf, Steer or Heifer, within their respective Districts, are infected, to go to and take an exact Account of the Number and Sorts of such Cattle in the Possession of any Person, distinguishing the Infected from such as are not so, and to repeat those Accounts weekly, and to see that the infected Cattle be killed as aforesaid,

said, or otherwise to kill or cause them to be killed, removed and buried, according to the above-mentioned Rules, and likewise to see that all other the beforemention'd Rules, Orders and Regulations, and such Directions as shall be given from Time to Time by the said Justices at their General or Quarter Session, or an Adjournment thereof, be punctually performed and obey'd, and that they do, from time to time, transmit to the Justices at such their Meetings, an exact Account of all that they shall do, or cause to be done in Pursuance of this Order, and likewise of all Neglects or Breaches thereof, and prosecute the Offenders therein before any of his Majesty's Justices of the Peace, for the Penalty inflicted by the said Acts, and that they do take an exact Account of all such Cattle as shall be killed as aforesaid, either by them or by the Owners, in Pursuance of the aforesaid Regulations, and transmit the same to the said Justices at their General or Quarter Session, or an Adjournment thereof, together with the true and real Values of such Cattle, as do not exceed the respective Sums of Forty Shillings each for all but Calves, and Five Shillings respectively for Calves, at the respective Times immediately before they were infected; and that they take particular Care, that the Owners do divide their Cattle into as many small Parcels as their Ground will admit of, and at some reasonable Distance from each other, and that they do carefully gather or cause to be gathered up the Dung of all infected Cattle, and that the same be buried deep under Ground.

And for encouraging the Owners of such Infected Cattle to pay strict Obedience to this Order, his Majesty doth hereby promise, That they shall be paid by the Commissioners of the Treasury for every such infected Beast which shall be killed and buried according to the said Rules, within twenty four Hours at farthest from and after the said Cattle were first respectively seized with the said Distemper, one Moiety, or half the Value of such Cattle, not exceeding the Sum of Forty Shillings for each of the said Sorts, excepting Calves, and not exceeding Five Shillings for each Calf, the Numbers, Values, and Conformities to the above-mentioned Rules to be ascertained by the Oaths of one Constable, Church warden, Overseer, or other Person to be appointed by the Justices as aforesaid; or in case the same cannot be had, of some other credible Witness, and also of the

Owner or Owners thereof, if the same can be had, or otherwise of the Herdsman, or other Servant of such Owner or Owners, having Charge of the said Cattle, to be taken before his Majesty's Justices of the Peace at their General Quarter Session, or an Adjournment thereof; which Justices, or any two of them, shall at such Session certify under their Hands, the Sums of Money which such Owners shall appear to their Satisfaction intitled to, by Virtue of this Order for infected Beasts killed, slain, and buried; and when any Owner or Owners of infected Cattle apply to such Justices in their General or Quarter Session, or an Adjournment thereof, to obtain such Certificate, the said Justices are carefully to enquire upon Oath, at what Time the Symptoms of the said Distemper first appeared upon the said Cattle respectively, when they were respectively killed, and when respectively buried, and where and how deep, and whether the Earth was covered over them, and when, and to have the same verified upon the Oath of the Owner or Owners of the said Cattle, if the same can be had, or otherwise of the Herdsman, or other Servant of such Owner or Owners having Charge of the said Cattle, and also of the Person or Persons to be appointed by the Justices as aforesaid, or Parish Officer who visited the said Cattle; and where there was no such Person or Parish Officer, of a credible Witness. And as to such of the said Cattle as shall not, upon such Examination, appear to have been killed and buried within twenty four Hours at farthest from and after the said Cattle were first respectively seized with the said Distemper, at least four Feet deep, and the Earth covered in, that no Certificate be granted for such Cattle as killed and buried pursuant to the Directions of this Order: And as to such Cattle as upon the aforesaid Enquiry and Examination shall appear to have been killed, buried, and covered in within the Times afore-mentioned, the said Justices, in their General or Quarter Session, or an Adjournment thereof, are hereby required to mention in every Certificate they shall grant for infected Cattle killed and buried, that such Examination has been made on Oath touching the Time the said Cattle were first seized with the said Distemper, and the Time of their being killed and buried, according to the Form and Manner following, viz.

* The Owner, or if he cannot be had, the Herdsman or other Servant having Charge of the Cattle.

