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Genoua. April 20.

His Senate is fending an Envoye to His Majefty of Great Brittain, to return His Majefty their humble thanks for the good effect of His Mediation with the most Christian King, in proctiving the restitution of their Galley, which for several months had been detained at Marseilles. From Milan they write, that several Deputies were appointed to goe and meet the Prince of Ligac, their new Governor; That they have advice there from Spain, That her Majesty does very much disapprove of the proceedings of their Governor the Duke d'Ossuna, in relation to the Duke of Savoy, with whom her Majesty is desirous to maintain a strict friendship; and this is likewise a reason why the Prince de Ligne will the more hasten his journey thither, for at present there is great misunderstandings between the Duke of Savoy and that Government.

Verice, April 20. On Wednesday last the Senate made choice of Signior Antonio Barbaro, to go their Ambassador to Rome, and accordingly he is preparing for his journey thither. The Sieur Eme, Captain of the Gulf, is made General of the Galeasses. Some days since the French Ambassador residing here, was in the Senate, and acquainted them that the King his Master hach recalled his Ambassadors from Cologne, because the Emperor had refused to give any fatistaction in the business of the Prince of Furflenbergh, who was still detained close prisoner. On Thursday last dyed here the Sieur Moccenigo, Procurator; a Person greatly lamented by all people. We expect from Rome the Sieur Mafini, Envoye Extraordinary from the Crown of Poland; his errand is to defire affillance against the Turks. We have Letters from Confiantinople, dated the 25 of February last, which give us an account, that there was another Son born to the Grand Signior, who begun therefore to be more folicitous about securing the succession; That great endeavors were using to bring a formidable Army into the Field, the Grand Signior being refolved to march himself at the head of them against the Poles; I nat the Kaimakan being lately dead, the Grand Signior had appointed Ilrahim Bassa, who Commanded at Candia, to fucceed him. We have advice of the taking of an English Ship by a Zealand Caper; but that her lading is most for account of Jews and Armenians at Legorne. The Constable of Colonnais still here.

Francso, t, April 28. The Duke of Lorrain proceeds with easy marches towards the Countrey of Brigam, expecting till his passage into the Franche Comte may be with less hazard; for besides that, Monsieur de Ture ane lies with the Troops under his Command in his way, we have advice that the most Christian King is arrived in per son in the Comte, with sorces much exceeding those of the Duke, and will have almost over-run that Countrey, e're the said Duke can arrive there; this occasions the discourse here, that his Highness makes not so much haste in his march, as otherwise he would have done, but our next Letterswill more fully inform us. The French have quit-

ted Landaw, where they had a Magazine, burcontinue to fortify Brific with all diligence, According to our advices from Vienna, the Count de Souches, General of the Imperial Army, was there the 22 inftant, but ready to depart; It is faid that he will be followed by 12000 Mea, and no more. The States of the Empire are bringing their Forces together, remaining stedfall in their resolution to affish the Elector Palatine; who hath lately farther complained to the Dyet at Ratical bonne, that the Governor of Philipsbourg had sent our a party with Orders to plunder and burn a small Town belonging to him called Scl2, and two Villages, which they accordingly executed.

Heydelberg, April 28. The 26 instant arrived here his Electoral Highness from Manheim, and yesterday he made a review of 2000 Foot and 100 Horse which the Circle of Franso ia hath sent to his assistance, and that afternoon he returned again to Manheim. Here is a report that 2000 Imperialists are arrived within three Leagues of Phi ipshourg, with intentions to block up that place on the side of Germiny, the certainty of which we may expect to have by our next Letters from thence. We hear nothing farther of Monsieur de Turenne, but that he marches on with 7 or 8000 Men, Horse and Foot, to oppose the Duke of Loriain in his march towards the Franche Comte. who takes his way, as hath been said, towards Rhinfelden: The 23 instant the Marquis of Vaubrun was still encamped with 3000 men at Psaffenboven in Alsatia.

Cologne, May 4. We still expect to know the success of the Treaty depending between our Elector and the Baron d' Islota, the Imperial Minister, for the accommodating matters between the Emperor and his Electoral Highness; the said Minister hath at last consented, that the Imperial Garrison which is to remain at Eon, till such time as there be a general Peace concluded, when that place is to be restored to his Electoral Highness, shall likewise take an oath of Fidelity to the Elector, but this it seems will not do, for his Electoral Highness, as we are told, demands, that Rhinberg be restored to him by the Dutch; and that they pay him 400000 Crowns towards the charges of the War. The Dutch Ambassadors are still here, and expect farther Orders from the Hague before they depart. From the Palatinate we have advice, that the Troops of the Elector Palatine have blocked up. Plicipsbourgh, of which we expect to hear farther.

Bruffels May 4. Our Letters from Aeth tell us, that the Prince of Conde was arrived at Arras, and from thence intended to pass to Tournay. We have not any thing of news from the Franche Comte; but in the mean time are in great expectation to hear what success the French have before Befan on; The Inhabitants of that Country are very stedfast in their duties to the Crown of Spain, and ready to perform any services for the desence of the Countrey, but of themselves they are too weak to make any considerable resistance, and therefore their sole reliance is in the success, which the Duke of Intain is bringing them. The Swissers have

