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AT the Court at St. James's, the 22d Day of March, 1747.

P R E S E N T,

The King's most Excellent Majesty in Council,

WHEREAS in pursuance of the Powers vested in his Majesty by an Act passed in the Nineteenth Year of his Majesty's Reign, to enable his Majesty to make Rules, Orders and Regulations more effectually to prevent the spreading of the Distemper which now rages amongst the Horned Cattle in this Kingdom, under the Penalties thereby inflicted; which Act is explained and continued by another Act passed in the last Session of the last Parliament; His Majesty hath thought fit, by and with the Advice of his Privy Council, to make and establish, from Time to Time, such Rules, Orders and Regulations as were judged to be the most proper and effectual to put a Stop to the said Distemper: And whereas his Majesty was pleased by his Order in Council of the 8th of September last, to require and direct, (amongst other Things) That a Prohibition should be laid on the Buying, Selling and Removing of all lean Horned Cattle in that Part of this Kingdom called England, for the Space of three Calendar Months, which Prohibition has been since continued by several subsequent Orders, and is still in Force: And whereas it hath been represented to his Majesty, That for the better enabling his Subjects to stock their Grounds with a fresh Supply of Cattle, it will be expedient at this Season of the Year, to permit lean Oxen, Bulls, Cows, Calves, Steers and Heifers, to be driven, removed, bought and sold; His Majesty taking the same into his Consideration, and being desirous to comply with every Thing that may be for the Ease and Convenience of his Subjects, as far as the present Circumstances of the said Distemper will permit, hath therefore thought

fit, and doth, by this his Order in his Privy Council, declare and order, That the several Rules and Regulations relating to the Distemper'd Cattle now subsisting, and which will expire on the 24th of this Instant March, be continued and remain in full Force from the said 24th of this Instant March, to the 8th Day of April next, and no longer; and that all the said Rules and Regulations do from thenceforth cease and determine: And his Majesty doth hereby establish in Lieu thereof, the following Rules, Orders and Regulations, to be observed and obeyed from the said 8th Day of April next, by all his Majesty's Subjects, as they will answer the contrary; Provided nevertheless that nothing herein contained shall extend to indemnify such Persons as have been guilty of any Offence or Offences against any of the said former Orders of Council, during the Time of their Continuance in Force, from the Penalties inflicted by the said Acts.

That all Cowkeepers, Farmers and Owners of any Oxen, Bulls, Cows, Calves, Steers and Heifers, do, as soon as any of the said Cattle shall appear to have Signs or Marks of the said Distemper, immediately remove such Cattle to some Place distant from the Rest, and cause the same to be shot dead, or otherwise killed, (with as little Effusion of Blood as may be) and the Bodies to be buried with the Skins and Horns on, within Twenty-four Hours at farthest, from and after the said Cattle were first respectively seized with the said Distemper, at least four Feet deep, and the Earth covered in, having first cut and slashed the Hides from Head to Tail; and in other Parts of the Body, so as to render the same of no Use; and in case any such Cattle shall happen to die, that they do bury the Bodies thereof, and cut and slash their Hides in the Manner above-mentioned, within the Space of Eight Hours at most after such Death.

That the Overseers of the Poor in every Parish, Township or Place throughout the Kingdom

dom where the Infection now is, do, on or before the 8th Day of April next, give or send Notice in Writing to the Clerk of the Peace of the County within which such Parish, Township, or Place lies, that the Infection is in such Parish, Township or Place: — And that the Overseers of the Poor in every Parish, Township or Place, where the Distemper shall hereafter happen to appear, do send the like Notice in Writing within five Days at farthest after the first Appearance of the said Distemper in such Parish, Township or Place.

That if the Distemper shall happen to come into any Parish, Township, or Place, in any County or Counties, near to the Confines of any other County or Counties, the Overseers of the Poor of such Parish, Township, or Place, do send Notice thereof in Writing to the Clerk of the Peace of such County as shall reach to, within the Distance of three Miles of such infected Parish, Township, or Place.

That the Clerk of the Peace do forthwith send Copies of the Notice he shall so receive from the Overseers of the Poor, to the chief Magistrate, or where there shall be none, to the Overseers or the Poor of every Market Town within his County, as also to every High Constable within the said County.

That such chief Magistrate, or Overseers of the Poor in every Market Town, shall affix a Paper upon the Market House, or some other more publick Place in the Town, containing the Names of all the infected Places in that County which have been notified to him by the Clerk of the Peace, and of the Parishes within which such respective Places shall lie, and shall also proclaim, or cause the same to be proclaimed in open Market every Market Day.

And for the better preventing Persons from driving Cattle near any infected Place, every High Constable do affix a Paper in some convenient and visible Place on every High Road within his Division, containing the Names of all the infected Places in that County which have been notified to him by the Clerk of the Peace, and of the Parishes within which such respective Places shall lie, and do from Time to Time renew the same, as such Paper shall be obliterated or effaced by the Weather, or any other Accident.

That when the Distemper shall have ceased in any one Parish, Township, or Place, for the Space of Forty Days, the Minister and Overseers of the Poor of such Parish shall sign a Certificate signifying the same; which Certificate shall be lodged with the Clerk of the Peace, who shall forthwith give Notice thereof to such chief Magistrate or Overseers of the Poor in each Market Town, and to each of the High Constables, who shall forthwith strike out the Name of such Place so certified for, from the List of infected Places so directed to be affixed up as aforesaid.

That no Person do drive or remove, or cause to be driven or removed, any Ox, Bull, Cow,

Calf, Steer, or Heifer, whether fat or lean, that shall be within the Compass of one Mile of any infected Place, unless from one Pasture to another, or to Water, or for the Purpose of slaughtering such Cattle, and shall not, on any Pretence whatsoever, remove such Cattle further than one Mile from such infected Place.

That with Regard to such Oxen, Bulls, Cows, Calves, Steers and Heifers, as shall be out of the Distance of one Mile from any infected Place, that they shall not be driven beyond the Distance of five Miles without having first obtained a Certificate under the Hand and Seal, or Hands and Seals of one or more Justice or Justices of the Peace, or Commissioner or Commissioners of the Land Tax qualified to act herein, specifying the Colours of the Beasts, the Name or Names, and Place or Places of Abode of the Owner or Owners, as also the Name or Names of the Person or Persons who shall drive the same; and that on Examination upon Oath of one or more credible Person or Persons, it appeared to him or them, that the said Cattle, and the Herd or Herds out of which the same was or were taken, was or were at that Time, and had been for the Space of Forty Days before the Date of such Certificate, entirely free from the said Distemper or Infection, and that the said Cattle have not, to the best of his Knowledge and Belief, been within one Mile of any infected Place; which Certificate the Person or Persons buying such Cattle shall produce to such Person or Persons as shall demand to see the same.

That as often as any Ox, Bull, Cow, Calf, Steer or Heifer, shall pass from one County or Riding to another County or Riding, the Person or Persons driving the same shall apply to the first Justice of the Peace, or Commissioner of the Land Tax as aforesaid, in each County or Riding, and shall produce the Certificate or Certificates which have been granted to him in every County through which he has passed, to such Justice or Commissioner, which Justice or Commissioner shall, upon View thereof, and examining the Party upon Oath touching the Reality of such Certificate or Certificates, and the Identity and Health of the Cattle, and to their not having passed nearer to any infected Place than one Mile, grant him a new Certificate: And that all Cattle driven contrary hereto, shall be stopped on the Spot, and the Driver or Drivers thereof shall be forthwith carried before the next Justice of the Peace, to be punished as the aforesaid Act of Parliament directs.

