

be paid out of the Chamber; that the Princes may not be charged in their passage through their Countries.

Ditto. The Empress Major *Domo* is some days since departed from *Milan*, above 100 Coaches, 1000 Persons, with 200 horse are commanded to follow: Her Imperial Majesty is expected by the way of *Carinthia*, *Tyrol*, *Trent*, and *Roveredo*, the Prince *Dietrichstein* intends to go Post to take so good order, that she may every where be magnificently received, and arrive at *Roveredo* about the latter end of this month; he carries with him in Jewels and Plate to the value of 200000 Rixdollers, for presents to several persons about the Empress, especially to her present Major *Domo*, who is to attend her to *Roveredo*, and from thence to return for *Spain*. Great preparations are made here for her entry: Amongst other things, a large and stately Theatre erected, where at least 10000 persons may sit at ease to see the Horse Ballet provided for her diversion.

Warsaw, Sept. 9. From *Ukrania*, we have received a confirmation of the Rebellion of the *Cossacks*, or the other side of the *Dniiper*, against the *Muscovites*: *Doroszenko*, a principal person amongst them, with 1000 men lying in ambush, taking his opportunity, fell so lustily upon the *Muscovites* who were going to reduce them about *Bereflaw*, that he beat them out of the field, and forced them to forsake themselves in their own Quarters.

Elseneur, Sept. 10. Yesterday came from *Copenhagen* into this Road, seven men of War from 30 to 40 guns; four of them *Danes*, the other *Dutch* ships that came out with *Adelaers*; they are ordered Convoy to 40 or 50 *Dutch* Merchantmen, and are now sailing, intending to conduct them as far as the *Nel.* of *Norway*, and afterwards to Cruize between that and the *Shægen* to attend the *Gottenberg* Fleet, and as many more are expected from *Copenhagen* to second them.

Venice, Sept. 11. Our last letters from the *Levant*, tell us, Signiour *Barbara* Provodior of the Venetian Fleet, hath taken in the Islands of the Archipelago, several *Turkish* ships richly laden, and gathered in from the *Greeks* their usuall Taxes or *Carazzi* paid by them to this Republicke. *Almissa* a strong place in *Dalmatia* is threatened by 12000 *Turks*, whither General *Cornaro* is gone in person, having beforehand provided well for the other Garrisons of that Province. Letters from *Dalmatia* inform us, that a boily of *Morlacks* lying in *Ambuscado*, have cut off 2000 *Turks*; but the particulars, or rather the certainty of the whole not yet known. Several ships are to depart from this Port with *Men* and *Provisions* for the Armada, all our hopes of Peace being at present vanisht.

Seville, Aug. 31. The Spanish Fleet lie still on the coast of *Portugal*, where 'tis thought they will stay as long as the season of the year and the weather will permit them. 'Tis believed they have some designs upon the *Brasile* Fleet. The *Victulliers* intended for the Gallions bound out for the *West Indies*, are now ordered for the Armada Real, and others to be furnisht for the Gallions, who are intended to go out in *November* next. The ship lately come in *Capitana*, or Admiral of the *New Spain* Fleet, was by accident fired in the Port of *San Lucar*, but most of her Lading saved, and some of her Guns.

The two French with the *St. Carlos* a *Holland* Privateer, formerly in the States service at *Cadix*, are returned from the Coast of *Barbary*, and the *Canary* Islands, without any Adventure, and are again falling to their Trade of Merchandizing.

These are to give Notice, That His Majesties chief Officers and Farmers of the Hearth-duty, do now keep their Office in Leadenhall-street, near Bileter-lane in London.

Mavence, Sept. 19. Yesterday the *Lorrainers* plundered *Wackenheim* belonging to the *Palatinate*; and in their return, shewed our Country-men their Art, whom they risted after the same method as they had done our Enemies: Some hopes we have of a Treaty for an Accomodation at *Heydelberg*; in the mean time, Colonel *Landsperg* is coming with 600 men from the Duke of *Newburgh*, to the assistance of the *Palatine*. We are also solliciting for Succors from our Allies, and we have no small apprehensions of the French putting in

for a part in our Tragedy, which will absolutely compleat the ruine of these Countries.

Ostend, Sept. 29. The great storm on Monday night over-set two Merchant ships in this Haven, that were lying at Anchor; one of them *Erasmus de Bowcr*, bound for *Spain*, the other a ship bound for *Norway*.

By Letters from *St. Venant* we are told, that a fire lately kapping, in a short space of time consumed the whole Town, not above five or six houses remaining: By reason of which, the Soldiers are forced to lodge for the present upon the Ramparts. The same Letters telling us, that Quarters are taken up at *Montreville* for 8000 men, and at *Bayeux* in *Normandy* for 4000. But for what employment they are drawn thither, is not yet known.

Hague, Sept. 28. The seven great ships that were setting out at *Amsterdam*, will hardly be ready to joyn with the fleet this year.

The States General have published a Licence to all private men that will, to set out and arm what ships they please, during the Winter season, to lie on the English Coasts, upon condition, that they return into the Ports of *Holland* and *Zealand* before the end of *March* following, on pain of confiscation of ships and goods, and an hundred Florins for each Seaman for every moneths absence.

By Letters from the fleet we are told, that the 24 instant they were at an Anchor near *Blankenberg*, and the next day received news that the French fleet was come into the Channel already as high as *Calais*; whereupon in the morning they set sail to finde them out; and, if possible, joyn with them, the wind being then at East, but it changing afterwards Westwardly, they could not advance much. The same day a Galliot came to them with Letters from the Governours of *Calais* and *Bologne*, informing, that the English and French fleets were come up together about the height of *Eologne*, which the Skipper confirms, and that he saw two ships on fire, but knew not what they were, and that the French were making for their own Coasts.

The business of *Buat* advances not much, especially in *de Witts* absence, but they proceed severely against *Kievit & Vanderhorst*, prohibiting, under a very severe penalty, all persons whatsoever from assisting, harboring, or holding any correspondence with them.

Ditto, Septemb. 28. Our Fleet still keeps the Sea, though at the present in an ill condition, by reason of the Sickness that is got amongst them; in a Weeks space they have sent off two ships full of dead and sick men into *Zealand*, the Infection being much spread. *De Ruyster* is not yet past danger, but will not remove from his ship, for fear of causing a disorder amongst the Seamen, who are apt to suspect the worst.

De Witte with six Deputies are gone to the Fleet, to direct their future Counsels; what those will be, is kept as a great secret. At present we are told it lies about six Leagues off at Sea, between *Ostend* and *Dunkirk*.

Hamburg, Sept. 18. This morning the Bells rung out, and the Trumpets sounded, to give notice of a Fire begun by the *Altena* gate, which burnt down three or four houses; but was by the assistance of people that came in, put out without further harm.

Portsmouth, Sept. 25. Yesterday a Prize was brought into *Cowes*, being a French ship laden with Wine and Brandy.

Dover, Sept. 25. This morning by Four of the Clock, the *Streights* Fleet passed by into the Downs, and at Six our whole Fleet was discovered sailing to the East, in search after the Dutch Fleet.

Yesterday was brought in a Prize from *Amsterdam*, by Captain *Butler* of the *West-Friesland*, what his Lading is we yet know not.

Whitobal, Sept. 25. This day about Three in the Afternoon, the Two Houses of Parliament in a Body attended His Majesty according to His appointment at the Banqueting House, to manifest their hearty Concurrence in the Vote for supplying His Majesty with whatsoever was necessary for the carrying on of the War, which His Majesty received with all the satisfaction imaginable, and very graciously dismissed them.