† If the Oath be made by the Servant [the Cattle of this Deponent's Master]

|| The Name of the Person to whom Notice was given, viz. The Person appointed by the Justices or a Parish Officer; or, if one of them cannot be had,—a credible Witness.

*A. B. * of the Parish of _____ in the County of _____ maketh Oath, that on the _____ Days of _____ last, a contagious Distemper appeared amongst his † Horned Cattle, in his Grounds in the Parish of _____ in the County of _____ and that as soon as the said Distemper appeared, he gave Notice to || of the said Parish, and caused the said Cattle so infected, to be removed distant from any Cattle not infected, and did on the Days and Times hereunder mentioned, cause the said Cattle to be killed with as little Effusion of Blood as possible, and buried with the Skin and Horns on, in the Earth at least four Feet in Depth above their Bodies, and the Earth covered over them of that Depth, at the Times hereunder likewise mentioned, having first cut and slashed their Hides from Head to Tail, and in several other Parts of the Body, so as to render the same of no Use, and that the said Cattle were, immediately before they were infected, of the respective Values hereunder likewise mentioned. And this Deponent further saith, That the Schedule hereunder written contains a just and true Account of the said Cattle so killed, of the Times when the Symptoms of the said Distemper first appeared upon them, when they were respectively killed, when respectively buried, and where and how deep, and the Value of them respectively before they were infected. Sworn the Day of _____ 1748. before me*

The Schedule to which the above Affidavit doth refer.

The Number and Sort of Cattle killed and buried.	When the Symptoms of the Distemper first appeared.	When they were killed and buried.	Place where and how deep.	Their real Value before infected.	Allowance.

* The Person appointed by the Justices, or any Parish Officer; or, if one of them cannot be had,—a credible Witness.

† The Owner or Servant.

|| If the former Oath be made by the Servant [the Horned Cattle of the said his Master]

** A. B. of the Parish of _____ in the County of _____ maketh Oath, that he was on the _____ Day of _____ sent for by the above-named † on Account of the Distemper appearing amongst [his || Cattle] and this Deponent went accordingly, and was present, and did see the several Cattle above-mentioned, which appeared to be infected with the contagious Distemper, respectively killed and buried at the Times and Places above also mentioned, and that they were respectively buried four Feet deep in the Earth with their Skins and Horns on, and the Earth of that Depth covered over them, their Hides being first cut and slashed from Head to Tail, and in several other Parts of the Body, so as to render the same of no Use, and that they were of the respective Values above-mentioned before they were infected, as this Deponent verily believes. Sworn the Day of _____ before me*

To

To the Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners of his Majesty's Treasury.

To wit. *WE his Majesty's Justices of the Peace assembled in the Quarter [or General] Sessions of the Peace held this Day of at in and for the County of do hereby certify, That it appears to us, as well upon the Oath of the above-named the Owner * of the Cattle above-mentioned, as upon the Oath of † of the said Parish, that the several Cattle above-mentioned were first seized with the contagious Distemper, and were killed with as little Effusion of Blood as possible, and their Hides cut and slashed from Head to Tail, and in several other Parts of the Body, so as to render the same of no Use, and buried with their Skins and Horns on, at least four Feet in Depth in the Earth above their Bodies, and the Earth of that Depth covered over them, at the several Times, and were of the respective Values before they were infected, as are particularly mentioned in the above Schedule; and that it appears to our Satisfaction that the several Cattle above-mentioned were killed and buried within twenty four Hours after the said Distemper first appeared upon them, and that the said ‡ bath, with respect to the said Cattle, conformed himself in all Things to his Majesty's said Order in Council of the 22d of March 1747, and therefore appears to our Satisfaction to be entituled to the Sum of for the said Cattle so killed and buried as aforesaid. Given under our Hands this Day of 1748.*

* If the Owner cannot be had, the Herdsman or other Servant of the Owner having the Charge of the Cattle.

† The Constable, Church-warden, Overseer, or Person appointed by the Justices, or if one of them cannot be had, —a credible Witness; but in the last Case the Certificate to mention no other was to be had.

‡ The Owner of the Cattle.