If any Person shall in his Way or Passage through any County, drive any Cattle as aforesaid within the Distance of one Mile of an infected Place, the said Cattle shall be stopped, and not permitted to be removed from the Place where they shall be so stopped beyond the Distance of three Miles, without particular Leave obtained for that Purpose from two Justices of the Peace of the Quorum, who before granting such

Such Leave shall receive full Proof of the Health of such Cattle.

If any Cattle shall be stopped, and afterwards conveyed away without obtaining such Leave as is before directed, the Constable of the Township where the said Cattle were stopped, or where they shall be kept, shall be obliged to pursue the said Cattle with all Expedition; and if they be out of the Constablewick before he can overtake them, he shall give Notice to the next Constable of the Road they have taken; and if the next Constable cannot overtake them, he shall give Notice to the Constable of the next adjoining Parish, and so on till they are overtaken, or till they are out of the County; and if they escape out of the County, the last Constable of that County where they were stopped, shall give Notice to the next Constable of the adjoining County, who shall be obliged likewise to pursue the said Cattle, and give Notice to the next Constable; which Method shall be continued till the said Cattle are overtaken and stopped, and which Cattle are to be treated as having been within one Mile of an Infected Place.

That no Person do buy, sell, or expose, or offer to Sale, or cause to be bought, sold, or exposed, or offered to Sale, in any Fair or Market, or any Town, Parish, or Extraparochial Place whatsoever, within that Part of the Kingdom of Great Britain called England, or shall bring or send, or cause to be brought or sent to any Fair, Market or Town, Parish or Extraparochial Place whatsoever, within that Part of the Kingdom of Great Britain called England, any Raw Hide or Skin of any Ox, Bull, Cow, Calf, Steer or Heifer, unless the Owner or Owners of such Hide or Skin shall deliver, or cause to be delivered, to the Clerk of the Market, or else to some Constable, Church-warden, Overseer of the Poor, or such other Person as shall be appointed by the Justices of the Peace at their General or Quarter Session, of an Adjournment thereof, as the Case shall happen to be, a Certificate under the Hand and Seal, or Hands and Seals of one or more Justice or Justices of the Peace, or Commissioner or Commissioners of the Land Tax as aforesaid, specifying the Colours of the said Hides and Skins, the Name or Names, and Place or Places of Abode of the Owner or Owners of such Hides and Skins; and that upon Examination on the Oath of one or more credible Person or Persons, it appeared to him or them, that the Beasts from which such Hides or Skins were taken, were found and free from Infection; and that upon Sale of such Hide or Skin, the Clerk of the Market, Constable, Church-warden, Overseer of the Poor, or other Officer receiving such Certificate as aforesaid, shall either make an Endorsement thereon, that the said Hides or Skins described as in the said Certificate is specified, were sold in

such Fair, Market, Town, or other Place, and deliver the same to the Buyer, or else grant him a new Certificate to the same Purpose. And that such Hide or Skin shall not be bought or sold a second Time without such Certificate; and this Method to be repeated upon every subsequent Sale of such Hide or Skin; and that no such Hide or Skin be suffered to be carried Coastwise, without producing such Certificate to the Officers of the Customs, at the respective Places where they shall be shipped, as likewise at the Places where they shall be landed.

And in Case any Hide or Skin shall hereafter be brought, sent, or caused to be brought, sent or bought, sold, or exposed or offered to Sale, contrary to this his Majesty's Order of Council, that then such Hide or Skin shall be cut, flayed, and buried in the same Manner as is herein before required to be done, with respect to the Hides or Skins of the Cattle that shall be killed.

And his Majesty doth hereby strictly charge and command, that no Person do presume to alter or counterfeit any Certificate already granted or hereafter to be granted, for the Removing, Driving, or Sale of any such Beast, Hide, or Skin as aforesaid, or to sell or cause to be sold, or expose or offer to Sale, any Beast, Hide, or Skin with such Certificate so altered or counterfeited, upon Pain of being strictly prosecuted for the said Offence.

That the Church-wardens, Overseers of the Poor, Constables, and such other Person or Persons as shall be appointed by the Justices of the Peace at their General or Quarter Session, or an Adjournment thereof, or some or one of them, do stop any Cattle which shall be driven, or any Hides or Skins that shall be carried contrary to this Order, or to the said Acts of Parliament, and carry the Offender or Offenders before some Justice or Justices of the Peace, to be punished according to the aforesaid Act.

And for the better preventing the Spreading of the said Distemper by the holding Fairs and Markets, or other publick Places for Sale of Cattle, his Majesty doth, by this his Order in his Privy Council, hereby authorize and empower the Justices of the Peace at their General or Quarter Sessions, or at any Adjournment thereof within their respective Counties, to put a Stop to the Buying and Selling of any of the said Sorts of Cattle in any Fairs, Markets, or any other publick Place of Sale, where they shall apprehend the holding thereof may be attended with the Danger of Spreading the said Distemper.

And his Majesty doth hereby strictly forbid the sending, driving or removing, or causing to be sent, driven or removed, any such Cattle to any Fair, Market; or other publick Place of Sale so prohibited; and the said Justices in their General or Quarter Session, or an Adjournment thereof, are hereby authorized and required to cause such publick

publick Notice to be given of the putting a Stop to such Fair, Market, or other publick Place of Sale as aforesaid, as they shall think reasonable; and the Day to be so appointed by them for the ceasing thereof, shall be the Time from which the same shall be deemed to be prohibited: And they are likewise to issue their Orders to the chief Constable or Headborough of the Hundred, Lathe, Rape or Wapentake, and to the Petty Constables of the respective Parishes within the same, to prevent the holding such Fair, Market, or other publick Place of Sale; and if any Person or Persons shall presume to drive, remove or send, or cause to be driven, removed or sent, any such Cattle to such Fair, Market, or other publick Place of Sale, contrary to the Orders so issued in that Behalf, such Person or Persons so offending, shall be carried before some Neighbouring Justice to be dealt with according to Law.

That no Person or Persons do buy, sell, or expose, or offer to Sale, or cause to be bought, sold, or exposed, or offered to Sale, the Whole or any Part of the Hide, Milk, Carcass, Flesh, Fat or Intrails of any infected Beast, or feed or cause to be fed any Hog, Calf, Lamb, or any other Animal therewith.

That no Ox, Bull, Cow, Calf, Steer or Heifer, either fat or lean, shall be driven or removed, but between the Hours of Four in the Morning and Eight at Night.

And his Majesty doth hereby further order, That no Person do presume, either by refusing to stop his Cattle, by making Resistance, by privately conveying away such Cattle after they are stopped, or by any other Means whatsoever, to obstruct any Constable, Church-warden, Overseer of the Poor, or other Person to be appointed by the Justices of the Peace at their General or Quarter Session, or an Adjournment thereof as aforesaid, in the Execution of the Powers or Directions given, or to be given, in pursuance of this Order; and that whosoever shall disobey any of the Rules, Orders, or Regulations appointed by this his Majesty's Order of Council, shall be strictly prosecuted for the Penalty inflicted by the said Act; and in case any chief Magistrate in Market Towns, High Constables, Clerks of the Peace, Church-wardens, Overseers, Constables, and other Person or Persons to be appointed by the Justices of the Peace at their General or Quarter Session, or an Adjournment thereof, shall be guilty of any Neglect or Failure of his or their Duty, in all or any of the Matters hereby required of them, that they be liable to the Penalties inflicted by the said Act, and be prosecuted for the same.

