

The London Gazette.

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From **Tuesday** September 3, to **Saturday** September 7, 1751.

AT the Court at *Kensington*, the 4th Day of *September*, 1751,

P R E S E N T,

The King's most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS his Majesty hath lately received Information, that the Plague hath for some Time past raged, and doth still continue to rage with the greatest Violence in Constantinople and in the Parts adjacent; and as it is of the utmost Importance to take the earliest Measures to prevent the Contagion being brought by Goods or Persons coming from any of the Places so infected, into this Kingdom, or the Isles of Jersey, Guernsey, Alderney, Sark and Man—His Majesty out of his great Care and tender Regard for the Preservation of his People, is hereby pleased, with the Advice of his Privy Council, to order, that all such Ships and Vessels as are arrived from the Levant, and not yet unladen, or that shall hereafter arrive in any Port of this Kingdom, or of the Isles of Jersey, Guernsey, Alderney, Sark or Man, from the Levant, do make their Quarantine for Forty Days, which are to commence and be computed from the Day each Ship or Vessel shall come to Anchor in the Place appointed for performing such Quarantine, and not before.

That the Place for performing Quarantine by such Ships and Vessels bound to the Rivers of Thames and Medway, be Standgate Creek on the South of the River Medway, opposite to the Isle of Grain; and by such Ships and Vessels coming into any other of the Ports of Great Britain, be such Places as shall be appointed by the Officers of his Majesty's Customs in such Ports, who are hereby impowered and required to appoint proper Places for the same; and that the Places for performing Quarantine within any Port of the said Isles of Jersey, Guernsey, Alderney, Sark or Man, be such Places as shall be appointed by the respective Governors or Deputy Governors of the said respective Isles, who are hereby impowered and required to appoint proper Places for the same.

That until and during the Time for making such Quarantine, no Person coming, or Goods imported in any such Ship or Vessel, shall come on Shore, or be landed in any Place within this Kingdom, or any of the said Isles.

That no Pilot shall go on Board any Ship or Vessel obliged to perform Quarantine, in order to conduct the same into any Port or Place, but shall perform such Service in some other Boat or Vessel, which Boat or Vessel shall keep as much to the Windward of the Ship or Vessel so to be conducted as possible; and if any Pilot or other Person shall go on Board such Ship or Vessel, such Pilot or other Person shall perform Quarantine, in like Manner as any Person coming in such Ship or Vessel shall be obliged to perform the same.

That if at the Expiration of the Forty Days Quarantine to be performed by any Ship or Vessel that is or shall be liable thereto, it shall appear to the Officers of the Customs in the Place where such Ship or Vessel shall be, and the Master or other Persons taking Charge of such Ship or Vessel, together with two other Persons belonging to the said Ship or Vessel, shall make Oath before the Customer, Comptroller or Collector of the Port where such Quarantine shall be performed, or the next Port thereunto, or before any of their Deputies, or any one Justice of the Peace near adjoining to such Port, or (where such Quarantine shall have been performed within any of the said Isles of Jersey, Guernsey, Alderney, Sark, or Man) before any two Jurates or Magistrates of any of the said Isles respectively, That such Ship or Vessel, and all and every Person and Persons therein have duly performed their Quarantine as aforesaid, and that the Ship or Vessel, and all the Persons on Board, are free from Infection, that then the respective Persons coming in such Ship or Vessel (a Certificate of such Oaths being made by the Persons before whom the same shall be taken) shall be permitted to go on Shore, but the Goods imported in such Ship or Vessel, together with the Bedding of the Sailors, shall be landed, opened and aired, and so remain a Week, and after may be brought to the Places of their Discharge, other than Hemp and Flax, Paper or Books, Silk raw, thrown or wrought, Linen, Cotton Wool, Cotton Yarn, or manufactured, Wool raw, or in any wise wrought, Feathers, Grograin, or Mohair Yarn, Human Hair, Goats Hair, Carmenja Wool, Carpets, Camlets, Burdets, or other Manufactures of Silk and Cotton, Kid Skins, and Skins in the Wool or Hair, Sponges, Wine and Oil in Chests, Thread Stockings, all Goods packed with Straw or Cotton, Straw Hats and Brushes, Matting

Matting and Artificial Flowers; which Goods and Merchandizes, so as aforesaid enumerated, the Officers of his Majesty's Customs, or the Persons appointed to see the Quarantine duly performed, shall cause to remain on Board such Ship or Vessel, and not permit to be landed till an Account thereof shall be laid before his Majesty in Council, and Orders given concerning the same.

