## The London Gazette.

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From Dutiday October 12. to Thursday October 15. 1674.

Warlaw, Ostob. 2.

He Sieur Skolimowski, who was sent with Letters to Rimadanowski, General of the Forces of the Gzar of Molcouy, is returned, and tells us, That he found the faid General with his Army, which, together with the Coffacks, consists in 300000 Men, encamped near the Dinefter; That the faid General, during his being with him, having received advices that the Cham of Tartary approached with his whole Force, immediately passed that River; and having from Eighty peices of Cannon for some days fired into the Enemies Camp, they, at last, retreated: whereupon, the Moscouries sent out several Parties to attack them in their Rear, who returned with a great many Prisoners. That the Turks, at present, besiege Haman in the Ukrain, which, we hope, the Mossoutes will make their next work to relieve. We have onot any News from our Army, nor can we certainly fay where the King is; the Queen is somewhat indisposed at Gassinire. We do not, at present, talk so much of Peace, as formerly, though many of the chiefest of this Court labour much for it.

Venice, Octob. 6. Some Armenian Merchants are arrived here from Persia, who assure us, That they saw the Sophy march with an Army of 350000 Men, and that he reook his way towards Babylen; and besides; that the Prince of Georgie had likewise taken the Field with an Army of 60000 Horse, to act with them in favour of the Perfians, so that the affairs of the Turks will be very much straitned on that fide. From sixily we have advice, That the Marquess de Bayonne Viceroy of that Kingdom, does not yet find himself in a condition to force the City of Messina to return to its obedience, but that he is expecting a great affiliance from Spain in order to it. The Gallies of Maitha and Genous having The Gallies of Maitha and Genous having lately mer before Mellina, there hapned some dispute between them concerning Precedence, in which the Gallies of Maltha having in some manner, at the instance of the Viceroy of Sicily, yielded to the Genousjes, we are informed that the General of the Maltha Gallies is fent For home, and that he will be proceeded against with a great deal of rigour.

Vienna, OAOB 7. This Court, is as we are told, somewhat diffatisfied with the Conduct of the Count de Souches, upon the Retreat of the Armies from before Oudenard, or which as well the Spaniards, as the States General, have complained to the Emperor. The 30 past, arrived here the Count d'Oxensterne, Ambassador Extraordinary from the Crown of Sweden; some of the Migitters of this Court having been to visit his Excellency, he told them he came to make Propositions for Coneral Peace, such as he doubted not but would be agreeable to the Emperor. The Process against the Prince of Furstenters is now taken in hand again, and two Advocates are allow'd him for his affistance in making his desence. The Popes Nuncio had some days since

a long conference with the Emperor concerning a Peace. which he carneftly recommended to his Imperial Majefly, to the end the whole force of Christendom might be employed against the Common Enemy. ters from Hungaria, give us an account of a Rencounter that hath hapned between a party of Turks, and fome Imperial Troops; the particulars are, That Colonel Smids being polled with Ten Companies of Foot, 100 Dragoons, and as many Hustars, in a cortain place where both the Emperor and the Turks pretend to have jurifdiction: the Bassa of Erla sent to the said Colonel to retire from thence, which he refusing, the faid Baffa afsembled 4000 Men, as well Turks as Rebels of Hungary, and taking with him Two pieces of Cannon, marched against the said Colone! Smidt, who, after a tharp difpute, absolutely routed the Turks, and killed the Baffa with his own hand. We are told that General Souches desires leave to resign his Command.

Strasburg, Ollob 12, The Elector of Brandenburgh being arrived in our Neighbourhood with his Army, our Magistrates have deputed several of their Body to go and Complement his Electoral Highness, and to pray him to make haste to pass our Bridge, that being joined with the other Confederates, they may together remove the Enemy out of these parts, where they continue to do much mischies, they having lately taken a Castle, and two Villages, and burnt and plundered others belonging to this City. Some of his Electoral Highness servants are already arrived here, to prepare things for his Reception; they tell us, his Electoral Highness will be here to morrow, and that his Army will the same day pass the Rhine; the Elector Palatine will follow in sew dayes, as likewise the Duke of Zell, with 4000 fresh Troops. Monsieur de Turenne has his quarters, at present, at Marlenbeim, four Leagues from hence, where, it is said, he fortisses himsels. The Confederates continue at Islairk and Gravenstads.

Spire, Offob. 13. The third inflant the Elector Palatine arrived at Hailbron, and the fame day had a Conference with the Elector of Brandenburgh; the next day the Elector Palatine was to vifit his Electoral Highness at his quarters at Neckerfulm, which was returned the day following by the Elector of Brandenburgh. The 15, the Brandenburgh Artillery and Baggage passed over the stone Bridge at Hailbron, and at the same time his Army, which is composed of 18000 Men effective, passed the Necker over a Bridge, of Boats, and marched towards Bunishkeim, with pretensions to continue their way towards Strasburgh; where, we hear, they are arrived.

Coblenis, Octob. 15. Our last Letters from Strafburgh are dated the twelfth instant, and advise us, That Monsieur de Turenne was retreated somewhat farther towards Saverne, having his quarters in the Village of Martenbeim, which belongs to the City of Strasburgh and that he had taken another Village and Castle appertaining to the said City, and in them a very great quantity of Corn. That the Confederates continued in their

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