And his Majesty doth hereby empower and require the Justices of the Peace of the several Counties and Ridings, at their respective General or Quarter Session, or an Adjournment thereof, to appoint one or more Person or Per-

sons, with proper Salaries, to inspect the Houses, Buildings, Grounds and Cattle within the respective Divisions in each County and Riding, where any Infection now is or hereafter shall appear to be, or be likely to come; and to do every other Thing according to this Order: — And the said Justices are likewise hereby empowered at such General or Quarter Session, or an Adjournment thereof, to make such Rules and Regulations for putting an End to, and preventing the Spreading of the said Infection, as shall be adapted to the particular Exigencies of each County, so that the same be not contradictory to this present Order, and to give all proper and necessary Instructions to the Constables, Church-wardens, Overseers, and other Person or Persons to be appointed by them as aforesaid, and to do whatever else shall be necessary to render this Order most effectual: And do cause all Expences attending the Execution of this Service, to be provided for out of the County Rates, or County Stock; and they are hereby required to transmit to his Majesty's Privy Council, from Time to Time, a particular Account of their Proceedings, as they will answer the contrary.

And for the more effectual carrying into Execution the Rules Orders and Regulations herein contained, in those Counties where the Distemper now is, that the said Justices do subdivide and distribute themselves, in order to meet in less Numbers, in such Parts and Places as shall be most useful, and do meet once a Fortnight at least, so long as the Infection continues either within the County, or in the Neighbourhood thereof, to receive Accounts from the Church-wardens and other Officers aforesaid, of what they shall do from Time to Time, in Pursuance of this Order, and such Instructions as shall be given them as aforesaid; to hear Complaints, and punish Offenders against these Rules, Orders and Regulations, and that they do lay an Account thereof before the next General or Quarter Session, or an Adjournment thereof, that the said General or Quarter Session may be the better enabled to transmit a full Account of every Thing that shall be done herein to his Majesty's Privy Council, as before directed.

And his Majesty doth further strictly command all Constables, Churchwardens and Overseers of the Poor, and such other Person or Persons as shall be appointed by the Justices at their General or Quarter Session, or an Adjournment thereof, as soon as they shall know, or be informed, that any Ox, Bull, Cow, Calf, Steer or Heifer, within their respective Districts, are infected, to go to and take an exact Account of the Number and Sorts of such Cattle in the Possession of any Person, distinguishing the Infected from such as are not so; and to repeat those Accounts weekly, and to see that the infected Cattle be killed as aforesaid,

said, or otherwise to kill or cause them to be killed, removed and buried, according to the above-mentioned Rules, and likewise to see that all other the beforemention'd Rules, Orders and Regulations, and such Directions as shall be given from Time to Time by the said Justices at their General or Quarter Session, or an Adjournment thereof, be punctually performed and obey'd, and that they do, from time to time, transmit to the Justices at such their Meetings, an exact Account of all that they shall do, or cause to be done in Pursuance of this Order, and likewise of all Neglects or Breaches thereof, and prosecute the Offenders therein before any of his Majesty's Justices of the Peace, for the Penalty inflicted by the said Acts, and that they do take an exact Account of all such Cattle as shall be killed as aforesaid, either by them or by the Owners, in Pursuance of the aforesaid Regulations, and transmit the same to the said Justices at their General or Quarter Session, or an Adjournment thereof, together with the true and real Values of such Cattle, as do not exceed the respective Sums of Forty Shillings each for all but Calves, and Five Shillings respectively for Calves, at the respective Times immediately before they were infected; and that they take particular Care, that the Owners do divide their Cattle into as many small Parcels as their Ground will admit of, and at some reasonable Distance from each other, and that they do carefully gather or cause to be gathered up the Dung of all infected Cattle, and that the same be buried deep under Ground.

And for encouraging the Owners of such Infected Cattle to pay strict Obedience to this Order, his Majesty doth hereby promise, That they shall be paid by the Commissioners of the Treasury for every such infected Beast which shall be killed and buried according to the said Rules within twenty four Hours at farthest from and after the said Cattle were first respectively seized with the said Distemper, one Moiety, or half the Value of such Cattle, not exceeding the Sum of Forty Shillings for each of the said Sorts, excepting Calves, and not exceeding Five Shillings for each Calf, the Numbers, Values, and Conformities to the above-mentioned Rules to be ascertained by the Oaths of one Constable, Church-warden, Overseer, or other Person to be appointed by the Justices as aforesaid; or in case the same cannot be had, of some other credible Witness, and also of the

Owner or Owners thereof, if the same can be had, or otherwise of the Herdsman, or other Servant of such Owner or Owners, having Charge of the said Cattle, to be taken before his Majesty's Justices of the Peace at their General Quarter Session, or an Adjournment thereof; which Justices, or any two of them, shall at such Session certify under their Hands the Sums of Money which such Owners shall appear to their Satisfaction intitled to, by Virtue of this Order for infected Beasts killed, slashed, and buried; and when any Owner or Owners of infected Cattle apply to such Justices in their General or Quarter Session, or an Adjournment thereof, to obtain such Certificate, the said Justices are carefully to enquire upon Oath, at what Time the Symptoms of the said Distemper first appeared upon the said Cattle respectively, when they were respectively killed, and when respectively buried, and where and how deep, and whether the Earth was covered over them, and when, and to have the same verified upon the Oath of the Owner or Owners of the said Cattle, if the same can be had, or otherwise of the Herdsman, or other Servant of such Owner or Owners having Charge of the said Cattle, and also of the Person or Persons to be appointed by the Justices as aforesaid, or Parish Officer who visited the said Cattle; and where there was no such Person or Parish Officer, of a credible Witness. And as to such of the said Cattle as shall not, upon such Examination, appear to have been killed and buried within twenty four Hours at farthest from and after the said Cattle were first respectively seized with the said Distemper, at least four Feet deep, and the Earth covered in, that no Certificate be granted for such Cattle as killed and buried pursuant to the Directions of this Order: And as to such Cattle as upon the aforesaid Enquiry and Examination shall appear to have been killed, buried, and covered in within the Times afore-mentioned, the said Justices, in their General or Quarter Session, or an Adjournment thereof, are hereby required to mention in every Certificate they shall grant for infected Cattle killed and buried, that such Examination has been made on Oath touching the Time the said Cattle were first seized with the said Distemper, and the Time of their being killed and buried, according to the Form and Manner following, viz.

* The Owner, or if he cannot be had, the Herdsman or other Servant having Charge of the Cattle.

† If the Oath be made by the Servant [the Cattle of this Deponent's Master]

‖ The Name of the Person to whom Notice was given, viz. The Per-

*A. B. * of the Parish of in the County of maketh Oath, that on the Days of last, a contagious Distemper appeared amongst his † Horned Cattle, in his Grounds in the Parish of in the County of and that as soon as the said Distemper appeared, he gave Notice to ‖ of the said Parish, and caused the said Cattle so infected, to be removed distant from any Cattle not infected, and did on the Days and Times hereunder mentioned, cause the said Cattle to be killed with as little Effusion of Blood as possible, and buried with the Skin and Horns on, in the*

B

Earth



son appointed by the Justices or a Parish Officer; or, if one of them cannot be had,—a credible Witness.