That before the said Justices do grant any such Certificates for the Payment of the said Recompence, they do strictly examine whether all the Rules and Regulations contained in this present Order have been in all Respects duly complied with, and if upon such Examination they shall have just Cause to apprehend, that the Persons applying for such Certificates have been guilty of Disobedience to any Part or Parts of the Rules and Regulations herein contained, that then they do refuse granting any such Certificate.

That the Clerk of the Peace attending such General or Quarter Session, or Adjournment thereof, do, within the Space of one Week after the said Sessions is over or adjourned, transmit a List or Lists of all such Certificates as have been granted and signed during that Session, mentioning the Date of each Certificate, the Name and Place of Residence of the Person or Persons to whom granted, and the Amount of the Allowance or Allowances in each Certificate, To John Sharpe, Esq; the Solicitor of his Majesty's Treasury, at his Chambers N^o 11. in Lincoln's Inn, or to Mr. Richard Wright, his Assistant, at his Chambers N^o 3. in Staples Inn, Holborn, for their Guidance, and as a Cheque in the Payment of the Rewards due on such Certificates; and to the End that these Directions may have their intended Effect, it is hereby further ordered, That the said Recompence shall not be paid upon any such Certificates until fourteen Days

after such List or Lists shall be received by the said Solicitor of the Treasury, or his said Assistant; nor no Recompence paid by the said Solicitor, or his said Assistant, but such only as are included in the said Lists.

And his Majesty doth hereby further order and command, That the said Justices of the Peace do grant the said Certificates gratis, pursuant to the Directions of the Act passed in the last Session of the last Parliament; and that they do not suffer the Clerk of the Peace, or any others, under any Pretence whatsoever, to take any Fee or Reward for making out such Certificates or Lists as before directed, or for any Acts done in Relation thereto; and that neither such Clerks of the Peace, nor any other Person or Persons any way employed or concerned in the issuing such Certificates, do presume to ask, demand, receive or take any Fee, Reward, Gratuity or Sum of Money whatsoever, under Pretence of making out such Certificates or Lists, or for any Act or Thing done in Relation thereto; and that the like Directions be observed by the Justices of the Peace, and Commissioners of the Land Tax, and their Clerks, in granting all other Certificates required to be given by this present Order relating to the Distemper'd Cattle.

And his Majesty doth hereby require all his Justices of the Peace, and Commissioners of the Land Tax as aforesaid, the chief Magistrates in Market Towns, Church-wardens, Overseers, Constables, and other Persons to be appointed

appointed by the Justices in their General or Quarter Sessions, or an Adjournment thereof, to be careful and diligent in causing all the Rules, Orders, and Regulations aforementioned, to be strictly observed and carried into due Execution; and that all Farmers, Cowkeepers, and others, do conform themselves thereto.

And whereas the Lords of his Majesty's Privy Council did, by their Order on the Twenty-fifth of November, One thousand seven hundred and forty five, nominate and appoint certain Justices of the Peace to take due Order and Care, in relation to the infected Cattle in the County of Middlesex, by pursuing the same Methods that were used in the Year 1714, which Justices have appointed Inspectors or Surveyors, and have from Time to Time reported to the Lords of his Majesty's Privy Council therein.— And whereas it will create a great and unnecessary Expence if the Justices of the Peace should appoint particular Inspectors for every Division in the said County of Middlesex, his Majesty doth therefore hereby require and command, that the Justices named in the said Order do proceed in the Execution of the same, and do likewise put in Execution this his Majesty's Order of Council within the County of Middlesex.

And his Majesty doth hereby recommend it to all Cowkeepers, Farmers, and other Persons, that they do cause all the Hay which such infected Cattle have breathed upon, and all the Hay, Straw or Litter that they have touched, or has been near them, to be forthwith removed and burnt, and that no Person, who shall attend any infected Cattle, shall go near the sound ones in the same Clothes; and that they do cause the Houses or Buildings, where any such infected Cattle shall have stood, to be cleared from all Dung and Filth, and shall cause wet Gunpowder, Pitch, Tar, or Brimstone to be fired or burnt in several Parts of such Buildings, at the same Time keeping in the Smoke as much as possible, and that the same be afterwards frequently washed with Vinegar and warm Water, and that no sound Cattle be put therein for two Months at least.