confented

consented to give the faid Duke passage, which however, he must first dispute with Monsieur Turenne, who it is faid, has politive Orders to oppose his march. We have farther advice, that the Can on of Bearn hath fent 400 Men to the affiftance of the Comie, and that they have been put into Salins. On Sunday next the Prince of Orange is expected at Malines, whither our Governor the Count de Monterey, fo foon as he hears of his Highness arrival, will repair, together with the Maraquis of Grana, in order to the holding a Council of War, to concert the defigns of the Campagne; after which, the Marquis de Grana will return to Bon; In the intrim, Monfieur de Louvigny is gone to Louvain to prepare Quartes there for the Durch Troops. The French having now quitted all their Conquells in the United Provinces; the Prince of Ora ge has given Orders, that greatest part of the Troops which are at prefent lodged at Utrecht, shall march to reinforce his Army, whilst the Garrisons now at Amersford, Macrden, Campen, &c. shall be removed to Nimegen, Zutphen, and Devenier, which are the outmost Frontier places. The 30 past, the Count d'Estrades, Governor of Maestricht, caused a Placaet to be published for the confifcating all the Goods of the Subjects of the King of Spin, or the States General of the United Provinces remaining in Maestricht or Maleyck.

Wef 1, May 5. Yesterday passed by this place the French Troops, which have been in Garrison at Aernhem, Zatphen, Nimegen; and Deventer, under the Command of the Mareschal de Belle fonds and the Count de Lorge, they took their march towards Borbergen, between Rhin berg and Orfoy, where they will encamp, till fuch time as the Troops which are as yet behind are come up with them, and then they will proceed towards Maefricht. We had thought that the French would this morning have drawn out from hence, but it feems they have Orders to stay till to morrow; Major General spaen, who is appointed Governor of this place by the Elector of Branienburgh, is at present here, and 8 Companies of Foot, and 4 Troops of Horse lye not far from this place, in order to their coming hither fo foon as the French are marched out, who according to their agreement with the faid Elector, are to leave here

37 pieces of Cannon.

Amsterdam, May 8. The French, as we already told you, have quitted Aernhem, Zut hen, Nimegen, &c. but Grave they keep still in their possession, and have near 4000 Men in Garrisen in it, yet we cannot believe but that they will likewise quit that place, seeing it is so far from their Frontiers; at present they have a great Magazine there, of Artillery, Ammunition, &c. for all their stores have been brought thither from the places which they have abandoned. The Elector of Brandenburgh hath put a Garrison into the Fort cal-led Scenk Scane, quitted by the French, with which this State is not very well satisfied. Our Men of War are now ready to fail out of the Texel to the Weilings on the Coast of Zealand, where the whole Fleer will Rendezvous the latter end of this week: the Princes Army is marched for Brakant, and will be composed of 26000 Men, not reckoning, as is said here, the 12000 Men which are fent as Auxiliaries to the Spaniards, who with them, pretend to have an Army of 35000 Men, that is, fo foon as the French have engaged themselves their Troops out of those places, which are at present as we are told, filled with them, because it is uncertain where the Enemy will suffer Arms. From tolding ne we have advice, that his Electoral Highness will by no means accept the conditions offered by the Imperialists; however, that the Baron d'Isola contiin some Siege, or other designe, for then they will draw

nues to have conferences with the Deputies appointed

by his Electoral Highness.

Hague, May 8. The States of Holland having ratified the Treaty lately concluded with the Bithop of Munster, separated the & instant, with intentions to meet again on Monday next. Our Fleet is now ready to fail, and will be about the latter end of this week at the Rendezvous in the Weilings; the Land Soldiers make in all 10000 Men, to which, upon occasion, can be added 7 or 8000 Seamen our of the Fleet, fo that we doubt not here, but fomething confiderable will be exploited by them, they going out extreamly well furnished with all things necessary for their design. Here hath been some discourse of the likelihood of a general Peace, though at the same time it is said, that the Spaniards pretend the restitution of the Conquests in 1667, and that things be reduced to the same posture they were in at the time of the conclusion of the Treaty of the Pyreneans.

Hague, May 8. To morrow, or the day after at far-thest the Prince of Orange will leave this place; It is faid, that his Highness will go first and visit the Fleet at their Rendezvous in the Weilings, and thence proceed to Brabans: In the mean time all the Troops that are defigned for Flanders, which will be about 28000 Men Horse and Foot, are on their way thither, the Foot pass by water, and the Cavalry have been on their march fince Saturday last, having Count Waldeck at the head of them. The Count of stirum is gone hence for Gelderland and Over-Isel, where he is to Command. This day Lieutenanc Admiral de Ruyter does embark himself (together with Count Horn, who is General of the Land Soldiers) at Helveetfluys, from whence he will immediately fail with the Ships of the Maes to the Weilings; The Fleet, when together, will confife, as we are told, of 256 Sail, reckoning the Galliots, Fireships, and those Vessels that transport the Soldiers, and their Provisions, with other necessaries and materials which they may have use of in making a descent. About this day eight days our Amd bassadors will be ready to begin their journey for Engw land, from whence we expect here Sir William Temples in the same quality. The Deputies of the Province of utrecht have been at length received into the Afferne bly of the States General, and have taken their places there as heretofore. The Sieur Braffert will in a day or two return to the Court of the Princes of Lunenburgs being fully empowred to conclude the Treaty, to the fatisfaction of those Princes,

Hereas His Majesty was pleased in the year Waterwork on the North side of Dunwich in the Country of Suffolk, within a Furlong of the High Waterwise mirk, fo that the ground being Level, Cafks may with case berolled to and fro, and for better direction to it, there is a white Post set up as a Land-mark.

These are there fire to inform all Masters of Ships who shall ride in the Bay of Dunwich, now lately caled Southold Bay, that they may be there supplyed with good fresh water, proportionable to their Bulks, or occisions, for which Water nothing is to be prid; the Work being made at his Majesties proper cost for the

benefit of Seamen.

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