Earth at least four Feet in Depth above their Bodies, and the Earth covered over them of that Depth, at the Times hereunder likewise mentioned, having first cut and slashed their Hides from Head to Tail, and in several other Parts of the Body, so as to render the same of no Use, and that the said Cattle were, immediately before they were infected, of the respective Values hereunder likewise mentioned. And this Deponent further saith, That the Schedule hereunder written contains a just and true Account of the said Cattle so killed, of the Times when the Symptoms of the said Distemper first appeared upon them, when they were respectively killed, when respectively buried, and where and how deep, and the Value of them respectively before they were infected. Sworn the Day of 1748. before me

The Schedule to which the above Affidavit doth refer.

The Number and Sort of Cattle killed and buried.	When the Symptoms of the Distemper first appeared.	When they were killed and buried.	Place where and how deep.	Their real Value before infected.	Allowance.

* The Person appointed by the Justices, or any Parish Officer; or, if one of them cannot be had,—a credible Witness.

† The Owner or Servant.

‡ If the former Oath be made by the Servant [the Horned Cattle of the said his Master]

** A. B. of the Parish of in the County of maketh Oath, that he was on the Day of sent for by the above-named † on Account of the Distemper appearing amongst [his Cattle] and this Deponent went accordingly, and was present, and did see the several Cattle above-mentioned, which appeared to be infected with the contagious Distemper, respectively killed and buried at the Times and Places above also mentioned, and that they were respectively buried four Feet deep in the Earth with their Skins and Horns on, and the Earth of that Depth covered over them, their Hides being first cut and slashed from Head to Tail, and in several other Parts of the Body, so as to render the same of no Use, and that they were of the respective Values above-mentioned before they were infected, as this Deponent verily believes. Sworn the Day of before me*

To the Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners of his Majesty's Treasury.

To wit. *WE his Majesty's Justices of the Peace assembled in the Quarter [or General] Sessions of the Peace held this Day of at in and for the County of do hereby certify,*

* If the Owner cannot be had, the Herdsman or other Servant of the Owner having the Charge of the Cattle.

† The Constable, Church-warden, Overseer, or Person appointed by the Justices, or if one of them cannot be had,—a credible Witness; but in the last Case the Certificate to mention no other was to be had.

*That it appears to us, as well upon the Oath of the above-named the Owner * of the Cattle above-mentioned, as upon the Oath of † of the said Parish, that the several Cattle above-mentioned were first seized with the contagious Distemper, and were killed with as little Effusion of Blood as possible, and their Hides cut and slashed from Head to Tail, and in several other Parts of the Body, so as to render the same of no Use, and buried with their Skins and Horns on, at least four Feet in Depth in the Earth above their Bodies, and the Earth of that Depth covered over them, at the several Times, and were of the respective Values before they were infected, as are particularly mentioned in the above Schedule; and that it appears to our Satisfaction that the several Cattle above-mentioned were killed and buried*

† The Owner of the *upon them, and that the said †* *buried within twenty four Hours after the said Distemper first appeared*
 Cattle. *the said Cattle, conformed himself in all Things to his Majesty's said* *bath, with respect to*
Order in Council of the 22d of March 1747, and therefore appears to
our Satisfaction to be entituled to the Sum of *for the*
said Cattle so killed and buried as aforesaid. Given under our Hands
this *Day of* *1748.*

That before the said Justices do grant any such Certificates for the Payment of the said Recompence, they do strictly examine whether all the Rules and Regulations contained in this present Order have been in all Respects duly complied with, and if upon such Examination they shall have just Cause to apprehend, that the Persons applying for such Certificates have been guilty of Disobedience to any Part or Parts of the Rules and Regulations herein contained, that then they do refuse granting any such Certificate.

That the Clerk of the Peace attending such General or Quarter Session, or Adjournment thereof, do, within the Space of one Week after the said Sessions is over or adjourned, transmit a List or Lists of all such Certificates as have been granted and signed during that Session, mentioning the Date of each Certificate, the Name and Place of Residence of the Person or Persons to whom granted, and the Amount of the Allowance or Allowances in each Certificate, To John Sharpe, Esq; the Solicitor of his Majesty's Treasury, at his Chambers N^o 11. in Lincoln's Inn, or to Mr. Richard Wright, his Assistant, at his Chambers N^o 3. in Staples Inn, Holborn, for their Guidance, and as a Cheque in the Payment of the Rewards due on such Certificates; and to the End that these Directions may have their intended Effect, it is hereby further ordered, That the said Recompence shall not be paid upon any such Certificates until fourteen Days after such List or Lists shall be received by the said Solicitor of the Treasury, or his said Assistant; nor no Recompence paid by the said Solicitor, or his said Assistant, but such only as are included in the said Lists.

And his Majesty doth hereby further order and command, That the said Justices of the Peace do grant the said Certificates gratis, pursuant to the Directions of the Act passed in the last Session of the last Parliament; and that they do not suffer the Clerk of the Peace, or any others, under any Pretence whatsoever, to take any Fee or Reward for making out such Certificates or Lists as before directed, or for any Acts done in Relation thereto; and that neither such Clerks of the Peace, nor any other Person or Persons any way employed or concerned in the issuing such Certificates, do presume to ask, demand, receive or take any Fee, Reward, Gratuity or Sum of Money whatsoever, under Pretence of making out such Certificates or Lists, or for any Act or Thing done in Relation thereto; and that the like Directions be observed by the Justices of the Peace, and Commissioners of the Land Tax, and their

Clerks, in granting all other Certificates required to be given by this present Order relating to the Distemper'd Cattle.

And his Majesty doth hereby require all his Justices of the Peace, and Commissioners of the Land Tax as aforesaid, the chief Magistrates in Market Towns, Church-wardens, Overseers, Constables, and other Persons to be appointed by the Justices in their General or Quarter Session, or an Adjournment thereof, to be careful and diligent in causing all the Rules, Orders, and Regulations aforementioned, to be strictly observed and carried into due Execution; and that all Farmers, Cowkeepers, and others, do conform themselves thereto.

And whereas the Lords of his Majesty's Privy Council did, by their Order on the Twenty-fifth of November, One thousand seven hundred and forty five, nominate and appoint certain Justices of the Peace to take due Order and Care, in relation to the infected Cattle in the County of Middlesex, by pursuing the same Methods that were used in the Year 1714, which Justices have appointed Inspectors or Surveyors, and have from Time to Time reported to the Lords of his Majesty's Privy Council therein,—And whereas it will create a great and unnecessary Expence if the Justices of the Peace should appoint particular Inspectors for every Division in the said County of Middlesex, his Majesty doth therefore hereby require and command, that the Justices named in the said Order do proceed in the Execution of the same, and do likewise put in Execution this his Majesty's Order of Council within the County of Middlesex.

And his Majesty doth hereby recommend it to all Cowkeepers, Farmers, and other Persons, that they do cause all the Hay which such infected Cattle have breathed upon, and all the Hay, Straw or Litter that they have touched, or has been near them, to be forthwith removed and burnt, and that no Person, who shall attend any infected Cattle, shall go near the sound ones in the same Clothes; and that they do cause the Houses or Buildings, where any such infected Cattle shall have stood, to be cleared from all Dung and Filth, and shall cause wet Gunpowder, Pitch, Tar, or Brimstone to be fired or burnt in several Parts of such Buildings, at the same Time keeping in the Smoke as much as possible, and that the same be afterwards frequently washed with Vinegar and warm Water, and that no sound Cattle be put therein for two Months at least.