And for the better notifying of this Order, it is his Majesty's Pleasure, that the same be forthwith printed and published, and be also inserted in the next London Gazette, and be likewise read in all Parish Churches, Chapels and other Places set apart for Divine Worship, on the first Sunday after the Publication hereof, and on such Sunday in every Calendar Month, as the Minister of such Church, Chapel or other Place shall think proper, agreeable to what is required by an Act passed in the last Session of the last Parliament.

William Sparpe.

AT the Court at *St. James's*, the 22d Day of *March*, 1747.

P R E S E N T,

The King's most Excellent Majesty in His Privy Council.

Whereas Thomas Cullingham the Elder, of Houghton near Halesworth in the County of Suffolk, Labourer; Thomas Cullingham the Younger, of the same Place, Labourer; Richard Sims, of Great Yarmouth in the County of Norfolk, Labourer; John Carbolt, otherwise Carbolt, otherwise Cobbolt, otherwise Cobbolt, commonly called or known by the Name of Giffing Jack, of the same Place, Labourer; John Carbolt, otherwise Carbolt, otherwise Cobbolt, otherwise Cobbolt, commonly called or known by the Name of Cock Eye, of Topcraft in the said County of Norfolk, Labourer; Thomas Catchpole, of Diss in the said County of Norfolk, Labourer; John Pauling, otherwise Pauling, of Palling Heath in the said County of Norfolk, Labourer; and John Peters, commonly called Peters Jack, of or near the City of Norwich, Labourer, Servant to Peter Goldsmith, of the same Place, Labourer; were, upon the Fifteenth Day of February, 1747, charged by Information of a credible Person upon Oath, by him subscribed before Samuel Killett, Esquire, one of his Majesty's Justices of the Peace in and for the County of Suffolk, with having been guilty, upon the Twenty-ninth Day of September last, of being, together with divers other Persons, armed with Fire Arms and other offensive Weapons, and so armed, being assembled at Benacre in the said County of Suffolk, in order to be aiding and assisting in the Running, Landing, and Carrying away uncustomed Goods; which Information was afterwards certified by the said Samuel Killett, under his Hand and Seal, to one of his Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, who has laid the same before his Majesty in his Privy Council, pursuant to the late Act of Parliament of the Nineteenth Year of the Reign of his present Majesty, in that Case made and provided.— His Majesty doth by and with the Advice of his Privy Council, by this his Order in his Privy Council, require and command, that the said Thomas Cullingham the Elder, Thomas Cullingham the Younger, Richard Sims, John Carbolt, otherwise Carbolt, otherwise Cobbolt, otherwise Cobbolt, commonly called Giffing Jack, John Carbolt, otherwise Cobbolt, otherwise Carbolt, otherwise Cobbolt, commonly called Cock Eye; Thomas Catchpole, John Pauling, otherwise

wife Palling, and John Peters, commonly called Peters Jack, and each of them, do surrender himself and themselves, within the Space of Forty Days after the first Publication of this Order in the London Gazette, to the Lord Chief Justice, or one other of his Majesty's Justices of the Court of King's Bench, or to one of his Majesty's Justices of the Peace.

William Sharpe.

AT the Court at St. James's, the 22d Day of March, 1747.

P R E S E N T,

The King's most Excellent Majesty in his Privy Council.

WHereas Christopher Fox, of Benacre in the County of Suffolk, Labourer; Thomas Smith, of the same Place, Labourer; Charles Gawen, commonly called or known by the Name of the Papist, of Beccles, in the said County, Labourer; John Carbold, otherwise Carbolt, otherwise Cobbolt, commonly called or known by the Name of Cock Eye, of Topcroft in the County of Norfolk, Labourer; John Pauling, otherwise Palling, of Palling Heath in the said County of Norfolk, Labourer; John Doe, of the City of Norwich, Labourer; and John Peters, commonly called or known by the Name of Peters Jack, of or near Norwich aforesaid, Labourer; Servant to Peter Goldsmith, of or near the same Place, Labourer; were, upon the Fifteenth Day of February, 1747, charged by Information of a credible Person upon Oath, by him subscribed before Samuel Killett, Esquire, one of his Majesty's Justices of the Peace in and for the County of Suffolk, with having been guilty, upon the Eighth Day of November last, of being, together with diverse other Persons, armed with Fire Arms and other Offensive Weapons, and so armed, being assembled at Benacre, in the said County of Suffolk, in order to be aiding and assisting in the rescuing one James Holt, who was apprehended for not surrendring himself, pursuant to his Majesty's Order in Council, published in the London Gazette, of the Sixth and Ninth Days of June last, which Offence of not surrendring, in Pursuance of his Majesty's said Order in Council, is made Felony by an Act of Parliament passed in the Nineteenth Year of his present Majesty's Reign; which Information was afterwards certified by the said Samuel Killett, under his Hand and Seal, to one of his Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, who has laid the same before his Majesty in his Privy Council, pursuant to the late Act of Parliament of the Nineteenth Year of the Reign of his present Majesty in that Case made and provided: His Majesty doth, by and with the Advice of his Privy Council, by this his Order in his Privy Council, require and command, That the said Christopher Fox, Thomas Smith, Charles Gawen, commonly called the Papist, John Carbold, otherwise Carbolt, otherwise Cobbolt, otherwise Cobbolt, commonly called Cock Eye, John Pauling, otherwise Palling,