That the Places for Landing and Airing the Goods imported by such Ships or Vessels into any of the Ports of this Kingdom, be such Places as shall be appointed by the Officers of his Majesty's Customs, and that the Places for Landing and Airing the Goods imported into any of the said Isles of Jersey, Guernsey, Alderney, Sark or Man, be such Places as shall be appointed by the Governors or Commanders in Chief of the said respective Isles upon the Spot, who are hereby impowered and required to appoint proper Places for the same.

That whatever Ship or Person shall receive any Men or Goods from on Board any Ship or Vessel under Quarantine, shall be compelled to perform the like Quarantine.

That such Persons as after Quarantine performed shall be employed in the Hold of any such Ship or Vessel, for the taking any Goods not liable to retain Infection, from Hemp and Flax, Paper or Books, or any other of the Species of Goods before enumerated as liable to retain Infection, shall be obliged to perform a new Quarantine of Forty Days.

That the Captains of every of his Majesty's Ships of War, who shall meet any such Ship or Vessel coming to any of the Ports of this Kingdom, shall take due Care to prevent the Landing any Goods, Seamen or Passengers from on Board the same, until they shall be put under the Direction of the Officers of his Majesty's Customs.

That the Commissioners and other Officers of his Majesty's Customs, and all other Officers whom it may concern, do use their utmost Diligence and Care that the Quarantine before directed be duly performed: That the Commanders of his Majesty's Ships of War, as likewise the Commanders of His Majesty's Forts and Garrisons lying near the Sea Coast, be aiding and assisting to the said Officers of his Majesty's Customs, in stopping all such Ships as aforesaid, and in bringing them to the Places appointed for the Performance of their Quarantine, and in the due Performance thereof. And the Lords Commissioners of his Majesty's Treasury, the Commissioners for Executing the Office of Lord High Admiral of Great Britain, the Lord Warden of the Cinque Ports, the Lieutenant General and the Rest of the Principal Officers of the Ordnance, his Majesty's Secretary at War, and the Governors or Commanders in Chief for the Time being of the said respective Isles of Jersey, Guernsey, Alderney, Sark and Man, are to give the necessary Directions herein, as to them may respectively appertain.

Lisbon, Aug. 6. It has been resolved to augment the Royal Navy of this Kingdom with twelve Men of War, and Orders are already issued for causing the necessary Timber to be felled in the King's Forests for that Purpose. The Marquess d'Abrantes is to have the Direction of the Building of them, and he is ordered to set about that Work immediately. We have received Advice, that Don Pareyra, who put to Sea on Thursday last with a Man of War of 60 Guns, two Frigates, and a Xebec, on a Cruize against the Corsairs of Barbary, has already made himself Master of three of them, which he has conducted into the Port of Aveiro. They were mounted with 96 Pieces of Cannon, and their Crews consisted of 154 Men, who are all sent into Slavery, besides 64 Christian Slaves.

Parma, Aug. 27. The Ducal Palace is ordered to be got ready for the Reception of the Court by the Middle of next Month, when the Duke and Dutchess are expected here from Sala. The Crops of Corn this Year not being thought sufficient for the Subsistence of the Inhabitants of this Dutchy, or of those of the Plaisantine and Gustalla, Orders are given for procuring, from Foreign Parts, a sufficient Quantity of Wheat for that Purpose.

Turin, Aug. 30. The Disputes between this Court and that of Vienna, in relation to the Provisions and Forage that were furnished to the Imperial Troops during the late War, are at length happily ended to the mutual Satisfaction of both Courts. The King has ordered all the Posts upon the Sea Coasts to be reinforced, in order to prevent the clandestine Running of Goods, which has increased lately to a very great Degree. The Six Companies, of which the Regiment of Lombardy was composed, are all disbanded; the Officers of which are put upon Half-Pay, and the youngest of the Soldiers are ordered to be incorporated in the other Regiments.

Breslau, Sept. 3. On Sunday last his Prussian Majesty, accompanied by his three Brothers, arrived here from Glogau, being followed by several of the Nobility and General Officers; soon after which he received the Compliments of the Prince of Schaffgotsch our Bishop, and of the principal Nobility and Gentry of this City, upon his Arrival. And Yesterday there was a general Review of all the Troops encamped in this Neighbourhood, when every Regiment went through its whole Exercise before his Majesty, who expressed great Satisfaction at their Appearance and Behaviour; after which most of the Nobility and General Officers had the Honour of dining at his Majesty's Table.