And for the better notifying of this Order, it is his Majesty's Pleasure, that the same be forthwith printed and published, and be also inserted in the next London Gazette, and be likewise read in all Parish

Parish Churches, Chapels and other Places set apart for Divine Worship, on the first Sunday after the Publication hereof, and on such Sunday in every Calendar Month, as the Minister of such Church, Chapel or other Place shall think proper, agreeable to what is required by an Act passed in the last Session of the last Parliament.

William Sharpe.

AT the Court at *St. James's*, the 22d Day of *March*, 1747.

P R E S E N T,

The King's most Excellent Majesty in His Privy Council.

WHereas Thomas Cullingham the Elder, of Houghton near Halesworth in the County of Suffolk, Labourer; Thomas Cullingham the Younger, of the same Place, Labourer; Richard Sims, of Great Yarmouth in the County of Norfolk, Labourer; John Carbold, otherwise Carbolt, otherwise Cobbold, otherwise Cobbolt, commonly called or known by the Name of Giffing Jack, of the same Place, Labourer; John Carbold, otherwise Carbolt, otherwise Cobbold, otherwise Cobbolt, commonly called or known by the Name of Cock Eye, of Topcraft in the said County of Norfolk, Labourer; Thomas Catchpole, of Dis in the said County of Norfolk, Labourer; John Pauling, otherwise Palling, of Palling Heath in the said County of Norfolk, Labourer; and John Peters, commonly called Peters Jack, of or near the City of Norwich, Labourer, Servant to Peter Goldsmith, of the same Place, Labourer; were, upon the Fifteenth Day of February, 1747, charged by Information of a credible Person upon Oath, by him subscribed before Samuel Killett, Esquire, one of his Majesty's Justices of the Peace in and for the County of Suffolk, with having been guilty, upon the Twenty-ninth Day of September last, of being, together with diverse other Persons, armed with Fire Arms and other offensive Weapons, and so armed, being assembled at Benacre in the said County of Suffolk, in order to be aiding and assisting in the Running, Landing, and Carrying away uncustomed Goods; which Information was afterwards certified by the said Samuel Killett, under his Hand and Seal, to one of his Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, who has laid the same before his Majesty in his Privy Council, pursuant to the late Act of Parliament of the Nineteenth Year of the Reign of his present Majesty, in that Case made and provided:—His Majesty doth, by and with the Advice of his Privy Council, by this his Order in his Privy Council, require and command, that the said Thomas Cullingham the Elder, Thomas Cullingham the Younger, Richard Sims, John Carbold, otherwise Carbolt, otherwise Cobbold, otherwise Cobbolt, commonly called Giffing Jack, John Carbold, otherwise Cobbold, otherwise Carbolt, otherwise Cobbolt, commonly called Cock Eye; Thomas Catchpole, John Pauling, otherwise Palling, and John Peters, commonly called Peters Jack, and each of them, do surrender

himself and themselves, within the Space of Forty Days after the first Publication of this Order in the London Gazette, to the Lord Chief Justice, or one other of his Majesty's Justices of the Court of King's Bench, or to one of his Majesty's Justices of the Peace.

William Sharpe.

AT the Court at *St. James's*, the 22d Day of *March*, 1747.

P R E S E N T,

The King's most Excellent Majesty in his Privy Council.

WHereas Christopher Fox, of Benacre in the County of Suffolk, Labourer; Thomas Smith, of the same Place, Labourer; Charles Gawen, commonly called or known by the Name of the Papist, of Beccles, in the said County, Labourer; John Carbold, otherwise Carbolt, otherwise Cobbold, otherwise Cobbolt, commonly called or known by the Name of Cock Eye, of Topcroft in the County of Norfolk, Labourer; John Pauling, otherwise Palling, of Palling Heath in the said County of Norfolk, Labourer; John Doe, of the City of Norwich, Labourer; and John Peters, commonly called or known by the Name of Peters Jack, of or near Norwich aforesaid, Labourer; Servant to Peter Goldsmith, of or near the same Place, Labourer; were, upon the Fifteenth Day of February, 1747, charged by Information of a credible Person upon Oath, by him subscribed before Samuel Killett, Esquire, one of his Majesty's Justices of the Peace in and for the County of Suffolk, with having been guilty, upon the Eighth Day of November last, of being, together with diverse other Persons, armed with Fire Arms and other Offensive Weapons, and so armed, being assembled at Benacre, in the said County of Suffolk, in order to be aiding and assisting in the rescuing one James Holt, who was apprehended for not surrendering himself, pursuant to his Majesty's Order in Council, published in the London Gazette, of the Sixth and Ninth Days of June last, which Offence of not surrendering, in Pursuance of his Majesty's said Order in Council, is made Felony by an Act of Parliament passed in the Nineteenth Year of his present Majesty's Reign; which Information was afterwards certified by the said Samuel Killett, under his Hand and Seal, to one of his Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, who has laid the same before his Majesty in his Privy Council, pursuant to the late Act of Parliament of the Nineteenth Year of the Reign of his present Majesty in that Case made and provided: His Majesty doth, by and with the Advice of his Privy Council, by this his Order in his Privy Council, require and command, That the said Christopher Fox, Thomas Smith, Charles Gawen, commonly called the Papist, John Carbold, otherwise Carbolt, otherwise Cobbold, otherwise Cobbolt, commonly called Cock Eye, John Pauling, otherwise Palling, John Doe, and John Peters, commonly called Peters

Peters Jack, and each of them, do surrender himself and themselves, within the Space of Forty Days after the first Publication of this Order in the London Gazette, to the Lord Chief Justice, or one other of his Majesty's Justices of the Court of King's Bench, or to one of his Majesty's Justices of the Peace.

William Sharpe.

St. James's, March 24.

This Day the following Address was presented to his Majesty by his Grace the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury.

To the King's most Excellent Majesty,

The humble Address of the Archbishop, President of the Convocation of the Province of Canterbury, the Bishops and Clergy of the same Province, in Convocation assembled.

Most Gracious Sovereign,

WE, your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Archbishop, Bishops, and Clergy of the Province of Canterbury in Convocation assembled, beg Leave to approach your Royal Throne, and to renew those Professions of Fidelity and Obedience to your Majesty, which we have often solemnly made, and which proceed from fix'd and unalterable Principles in our Hearts.

Your Majesty's paternal Care of your Kingdoms, exerted in the vigilant Defence of them against the Encroachments of an ambitious foreign Enemy, and the wicked and traitorous Attempts of Domestick ones, in your strict Adherence to the Laws, and your wise Concern and Provision for the regular and equal Administration of them, in your merciful and generous Use of your Prerogative, in your Preservation of our establish'd Church (the purest Model of Ecclesiastical Government) consistently with the Rights and Liberties of all your Subjects, and in a most extensive Attention to every Thing that can make us a flourishing and happy People, is the Subject of our daily Observation and daily Praise. • By such a Conduct your Majesty has justly attain'd that Sovereign Degree of Affection and Reverence to your Royal Person, which is the true Glory of a King, and the firmest Support of his Throne.

It was Matter of the utmost Satisfaction to your faithful Clergy, and afforded them the most comfortable Prospect of your happy Reign, that, at the Beginning of it, your Majesty was pleas'd to give them the most early Assurances of your firm Resolution to maintain the Church of England, and to secure to us the free Profession of our most holy Religion.—Your Majesty has kept your Royal Word, and we cannot sufficiently express our Thankfulness for that Constancy and Zeal with which your Majesty has protected the Protestant Cause, both in your own Dominions, and wherever else it is profess'd.