John Doe, and John Peters, commonly called Peters Jack, and each of them, do surrender himself and themselves, within the Space of Forty Days after the first Publication of this Order in the London Gazette, to the Lord Chief Justice, or one other of his Majesty's Justices of the Court of King's Bench, or to one of his Majesty's Justices of the Peace.

William Sharpe.

Naples, Feb. 27, N. S. Last Week the Maltese Ship of War, that conducted to Toulon the French Ambassador, landed here several Cases of Money for the Payment of the Spanish Troops in this Kingdom. M. Redardingen, having obtained the King's Leave to make a Tour in this Kingdom for the Discovery of Mines, has found out five in the Province of Calabria, one of which is Iron, the second of Copper, the third of Lead, the fourth of Alabaster, and the fifth of precious Stones, particularly Granates.

Rome, March 2, N. S. A few Days ago arrived in this City from Naples, the Prince Corfini, the late Viceroy of Sicily. On the 29th died Cardinal Girolami of an Apoplexy.

Florence, March 5, N. S. The Emperor to encourage the reciprocal Improvement of Commerce with the Empress's Dominions, and the Dutchy of Tuscany, has lately caused an Edict to be published, notifying to the Publick, the Facilitation that will be granted, particularly a Reduction of half the Duty on the Exportation and Introduction into each State, of the Manufactures which it produces, upon Condition, that they shall be sent by the Tirole, and accompanied by proper Certificates from the respective Presidents of the Finances, and Ministers of the Custom-House.

Florence, March 6, N. S. The Dispositions which the French were making in the Cittadel of Massa, such as mounting the Cannon, and clearing the Avenues of it, by levelling some Houses and cutting down many Olive Trees, as if they had a Design to fortify themselves there, are discontinued by an Order lately sent thither, it having been found, that, by the Situation of that Cittadel, it is impossible to defend it from a Bombardment. The Garrison that was left there, of 50 Men, was, by the last Accounts, reduced by Desertion to 30; to prevent which, no common Soldier is permitted to go out of the Cittadel. A Detachment from a French Company of Hussars, formed chiefly of Deserters from the Austrian Army, and who were employed between Lavenza and Massa, on light Expeditions, have lately deserted, after having used the Officer who opposed them so ill that he is supposed to be dead of his Wounds, to Pietra Santa, a small Town belonging to this State, where they were received as Deserters, and obliged to sell their Arms: They immediately went from thence to Lucca, and from thence to Pisa, where they have taken Refuge in a Church, upon Notice that a French Commissary had been sent Post after them to all the abovementioned Places, with Orders to demand them as Assassins. The same Instances have been made to the Regency here, by Order of the Duke de Richelieu, to which no Answer has



has as yet been given, neither is it probable that they will be complied with.

Vienna, March 13, N. S. Yesterday Baron Ketlar, one of her Imperial Majesty's Chamberlains, set out to meet the Russian Troops, and has Orders to send Advice of the Time they will enter Moravia, the Court intending to go to Olmutz to see them pass.

Carlton House, March 20.

This Day M. d'Andrada, Envoy Extraordinary from the King of Portugal, had a private Audience of his Royal Highness the Prince of Wales.

And afterwards of her Royal Highness the Princess of Wales.

To both which he was introduced by Charles Cottrell, Esq; Assistant Master of the Ceremonies.

St. James's, March 21.