Vienna, Sept. 4. The whole Court is expected at Schonbrun this Day from Hollitsch, the necessary Relays for escorting them having been sent away Yesterday to their different Stations on the Road. 'Tis said the Affair of the Investitures will now soon come on, all the
Obstacles

Obstacles which have hitherto prevented the different Feudatories of the Empire from receiving them at the Hands of the Emperor, being entirely removed. The Empress Queen having been informed, that the Crops of Corn have fallen very short this Year in Croatia, has not only ordered 20,000 Bushels of Wheat to be sent thither for the better Subsistence of the Inhabitants, but has likewise forgiven them a considerable Part of the Taxes that were due to her for the last Year.

Paris, Sept. 10. His most Christian Majesty has been pleased to create the Marquis de Mirepoix, now Ambassador from this Court to that of Great Britain, a Duke of France. And has likewise been pleased to appoint M. de St. Contest, lately Ambassador to the States General, to be Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, in the Room of the Marquis de Puyzieulx, who has resigned on Account of his bad State of Health.

Hague, Sept. 14. By Advices lately received, at this Place, from M. de Hochepeid our Ambassador at the Ottoman Porte, it appears, that the Plague rages in a dreadful Manner at Constantinople, and in the Parts adjacent; and, it is computed, near 70,000 Persons, in a very short Time, have died of it. Upon these Alarms the States General have directed our several Admiralties to take the proper Precautions for preventing this Contagion being communicated to this Country; who have, in Consequence of these Directions, issued out Orders, that all Ships coming from those Parts shall observe the Long Quarantine. There is also Advice from Constantinople, that the Second Captain and three of the Crew of a French Ship, laden for Marseilles, died of the Contagion within five Days.

Whitehall, September 4.

This Morning his Grace the Duke of Dorset, Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, set out for that Kingdom.

Kensington, September 5.

This Day the Marquis de Mirepoix, his most Christian Majesty's Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary, had an Audience of the King, at which he notified the safe Delivery of the Dauphiness of France of a Prince, who bears the Title of the Duke of Burgundy.

Victualling-Office, September 4, 1751.

The Commissioners for Victualling his Majesty's Navy do hereby give Notice, That on Monday the 23d Instant, in the Forenoon, they shall be ready to receive Proposals from such Persons as may be willing to serve his Majesty's Navy with British Butter, Suffolk, Cheshire, Warwickshire, or Gloucestershire Cheese, for one Year, commencing from the 30th Instant. The Conditions of the Contract may be seen at the Secretary's Office at the Victualling-Office, London.

South-Sea-House, London, Sept. 5, 1751.

The Court of Directors of the South Sea Company give Notice, That a General Court of the said Company will be held at their House in Threadneedle-street, on Thursday the 19th Instant, at Eleven in the Forenoon, being one of the Half Yearly General Courts appointed by the Charter, and to chuse a Committee of Seven to inspect the By-Laws.

Notice is hereby given to the Officers and Company of his Majesty's Ship the *Milford*, Thomas Hanway, Esq; Commander, who were on Board at the Destroying the *La Finne*, a French Ship of War, on the Coast of Scotland, in November 1745, that their respective Shares of Bounty Money will be paid at Mitchell's Coffee-house in Crutched Fryers, on Wednesday the 18th of September instant. The Recalls will be at Mr. Matthew Birtill's at the Old South Sea House, the first Monday in every Month, for three Years to come.

Advertisements.

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ARE faithfully prepared only by JAMES INGLISH, Son of DAVID INGLISH, deceased, at the Unicorn, over-against the New Church in the Strand, London; and to prevent Counterfeits from Scotland, as well as in and about London, you are desired to take Notice, That the true Pills have their Boxes sealed on the Top (in Black Wax) with a Lyon Rampant, and Three Mulletts Argent, Dr. Anderson's Head betwixt I. I. with his Name round it, and Isabella Inghish underneath the Shield in a Scroll. They are of excellent Use in all Cases where Purging is necessary, and may be taken with Epfom, Tunbridge, or other Medicinal Waters.

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Sept. 7, 1751.