We take the present Opportunity, by your gracious Permission, to assure your Majesty, that it is our steady Resolution to do every Thing within the Compass of our Profession, and which may be in our Power, to make your Government easy and your Reign glorious; and, as the best Testimony of our Sincerity towards God, and the surest Method of drawing down his Blessings on the Arms and Councils of your Majesty, we will make it our Business, as it is our Duty, to explain the Doctrines, live up to the Rules, and copy the Temper enjoin'd us by our excellent Religion; the natural Means of preserving and exalting a Christian Nation, and (if God for our Sins does not suspend those good Effects) of stopping the Mouth of Infidelity, and checking the Spirit of that Licentiousness, which abounds to the Dishonour, and tends to the Ruin of our Country.

It is a Maxim taught us by Experience, which will, we trust, for ever secure your Majesty, and your Descendants, in the Possession of this Imperial Crown, that the People of Great Britain can never be safe and happy, but under this limited Monarchy, administer'd according to our Laws and Constitution, and in keeping clear of the Yoke of that corrupted and intolerable Religion, which is not more repugnant to the Gospel of Christ, than it is to the natural Rights and Interests of Men.

May the good Providence of God, Sir, ever protect your sacred Person; may your Reign be long and prosperous, and may there never be wanting in your Royal Family, a Race of Princes, who, after the Example of your Majesty, shall be the Defenders of our Faith, and the Guardians of our Civil Liberties against all the Attempts of Popery and arbitrary Power.

To which Address his Majesty was pleas'd to return the following most gracious Answer.

My Lords, and the rest of the Clergy,

These affectionate Assurances of your Duty and Fidelity to me, and of your Zeal for my Government, give me great Satisfaction. I have nothing more at Heart, than the Preservation of the Protestant Interest, both at Home and Abroad; and it shall continue to be my particular Care to protect and support the Church of England, as by Law established, and the Religious and Civil Rights of all my People.

Westminster, March 25.

His Majesty came this Day to the House of Peers, and being in his Royal Robes, seated on the Throne with the usual Solemnity, the Honourable Mr. Bellenden, Gentleman-Usher of the Black Rod, was sent with a Message from his Majesty to the House of Commons, commanding their Attendance in the House of Peers. The Commons being come thither accordingly, His Majesty was pleas'd to give the Royal Assent to,

An Act for granting an Aid to his Majesty to be raised by a Land Tax in Great Britain, for

the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and forty eight.

An Act for punishing Mutiny and Desertion, and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters.

An Act to indemnify Persons, who have omitted to qualify themselves for Offices and Employments within the Time limited by Law, and for allowing further Time for that Purpose.

An Act to prohibit Assurance on Ships belonging to France, and on Merchandizes or Effects laden thereon, during the present War with France.

An Act for repairing the High Road from the Town of Bowes in the County of York, to Barnard Castle in the County of Durham, and from thence through Staindrop to Newgate in Bishop Auckland, and from Newgate along Gibb Chair to Gaundless Bridge, and from thence by Melderston Gill, otherwise Coundon Gill, to the Turnpike Road near Sunderland Bridge in the County of Durham.

An Act for empowering George Montgomerie and Thomas Byrd Esquires, and Ezra Patching, to compleat an Undertaking for furnishing the Inhabitants of the several Parishes and Places of Stratford, West-ham, Bow, Bromley, Mile-end, Stepney, and other Parishes and Places adjacent with Water, and for better securing their Property in such Undertaking.

And to nine private Bills.

Hague, March 22, N. S. The States General have taken a Resolution to prohibit, under the most severe Penalties, the Importation of all Kinds of Manufactures fabricated in the French King's Dominions, either for Cloathing, Ornament, or Furniture, which were not included in their Placart of the 6th of December last. The new Placart, which contains this further Prohibition, has been sent to all the Provinces, and order'd to be published the 26th Instant, that the Publication may be made at the same Time in all the Provinces. The States General promoted this Morning M. d'Imhoff, Governor of Batavia, to the Rank of General of the Foot, at the Prince of Orange's Recommendation.

Hague, March 26, N. S. The Placart which prohibits the Importation of French Manufactures was publish'd this Morning, which has this material Addition, that the Prohibition extends not only to the Manufactures which may be used either for Cloathing, Ornament, or Furniture, but likewise to all other Manufactures whatsoever fabricated in any Part of the French King's Dominions. This Placart, with that of the 6th of December, contains almost a total Prohibition of all Commodities either of the Growth of France, and of all the French Colonies, or of those manufactured there. The Prince of Orange received three Days ago the solemn Deputation from the States of Utrecht, with the Diploma, by which the Stadtholdership of their Province is settled upon his Highness's Male and Female Issue. Prince Lewis of Wolfenbuttel arrived here the Day before Yesterday; and General Schwartzemberg is to set out in a Day or two, to command

the Troops that are to form the Cantonment in the Neighbourhood of Breda.

Hague, March 29, N. S. Prince Frederick of Hesse Cassel having refused, as being the older General, to serve under M. de Schwartzemberg, who was appointed to command the Cantonment in the Neighbourhood of Breda, Prince Lewis of Wolfenbuttel is to return thither in a few Days in order to take upon him that Command. Her Royal Highness the Princess of Orange, and the young Prince, are in perfect Health; but the young Princess was Yesterday taken ill with the Measles, though in a favourable Manner.

Hague, April 2, N. S. His Royal Highness the Duke of Cumberland, who has been for some Days past indisposed, is now, God be praised, perfectly recovered.

Hague, April 2, N. S. We are assured, that Veldt Marshal de Nassau is to command in Chief, under the Prince of Orange, the Troops of the Republick. The young Princess, who was taken ill with the Measles a few Days ago, is in a fair Way of Recovery. Prince Lewis of Wolfenbuttel proposes to set out Tomorrow for Breda.

Whitehall, March 19, 1747-8.

Whereas it has been represented to his Majesty, That Daniel Chater was sent, on the 14th of February last, under the Care of William Galley, an Officer in the Customs, to Chichester, in order to give Evidence against John Dimer, otherwise Diamond, commonly called Shepherd of Selsey, in the County of Sussex, who was concerned in breaking open the Custom-house at Poole, in the County of Dorset, and carrying off a large Quantity of Tea; and that they have not since been heard of; And whereas there is Reason to apprehend, from several Circumstances, that the said Daniel Chater and William Galley were murdered by Smuglers, on the Road near Rowland's Castle, in the County of Southampton; His Majesty, for the better discovering and bringing to Justice the Persons concerned in the said Murder, is pleased to promise his most gracious Pardon to any one, (except the Person who actually committed the same) who shall discover his Accomplice or Accomplices, so that they or any of them may be apprehended and convicted thereof.

HOLLES NEWCASTLE.

Custom-House, London, March 19, 1747.

And as a further Encouragement for bringing the Offenders to Justice, the Commissioners of his Majesty's Customs do hereby promise a Reward of One Hundred Pounds for the Apprehending and Discovering of each of the Persons concerned in the said Murder, to be paid to the Person or Persons making such Discovery, by the Receiver General of the Customs, upon the Conviction of each Offender respectively; and in Case any of the Persons, who were concerned in the Murder above-mentioned, (except the Person who actually committed the same) will discover any one or more of his Accomplices, so as he or they may be apprehended and convicted thereof, such Person or Persons shall receive the like Reward of One Hundred Pounds upon the Conviction of each Offender.

By Order of the Commissioners,
William Wood, Secretary.