This Day M. d'Andrada, Envoy Extraordinary from the King of Portugal, had a private Audience of her Royal Highness the Princess Amelia; to which he was introduced by Charles Cottrell, Esq; Assistant Master of the Ceremonies.

Whereas several Persons have presumed to make false Keys to the Locks on the Gates and Doors in his Majesty's Park at St. James's, whereby great and frequent Inconveniencies have arisen; and it has been found necessary, therefore, to put new Locks on the said Gates and Doors; These are to give publick Notice, in the Name of the Right Honourable Thomas Viscount Weymouth, Ranger of his Majesty's said Park, that all such Persons as shall be discovered to have presumed, or shall presume to make any such Key to any of the said Locks, will be prosecuted for the same with the utmost Severity. And any Person giving Information to the Deputy Ranger of the said Park, against any one who shall have made, or shall make any such Key, so that he may be convicted thereof, shall receive of the said Deputy Ranger the Reward of Two Guineas for his said Service.

Middlesex and Westminster Association.

March 18, 1747.

This Day at a General Meeting of the Committee of Subscribers to the said Association, it appeared that the Subscriptions thereto by near 2100 Persons amounted to 19262 l. 8 s. 3 d. of which there hath been received by Christopher Burrow, Robert Bootle, and James Waller, Esqrs. the Treasurers, the Sum of 5604 l. 9 s. 3 d. and that they have paid thereout for Inlisting One thousand Soldiers into his Majesty's Service during the Time of the late Rebellion, and for Charges and Expences relating thereto, the Sum of 5263 l. 18 s. 10 d. so that there remains unapplied a Surplus of 340 l. 10 s. 5 d. And it was the Opinion of the Majority of the Subscribers present at the said Meeting, that the most proper and useful Application of the Surplus will be to pay the same to the Hospital called the Duke's Hospital, erected in the Time of the Rebellion for the Relief of Sick and Wounded Soldiers; but some Additions being to be made to the Accounts, the Committee agreed to meet again the first Week in May next, to give a final Discharge to the Treasurers.

N. B. It appeared also, that with the particular Subscriptions made in the Tower Hamlets, and in the Parishes of St. Martin in the Fields, St. James Westminster, St. George Hanover Square, St. Anne Sobo, and Covent Garden, the Subscription Money in the whole County of Middlesex, against the Rebellion, a-

mounted to near 30,000 l. of which near 16,100 l. was actually paid, and that near 2600 Soldiers were enlisted into his Majesty's Service during the Rebellion by Subscriptions in the County of Middlesex.

Whitehall, March 19, 1747-8.

Whereas it has been represented to his Majesty, That Daniel Chater was sent, on the 20th of February last, under the Care of William Galley, an Officer in the Customs, to Chichester, in order to give Evidence against John Dimer, otherwise Diamond, commonly called Shepherd of Selsey, in the County of Sussex, who was concerned in breaking open the Custom-house at Poole, in the County of Dorset, and carrying off a large Quantity of Tea; and that they have not since been heard of; And whereas there is Reason to apprehend, from several Circumstances, that the said Daniel Chater and William Galley were murdered by Smuglers, on the Road near Rowland's Castle, in the County of Southampton; His Majesty, for the better discovering and bringing to Justice the Persons concerned in the said Murder, is pleased to promise his most gracious Pardon to any one, (except the Person who actually committed the same) who shall discover his Accomplice or Accomplices, so that they or any of them may be apprehended and convicted thereof.

HOLLES NEWCASTLE.

Custom-House, London, March 19, 1747.

And as a further Encouragement for bringing the Offenders to Justice, the Commissioners of his Majesty's Customs do hereby promise a Reward of One Hundred Pounds for the Apprehending and Discovering of each of the Persons concerned in the said Murder, to be paid to the Person or Persons making such Discovery, by the Receiver General of the Customs, upon the Conviction of each Offender respectively; and in Case any of the Persons, who were concerned in the Murder above-mentioned, (except the Person who actually committed the same) will discover any one or more of his Accomplices, so as he or they may be apprehended and convicted thereof, such Person or Persons shall receive the like Reward of One Hundred Pounds upon the Conviction of each Offender.

By Order of the Commissioners,

William Wood, Secretary.

Notice is hereby given to the Officers and Companies of his Majesty's Ships undermentioned, that their respective Shares of Prize Money for the following Prizes will be paid as express'd against their Names, viz.