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THE Creditors of Henry Morley, late of Treadam in the County of Monmouth, Gentleman, who was late a Prisoner for Debt in his Majesty's Prison for the County of Monmouth, and discharged by Virtue of the Act of Parliament made in the 21st Year of his present Majesty's Reign, intitled, An Act for Relief of Insolvent Debtors, are desired to meet on Tuesday the 3th of October next, at Ten of the Clock in the Forenoon, at the House of Thomas Webb, being the Angel Inn, in the Town of Monmouth, in order to chuse and appoint an Assignee or Assignees of the said Henry Morley's Estate and Effects, in Pursuance of the said Act.

THE Creditors of Joseph Steavens, late a Prisoner in the King's Bench Prison, but discharged by Virtue of the late Insolvent Act, are desired to get Affidavits of their Debts, and to prove the same before the Assignees, as the said Act directs, on Monday the 7th of October next, at the House of Kitt Haynes, on Dowgate-hill, being the Sign of the Chequer, between the Hours of Three and Six in the Afternoon, there being a Dividend then and there to be made.

THE Creditors of Abraham Jaggard, heretofore of Thames Street, London, Grocer, a Bankrupt, deceased, are desired to meet at Coles's Coffee-house in Birchin-lane, on Thursday the 17th of October, 1751, at Eleven of the Clock in the Forenoon, to consider how to dispose of the Residue of the Bankrupt's Estate in order to the making a Dividend.

Dr. JOHN HOOPER'S Female Pills,
Published by Virtue of his Majesty's Royal-Letters Patents.

THESE PILLS, by long Experience in private Practice, have been found the most useful Remedy against those general Complaints the Female Sex are subject to; they cleanse, purify, and cause a free Circulation of the Blood, open those Obstructions which Virgins are so liable to, and bring Nature into its proper Channel, whereby Health is recovered, and the dejected Patient, who look'd like Death, restored to a lively Complexion.

They are to be given from seven Years old to Seventy, and are equally proper for married Women, unless when with Child, and should always be taken one Month after Delivery, as well as at the Age of Forty-five or Fifty, to prevent the Disorders which usually attend them at that Time.

These Pills are likewise a sovereign Remedy, either for Men or Women, in all Hypochondriac, Hysterick, or Vapourish Disorders; for they exceedingly strengthen the Nerves, throw off all gross Humours tending to Melancholy, invigorate the sinking Spirits, and cause an universal Chearfulness in the Body: They are cordial to the Stomach, and agreeable to the Smell and Taste.

N. B. Each Box contains forty Pills, (which are about ten Doses) and is sealed up in a proper Direction, with a Seal having these Words, *John Hooper's Female Pills,* and round it, *By the King's Patents;* and are sold only by Mess. William and Clier Dicey and Co. and John Newbery, at their Warehouses the Bible and Sun in St. Paul's Church-yard, and at Dr. Bateman's Warehouse in Bow Church-yard, Price One Shilling each Box.

WHEREAS a Commission of Bankrupt is awarded and issued forth against Samuel Brook, of the Town of Kingston upon Hull, Grocer and Chapman, and he being declared a Bankrupt, is hereby required to surrender himself to the Commissioners in the said Commission named, or the major Part of them, on the 13th and 14th of this instant September, and on the 19th of October next, at Three o'Clock in the Afternoon, on each Day, at Guildhall, London, and make a full Discovery and Disclosure of his Estate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the Second Sitting to chuse Assignees, and at the last Sitting the said Bankrupt is required to finish his Examination, and the Creditors are to assent to or dissent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Persons indebted to the said Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the same but to whom the Commissioners shall appoint, but give Notice to Mr. Palmer, Attorney, in Chancery-lane, London.

WHEREAS the acting Commissioners in the Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against William Gilpin and Thomas Gilpin, of Whitehaven, in the County of Cumberland, Merchants, have certified to the Right Honourable Philip Lord Hardwicke, Baron of Hardwicke, Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, that the said William Gilpin and Thomas Gilpin have in all Things conformed to the Directions of the several Acts of Parliament made concerning Bankrupts; This is to give Notice, that by virtue of an Act passed in the Fifth Year of His late Majesty's Reign, their Certificate will be allowed and confirmed as the said Act directs, unless Cause be shewn to the contrary on or before the 28th Day of September instant.

Printed by Edward Owen, in Warwick Lane, 1751