

And every Person so offending may be seized, and brought to England, and committed to Goal there, by any one of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, until sufficient Security be given by Natural-born Subjects or Denizens, to appear in the Court, where such Prosecution shall be commenced, to answer the same, and not depart without Leave of the Court.

3d Geo. II. Cap. 14.] By an Act passed in the 3d Year of His present Majesty, it is Enacted, That if any of His Majesty's Subjects (other than the East-India Company, and those licensed by them,) shall, directly, or indirectly, go to, trade, or adventure into, or from, the East-Indies, every such Offender shall incur the Forfeiture, and Loss, of all the Ships, and Vessels, employed in such Voyage, Trade, or Adventure; and also all the Goods laden thereupon, or that were sent to, acquired, traded or adventured, within the East-Indies, and all the Proceed, and Effects, of the same, and Double the Value thereof.

*Naples, Dec. 28.* The Duke de Policastro, whom the King banished some Time since to his Estate, having fallen into a lingering Disorder, his Majesty has permitted him to come to this City for two Months to take the Advice of his Physicians. The two Magistrates of Aquila, who were brought here some Months ago, and committed to Prison on Account of bad Management, were set at Liberty on Wednesday last, after having been deprived of their Employments.

*Leghorn, Dec. 31.* The Master of a French Ship just arrived in this Port from Tunis says, that in his Passage he met at Sea with two Tunessian Corsairs, conducting to Tunis three Barks which they had taken in the Catalonian Seas.

*Petersbourg, Dec. 31.* On Wednesday last was celebrated at Court the Anniversary of the Empress's Birth Day, who then entered into the 43d Year of her Age. On this Occasion a triple Discharge was made in the Morning of the Cannon of the Fortrefs and of the Admiralty, and at Night the whole City was illuminated. The same Day Count Lynar, the Danish Minister, set out from hence for Copenhagen, having received of the Empress a Present of 1000 Ducats, besides the usual one of 3000 Rubles. The Esclavonian Officers who came here some Time since to solicit for Leave to enter into her Imperial Majesty's Service, are at length all provided for according to their Rank. This Court seems greatly pleased with the Dispatches it has lately received from Stockholm, as they tend to the adjusting in an amicable Manner, all Disputes relating to the Limits of Finland.

*Genoa, Jan. 3.* The Count de Sartyrane, Envoy Extraordinary from the King of Sardinia to this Republick, has informed the Government, that the King his Master has concluded a Treaty with the Courts of Vienna and Madrid, for establishing the Tranquillity of Italy. We learn by private Letters from Corsica, that the Affairs of that Island are so far from being peaceably settled in the Manner as was insinuated, that the Marquess de Grimaldi, the Republick's Commissary General, solicits strongly to be recalled, on Account of the perpetual Uneasiness he labours under there. A few Days

ago arrived here about 200 Recruits, raised in Swisserland, for the Service of the Troops of that Nation in the Pay of the King of the Two Sicilies; but as the great Quantity of Snow that is fallen in this Country, makes it absolutely impossible for them to continue their March, they are quartered in the Villages round this City, where there Officers oblige them to observe a strict Discipline. We learn by our last Letters from Cadiz, that they have received Advice, that the Island and Fortrefs of St. Gabriel, upon the River Plate, has been evacuated by the Portuguese to the Spanish Troops that the Governor of Buenos Ayres had sent to take Possession of them. The Masters of several Ships which have arrived here within these few Days from the Ocean assure us, that there are a considerable Number of Barbary Corsairs cruizing near the Straits of Gibraltar, in order to intercept the Spanish Register Ships that are expected at Cadiz from the West-Indies.

*Copenhagen, Jan. 8.* On the 5th Instant, the Court went into Mourning for the Death of th late Queen, when the King and Queen-Mother received the Compliments of Condolance from the Nobility and Foreign Ministers on that melancholy Occasion. The Mathematician whom the Court sent some Time ago to Iceland, to make Observations on that Climate, finds, that though they have not quite so much Heat as we have here, yet the Difference between the two Climates, in cold Weather, was not very considerable. He adds, that the Northern Lights are more frequently seen there than here, but that they were seldom troubled with foggy Weather.

*Franckfort, Jan. 15.* The Deputies of the Circle of the Upper Rhine opened their Assembly on Monday last, but have not as yet taken any Resolutions relating to Taxes. We have received Advice, that the young Prince, of whom the Princess of Hesse Rothenbourg was lately delivered, has been christened by the Names of Charles-Phillippe, the Elector Palatine standing Godfather. And from Luneville we hear, that the Academy of Sciences established at Nancy by King Stanislaus, is in a very flourishing Condition, it consisting already of 70 Members, most of them being Gentlemen of great Learning.

*Dusseldorp, Jan. 17.* The Members who composed the Diet of Juliers and Bergues, are setting out successively for their own Homes. The Rhine, which was overflowed some Days ago, is now confined to its Natural Channel; and the Navigation of that River, which was entirely interrupted thereby, goes now on again as before.

*Vienna, Jan. 18.* Her Imperial Majesty advances happily in her Pregnancy, and enjoys a good State of Health. Count Leopold de Daun is set out from hence for Neuffadt, in order to give Directions for erecting the Military School the Empress is going to establish at that Place. And the Baron de Touffaints is setting out to visit the Manufactures established by her Imperial Majesty in her Hereditary Countries.

Whitehall, December 27, 1751.

THE Duke of Newcastle having received a Letter, by the General Post, dated, Bury, December 22, 1751; If the Person, who wrote it, will attend Him, at His House, in Lincoln's Inn Fields, or at His Office at Whitehall, and there make, and prove, the Discovery, mentioned in the Letter; He may be assured of all fitting Encouragement, and a very handsome Reward.