Magnifique,	Petit Fond,	Fleuron,
St. Ann,	GrandSt. Mathieu	St. Rene,
Diligent,	Necepaire,	Atlas,
Pere de Famille,	Rene des Anges,	Vainqueur,
Justice,	Famille,	Ponte Carre,
Neptune,	Europa,	Vierge de la Garde,
St. Joseph,	Charlotte,	Industrie,
Deux Soeurs,	Marshal Saxe,	Fortune,
Duc de Villeroy,	St. Clair,	Jeune Isaac,
Paix,	Esperance by the	Marie Susanne,
Rene Marie,	Eagle,	Esperance by the
Triumphant,	Ville de St. Malo,	Kent,
Charles Auguste,	St. Esprit,	Mitridate.

Kent, at her Return from her Cruize.

Hampton Court, on her getting to Spithead.

Eagle, at her Return from her Cruize.

Lyon, on her getting to Spithead,

Chester, at the India Arms at Gosport, on Friday the 29th of April next.

Advice, at her Return from her Cruize.

Hector, on her Return to Spithead.

Dolphin, on board her when she comes to Spithead.

Those Ships out on Cruizes will have Notice given the Time and Place of Payment at their Return.

Noti

Notice is hereby given to the Officers and Ship's Company of the Zealand Privateer, Hugh Steel late Commander, which are intituled to Prize Money for the Bayonne's Cargo, that the same will be paid at the Castle Tavern in Lombard-street, on Monday the 28th Instant, at Ten of the Clock in the Morning, and to be continued the first Monday of every Month till compleated.

Notice is hereby given to the Captain, Officers and Company of his Majesty's Ship Hampshire, who were on board at the taking of a French Man of War called the Castor, and a French Privateer called the Heroine, that the Bounty Money of both Ships, and the neat Produce of the latter, will be paid on board the said Ship Hampshire in Plymouth Sound, on Wednesday the 6th of April next, or before she proceeds to Sea after her Return from her present Cruize; and such Shares as are then undemanded, will be paid the first Wednesday in every Month, at Mr. John Kerly's in Plymouth, for three Years.

Advertisements.

On Monday the 28th of this Instant March will be published, Price 1 l. 5 s. in Sheets,

A GENERAL NATURAL HISTORY:

or, new and accurate Descriptions of the Animals, Vegetables, and Minerals, of the different Parts of the WORLD; made from the Bodies themselves, collected in a Number of Journies taken through the different Parts of this Kingdom, expressly for that Purpose; received from Correspondents in most Parts of the known World; or preserved in the Museums of the most celebrated Naturalists. With their Virtues and Uses, as far as hitherto certainly known, in Medicine and Mechanics: Illustrated by a general Review of the Knowledge of the Ancients, and the Discoveries and Improvements of later Ages in these Studies. Including the History of the *Materia Medica*, *Pistoria*, and *Tinctoria*, of the present and earlier Ages. As also Observations on the neglected Properties of many valuable Substances known at present, and Attempts to discover the lost Medicines, Paints, &c. of former Ages, in a Series of critical Enquiries into the *Materia Medica* of the ancient Greeks. With Figures, elegantly engraved. A Work engaged in at the Desire of the most eminent Naturalists of the Age, and promoted by the Assurances of their Libraries and Museums. Containing the general History of Metals, Minerals, Stones, Earths, and all other Fossils. By John Hill, Author of the late Translation and Commentaries on *Theophrastus's History of Stones*.

N. B. There are a small Number on Royal Paper, Price Two Pounds Ten Shillings; and, for the Curious, the Prints of a few Setts will be colour'd under the Author's particular Direction. Printed for Thomas Osborne, in Gray's Inn.

Where may be had, by the same Author, Price 3 s. 6 d.

THEOPHRASTUS's History of STONES, with an English Version, and Critical and Philosophical Notes, including the Modern History of the Gems, &c. described by that Author, and of many other of the native Fossils. To which are added, Two Letters; one to Dr. James Parsons, F. R. S. on the Colours of the Sapphire and Turquoise; and the other to Martin Folkes, Esq; Doctor of Laws, and President of the Royal Society, upon the Effects of different Menstruums on Copper. Both tending to illustrate the Doctrine of the Gem's being coloured by metalline Particles.