Notice is hereby given to the Officers and Ship's Company of the Zealand Privateer, Hugh Steel late Commander, which are intituled to Prize Money for the Bayonne's Cargoe, that the same will be paid at the

the Castle Tavern in Lombard-street, on Monday the 28th Instant, at Ten of the Clock in the Morning, and to be continued the first Monday of every Month till compleated.

Excise Office, London, March 24, 1747.

Notice is hereby given to all Persons, who by an Act of the 20th Year of his present Majesty's Reign, for granting to his Majesty several Rates and Duties upon Coaches and other Carriages therein mentioned; and for raising the Sum of One Million by way of Lottery, to be charged upon the said Rates and Duties, were required to give Notice in Writing of such Coaches, Berlins, Landaus, Chariots, Calashes, Chaise Marines, Chaises, Chairs, or Caravans, as they respectively had or kept from and after the 25th Day of March 1747, for their own Use, or for the Use of any Person of or for whom they were Committees, Trustees, or Guardians, or to let out to Hire; That all such Persons are by the said Act further required, at or within twenty Days after the Expiration of twelve Calendar Months after the Times of giving, or being obliged to give such first Notice, to give a fresh Notice in Manner aforesaid, and pay down the respective Annual Rates and Duties imposed by the said Act, according to the Number of Coaches, Berlins, Landaus, Chariots, Calashes with four Wheels, Chaise Marines, Chaises, and Chairs with four Wheels, or Caravans and Calashes, Chaises and Chairs with two Wheels, or by what Names soever such Carriages now are, or hereafter may be called or known, so by them respectively then kept.

And Notice is hereby further given, that from and after the 25th Day of March 1748, Attendance will be given every Day at the Excise Office in the Old Jewry, (Sundays and Holidays excepted) from Eight of the Clock till Twelve in the Morning, and from Two till Five in the Afternoon, for the receiving such Notices, and Duties, as aforesaid, for all such Carriages within the Weekly Bills of Mortality; and that all Persons who keep such Carriages, not dwelling within the Bills of Mortality, may, upon applying to the Office of Excise next to the Place where they shall respectively inhabit, give such Notices, and make such Payments as are directed by the said Act of Parliament.

By Order of the Commissioners,
Bendall Martyn, Secretary.

This is to give Notice, That the next General Meeting of the Corporation of the Governors and Guardians of the Hospital for the Maintenance and Education of Exposed and Deserted young Children, appointed by his Majesty's Royal Charter, will be held on Wednesday the 30th of March 1748, being the first Wednesday after Lady-Day, at the said Hospital in Lamb's Conduit Fields, at Twelve at Noon; when all the Governors and Guardians are desired to be present: Of which Meeting this Notice is given, pursuant to the Directions of the Act of Parliament.

Harman Verelst, Secretary.

Westminster Fire-Office, March 24, 1747.

The Directors of the said Office do hereby give Notice, That a General Meeting of the Contributors will be held at their Office in St. Martin's Lane, near Charing-cross, on Thursday the 21st Day of April next, at Three of the Clock in the Afternoon, for chusing Auditors for the Year ensuing, and upon other Affairs relating to the Society.

Notice is hereby given to the Officers and Company of his Majesty's Fireship the Pluto, who were on board at the taking the St. Domingo Prizes in June last, in Company with the Kent and seven more of his Majesty's Ships, that they may receive their respective Shares of the Produce of the said Prizes, at Mr. Henshaw's

Office on Tower-hill, on Saturday the 30th of April next, and the Shares not then demanded will be paid at the same Place on the first Tuesday of every Month for three Years after.

Notice is hereby given to the Officers and Companies of his Majesty's Ships undermentioned, that their respective Shares of Prize Money for the following Prizes will be paid as express'd against their Names, viz.

Magnifique,	Petit Fond,	Fleuron,
St. Ann,	GrandSt. Matheu	St. Rene,
Diligent,	Necepaire,	Atlas,
Pere de Famille,	Rene des Anges,	Vainqueur,
Justice,	Famille,	Ponte Carre,
Neptune,	Europa,	Vierge de la Garde,
St. Joseph,	Charlotte,	Industria,
Deux Soeurs,	Marshal Saxe,	Fortune,
Duc de Villeroy,	St. Clair,	Jeune Isaac,
Paix,	Esperance by the	Marie Susanne,
Rene Marie,	Eagle,	Esperance by the
Triumphant,	Ville de St. Malo,	Kent,
Charle Auguste	St. Esprit,	Mitridate.

Kent, at her Return from her Cruize.

Hampton Court, on her getting to Spithead.

Eagle, at her Return from her Cruize.

Lyon, on her getting to Spithead,

Chester, at the India Arms at Gosport, on Friday the 29th of April next.

Advice, at her Return from her Cruize.

Hector, on her Return to Spithead.

Dolphin, on board her when she comes to Spithead.

Those Ships out on Cruizes will have Notice given of the Time and Place of Payment at their Return.

Advertisements.

Dr. ANDERSON'S, or, The Famous SCOTS PILLS;

ARE faithfully prepared only by JAMES INGLISH, Son of DAVID INGLISH, deceased, at the Unicorn, over-against the New Church in the Strand, London; and to prevent Counterfeits from Scotland, as well as in and about London, you are desired to take Notice, That the true Pills have their Boxes sealed on the Top (in black Wax) with a Lyon Rampant, and Three Mulletts Argent, Dr. Anderson's Head betwixt I. I. with his Name round it, and Isabella Inghish underneath the Shield in a Scroll. They are of excellent Use in all Cases where Purging is necessary, and may be taken with Epsom, Tunbridge, or other Medicinal Waters.

In a few Days will be publish'd, the Second Edition, in two Pocket Volumes, Price bound Six Shillings, with the Addition of two new Frontispieces design'd by Hoyman and engrav'd by Grignon,

THE A D V E N T U R E S

OF

R O D E R I C K R A N D O M.

Et genus est virtus, nisi cum re, vilior alga est.

HOR.

Printed for J. Osborn in Pater-noster-Row.

TO be peremptorily Sold, together or in Parcels, pursuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, before Francis Eld, Esq; one of the Masters of the said Court, at his Chambers in Symond's Inn in Chancery-lane, London, on Thursday the 28th Day of April next, at Eleven of the Clock in the Forenoon, The Remainder of the Terms of several Leafhold Estates of Isaac Dawes, late of Fleet-ditch, London, Bricklayer, deceased, consisting of several Messuages in Hound-ditch, Gough Square, Dowgate Hill, and Curfitors-street, London, Radcliff Highway, Middlesex, and at Kick's End in Hertsfordshire. Particulars whereof to be had at the said Master's Chambers.

Next

*Next Month will be finished at the Press,
and published in May next,*

MR. MAC LAURIN'S Account of
Sir ISAAC NEWTON'S *Philosophical Discoveries.*
Beautifully printed on a fine Paper, in one Volume in
Quarto.

Such Gentlemen as intend to encourage this Work, (*the Profits of which are entirely for the Benefit of the Author's Children*) are desired to send in their Names on or before the 30th of April next, the List of the Subscribers Names being then to go to Press, to C. Davis, in Holborn; A. Millar and J. Nourse, in the Strand; and J. Whiston, in Fleet-street.

Where may be had,

1. Mr. Mac Laurin's Treatise of *Fluxions*. In two Volumes in 4to.

2. ———— Treatise of *Algebra*, in three Parts. To which is added, an Appendix, concerning the general Properties of *Geometrical Lines*. In one Volume 8vo.

