

The London Gazette.

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From Saturday May 25, to Tuesday May 28, 1751.

Moscow, May 9.

WE have received Advice from the Ukraine, that Count Rasoumofski, Atteman or General of Little Russia, was arrived there, and had been received with great Demonstrations of Joy by the Inhabitants. By the same Advices we are informed, that the Kan of Crimea has disowned his having any Knowledge of the late Inursions made by the Tartars upon the Territories of this Empire, and promised to cause strict Enquiry to be made into that Affair, and to punish the Authors thereof very severely as soon as they shall be discovered. Upon Advice that an Epidemical Distemper has lately broke out at Archianolgrad, and that they have great Reason to fear that the same might soon spread itself into the Ukraine, Orders are given for some Detachments of Troops to be sent on that Side, in order to prevent any Communication; and at the same Time to keep, if possible, the Frontiers clear of the Heyducks, till such Time as the Project that is on Foot for extirpating that large Gang of Robbers and Plunderers can be carried into Execution.

Petersbourg, May 14. On Sunday last Count Poffe, the new Swedish Minister, had his first private Audience of her Imperial Majesty, being introduced by Count Bestuchef, Great Chancellor of this Empire, and delivered to her a Letter under his Swedish Majesty's own Hand, acquainting her with the Death of the late King, and of his present Majesty's Advancement to the Throne. The Empress received him very graciously, and the Court is preparing to go into Mourning on that Occasion.

Turin, May 15. This Court has lately taken a Resolution to make a further Reform of the Troops of this Kingdom.

Florence, May 15. The Emperor's three Ships of War, commanded by Commodore Aston, which returned some Time since from the Voyage they had made to Constantinople and the Levant Sea, are at length ordered to be laid up, they being to go no other Voyage this Year.

Genoa, May 16. Publick Prayers are still continued in all the Churches of this City to employ the Almighty to cause a Stop to be put to the continual Rains, we have had for some

Time past, which have proved very prejudicial to the Fruits of the Earth. The Corsairs of Barbary have been for some Days past hovering about these Coasts in great Numbers, but we do not as yet hear of their having taken any considerable Prize, owing chiefly to the Italian Vessels keeping near the Shore.

Modena, May 19. His Serene Highness the Duke our Sovereign has prolonged the Time for holding the Fair of Reggio for 15 Days, on Account of the continual Rains they have had there, which has greatly hindered the Foreign Merchants from disposing of their Goods.

Warsaw, May 20. The last Advices from Lithuania brought us the melancholly News, that in the Night between the 8th and 9th Instant, a Fire broke out at Wilda, which had reduced to Ashes the Church of the Holy Trinity, the Hospital, and several Houses; and that a like Misfortune had happened at Novogrodeck, where the Church and the Jesuits' College, the Church and Convent of the Dominicans and Franciscans, a Monastery, the Town House, and several other considerable Buildings, with 161 Dwelling Houses, had all been burnt to the Ground.

Berlin, May 29. On Tuesday Morning last the King went on Horseback, with a numerous Retinue, to a Plain in the Neighbourhood of Tempelhoff, and reviewed the Regiment of Body Guards, that of Gendarms, the Prince of Prussia's Regiment of Cuirassiers, the Regiments of Bareith and Katt, and the six Squadrons of Hussars of Ziethen; they all went through their Exercises, Evolutions and Firings with great Dexterity, and made so good an Appearance, that his Majesty seemed greatly satisfied therewith; and on Thursday the King went to Potsdam, from whence he will soon set out for Magdebourg, in order to review the Regiments of Foot of Prince Anhalt Dessau, Bonin, Bredow, Kleist, Borcke and Derschau, the Regiments of Horse of Bredow and Stille, and some others. After which his Majesty proposes taking a Tour to Cleves.

Brussels, May 31. An Ordonnance has been published here, forbidding all Foreign Subaltern Officers and Soldiers from entering this City, or the Territories thereunto belonging, without Leave, upon Pain of being put under Arrest. This Ordonnance is thought to be occasioned by the great Number of Foreigners, who, we are