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From Luciday May 3, 10 Baturday May 7, 1748.

By the KING,

A PROCLAMATION,

Declaring the Cessation of Arms, as well by Sea as Land, agreed upon between His Majesty, the Most Corutian King, and the States Ge-neral of the United Provinces, and enjoining the Observance, thereof the Objervance thereof.

And whereas, pursuant to such Agreement, Hostilities have ceased in the Low Countries, in such Manner as was agreed upon by the said Preliminaries :

We have thought fit, by and with the Advice of Our Privy Council, to notify the fame to all Our Loving Subjects; and We do declare, That Our Royal Will and Pleasure is, and We do hereby strictly Charge and Command all Our Officers, both at Sea and Land, and all other Our Subjects what loever, to forbear all Acts of Hostility, either by Sca or Land, against his Most Christian Majesty, his Vassats, or Jubjects; from and after the respective Times abovementioned, and under⁸ the Penalty of incurring Our highest Displeasure. Given at our Court at St. James's, the Flfth Day of Many in the Twenty-first Year of Our Reign, and in the Year of > Out Lord 7748.

GEORGE R. JJHEREAS Preliminaries for reforing a General Peace were figned at Aix la Chapelle, on the Nineteenth Day of April last, O. S. by the Ministers of Us, the most Christian King, and the States General of the United Provinces : And whereas, for the putting an End to the Caamities of War, as foon and as far as may be poffible, it hath been agried between Us, his most Chriftian Majesty, and the States General, as follows; that is to fay;

"That Hostilities should cease at Land within the Times; and in the Manner in the faid Preliminary Arucles for that Purpole agreed upon; and at Sea, from the respective Times, and within the respective Places, herein after particularly mentioned.

And to prevent all Occasions of Complaints and Difputes which might arife upon Account of Ships, Merchandizes, and other Effects, which might be taken at Sea; it hath been also mutually agreed; That such Ships, Merchandizes, and Effects, as should be taken in the Channel, and in the North Seas, after the Space of Twelve Days, to be computed from the faid Nineteenth Day of April last, on which Day the said Preliminariest were figned; and that all Ships, Merchandizes, and Effects, which thould be taken after Six Weeks from the faid Nineteenth, Day of April, beyond the Channel, the British Seas, and the North Seas, as far as Cape St. Vincent; and for the Space of Six Weeks more, beyond the faid Cape, to the Equinoctial Line, whether in the Ocean or Mediterranean; and for the Space of Six Months, from the faid Nineteenth Day of April, beyond the faid Equipoctial Line or Equator, and in all other Places of the World, without any Exception, or other more particular Diffinction of Time or Place, should be vefored on both Sides.

GOD fave the KING.

Niples, April 23. Last Week about bod Spanish Miquelets, quartered hear this City, were embarked on board feveral Catalan Barks, and faid to be defigned for Genoa

Liege, May 10, N.S. This Morning the Garrison of Maestricht marched out with all the Honours of War, and the French took Possession of the Town; the Marshal de Lowendahl is appointed Governor. Marshal de Saxe intends to be at Bruffels on the zoth Inftant. The French Army continues in great Want of Fotage, the Roads being almost impracticable for Carriages. Their Log during the Siege exceeds 5600 Menj exclusive of the Sick and Deferters. Head Quarters at Kayfersbosh, May 13, N.S. On the 10th Instant the Cessation of Arms was published to both Armies; and was to stake Place the next Day. TY esterday our Army passed the Meuses and encamped about Half a League on this Side of it. To-morrow we shall march to Waert; and the third Day expect to reach the Neighbourhood of Boisleduc. Hague, May 14, N. S. The States General were informed last Saturday, by an Express from Marshal 10000

Sel.

[Price Two-pence.]

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