Fields, within the Liberties of the City of West-

minster.

An Ast for enlightening the open Places, Streets, Lanes, Passages and Courts, and for the better regulating the Nightly Watch within the Parish of Saint John Southwark, in the County of Surry.

An Act for building a Bridge cross the River of Thames from Hampton Court in the County of Middlesex, to East Moulsey in the County of

Surry.

An Act for making more effectual several Acts of Parliament passed for cleansing and making navigable the Channel from the Hithe at Colchester, to Wivenhoe in the County of Esex; and for repairing and cleansing the Streets and Lanes of the Town of Colchester.

An-Act for the more effectual repairing and preserving the Piers and Harbour of Whithy, in

the County of York.

An Act for settling a Stipend or Maintenance upon the Rector of the Parish of Saint George the Martyr, in the Borough of Southwark, in the County of Surry, and his Successors, in Lieu of Tythes.

An Act for taking down several Buildings, and enlarging the Streets and Market Places, in

the City of Gloucester.

And to Twenty-two Private Bills.

After which, his Majesty was pleased to make the following most gracious Speech.

My Lords and Gentlemen,

Cannot put an End to this Session of Parliament, without returning you my hearty Thanks for the Zeal and Dispatch with which you have gone through the publick Business. Nothing could have afforded me more Satiffaction, than the Attention you have given to those essential Points of our National Interest, which I earnestly recommended to you at the Opening of the Session. And it is with the greatest Pleasure I have now given my Assent to those Laws, which have been the Result of your prudent Deliberations, for advancing the publick Credit; for promoting the Commerçe and Manufactures of this Kingdom; and for encouraging the Industry of my good Subjects.

There has been so little Alteration in the State of Affairs Abroad, since your Meeting, that I have scarce any Thing to add upon that Head. My Resolution to adhere strictly to the Engagements I have enter'd into, and to do every Thing in my Power to preserve the Peace, which has been so happily established, continues the same; and I have received the sullest Assurances from all my Allies, of their Disposition to promote this great End. My sincere Endeavours shall be exerted to cultivate

and improve this good Disposition, that my own Kingdoms, as well as the rest of Europe, may long enjoy the happy Fruits of the present Tranquillity.

Gentlemen of the House of Commons,

I thank you in a particular Manner, for the Supplies you have so readily granted me; and for the publick Spirit you have shewn, in laying hold of the very first Opportunity to reduce the Interest of the National Debt, without the least Infringement of Parliamentary Faith. The Success which has already attended this wise Measure, is a Proof of the present Credit of this Kingdom; and has laid a sure Foundation for the Continuance of it; and cannot fail to add Strength and Reputation to my Government, both at Home and Abroad.

My Lords, and Gentlemen,

I make no Doubt but you will carry into your respective Countries, the same good Principles and Affections which I have experienced from you here. Let it be your Business to promote Peace and Harmony; and to support and propagate Religion, good Manners, and good Order amongst my People; whose true and lasting Happiness shall be my constant Care.

Then the Lord Chancellor, by his Majesty's Command, said;

My Lords, and Gentlemen,

IT is his Majesty's Royal Will and Pleasure,

That this Parliament be provogued to Thursday the Fourteenth Day of June next, to be then
here held; and this Parliament is accordingly
provogued to Thursday the Fourteenth Day of
June next.

Constantinople, March 10. The famous Bashaw of Bagdad, who has made so much Noise in the World by his Opposition to the Orders of the Sultan, is at last deposed, and sent in Exile to Candie; and as a Mark of Disgrace, the three Tails, of which he was Bashaw, have been taken from him; and Soliman Pascha has taken Possession of Bagdad without Opposition.

Madrid, March 27. The Chef d'Escadre Don Pedro de la Cerda has received Orders to set out for Cadiz, where he is to take upon him the Command of two Ships of the Line, two Frigates, and sour Xebecks; and to sail immediately upon a Cruize against the Algerines, who are of late become so insolent, that they are continually hovering about our Coasts, to the great Detriment of Trade; several Merchant Ships, bound to America, not daring to stir out of Port, for Fear of falling into their Hands.

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