3. *NEUTONI Genesis Curvarum per Umbra. Seu Perspectivæ Universalis Elementa; exemplis Coni Sectionum & Linearum tertii ordinis illustrata.* 8vo.

TO be sold, pursuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, before William Kinaston, Esq; one of the Masters of the said Court, A Freehold Estate, of the yearly Value of 207 l. 17 s. 4 d. situate lying and being in Dorchester, and in the Parishes of Buckland Newton, and Broadway in the County of Dorset, late the Estate of Henry Bestland, Gent. deceased. Particulars whereof may be had at the said Master's Chambers in Lincoln's Inn.

TO be sold, pursuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, before Thomas Bennett, Esq; one of the Masters of the said Court, at his House in Curfitors-street, The Reversion in Fee (after a Life of Sixty Years of Age and upwards) of a Freehold Estate in the several Parishes of William, Mitchin, Barton, Higham, Gobion, and Pulloxhill, in the Counties of Hertford and Bedford, of the yearly Value of 119 l. or thereabouts. Particulars whereof may be had at the said Master's said House.

Pursuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, the Creditors of Isaac Dawes, late of Fleet-ditch, London, Bricklayer, deceased, are forthwith to come in and prove their Debts before Francis Eld, Esq; one of the Masters of the said Court, at his Chambers in Symond's Inn in Chancery-lane, London, or in Default thereof they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Decree.

Pursuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, the Creditors of Mary Bradley, late of Knaresbrough in the County of York, Spinster, deceased, are forthwith to come in and prove their respective Debts before Thomas Bennett, Esq; one of the Masters of the said Court, at his House in Curfitors-street, Chancery-lane, or in Default thereof they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Decree.

Pursuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, the Creditors of Robert Rodon, late of the Parish of St. Leonard Shoreditch, in the County of Middlesex, Gentleman, deceased, and also of Mary Rodon, Widow of the said Robert Rodon, late of Edmonton, in the County of Middlesex aforesaid, deceased, are forthwith to come in and prove their respective Debts before Robert Holtord, Esq; one of the Masters of the said Court, at his Chambers in Symond's Inn in Chancery-lane, London, or in Default thereof they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Decree.

Pursuant to an Order made by the Right Honourable the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, the Time is enlarged for Forty-nine Days, to be computed from the 22d Day of this Instant March, for Wyndham Beawes, of London, Merchant, to finish his Examination: This is to give Notice, that the Commissioners named in the said Commission of Bankrupt against the said Wyndham Beawes, or the major Part of them, will meet on the 10th Day of May next, at Three of the Clock in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London; when and where the said Bankrupt is required to surrender himself to the said Commissioners, and make a full Disclosure and Discovery of his Estate and Effects, and finish his Examination, and the Creditors may assent to or dissent from the Allowance of his Certificate.

ALL Persons indebted to the Estate of John Peirson, late of Lynn Regis in the County of Norfolk, Joyner and Carpenter, a Bankrupt, are hereby required to pay their respective Debts into the Hands of Hugh Mackbain, of Shadwell, in the County of Middlesex, Grocer, (sole Assignee of the Estate and Effects of the said Bankrupt) or to Mr. George Worrall, in Spalding in Lincolnshire, Attorney at Law, otherwise they will be sued for the same without further Notice.

THE Creditors of Benjamin Bradney, of Horsleydown, in the Borough of Southwark, Cheesemonger, a Bankrupt, who have proved their Debts, are desired to meet the Assignees

on Thursday the 7th Day of April next, at Five o'Clock in the Afternoon, at the Sun Tavern on Fishstreet-hill, to assent to or dissent from the Assignees commencing one or more Suits at Law or Equity for the Recovery of the said Bankrupt's Estate or Effects, and to empower them to submit to Arbitration, compound, or otherwise compromise any Debts, Claims, or Demands relating to the said Bankrupt's Estate, and on other special Affairs.

WHEREAS a Commission of Bankrupt is awarded and issued forth against No h Chandler, of the Parish of Randwicke, in the County of Gloucester, Clothier, and he being declared a Bankrupt, is hereby required to surrender himself to the Commissioners in the said Commission named, or the major Part of them, on the 1st and 9th of April next, and on the 7th of May following, at Ten in the Forenoon on each of the said Days, at the House of Dennis Burroughs, Innholder, being the Sign of the George in Stroud, in the County aforesaid, and make a full Discovery and Disclosure of his Estate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the second Sitting to chuse Assignees, and at the last Sitting the said Bankrupt is required to finish his Examination, and the Creditors are to assent to or dissent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Persons indebted to the said Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the same but to whom the Commissioners shall appoint, but give Notice to Mr. Thomas Jones, Attorney, at King Stanley in Gloucestershire.

THE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against Francis Woodmass, late of Morpeth, in the County of Northumberland, Mercer and Drapery intend to meet on the 27th Day of April next, at Three in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London, in order to make a Dividend of the said Bankrupt's Estate and Effects; when and where the Creditors who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the same; and the Claimants under the said Commission are to prove and substantiate their respective Claims, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Dividend, which is to be final.

WHEREAS the acting Commissioners in the Commission of Bankrupt awarded against Ralph Harwood, late of the Parish of St. Leonard Shoreditch, in the County of Middlesex, Brewer, have certified to the Right Hon. Philip Lord Hardwicke, Baron of Hardwicke, Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, that the said Ralph Harwood hath in all Things conformed himself according to the Directions of the several Acts of Parliament made concerning Bankrupts; This is to give Notice, that by Virtue of an Act passed in the fifth Year of his present Majesty's Reign, his Certificate will be allowed and confirmed as the said Act directs, unless Cause be shewn to the contrary on or before the 16th of April next.

WHEREAS the acting Commissioners in the Commission of Bankrupt awarded against Thomas Delamotte, of London, Merchant and Chapman, have certified to the Right Honourable Philip Lord Hardwicke, Baron of Hardwicke, Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, that the said Thomas Delamotte hath in all Things conformed himself according to the Directions of the several Acts of Parliament made concerning Bankrupts: This is to give Notice, that by Virtue of an Act passed in the Fifth Year of his present Majesty's Reign, his Certificate will be allowed and confirmed as the said Act directs, unless Cause be shewn to the contrary on or before the 16th of April next.

WHEREAS the acting Commissioners in the Commission of Bankrupt awarded against Joseph Etherington, of Gracechurch-street, London, Apothecary, have certified to the Right Hon. Philip Lord Hardwicke, Baron of Hardwicke, Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, that the said Joseph Etherington hath in all Things conformed himself according to the Directions of the several Acts of Parliament made concerning Bankrupts: This is to give Notice, That by Virtue of an Act passed in the Fifth Year of his present Majesty's Reign, his Certificate will be allowed and confirmed as the said Act directs, unless Cause be shewn to the contrary on or before the 16th of April next.

WHEREAS the acting Commissioners in the Commission of Bankrupt awarded against John Savage, of Westham, in the County of Essex, Whittier, Dealer in Spirituous Liquors, and Chapman, have certified to the Right Honourable Philip Lord Hardwicke, Baron of Hardwicke, Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, that the said John Savage hath in all Things conformed himself according to the Directions of the several Acts of Parliament made concerning Bankrupts: This is to give Notice, that by Virtue of an Act passed in the fifth Year of his present Majesty's Reign, his Certificate will be allowed and confirmed as the said Act directs, unless Cause be shewn to the contrary on or before the 16th of April next.