TO be sold, pursuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, before William Spicer, Esq; one of the Masters of the said Court, at his Chambers in Lincoln's Inn, An Estate at Wisbech in the Isle of Ely, in the County of Cambridge, consisting of a Messuage, with a Barn, Stable and Orchard, and One and Thirty Acres of Arable and Pasture Land, Part Freehold and Part Copyhold, late in the Tenure of James Gates, and now of James Solomon, at the yearly Rent of 32 l. being the Estate of Mrs. Anne Hunt, late of the City of Peterborough, Widow, deceased. Particulars whereof may be had at the said Matter's Chambers.

THE Creditors of James Durham, late of London, Chymist, but afterwards of Netherton Hall, near Bewdley, in the County of Worcester, Wine Merchant, a Bank-

rupt, are desired to meet on Friday the 25th Day of this Instant March, at Ten o'Clock in the Forenoon, at Milk-street Coffee House situate in Milk-street, London, in order to empower the Assignees to submit to Arbitration divers Differences and Disputes touching the said Bankrupt's Estate and Effects, and on other special Affairs.

THE Creditors of Samuel Webster, late of Derby, deceased, are desired forthwith to send an Account of their respective Debts to Mess. Neale and Streatfeild, in Lombard-street, London, in order that a Dividend may be made on the said Samuel Webster's Effects, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Dividend.

WHEREAS a Commission of Bankrupt is awarded and issued forth against Joseph Wildman, of the Liberty of the Rolls, in the Parish of St. Dunstan in the West, London, Bricklayer, Builder, and Chapman, and he being declared a Bankrupt, is hereby required to surrender himself to the Commissioners in the said Commission named, or the major Part of them, on the 26th of March instant, on the 1st of April next, and on the 3d of May following, at Three in the Afternoon on each of the said Days, at Guildhall, London, and make a full Discovery and Disclosure of his Estate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the Second Sitting to chuse Assignees, and at the last Sitting the said Bankrupt is required to finish his Examination, and the Creditors are to assent to or dissent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Persons indebted to the said Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the same but to whom the Commissioners shall appoint.

WHEREAS a Commission of Bankrupt is awarded and issued forth against Jones Halsey, of the Parish of St. Mary Magdalen Bermondsey, in the County of Surry, Fellmonger, Broker, and Chapman, and he being declared a Bankrupt, is hereby required to surrender himself to the Commissioners in the said Commission named, or the major Part of them, on the 1st and 19th of April next, and on the 3d of May following, at Three of the Clock in the Afternoon on each of the said Days, at Guildhall, London, and make a full Discovery and Disclosure of his Estate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the second Sitting to chuse Assignees, and at the last Sitting the said Bankrupt is required to finish his Examination, and the Creditors are to assent to or dissent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Persons indebted to the said Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the same but to whom the Commissioners shall appoint, but give Notice to Mr. Plummer, Attorney, in Clifford's Inn, London.

WHEREAS a Commission of Bankrupt is awarded and issued forth against William Thurgood, of Danbury, in the County of Essex, Shop-keeper and Chapman, and he being declared a Bankrupt, is hereby required to surrender himself to the Commissioners in the said Commission named, or the major Part of them, on the 30th of March instant, on the 6th of April next, and on the 3d of May following, at Three of the Clock in the Afternoon on each of the said Days, at Guildhall, London, and make a full Discovery and Disclosure of his Estate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the Second Sitting to chuse Assignees, and at the last Sitting the said Bankrupt is required to finish his Examination, and the Creditors are to assent to or dissent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Persons indebted to the said Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the same but to whom the Commissioners shall appoint, but give Notice to Mr. Lough, Attorney, in Monument-yard, London.

THE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against John Williams, of Birmingham, in the County of Warwick, Peruke-maker and Chapman, intend to meet on Saturday the 16th Day of April next, at Ten of the Clock in the Forenoon, at the House of Francis Cox, being the Angel and Hen and Chickens in Birmingham in the County of Warwick, in order to make a Dividend of the said Bankrupt's Estate and Effects; when and where the Creditors who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Dividend.

THE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against Robinson Knight and William Hanson, of London, Bankers and Partners, intend to meet on the 20th Day of April next, at Three of the Clock in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London, in order to make a second Dividend of the said Bankrupt's Estate; when and where the Creditors who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to do the same, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Dividend.

